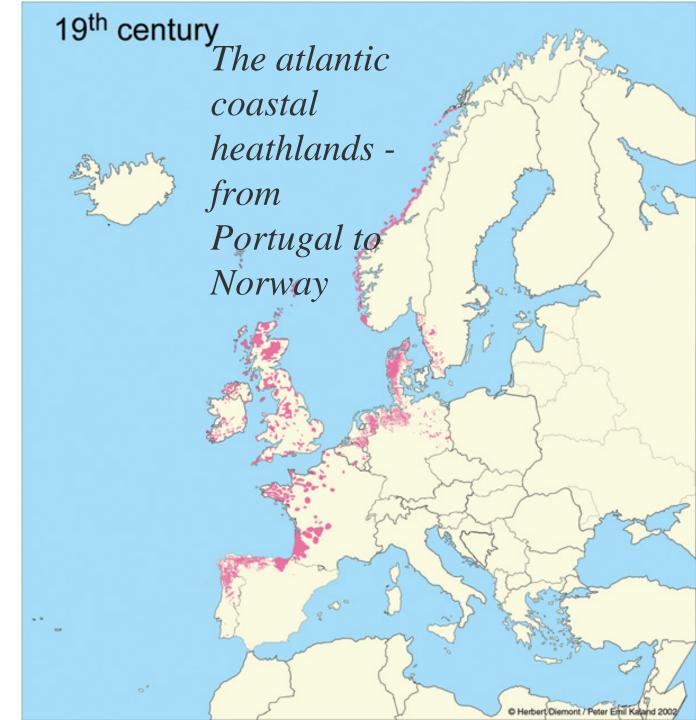




Today
"greatly
endangered"

(EC Habitat Directive 92/43/EEC)



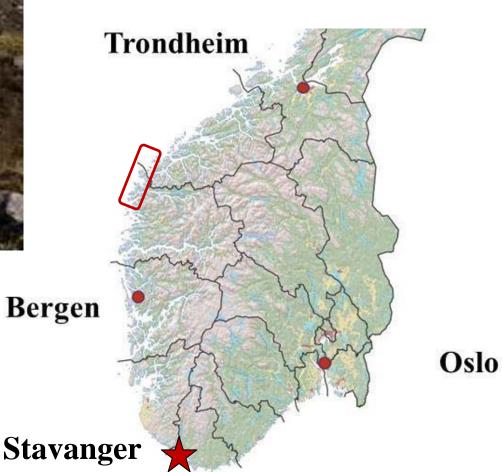




The home of the Coastal Goat



Alpine coastal landscape N-W of Norway







Traditional farming with coastal goats, the flocks:

- > come home to the farm for Christmas.
- > kidd indoors Jan/Feb
 - > Kids are not let outside the first fortnight
 - > Goats stay inside during night to nurse the kids
 - > Bucks castrated at young age
- > leave the farm by early spring, grazing outlying land (coastal heathlands)
- > come home for short visits during autumn slaughter animals are selected
- > main product: four year old castrates

Population data 1995-2010

Farm animals

Year	Goats	Flocks
1995	150	15-20
2010	300	15-20

+ 3-4 feral flocks (= appr 150 goats)

Ai-bucks:

Year	Number of bucks	Semen quality
1998	2	Ok
2002	3	Ok
2007	2 (feral)	8

Photo: Brit Hareid

Challenges in population management, the farmed goats





Feral since the 1950s
Small & closed populations – inbreeding
Norwegian Food Safety Authority:

"Farm animals must have legal owners!"
"This is unacceptable livestock husbandry!"
"The flocks must be culled!"

Photo: Brit Hareid

Opportunities ©

- The coastal goats are essential grazers of some of the coastal heath lands in Norway.
- The three earlier mentioned Norwegian Administrative Agencies and regional authorities have shown interest in the conservation of the coastal goat.

Conservation of the coastal goat is in the common interest of authorities concerned with genetic resources and cultural landscape management

Photo: Brit Hareid







Thank you!