

Impact of imputing markers from a low density chip on the reliability of genomic breeding values in Holstein populations



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Study of the Illumina 3K chip

EuroGenomics collaboration



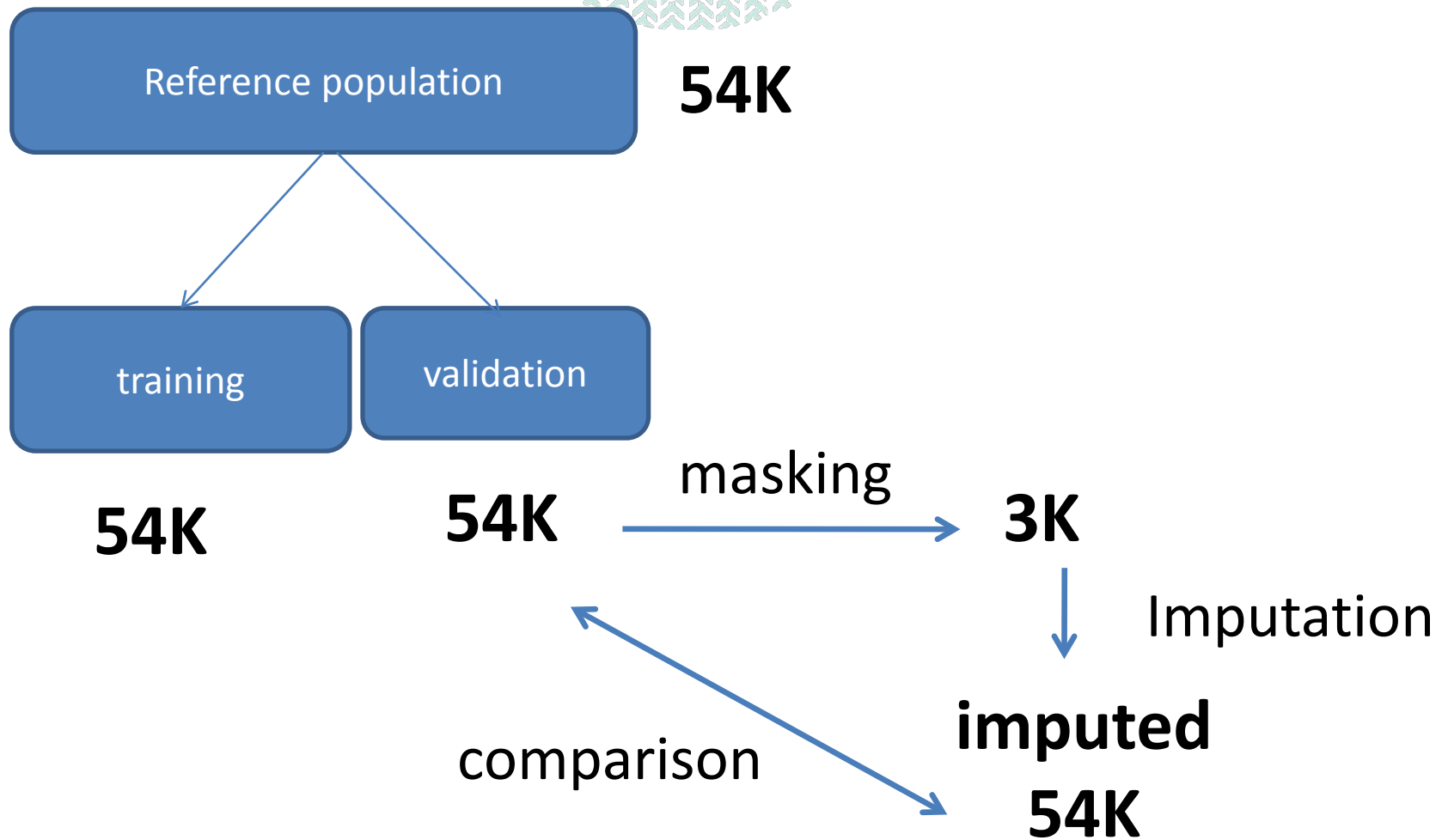
Objectives :

- ✓ Measure imputation error rate *Zhang and Druet , 2010*
- ✓ Study impact on GEBV reliability *Weigel et al, 2010*
- ✓ Study influence of reference population size

Previous studies → 3K custom in silico chip

Our study → commercially available 3K chip

Data



Data

Number of animals and number of markers used

*Including bulls with partially reconstructed genotypes

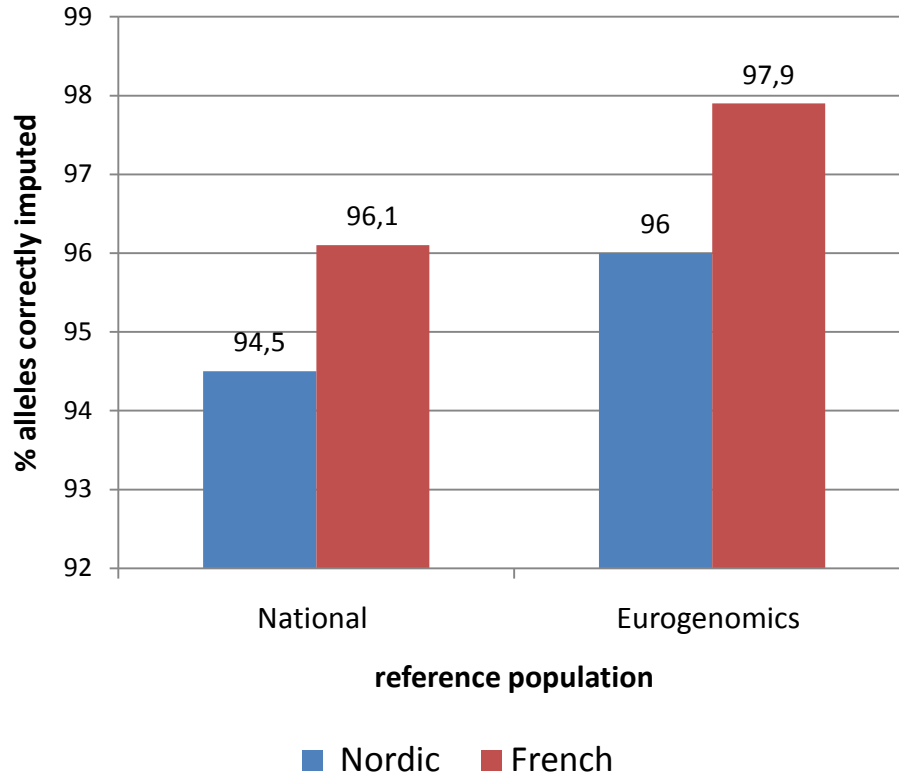
	National		EuroGenomics		No. of Markers	
	Training	Validation	Training	Validation	Training	Validation
Nordic	3,058	1086	10,880	1,086	38,545	2,285
France	3,071/ 3,505*	966	12,078/ 13,947 *	966	43,582	2,635

Imputation Method

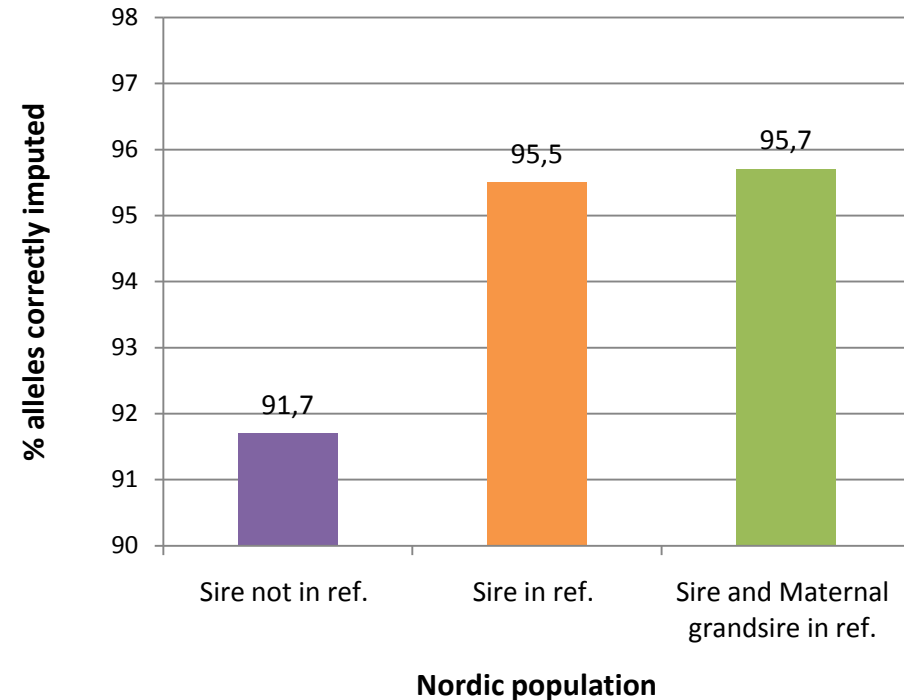
- Combination of the DAGPHASE 1.1 and Beagle 2.1.3 software
Druet et Georges, 2010 *Browning and Browning, 2007*
PHASEBOOK package
- Combines :
 - ❖ Pedigree based family information (segregation rules)
 - ❖ Population Linkage Disequilibrium

Results

Imputation accuracy



Influence of genotyped ancestors



France: more 3K markers, more genotyped ancestors

Data for genomic evaluation

Traits studied :

- protein yield ($h^2=0.3-0.39$)
- somatic cell count (SCC, $h^2=0.15$)
- fertility (Non Return Rate or Conception rate, $h^2=0.02$)
- udder depth ($h^2=0.36-0.37$)

Genomic evaluation model

Nordic:

➤ GBLUP

$$y = 1\mu + Zg + e$$

VanRaden, 2008

French:

➤ GMAS, QTL-BLUP combines LDLA and EN

$$y = 1\mu + Zu + \sum_{i=1}^{n_{QTL}} (h_{i1} + h_{i2}) + e$$

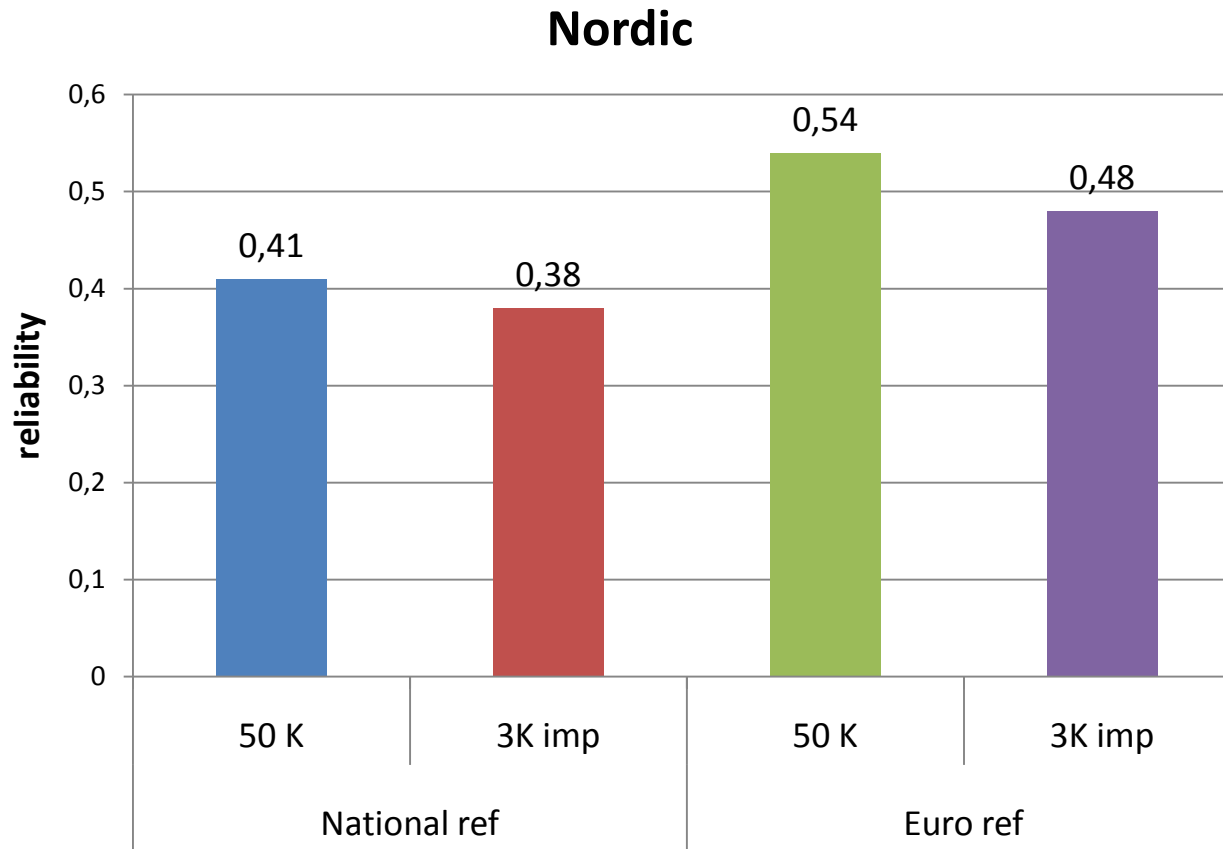
haplotypes

*Boichard et al.,
WCGALP 2010*

u: polygenic effect based on pedigree

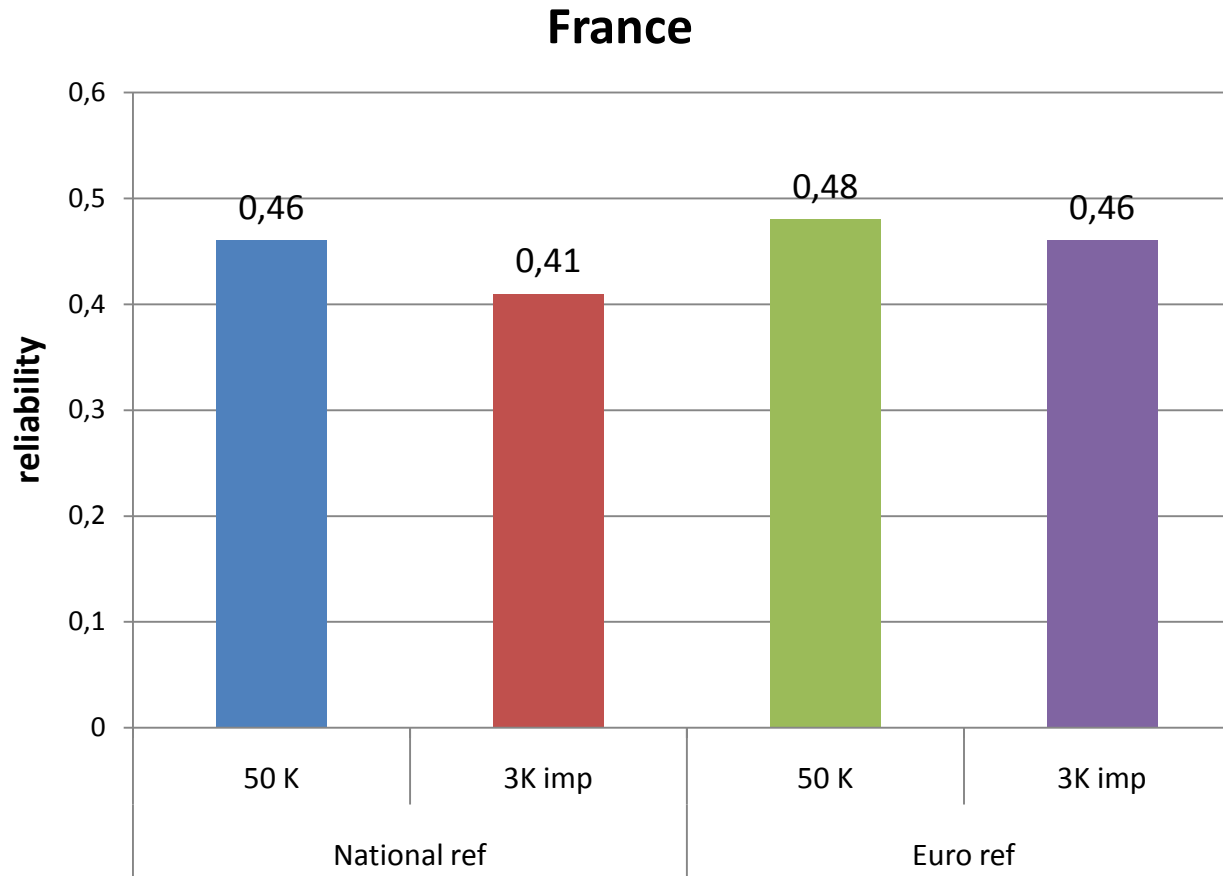
LDLA : Linkage Disequilibrium
Linkage Analysis
EN : Elastic Net

Results – Reliability of DGV



Reliability = squared correlation (DGV, deregressed proofs) for validation population
Mean over the 4 traits

Results – Reliability of GEBV



Reliability = squared correlation (GEBV, DYD) for validation population
Mean over the 4 traits

Conclusion - discussion

- Imputation accuracy = 2.5-5% = close to literature
 - ✓ Commercially available 3K chip contains less markers after editing
 - ✓ Bigger reference population size
 - ✓ Beagle and DAGphase: efficient imputation softwares
- Reliability of GEBV:
 - ✓ Reliability of GEBV based on imputed genotypes slightly lower
 - ✓ Correlations (GEBV-50K, GEBV-3Kimp) are high (0.91-0.97)
- Low density chip imputed to 50 K:
 - ❖ Feasible alternative for pre-selection of young animals
 - ❖ Attractive tool for a large screening of the female population

If you want some more details

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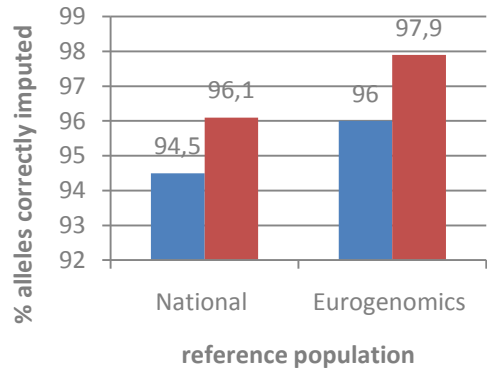
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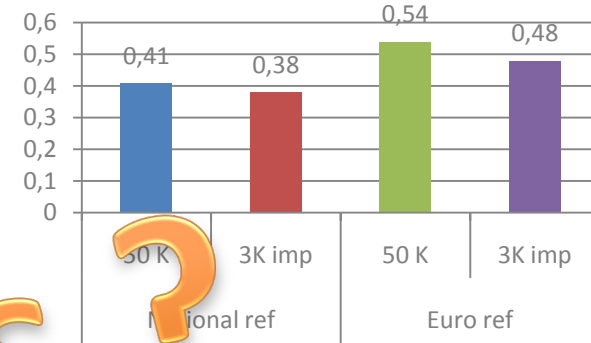
Merci ! Tack !

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Imputation accuracy in Holstein populations



reliability



questions?

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