

# **Short-term supplementation with rice bran in pre-partum primiparous grazing beef cows**

*Graciela Quintans, Antonia Scarsi and Georgget Banchero*

*Instituto Nacional de Investigación Agropecuaria  
URUGUAY*



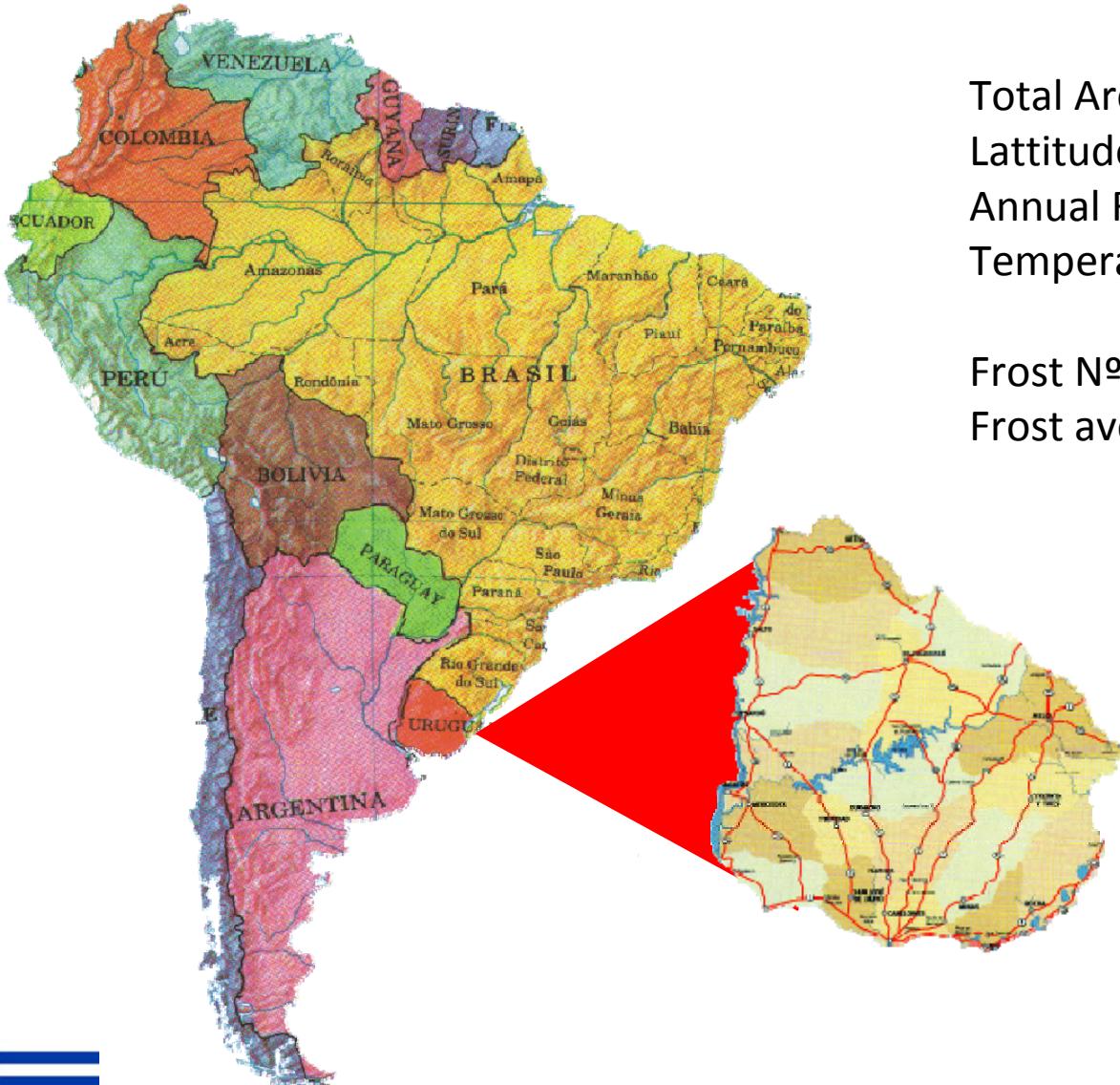
**63<sup>rd</sup>** Annual Meeting  
EAAP 2012  
August 27<sup>th</sup> - 31<sup>st</sup>, 2012



Bratislava, SLOVAKIA

# South America

## Uruguay



Total Area: 17.6 million ha  
Latitude: 30 - 35° South  
Annual Rainfall: 1.175 mm ± 500  
Temperatures: Max. 28-33°  
Min. 6-9  
Frost Nº: 10-50  
Frost average/yr 21



# Uruguay

- 6th beef exporter (400.000 ton/year)
- 61 kg beef meet/hab
- Stock: 11 million head / 4 million cows
  - 7 million sheep
  - 11 million of hectares of native pastures
- Within the top 4 best football teams







# Frequent climatic events -“open sky” production-



# Unsubsidized production

TECHNOLOGIES IN COW-CALF SYSTEMS: LOW COSTS





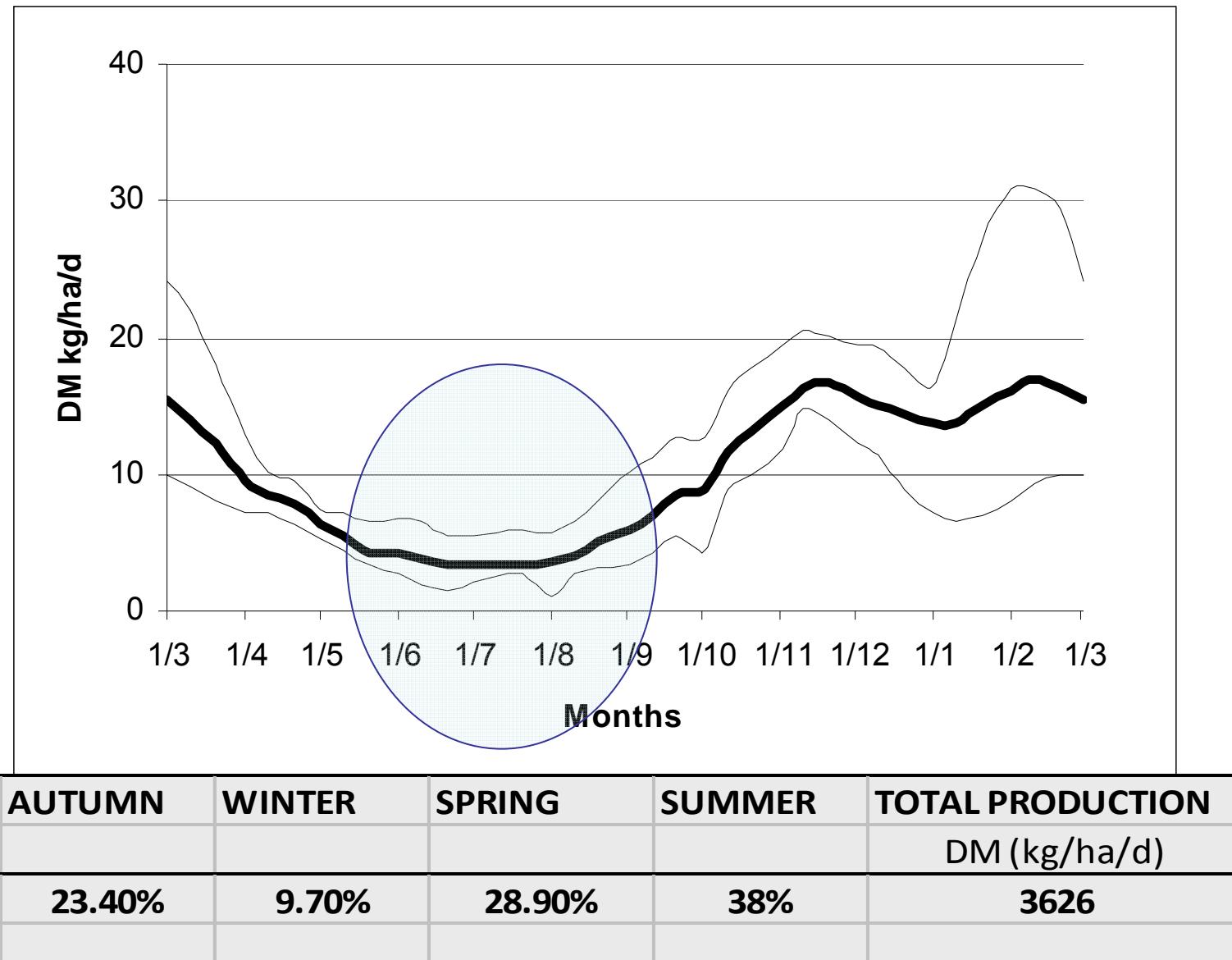
In the same way of thinking.....



**Why pre-partum supplementation?**

**Why a short period?**

## Daily growing rate of native pastures



Ayala y Bermudez, 2005

**Why pre-partum supplementation?  
Why a short period?**

**\$\$\$\$\$\$**

**££ €€ USD**

# Background

- In Dairy Cows:

Last 6 weeks prepartum with access to improvement grass decreased the length of post-partum anoestrous (Chagas et al., 2006)

# Background

- In Beef Cows:

Exploratory experiments of short term period of supplementation prepartum (35-40d) had positive effects on multiparous cows

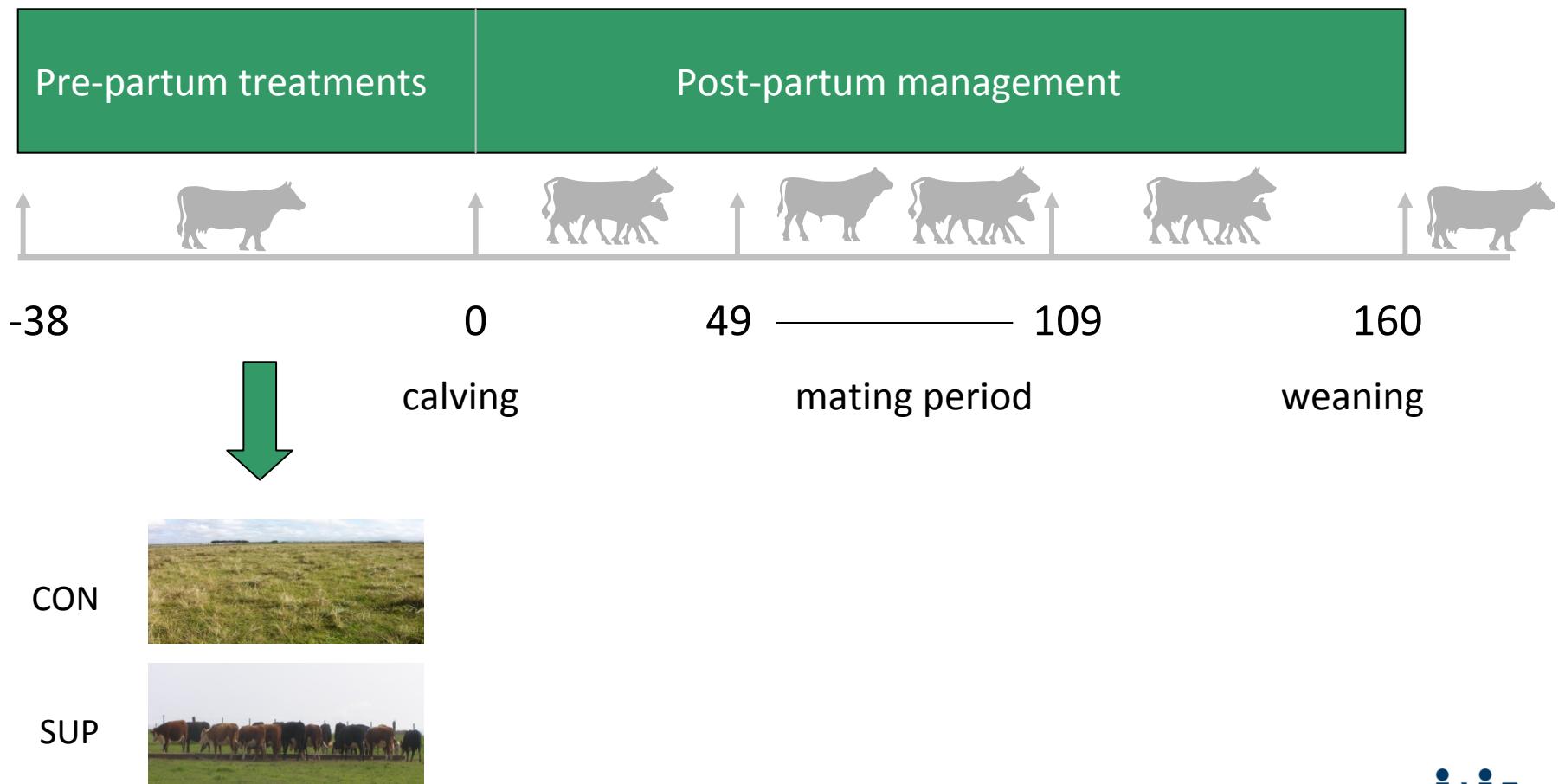
# Short-term supplementation with rice bran in pre-partum primiparous grazing beef cows

- **Objective:** evaluate short term supplementation with rice bran in pre-partum primiparous cows on their performance (cows and calves)
- **Materials and Methods:**

**SUP** = 38 d of supplementation (until calving, Day 0=calving) ;  
n= 13; whole rice bran 0.75k/100 kg LW (aprox. 3 k/a/d)

**CON** = grazed native pastures, n=12

# Experimental design



# Measurements

Pre-partum treatments

Post-partum management

-38

0

49

109

160

calving

mating period

weaning



BW and BCS every 14 days



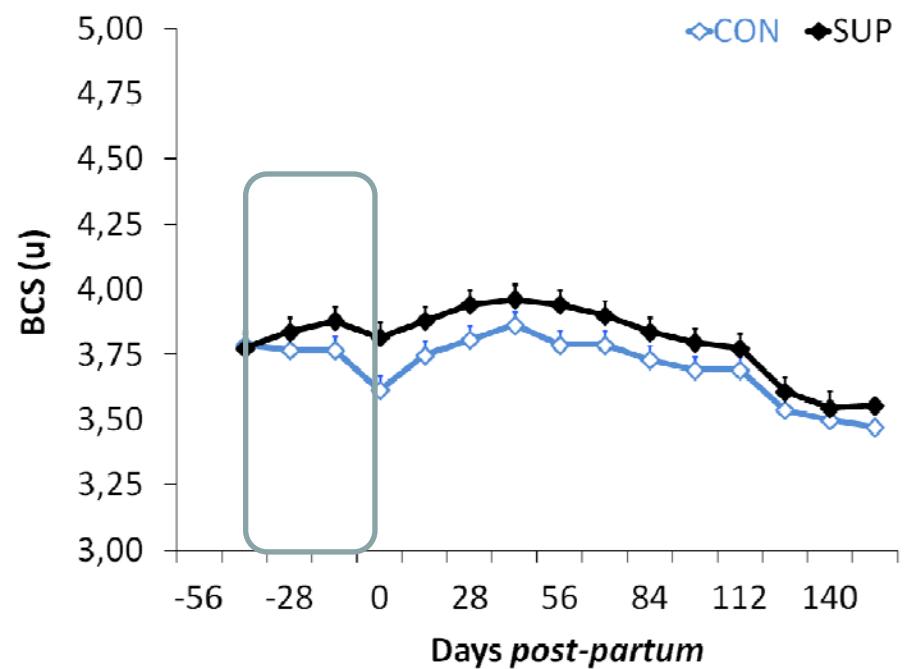
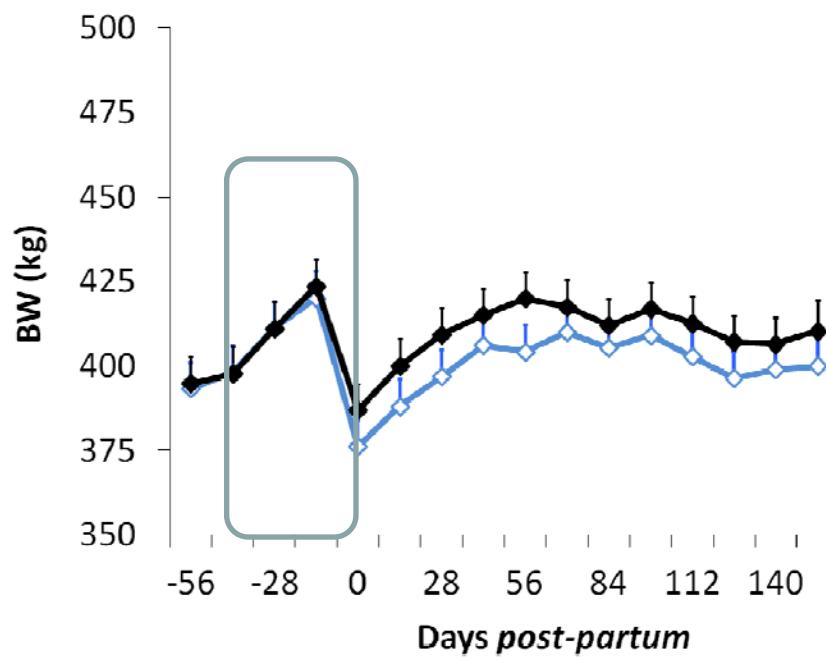
Milk production every 30 days

Blood sampling every 7 days



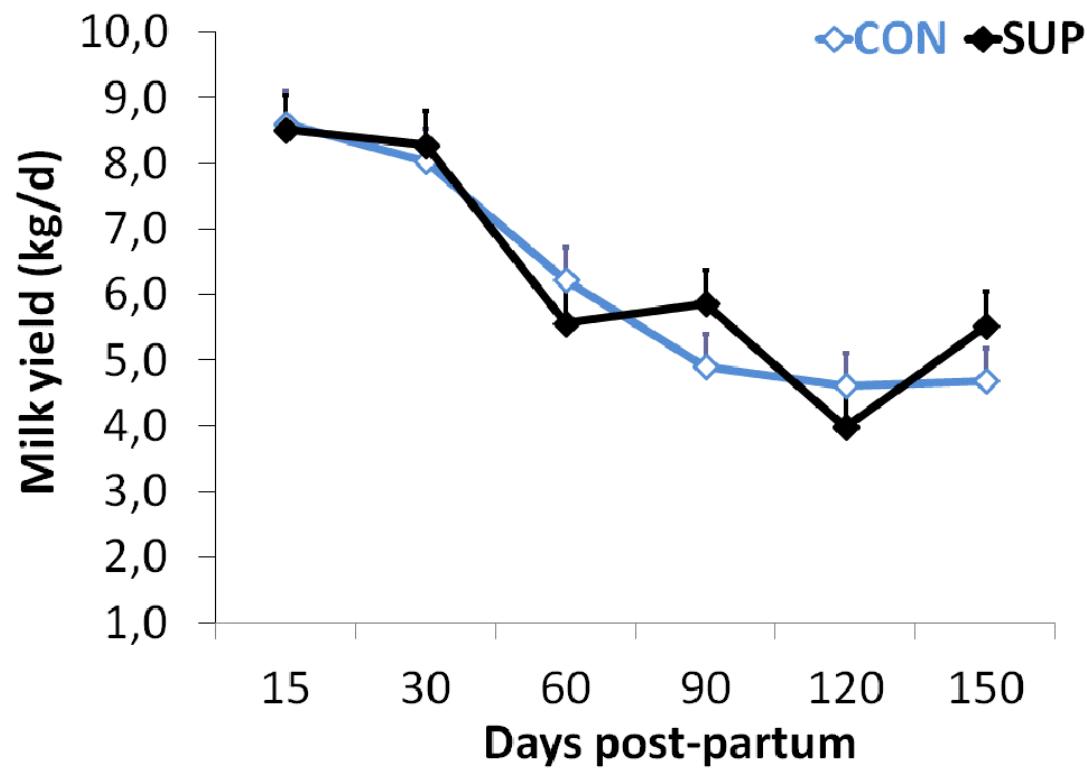
# Results I

- BLW and BCS



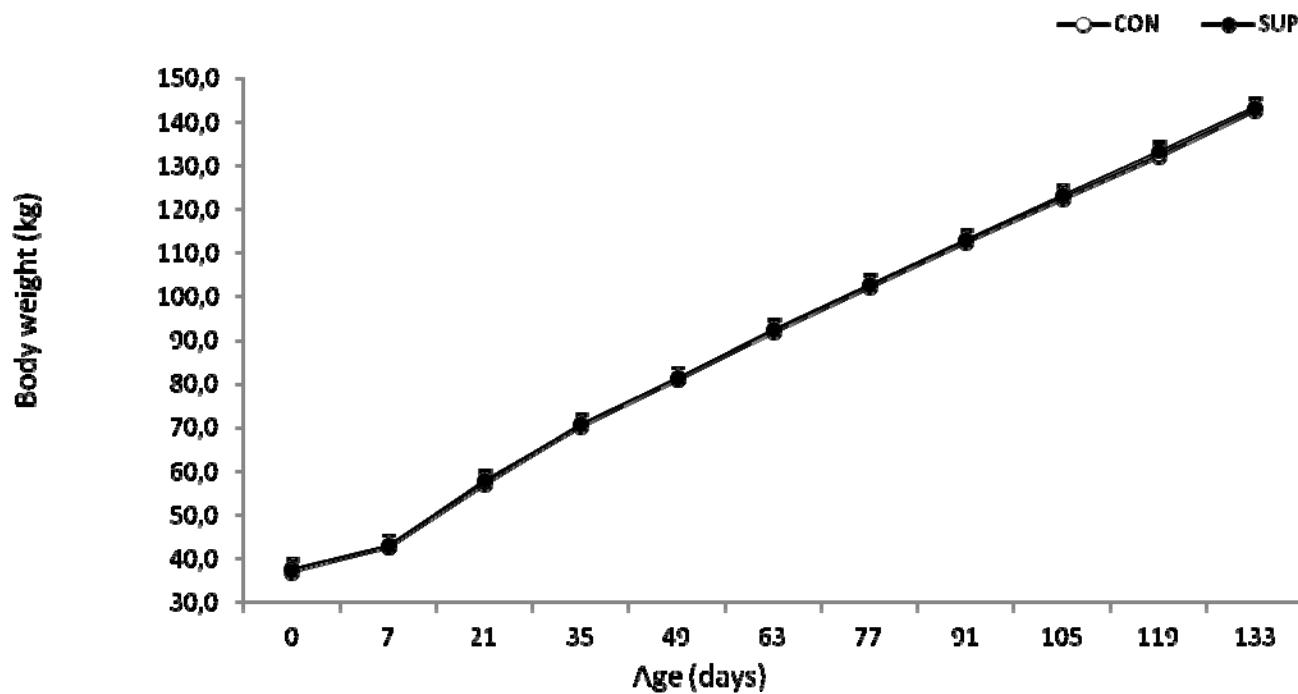
# Results II

- Milk yield



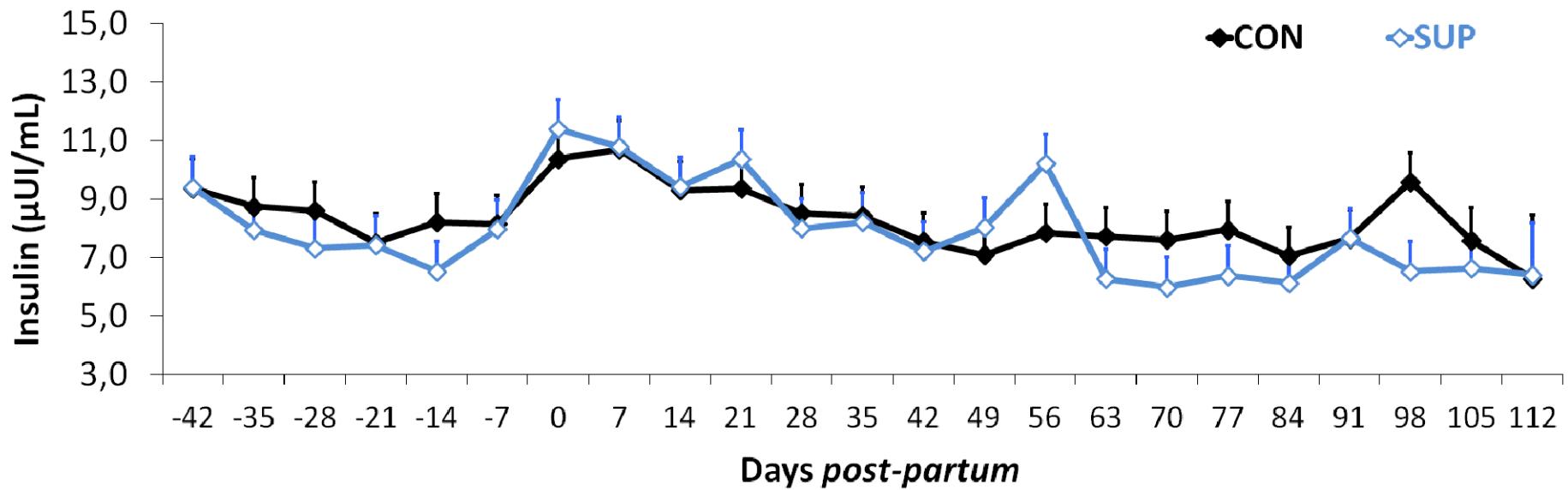
# Results III

- Calves BLW



# Results IV

- Insulin concentrations



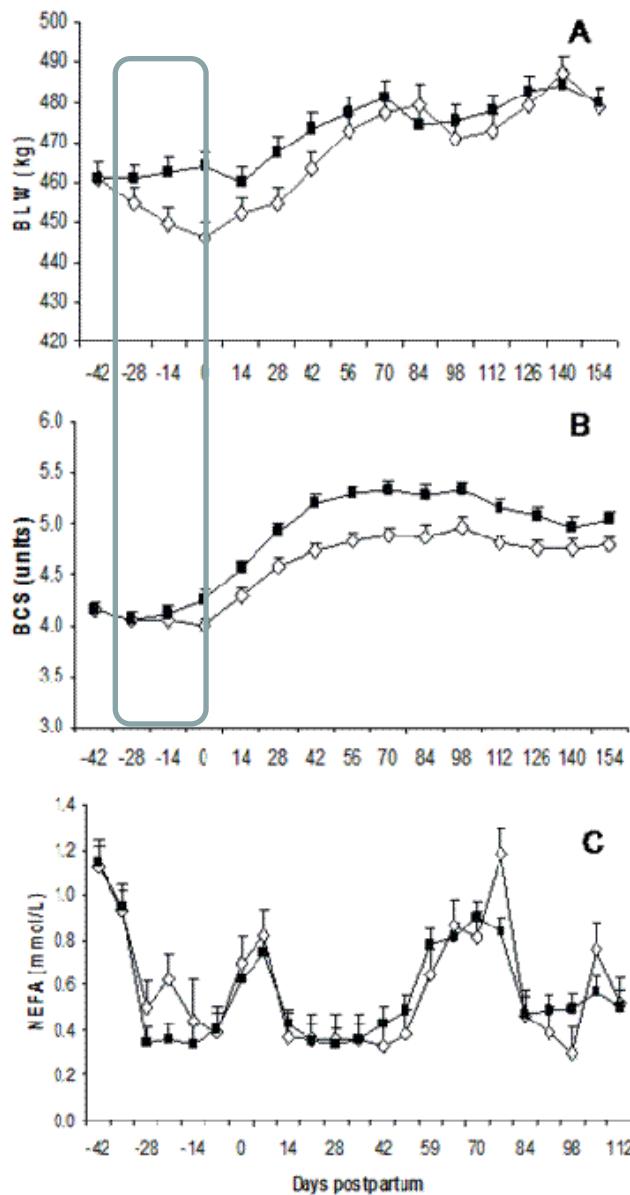
# Results V

- Reproductive parameters

|                                       | CON | SUP | P    |
|---------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|
| Post-partum period<br>(days)          | 104 | 97  | 0.07 |
| Probability of early<br>pregnancy (%) | 23  | 58  | 0.09 |

# Discussion and Conclusions

## MULTIPAROUS BEEF COWS (Quintans et al., 2009)



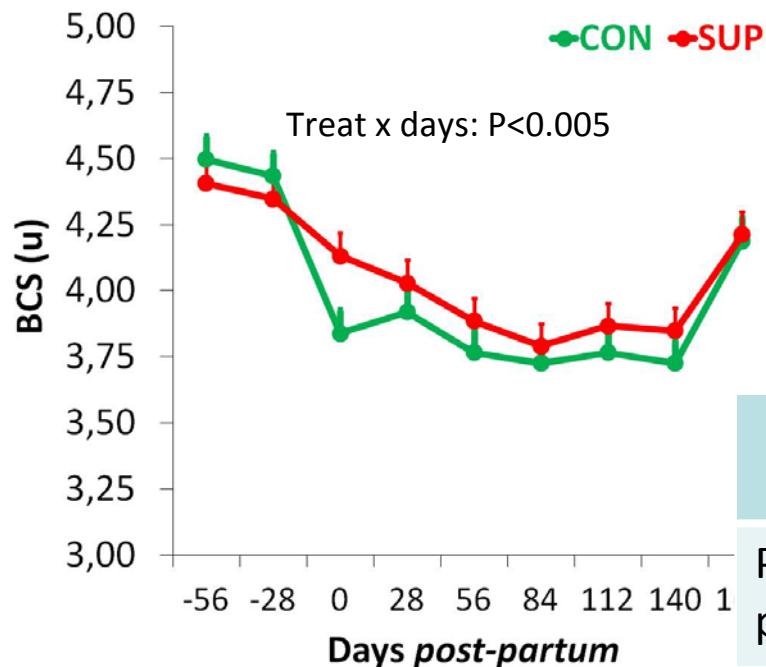
Effects of short-term supplementation during the last month of gestation in winter on reproductive performance of MULTIPAROUS beef cows.

|  | Treatment |     |     |         |
|--|-----------|-----|-----|---------|
|  | CON       | SUP | SE  | P-value |
| Number of cows   | 17        | 18  |     |         |
| Maximum follicle diameter at 60 DPP <sup>2</sup> ; mm  | 10.5      | 11  | 0.7 | 0.625   |
| Probability of cows with follicles =10 mm at 60 DPP; % | 35        | 56  |     | 0.052   |
| Probability of cows cycling during the first 90 DPP; % | 65        | 83  |     | 0.084   |
| Pregnancy rate;%                                       | 88        | 100 |     | 0.082   |

<sup>1</sup>CON = control cows; SUP = cows supplemented with 4.5 kg/animal per day of a mix of sorghum grain (0.67 as-fed basis) and protein concentrated (0.33 as-fed basis) from 33±1.4 d prepartum until calving.

<sup>2</sup>DPP = days postpartum

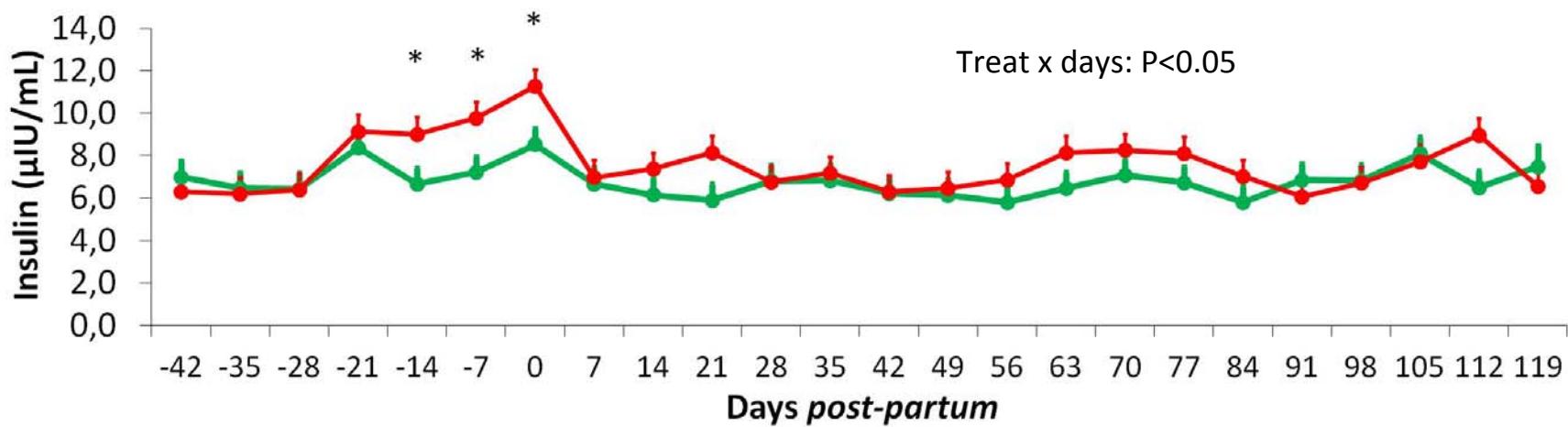
Control (◊),Supplemented (■ )

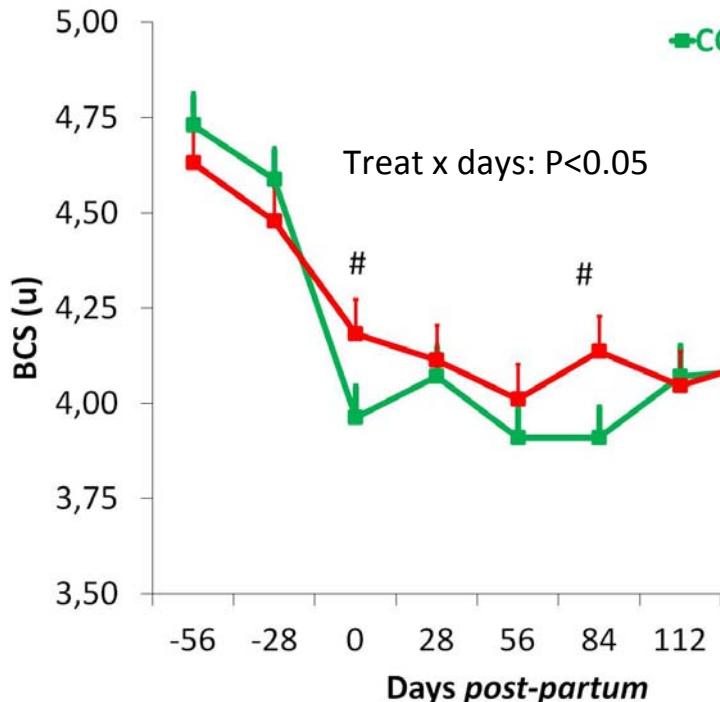


## MULTIPAROUS BEEF COWS

(Scarsi et al, in press)

|                                      | CON  | SUP |
|--------------------------------------|------|-----|
| Post-partum anoestrous period (days) | 123a | 88b |
| Pregnancy rate (%)                   | 61a  | 83b |

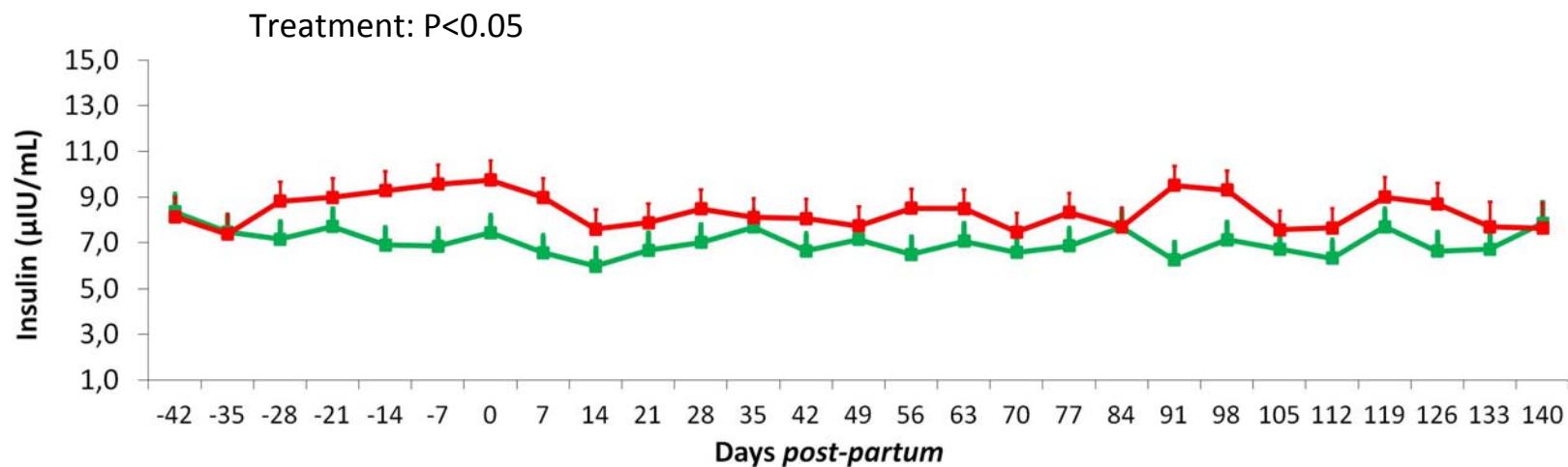




## PRIMIPAROUS BEEF COWS

(Scarsi et al, in press)

|                                      | CON | SUP |
|--------------------------------------|-----|-----|
| Post-partum anoestrous period (days) | 126 | 125 |
| Pregnancy rate (%)                   | 36  | 36  |



# Results V

- Reproductive parameters

|                                       | CON | SUP | P    |
|---------------------------------------|-----|-----|------|
| Post-partum period<br>(days)          | 104 | 97  | 0.07 |
| Probability of early<br>pregnancy (%) | 23  | 58  | 0.09 |

In this experiment short term supplementation during the last month of gestation tended to improve reproductive performance

Calves birth weight was not affected



# **Short-term supplementation with rice bran in pre-partum primiparous grazing beef cows**

**VĎAKA**

**Thanks!**



**63<sup>rd</sup> Annual Meeting  
EAAP 2012  
August 27<sup>th</sup> - 31<sup>st</sup>, 2012**



**Bratislava, SLOVAKIA**