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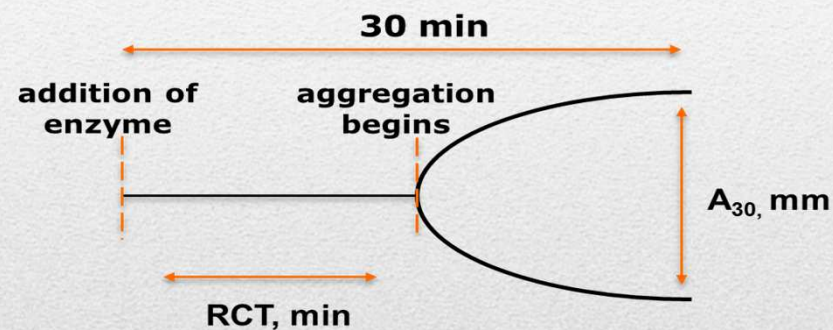
□ Session 18, no 7

Genetic response of milk coagulation properties in Italian Holstein Friesian dairy cattle population using different sets of genetic parameters

□ Introduction

□ Milk Coagulation Properties:

- ✓ shorter Rennet Coagulation Time (RCT, min) and
- ✓ stronger curd firmness (A_{30} , mm) can improve cheese-making efficiency (Aleandri et al., 1989; Wedholm et al., 2006)



- Important in those countries where a wide proportion of milk is processed into cheese [Italy ~ 70 %]
- Nowadays these traits can be measured routinely in cheap way by mid-infrared spectroscopy (De Marchi et al., 2009)

□ Introduction

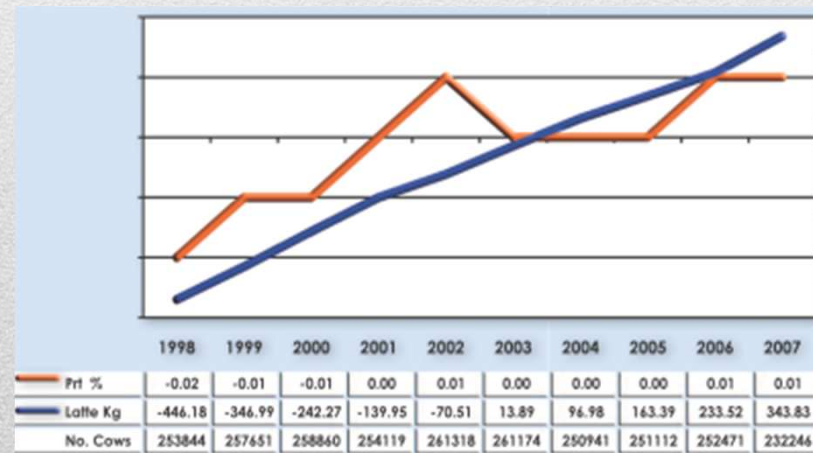
- Up to now MCP traits are not recorded routinely
- Selection indexes for dairy cattle populations don't consider MCP traits
- Deterioration of MCP during the years ??
 - ✓ few historical data are available
 - ✓ genetic correlation estimated between MCP traits and traits in selection index are contradictory

Example. $r_{a: \text{milk yield}, \text{RCT}} =$

- 0.24 (Cassandro et al., 2008)
- 0.07 (Vallas et al., 2010)
- +0.12 (Ikonen et al., 2004)

□ Aims

- ✓ Analyze genetic response of milk coagulation properties under current selection index in Italian Holstein Friesian dairy cattle population using different sets of genetic parameters.



□ M&M: Selection index theory

$$\mathbf{P} \mathbf{b} = \mathbf{G} \mathbf{a}$$

Where:

- **P** = phenotypic (co)variance matrix of traits in the selection criterion
- **G** = genetic (co)variance matrix between traits in the selection objective (selection Index) and the traits in the selection criterion
- **b** = vector of selection criterion coefficients
- **a** = vector of economic value coefficients

$$CR_j = i_j * \frac{b' G_j}{\sqrt{b' P b}}$$

CR_j = correlated response per generation in trait Y_j
 i = selection intensity

Genetic response has been expressed as CR after 10 years of selection for all traits considered

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□ M&M: Italian Holstein Friesian Sel. index

Trait	Relative weight	Economic value
Fat yield	8 %	4
Protein yield	36 %	22.4
Fat, %	2 %	108.7
Protein, %	3 %	350.0
SCS	-10 %	-143.9
Udder index	13 %	174.1
Feet and legs	6 %	75.9
Type	4 %	50.5
Longevity	8 %	115.1
Fertility	10 %	132.4

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Traits related with milk yield and quality = 59 % of total index

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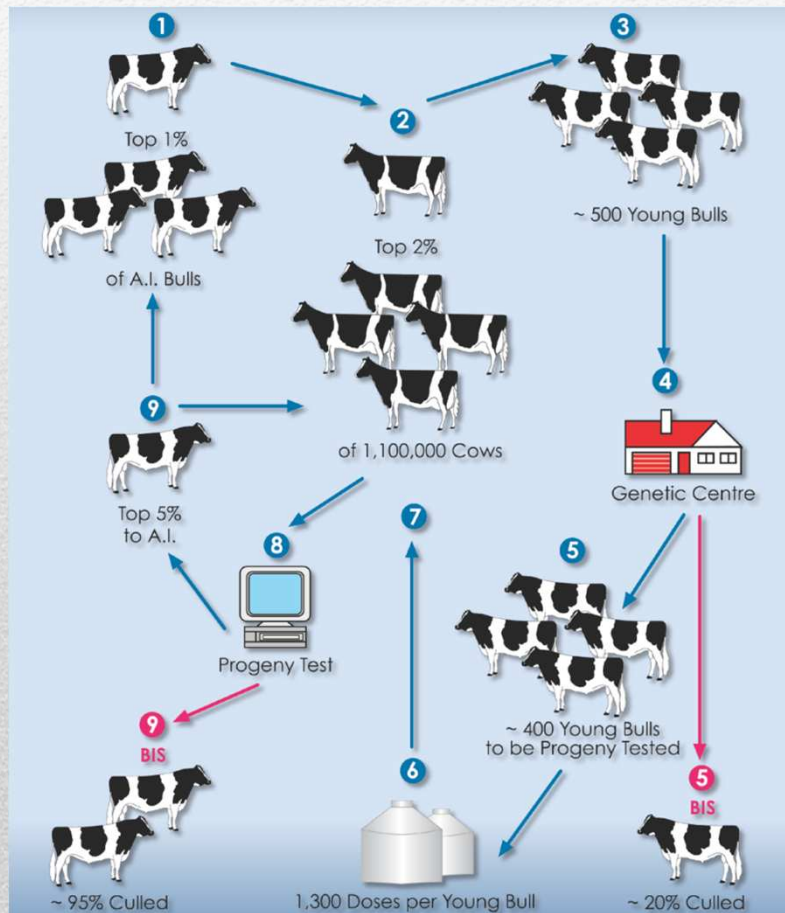
Trait	Relative weight	Economic value
Fat yield	8 %	4
Protein yield	36 %	22.4
Fat, %	2 %	108.7
Protein, %	3 %	350.0
SCS	-10 %	-143.9
Milk yield	-	0
RCT, min	-	0
A₃₀, mm	-	0
pH	-	0
Titratable acidity	-	0

Traits related with milk yield and quality
= 59 % of total index

Traits not in selection index but in the calculation for correlated response

□ M&M: Breeding scheme

- ✓ Four pathways of selection were considered
- ✓ Selection intensities (i) and generation intervals (GI) were in accordance with current selection scheme.



ANAFI, 2010

Pathway	progeny, n	i	GI, yr	Lactation with records
CC ¹		0.05	4	1
CB ¹		2.42	5	2
BC ²	100	2.06	6	1
BB ²	100	2.66	8	1

¹ Own performance

² performance per each daughter in progeny testing

□ M&M: Genetic parameters

Traits
in sel.
index

Trait	σ_a	h^2	r
Milk Yield, kg/305d	875.40 ¹	0.31 ¹	0.48 ⁴
Fat Yield, kg/305d	33.74 ¹	0.29 ¹	0.40 ⁴
Protein Yield, kg/305d	27.14 ¹	0.30 ¹	0.46 ⁴
Fat %	0.31 ¹	0.39 ²	0.57 ⁴
Protein %	0.14 ¹	0.30 ²	0.55 ⁴
SCS	1.17 ¹	0.21 ¹	0.27 ⁴
RCT	2.22 ² -0.94 ³	0.25 ² -0.28 ³	0.45 ³
A ₃₀	4.06 ²	0.15 ²	0.50 ³
pH	0.05 ²	0.21 ²	0.36 ³
Titratable acidity	0.15 ²	0.17 ²	0.36

¹ Interbull, 2011; ² Cassandro et al., 2008; ³Vallas et al., 2010; ⁴Welper and Freeman, 1992

□ M&M: Correlation set

- ✓ Phenotypic (below diag) and genetic (up diag) correlation were assumed from different sources and validated for positive definite matrix (method Jorjani et al., 2003).

Trait	MY	FY	PY	F%	P%	SCS
MY, kg/305d	-	0.49	0.83	-0.50	-0.43	0.22
FY, kg/305d	0.74	-	0.66	0.51	0.20	0.07
PY, kg/305d	0.92	0.81	-	-0.16	0.15	0.22
F%	-0.33	0.37	-0.12	-	0.63	-0.16
P%	-0.31	0.08	0.10	0.54	-	-0.10
SCS, point	-0.08	-0.09	-0.05	-0.02	0.07	-

❑ M&M: Correlation set

- ✓ Genetic response was estimated assumed three different sets of genetic correlation parameters for MCP traits → **A: Cassandro et al., 2008**

Trait	RCT	a ₃₀	pH	TA
MY, kg/305d	-0.24	0.22	-0.19	0.19
FY, kg/305d	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PY, kg/305d	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
F%	-0.05	0.14	-0.16	0.49
P%	-0.08	0.44	-0.24	0.58
SCS	0.25	-0.40	0.44	-0.08
RCT	-	-0.89	0.81	-0.50
A ₃₀		-	-0.85	0.66
pH			-	-0.68
Titrateable Acidity				-

	Cassandro et al., 2008
	Unknown, set 0.00

❑ M&M: Correlation set

- ✓ Genetic response was estimated assumed three different sets of genetic correlation parameters for MCP traits → **B: Ikonen et al., 2004**

Trait	RCT	a ₃₀	pH	TA
MY, kg/305d	0.12	-0.07	-0.19	0.19
FY, kg/305d	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PY, kg/305d	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
F%	0.08	0.02	-0.16	0.49
P%	0.22	-0.07	-0.24	0.58
SCS	0.29	-0.33	0.44	-0.08
RCT	-	-0.93	0.81	-0.50
A ₃₀		-	-0.85	0.66
pH			-	-0.68
Titrateable Acidity				-

	Ikonen et al., 2004
	Cassandro et al., 2008
	Unknown, set 0.00

❑ M&M: Correlation set

- ✓ Genetic response was estimated assumed three different sets of genetic correlation parameters for MCP traits → **C:Vallas et al., 2010**

Trait	RCT	a ₃₀	pH	TA
MY, kg/305d	-0.07	-0.29	-0.19	0.19
FY, kg/305d	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
PY, kg/305d	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
F%	-0.10	0.25	-0.16	0.49
P%	0.19	0.48	-0.24	0.58
SCS	0.06	-0.04	0.44	-0.08
RCT	-	-0.16	0.81	-0.50
A ₃₀		-	-0.85	0.66
pH			-	-0.68
Titrateable Acidity				-

	Vallas et al., 2010
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□ Results

- ✓ Correlated response for each trait after 10 years of selection

Traits
in sel.
index

Trait	correlation set		
	A	B	C
MY, kg/305d	1254.8	1190.6	1281.3
FY, kg/305d	67.1	67.6	67.7
PY, kg/305d	66.7	66.8	66.8
F%	0.10	0.09	0.10
P%	0.13	0.13	0.13
SCS, point	-0.10	-0.12	-0.07
RCT, min	-0.15	-0.06	0.11
A ₃₀ , mm	1.53	0.48	0.59
pH	-0.01	-0.02	-0.02
Titrateable Acidity	0.04	0.05	0.04

□ Results

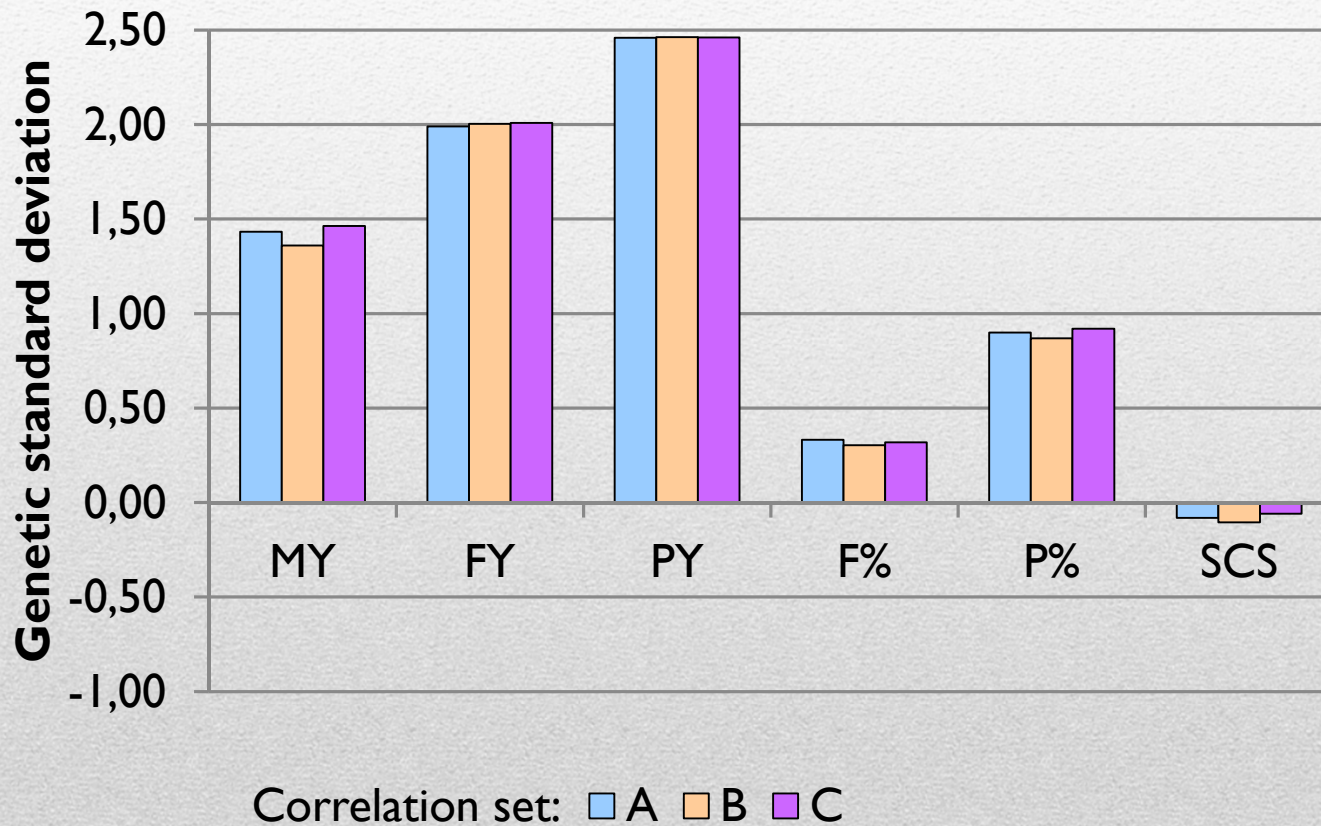
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SCS, point	-0.10	-0.12	-0.07
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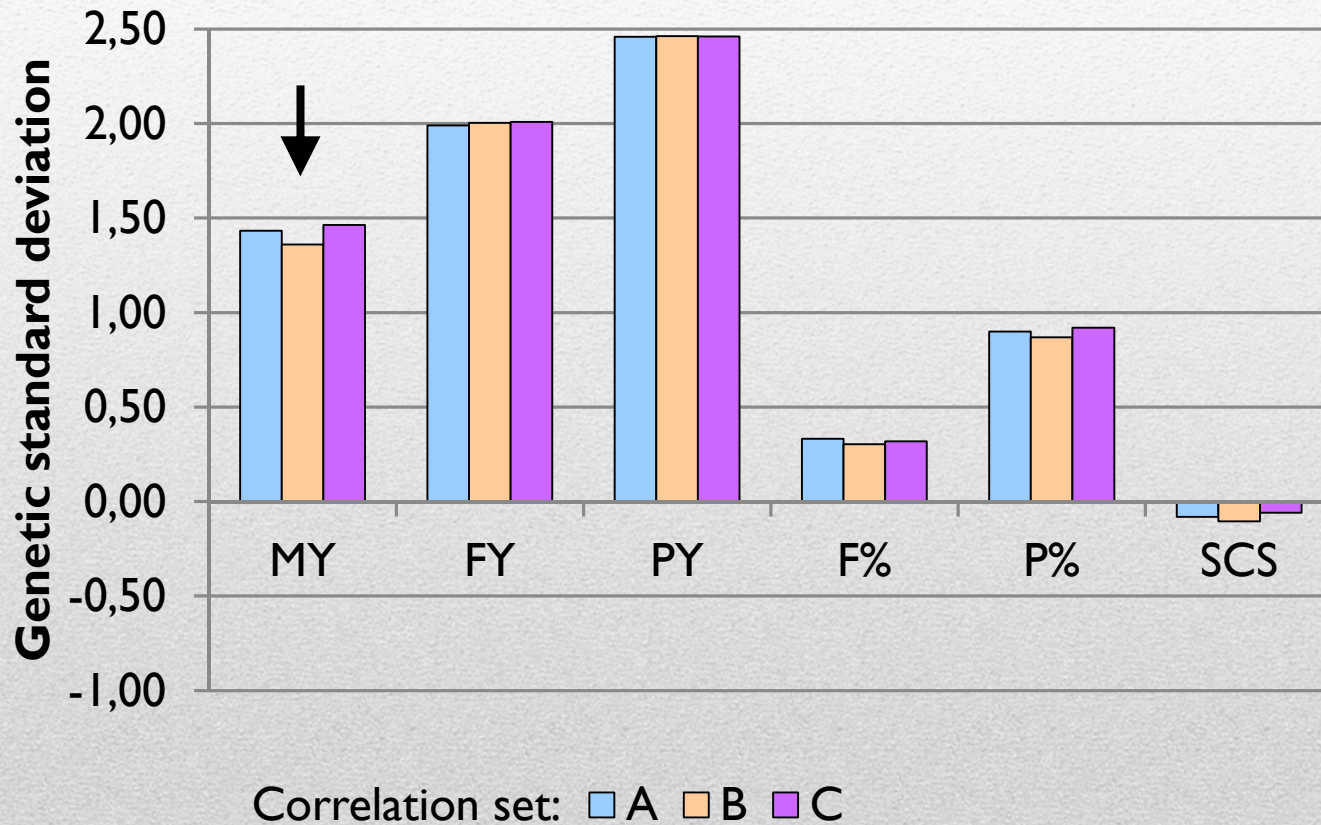
□ Results

- ✓ Correlated response for traits in selection index after 10 years of selection in genetic standard deviation



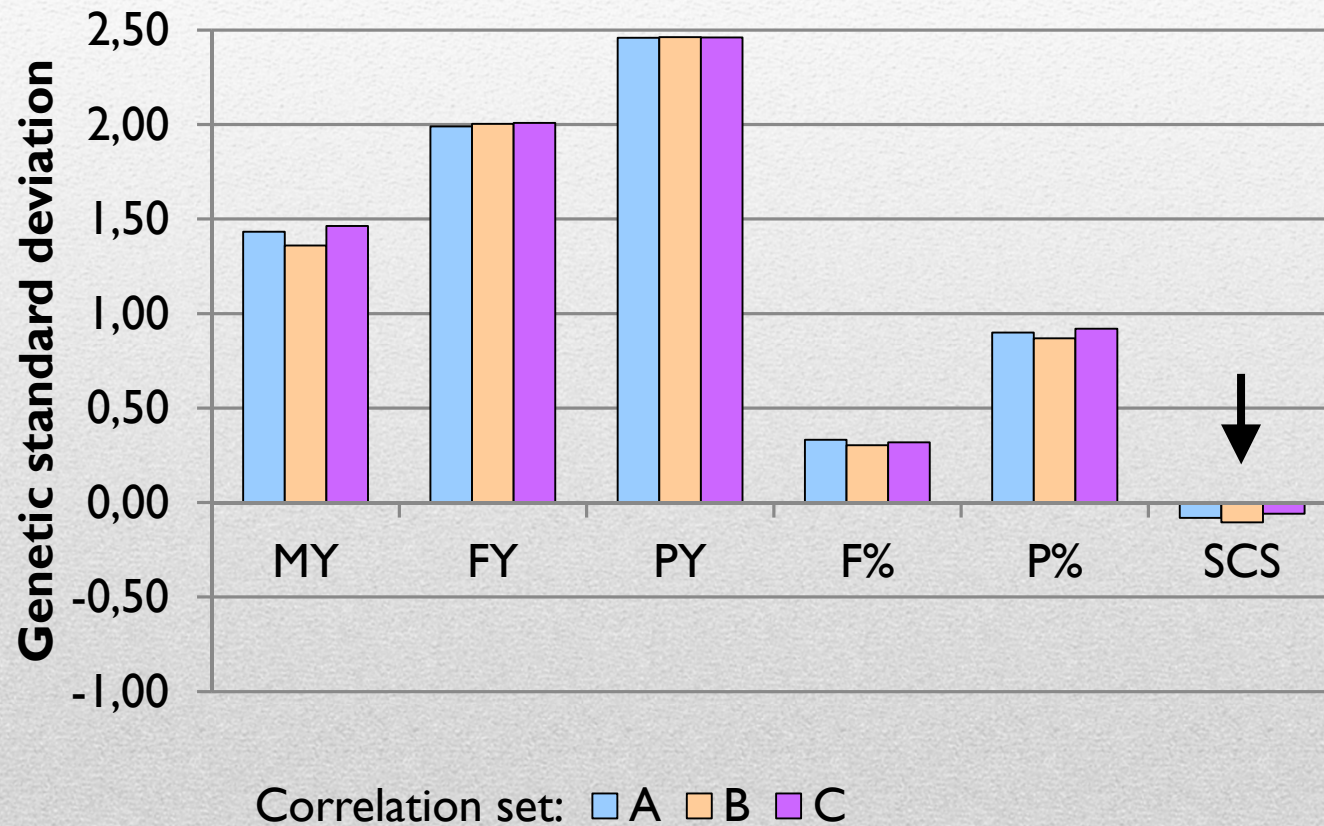
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- ✓ Correlated response for traits in selection index after 10 years of selection in genetic standard deviation



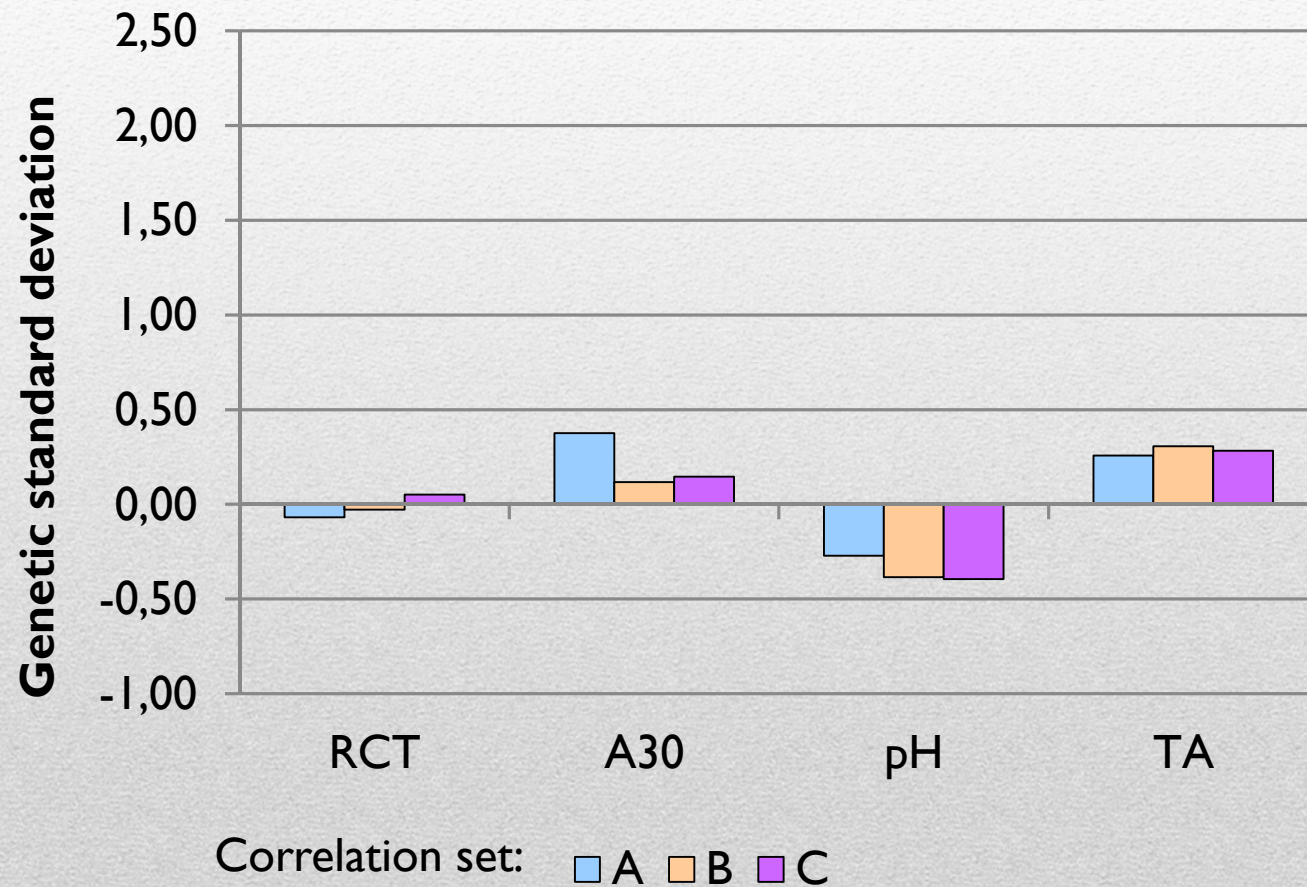
□ Results

- ✓ Correlated response for traits in selection index after 10 years of selection in genetic standard deviation



□ Results

- ✓ Correlated response for MCP traits and milk acidity after 10 year of selection in genetic standard deviation



❑ Conclusions

- ✓ Current selection index gives more pressure to yield than milk quality
- ✓ It seems not to deteriorate MCP traits
- ✓ The trend could be different depending on correlation set considered
- ✓ In this calculation has been taken into account only a part of traits in selection index
- ✓ For improve significantly these traits should need a routinely phenotypic recording and insert them in selection index

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***Thanks you for your
attention!***

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Veneto cheese

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