Traditional low producing dairy breeds used as suckler cows, a threat or a future oriented solution?





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# Suckler cow production is increasing in Norway



## > General trend, last decade:

 > Total dairy cow population is slightly decreasing (- 10 %)
 > Total suckler cow population is increasing (+ 152 %) (imported beef breeds and cross breds)

## > "Traditional low producing" dairy breeds:

- > Small populations (less than 1000)
- > 30-80 % are in suckler cow production

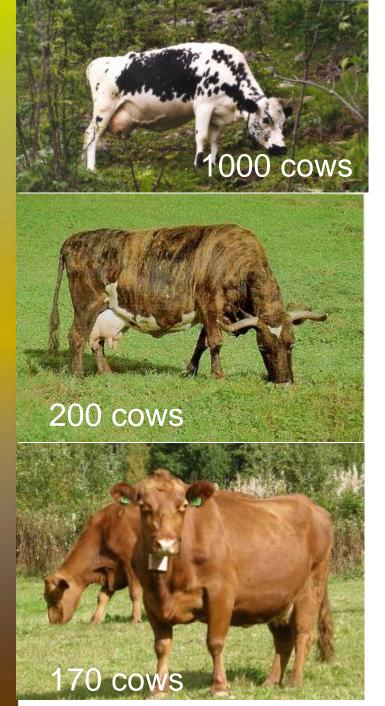


## Traditional dairy breeds

> Native

## > Endangered

> National conservation programmes > Main goal: Increase population sizes



Sided Trønder and Nordland

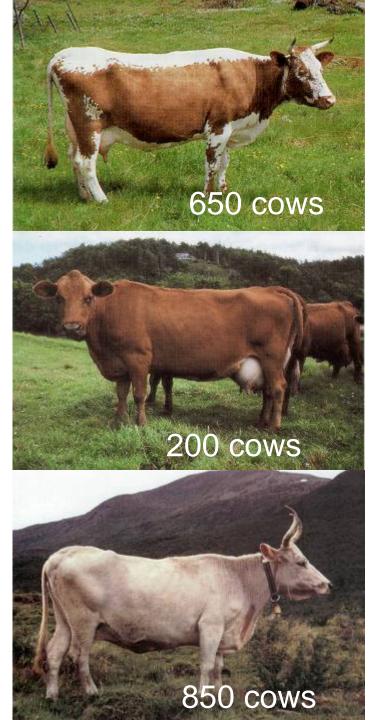
Telemark

Døla

Western Red Polled

Eastern Red Polled

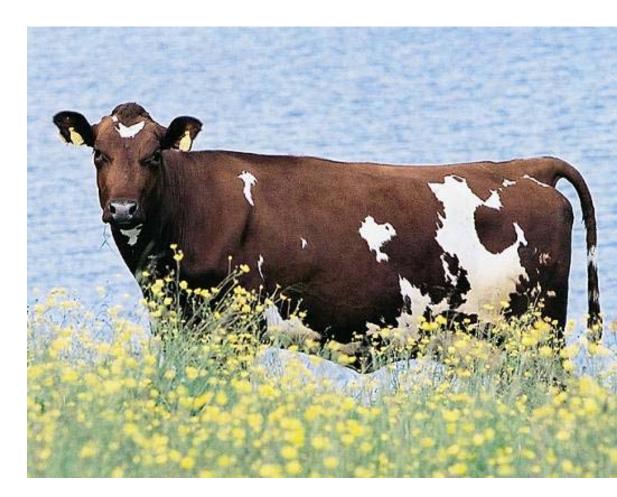
Western Fjord





## Norwegian Red (NRF)

- > 98 % of all dairy cows in the national dairy recording scheme in Norway are NRF
  - = 233 000 NRF cows



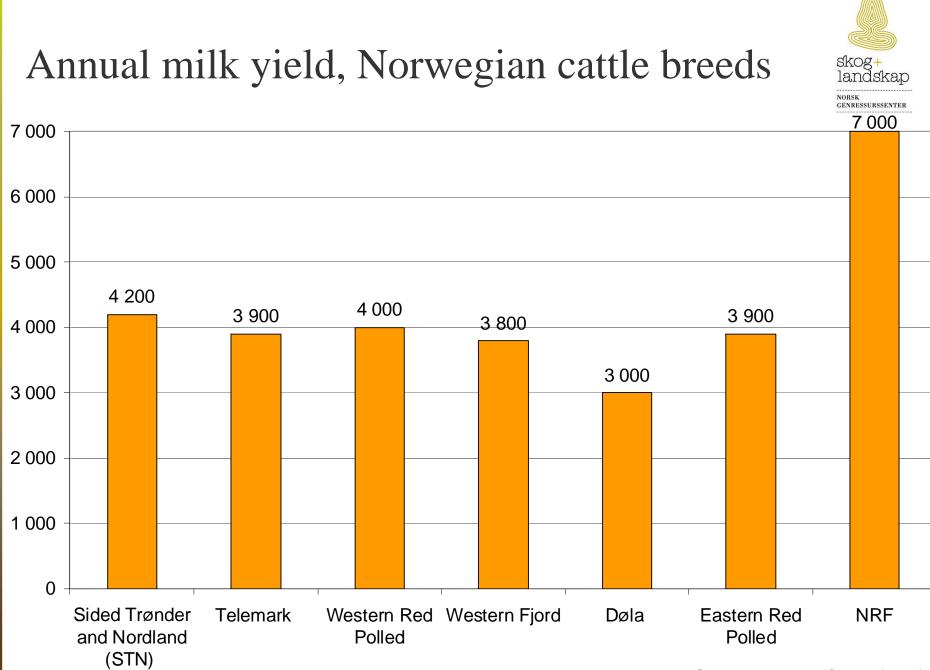


## Differences in breeding goals

The six endangered breeds NRF

>Milk production
>Avoidance of inbreeding
>Breed type
>Pure breeding

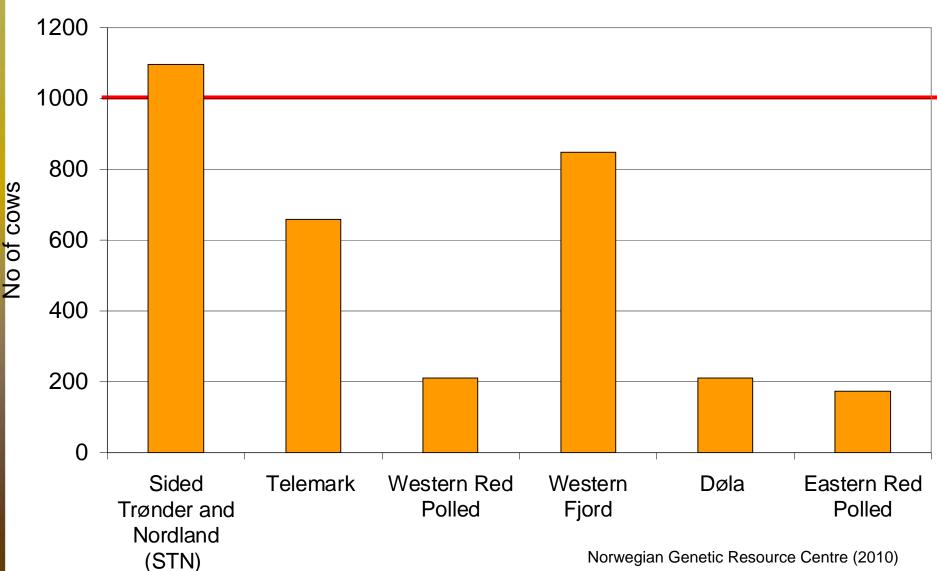
>Dual purpose breed >Broad breeding goal >Both production and health traits included >Included progeny testing of 250 daughters >Relationship index in addition to breeding index >Ne = 173 (2008)



Tine Advisor & Norwegian Genetic Resource Centre (2010)

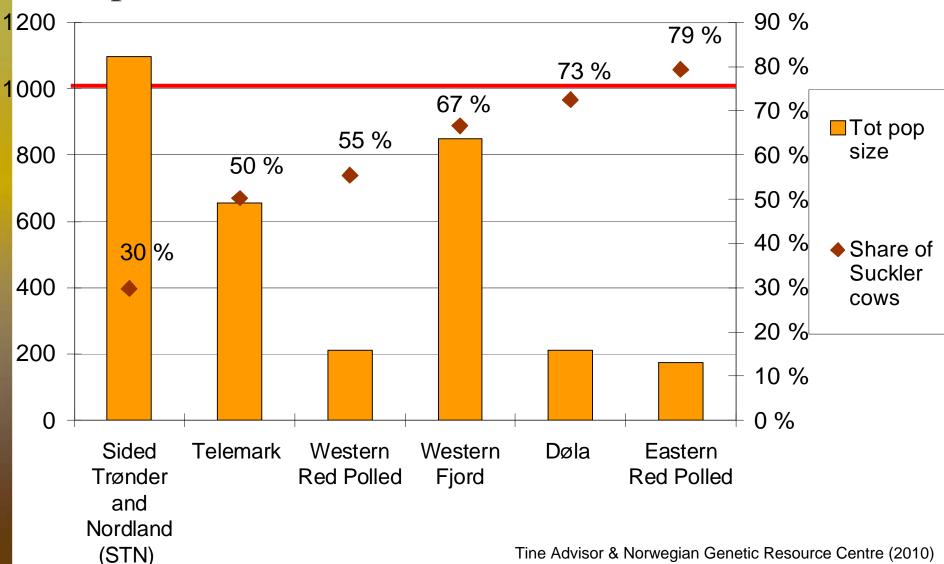


## Population sizes of the endangered breeds





#### Population sizes and share of suckler cows





#### 1 200 1 000 Tot pop size 800 Dairy population 600 400 200 0 Telemark Western Sided Western Døla Eastern Red Trønder and Polled **Red Polled** Fjord Nordland

#### Population sizes without suckler cows...

No of cows

(STN)

## Stated concerns from breeders

Against suckler cow production

Pro suckler cow production



- > Impossible to record milk yield
- > Udder traits are destroyed
- > Heifers nursed as suckler calves too wild to be milked
- > Traditional knowledge is lost

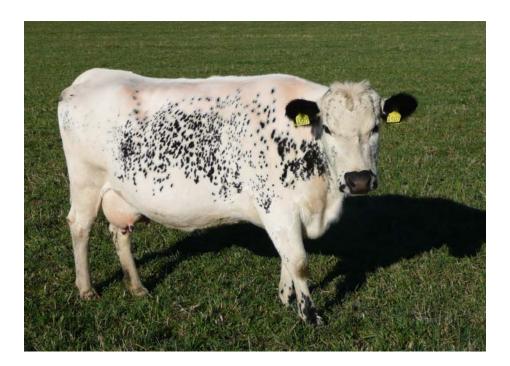
> Modern times – modern usage

- > Grazing animals needed
- > Less labour demanding
- > The breed is being utilized, not going extinct



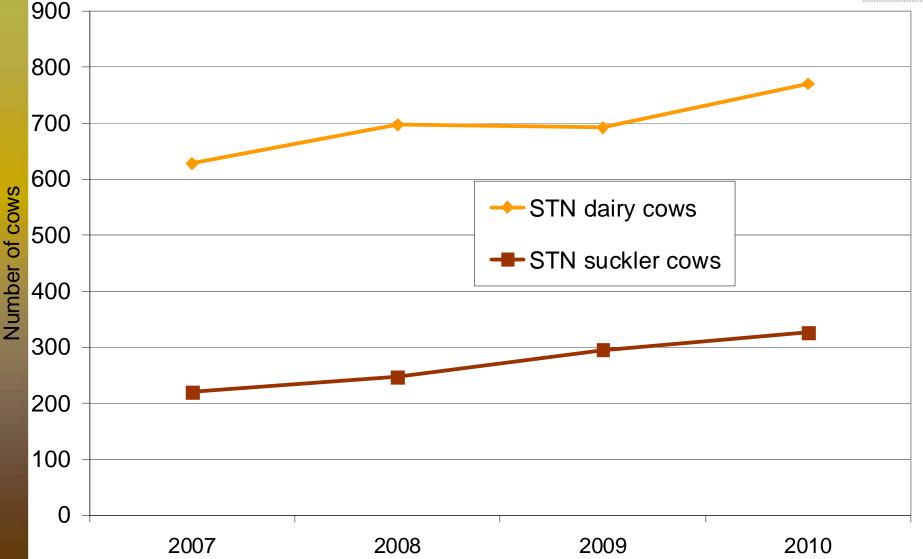
## Case study: the STN breed

- > 1000 cows
- > Annual milk yield: 4 200 kg
- > No progeny testing
- > Avoidance of inbreeding
- > 70 % of the population are used as dairy cows



## Number of dairy and suckler cows, STN 2007-2010





## Case study: STN breeding association



> Several initiatives to reduce the share of suckler cows in the population

> Up to 2009: Requesting the agricultural authorities to differentiate the subsidies to endangered cattle breeds



*Evaluation of the subsidies to the native endangered cattle breeds* (Norwegian Agricultural Authorities, 2010) Stating:

- > All populations have increased since conservation programs and subsidy system started
- > Important to stimulate the three smallest breeds
- > Uncertainty about the effect of differentiating the subsidies between suckler and dairy cows

Conclusion:

> "Differentiation not recommendable"

## Case study: STN breeding association



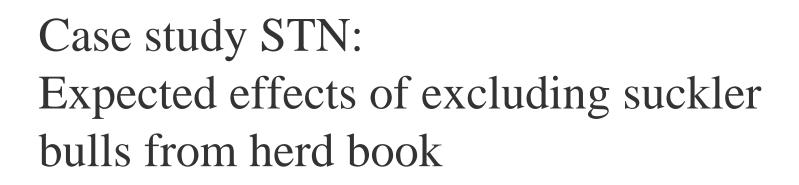
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#### Case study: STN breeding association



- > Several initiatives to reduce the share of suckler cows in the population
  - > Up to 2009: Requesting the agricultural authorities to differentiate the subsidies to endangered cattle breeds
  - > August 2010: Breeding bulls from suckler cows are excluded from the herd book





> "Securing the breed's dairy traits"

- > Excluding "pure bred" animals from herd book
- > Splitting an already small population
- > Sustainable?



## Concluding remarks

- > Substantial parts of the endangered breeds are in suckler cow production
- > Excluding suckler cow production from conservation programs will decrease the tot population sizes of the endangered breeds
- > Establish conservation herd books for pure bred animals that are excluded from traditional herd book!



### Threat or opportunity?

The main goal in the conservation programme: > "Increase the population size!"

- Suckler production is contributing to the increase in population sizes of endangered populations
- > Suckler cow production is not a threat to the traditional low producing dairy breeds.

## Thank you!