

Selection of reduced MPS pulmonary lesions influences the production of soluble factor in blood

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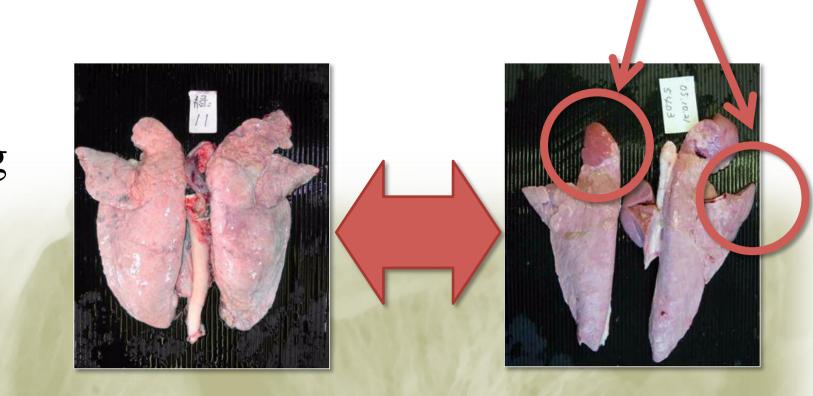
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MPS lesions

Introduction

Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae (Mhp), the primary pathogen of mycoplasma pneumonia of swine (MPS), is a major cause of economic losses in the swine industry. Breeding for disease resistance is beneficial for preventing the disease. Previously, we established a novel swine line with reduced MPS pulmonary lesions having a different immunophenotype from that of the control group. In this study, we further characterized the selected line by focusing on blood-soluble factors after sensitization with commercial MPS vaccine.

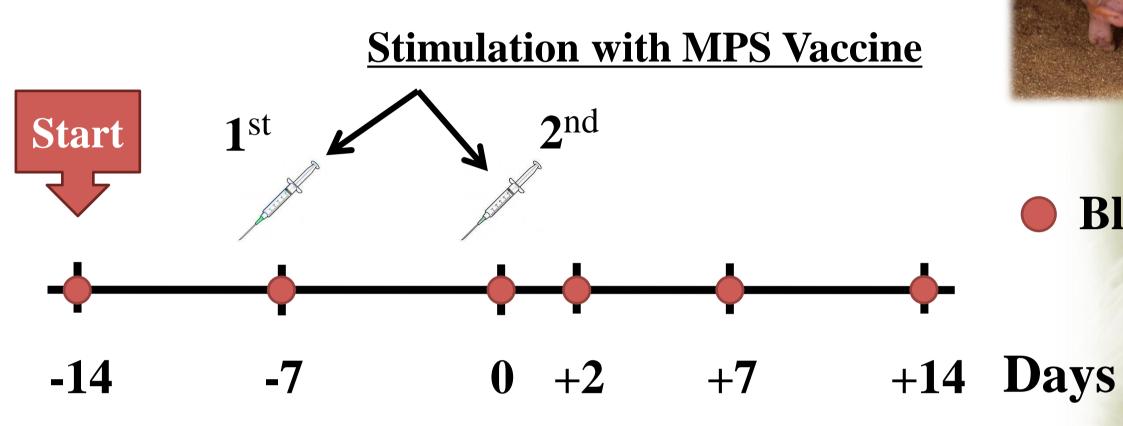


MPS selected line

Control line

Materials and Methods

- Animals: MPS selected and control line (Landrace pigs, 12 each) Mean body weight and age at the start: 65 kg and 16 weeks
- Experimental schedule:

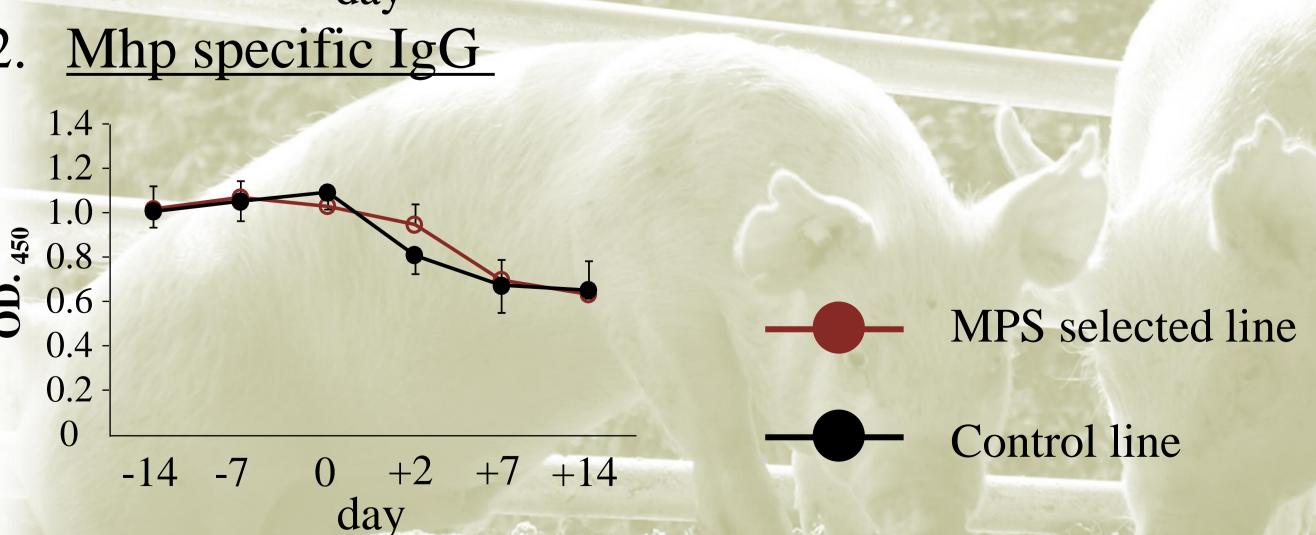




Blood sampling

Result

- Endocrine hormones concentration in blood
- Leptin IGF-1 2507 200 3 150 100 50 **Insulin** GH P<0.001 -14 +14**Cortisol** day 60 40 MPS selected line 20 Control line +14day



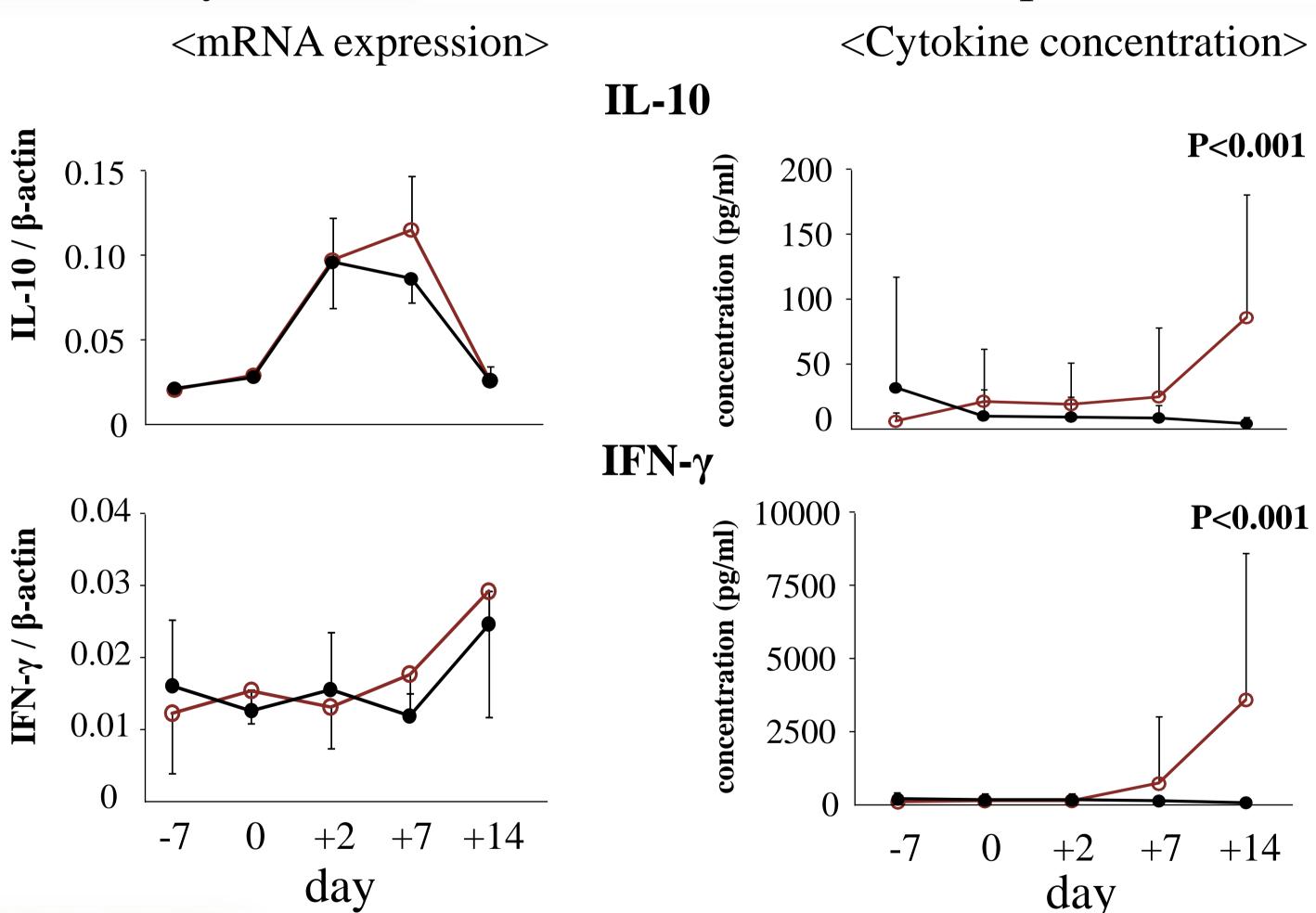
Immune traits measurements of blood:

- Endocrine hormones concentration (RIA)
- 2. Mhp specific IgG (ELISA)
- 3. Cytokines
 - 3-1. serum cytokine concentration (ELISA)
 - 3-2. Whole blood mRNA expression (RT-qPCR)
 - mRNA expression after in vitro stimulation (RT-qPCR; PBMC were stimulated with antigens)
- Statistical Analysis:

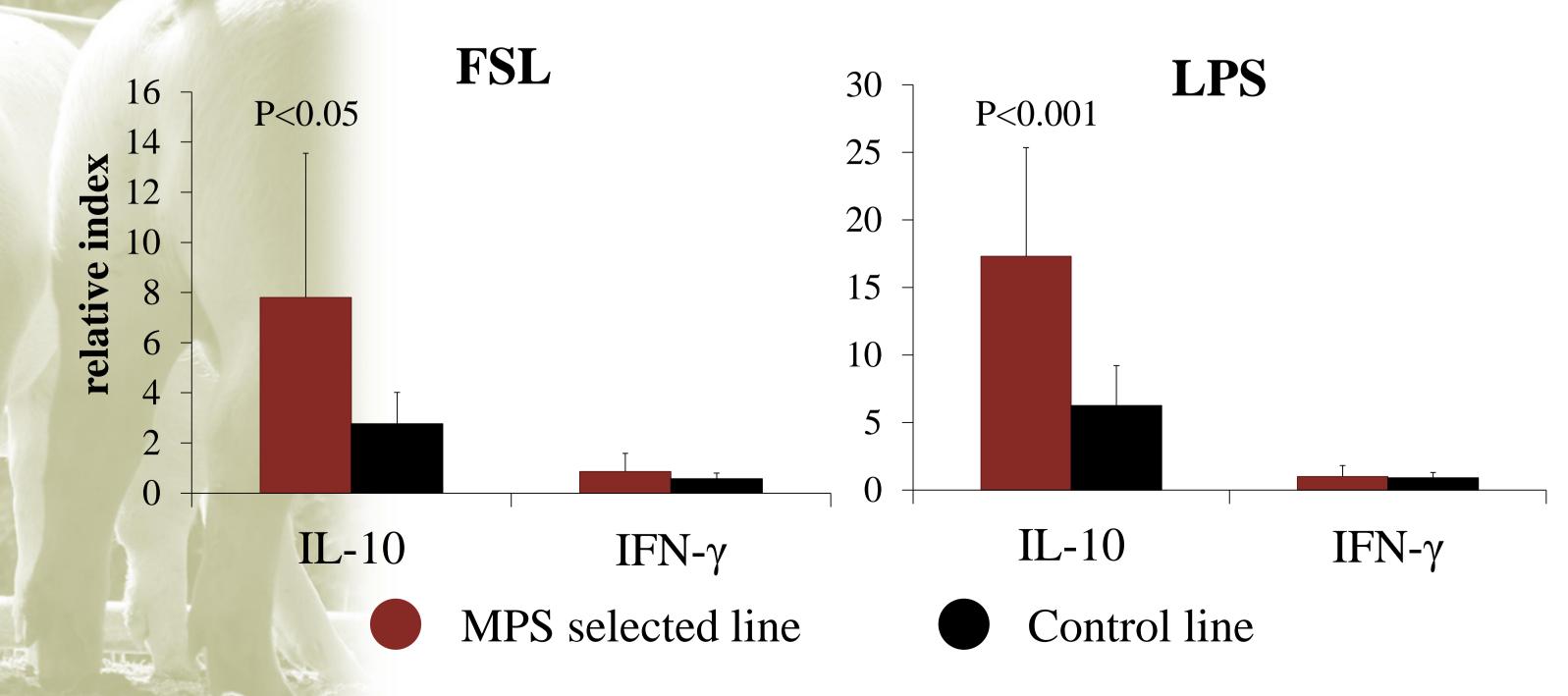
All data were performed using SAS MIXED procedure. Differences between each line were analyzed using ANOVA.

> fixed effect: line, day random effect: animals

3-1, 2. Cytokine concentrations and mRNA expressions



3-3. mRNA expressions after stimulation with antigens (in vitro)



Discussion

- GH concentration in blood was increased at day 0 in control line and suggested that control line caused stress response.
- IL-10 and IFN-y concentrations were significantly increased at day +14 in the MPS-selected line and In vitro assay showed that IL-10 expression in the MPS-selected line were higher than control line.
- MPS selected line contracted MPS lesions by highly producing IL-10 called as anti-inflammatory cytokine and reducing ability of acquired immunity.
- IL-10 and IFN-γ would be the good candidates for the selection for MPS resistance.