

EFFECT OF MC₄R GENOTYPE ON GROWTH, FAT DEPOSITION, APPETITE AND FEED EFFICIENCY IN CANADIAN PIGS

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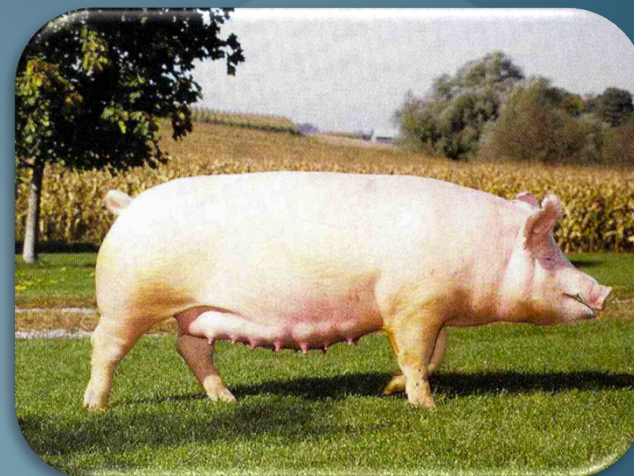


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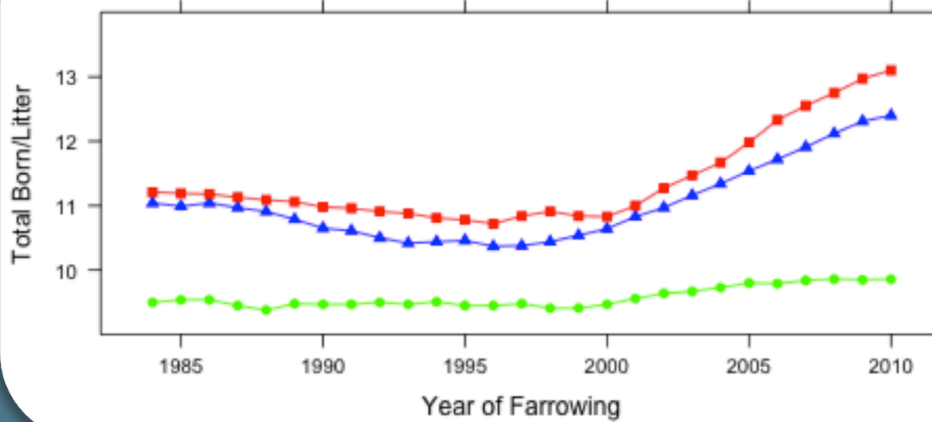


Bratislava, SLOVAKIA

Classical selection



Genetic Trends for Litter Size



▲ Yorkshire ◆ Landrace ■ Duroc

Swine Genomics Project

- **Developing new genomic tools to**
 - Improve meat quality traits
 - Enhance product differentiation through meat quality and Improve production efficiency
- **Specific objectives:**
 - Build a large database with phenotypic and genotypic data collected in different swine breeds
 - Study relationships between genetic markers, performances and meat quality in pigs from different breeds
 - Develop new methods to include genomic information into swine genetic evaluations
 - Develop guidelines and recommendations on the use of genomic data in swine breeding programs



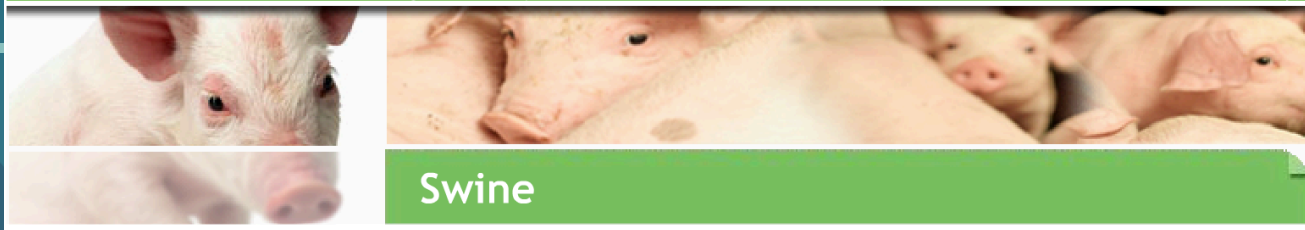
Genomics Project Team



- **Canadian Centre for Swine Improvement (CCSI)**
 - Brian Sullivan, Laurence Maignel, Stefanie Wyss, Jim Groves and Mohsen Jafarikia
- **Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada**  Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada / Agriculture et Agroalimentaire Canada
 - Marie-France Palin, Dairy and Swine R & D Centre
 - Claude Gariépy, Food Research and Development Centre
 - Nicolas Devillers, Swine welfare and behaviour
- **Centre de développement du porc du Québec (CDPQ)**
 - Frédéric Fortin
- **Canadian Swine Breeders Association**  L'ASSOCIATION CANADIENNE DES ÉLEVEURS DE PORCS
- **Laval University** 
 - Claude Robert, Département des Sciences animales
- **University of Guelph** 
 - Flavio Schenkel, Centre for Genetic Improvement of Livestock (CGIL)



60K SNP panel & Candidate Genes



- Growth, feed efficiency, carcass and meat quality
 - **MC₄R**, HMGA₁, PRKAG₃, CAST, CCKAR, HAL
- Litter size and sow longevity
 - ESR, IGFBP₁, CCR₇, CPT_{1A}



Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada
www.agr.gc.ca



- Sow productivity
 - Adiponectin and receptor genes
 - ADIPOR₁, ADIPOR₂, ADIPOQ

MC₄R- overview



- MelanoCortin-4 Receptor: **MC₄R**
- Plays a vital role in energy homeostasis
- A missense mutation in amino acid Asp298Asn
 - Affect growth rate and fat deposition
 - Significant effects on feed intake and lean meat percentage
 - Differences in feed efficiency varied and were often not significant.
- In comparison to G allele, pigs with A:
 - 170 g/day more feed intake
 - Were fatter by 1 to 2 mm
 - 4 to 5 days faster to a set market weight

(Kim *et al.* 2000, 2004)

Objectives



- Estimate the frequency of this mutation in major Canadian pig breeds
- Investigate the effect on:
 - Average Daily Gain (ADG)
 - BackFat Thickness (BFT)
 - Average Daily Feed Intake (ADFI)
 - Feed Conversion Ratio (FCR)
- Provide guidelines for application to the Canadian swine industry

Materials & Methods



- Deschambault test station in Quebec over four trials in 2004 & 2010
- Animals genotyped for MC4R
 - 722 barrows, 162 females and 138 males
 - 277 Duroc, 304 Landrace and 441 Yorkshire
 - Entered the nursery at:
 - Average age of 17.9 ± 4.5 days
 - Average weight of 5.3 ± 1.4 kg
 - Transferred to finishing pens at:
 - An average age of 69.2 ± 7.0 days
 - Average on-test weight of 29.4 ± 7.1 kg
 - On average, animals spent 92.5 ± 15.0 days on test
 - Had an average off-test weight of 118.0 ± 8.7 kg

Statistical Model



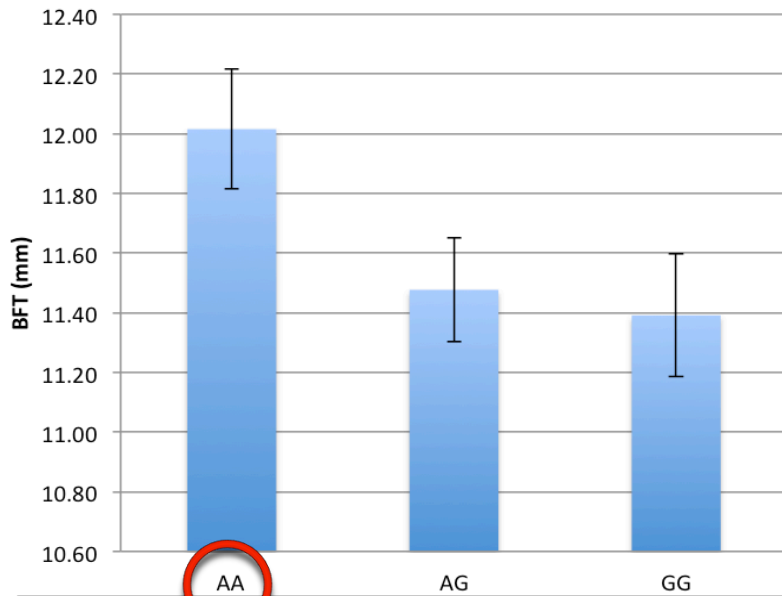
- Fixed effects
 - MC4R genotype
 - Interaction of sex, breed and trial
 - On-test age and weight as covariates
- Random effects
 - Pen within trial
 - Farm of origin within trial
 - Birth litter

Results

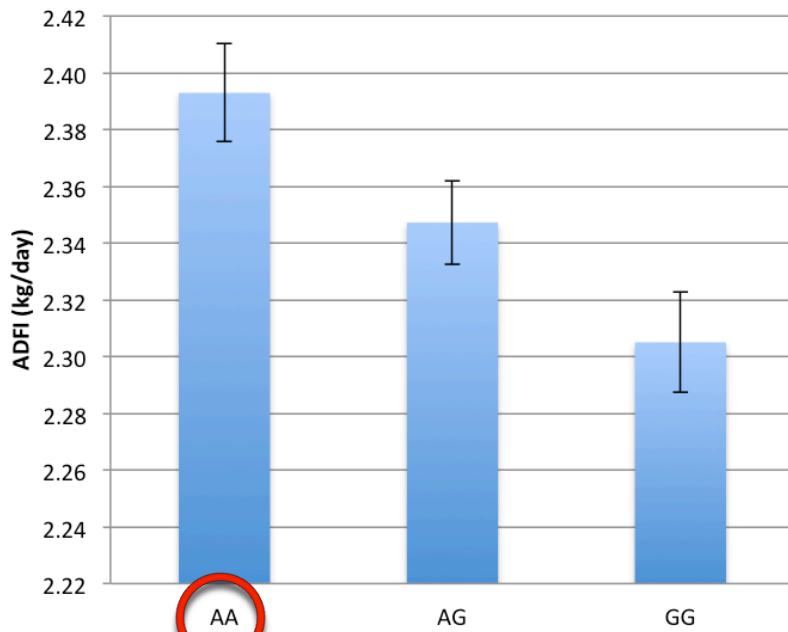


- Frequency of MC₄R (G allele):
 - 0.33 Duroc
 - 0.77 Landrace
 - 0.48 Yorkshire
- Significant effect on:
 - ADG, BFT and ADFI ($p < 0.01$)
- Not a significant effect on FCR
- In comparison to GG, AA pigs had:
 - 30 ± 1 g/day greater average daily gain
 - 0.6 ± 0.2 mm thicker backfat
 - 90 ± 2 g/day more feed consumption

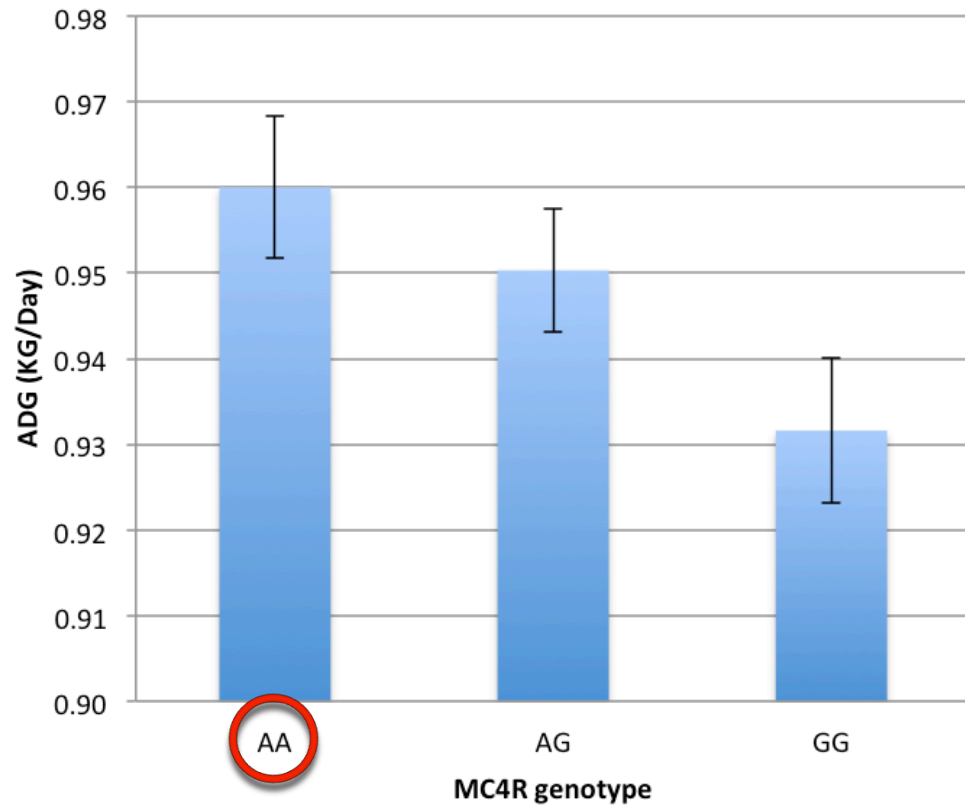
Effect of MC4R gene on BFT



Effect of MC4R gene on ADFI



Effect of MC4R gene on ADG



Implication of MC₄R



- Including MC₄R in BLUP evaluation
 - Increase EBV accuracy
 - Increase genetic progress
 - ADG, ADFI, BFT
- Increasing appetite
- Higher fat without adversely affecting feed efficiency
 - Fertility problems in lean dams

Acknowledgements



- **Breeders on the Canadian Swine Improvement Program**

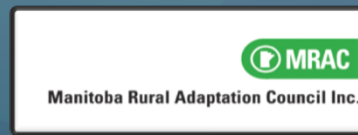
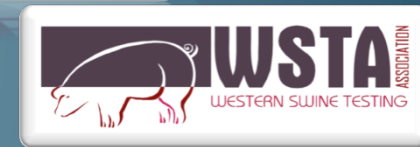
- **CCSI's regional centers**

- Atlantic Swine Centre
- Centre de développement du porc du Québec
- Ontario Swine Improvement
- Western Swine Testing Association



- **Financial support**

- Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada
- Conseil pour le développement de l'agriculture du Québec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Manitoba, Ontario
- Ministère de l'Agriculture, des Pêcheries et de l'Alimentation du Québec
- Private financial support from breeders, CDPQ, CCSI, PigGen Canada and FPPQ



**Our success depends on
Technology
and
Open collaboration**



Thank You!