

Faculty of Agricultural and Nutritional Science

CAU

Christian-Albrechts-University Kiel

Institute of Animal Breeding and Husbandry

Environmental impact of the pork supply chain depending on farm performances



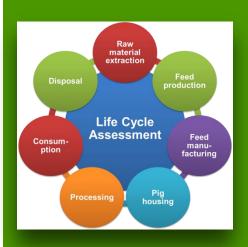
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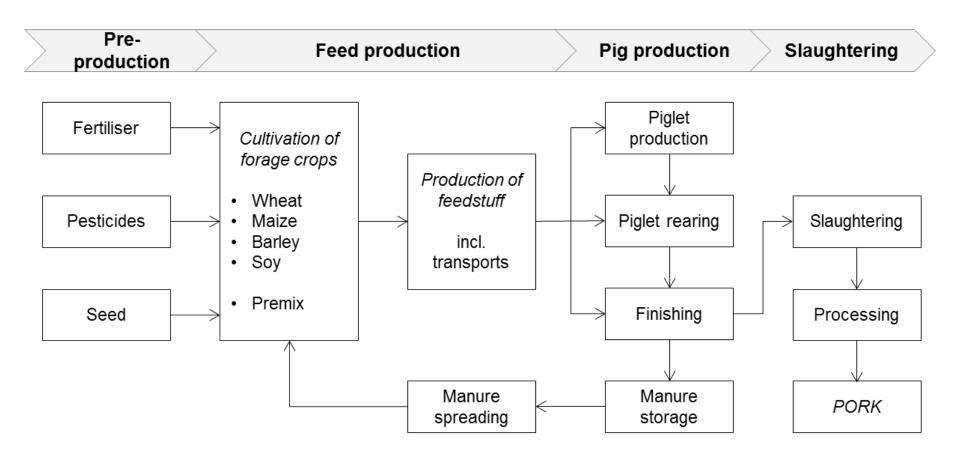
Introduction

- Germany: 8 % of the greenhouse gases are from livestock production (KTBL, 2011)
- Greenhouse gases: CO₂, CH₄, N₂O
- Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) estimates potential environmental impacts and resources used throughout pork production
- Average GWP of pork: 3.6 kg CO₂-eq per kg pork

Aim

Assessment of the influence of different farm performances on the environmental impact of the pork supply chain





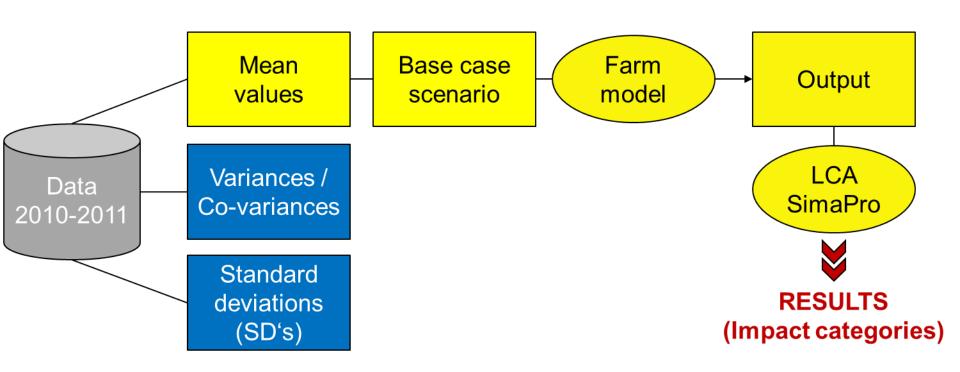
Functional unit: 1 kg pork (slaughter weight)



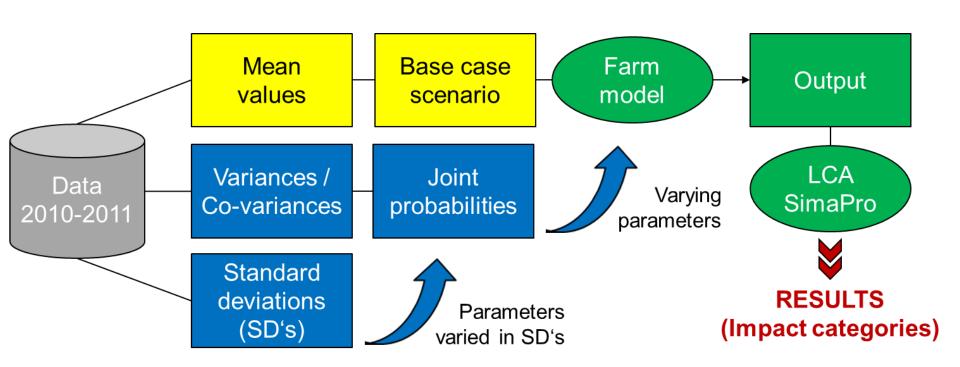
Database

- Collected data and literature data
- Feeding
 - Feed company in Northern Germany
 - 4 different feed mixtures (2 sow feeds, 1 piglet feed, 1 finisher feed)
- Pig housing
 - Average data donated by an extension service
 - Production stages: piglet production, piglet raising, finishing
- Slaughtering
 - Slaughterhouse in Northern Germany
 - Gathered data from 2008











Data and methods - Variations

Variation of different performance parameters

- Piglet production
 - Number of live born piglets per litter
 - Piglet losses
- Finishing
 - Daily weight gain
 - Feed conversion ratio
 - Lean-meat content
 - Animal losses

	Parameter	Mean	SD
Piglet production	Live born piglets (No.)	13.7	3.0
	Piglet losses (%)	14.6	5.0
Finisher	Daily weight gain (g)	788	48
	Feed conversion ratio 1: (kg)	2.87	0.08
	Lean-meat content (%)	56.6	1.4
	Animal losses (%)	2.9	2.5



Results – Average production

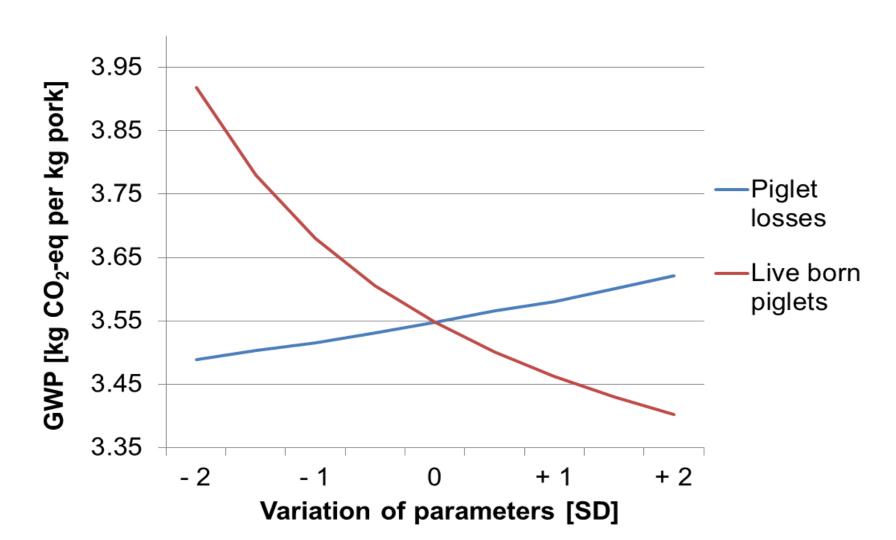
Results of average production in 2010/2011 for the impact categories (per kg pork)

- Global warming potential (GWP)
- Eutrophication potential (EP)
- Acidification potential (AP)

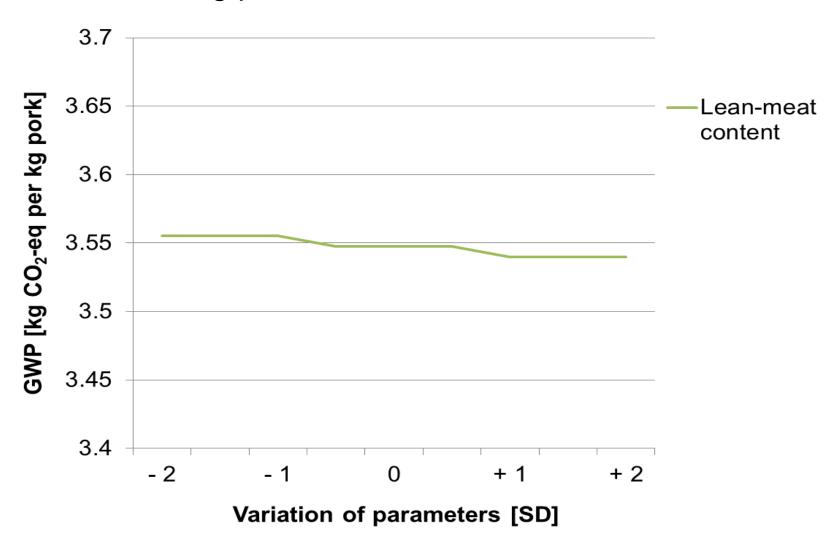
Impact categories	GWP	EP	AP
	(kg CO ₂ -eq)	(g PO₄-eq)	(g SO ₂ -eq)
Average production	3.55	22.9	58.0



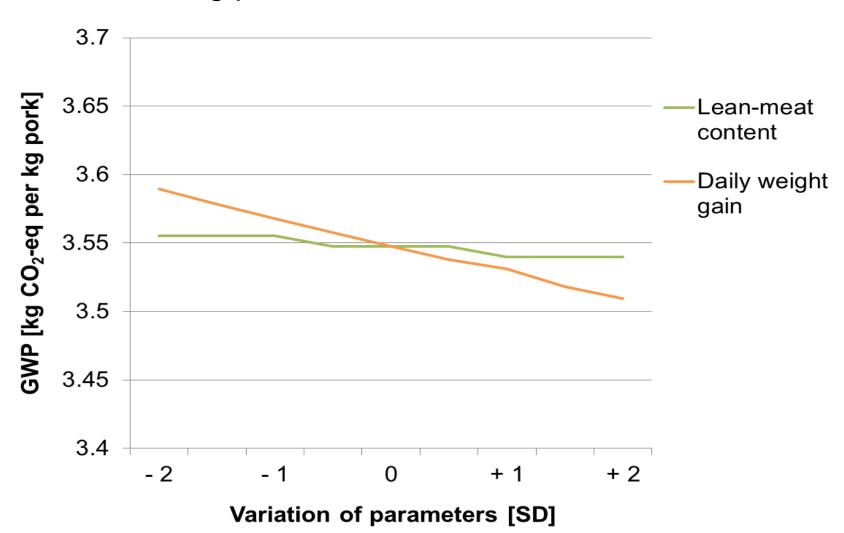
Results – Piglet production



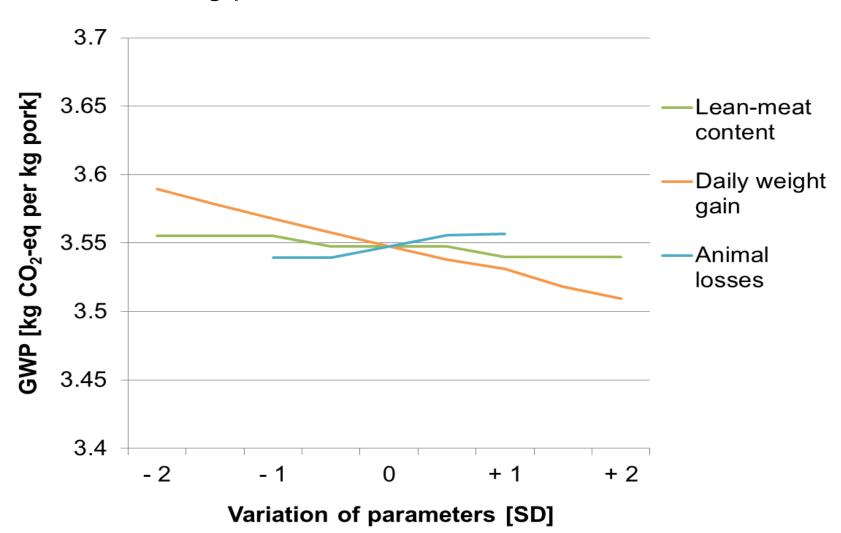




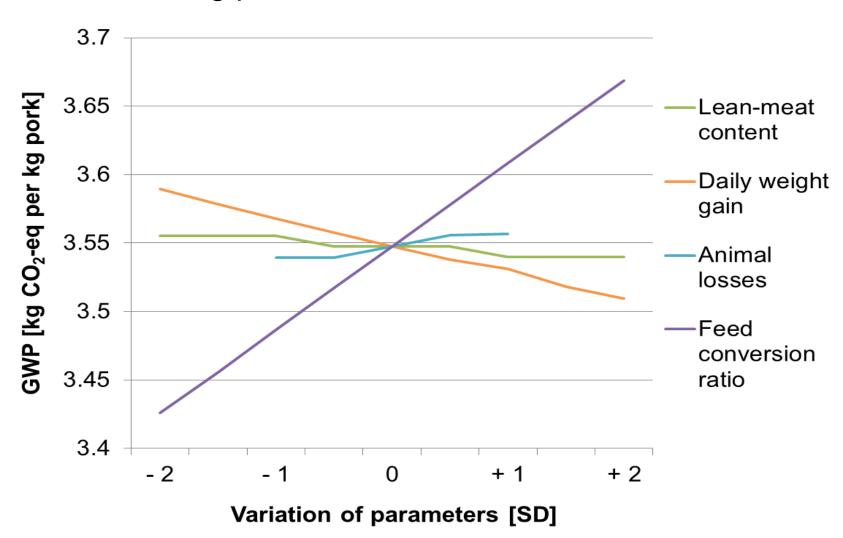














Summary

Average pork production 2010/2011

3.55 kg CO₂-eq per kg pork

Greatest variations for live born piglets and feed conversion ratio

- LBP: 3.92 3.40 kg CO₂-eq per kg pork (-2 to +2 SD's)
- FCR: 3.43 3.67 kg CO₂-eq per kg pork (-2 to +2 SD's)

Pig housing stage

Fertility of sows and feed conversion of finisher pigs as main hot spots for mitigation potential



Thanks for your attention!





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