

From the 50K chip to the HD: Imputation efficiency in 9 dairy cattle breeds

Chris HOZÉ

INRA, GABI
UNCEIA



Genomic evaluations

- Require large reference population
- Implemented in the three French main dairy breeds
 - Holstein, Normande, Montbéliarde
 - Since 2008
 - Based on a 50K chip
- For other breeds ?
 - Problem : constitution of reference population
 - Solution : sharing reference population
 - Across countries? e.g. : Intergenomics for Brown Swiss
 - Across breeds ? e.g. : Gembal project



The GEMBAL project

Multibreed Genomics of Beef and Dairy Cattle

- **Develop multi-breed genomic selection**
 - Share reference population across breeds
 - Develop genomic selection in all French cattle breeds
- **Detect conserved chromosome segments accross breeds**
 - Distance between markers < 10 Kb to maintain LD
 - 50K chip : 54.609 SNP -> 1 SNP every 70 Kb (BovineSNP50 BeadChip®)
 - HD chip : 777.962 SNP -> 1 SNP every 4 Kb (BovineHD BeadChip®)
 - Possible on the high density chip ?



The GEMBAL project

Multibreed Genomics of Beef and Dairy Cattle

- Genotype animals on the HD chip
- Study imputation efficiency from the 50K chip to the HD chip
- Impute 50K genotypes from national databases
- Study multi-breed GS using a large reference population with HD-genotypes (true and imputed)



The GEMBAL project

Multibreed Genomics of Beef and Dairy Cattle

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MATERIALS AND METHODS



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Number of animals genotyped on the HD chip

Project / Consortium \ Breed	Abundance	Brown Swiss	Tarentaise	Simmental	Montbéliarde	Normande	Vosgienne	Holstein	Pie Rouge (Red Pied cattle)
GEMBAL	209	99	184	124	522	546	52	236	41
EUROGENOMICS								540	9
Total	209	99	184	124	522	546	52	776	50

- 2,562 animals from 9 breeds
- From 50 to 776 animals per breed

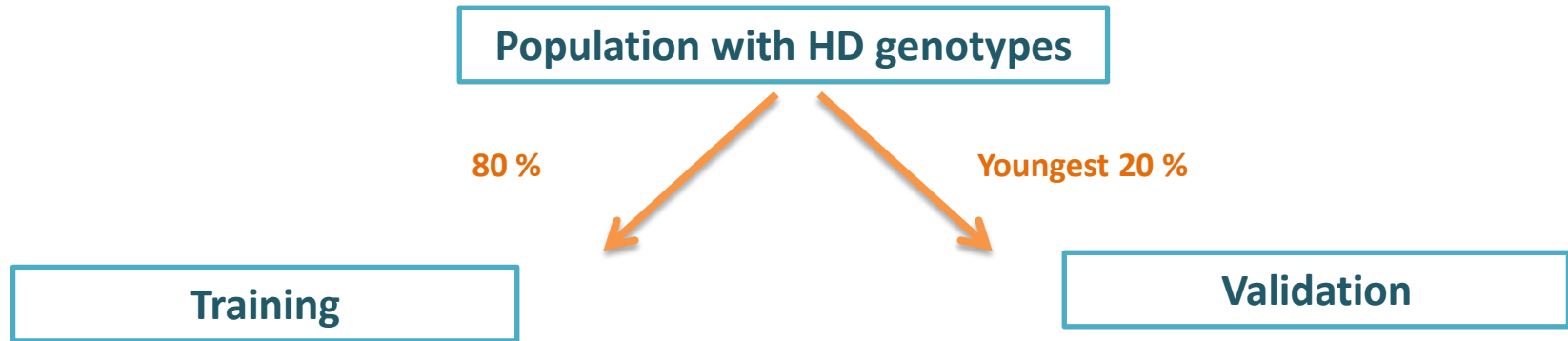


Quality control

- **Animals :**
 - Call rate above 0.95
 - Consistency between pedigree and SNP-based relationships
- **SNP :**
 - **Criteria**
 - Located on the 29 autosomes with UMD3 position
 - Call rate > 90%
 - p Hardy Weinberg > 10^{-4}
 - Consistent between the two chips
 - HD chip 777.962 SNP -> 664.808 SNP
 - 50K chip 54.609 -> 43.801 SNP



Computation of imputation efficiency



- **For validation population**

- Erase markers specific to the HD chip
- Impute them using Beagle 3.3.0 software
- Compare true and imputed genotypes
- Compute allelic imputation error rate





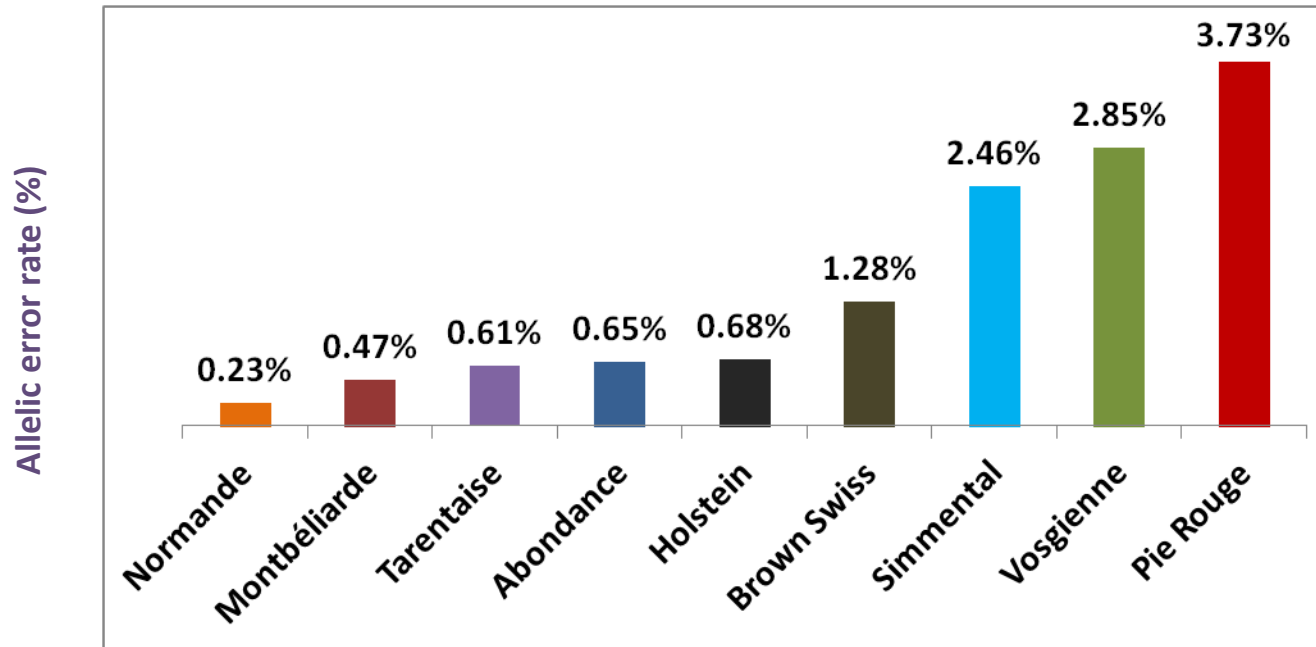
RESULTS



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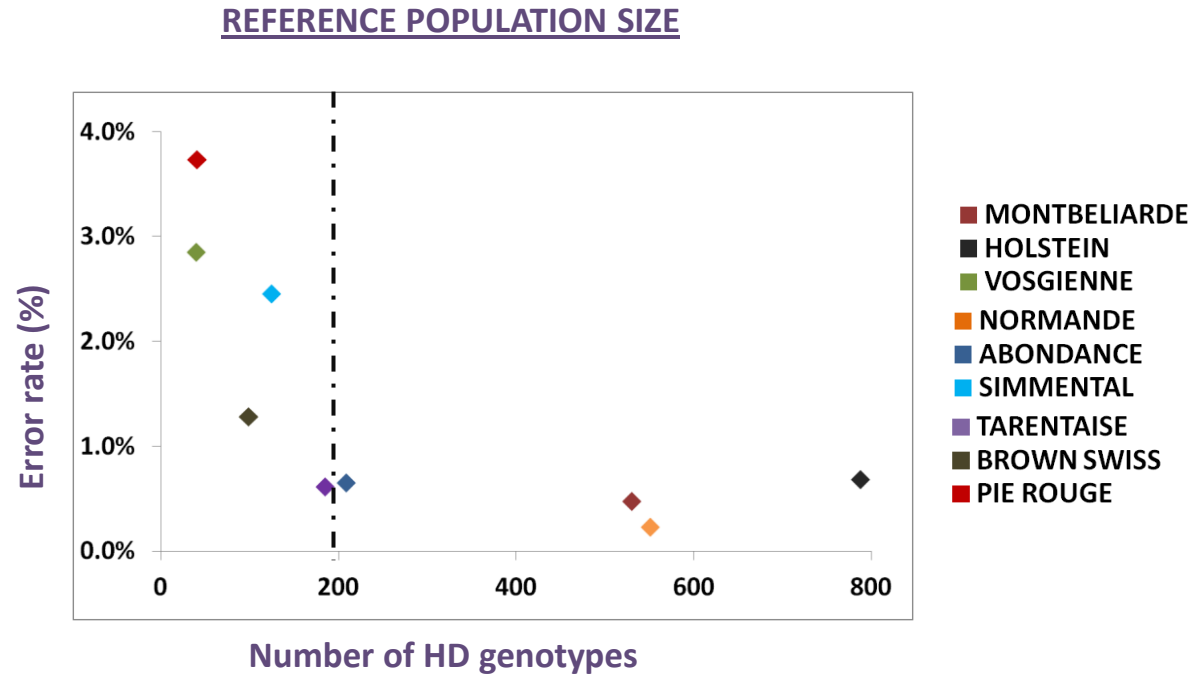
Imputation error rate per breed



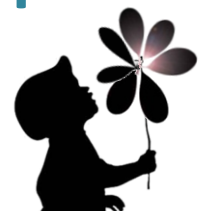
- Efficient in large and medium size dairy breeds
- Higher error rates in foreign breeds and in small French cattle breeds



Factors affecting imputation error rate

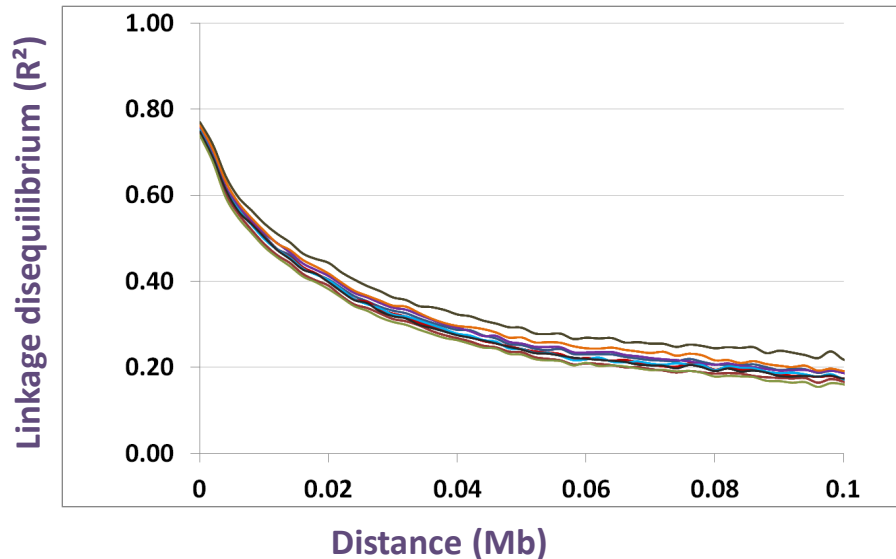


- Strongly related to reference population size
- Efficient when more than 200 animals are genotyped

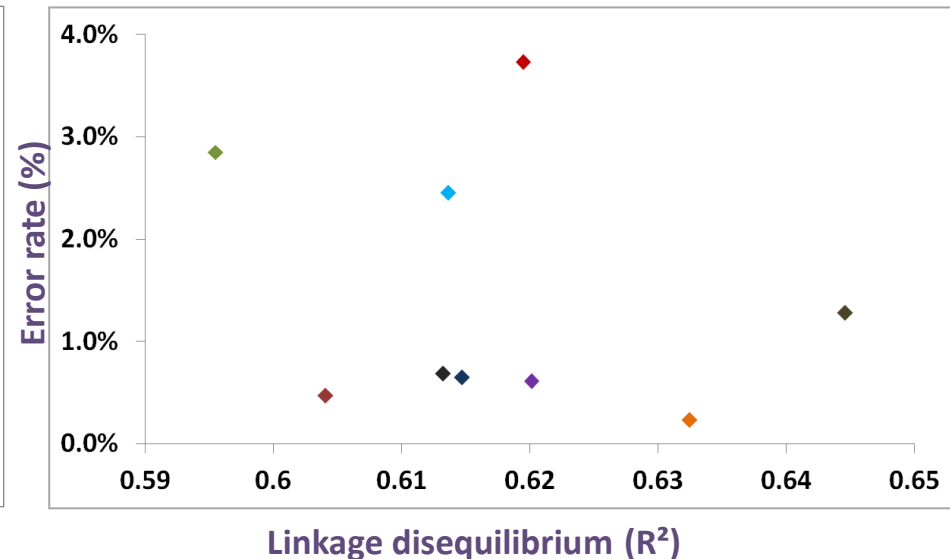


Factors affecting imputation error rate

LINKAGE DISEQUILIBRIUM DECAY



ERROR RATE AND LD LEVEL AT 4Kb



- No clear impact of LD level on imputation error rate



Imputation error rate in Montbéliarde

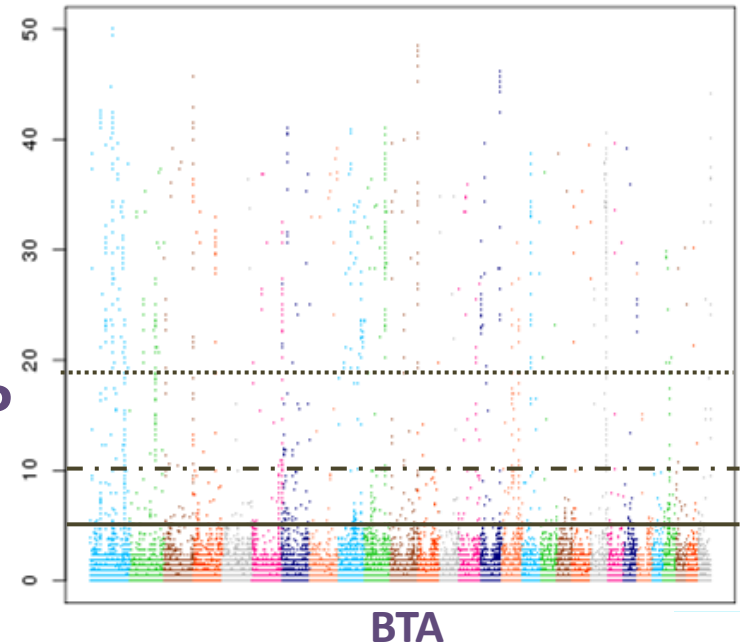
- **522 animals (416 T + 106 V)**
- **Mean error rate = 0.47%**



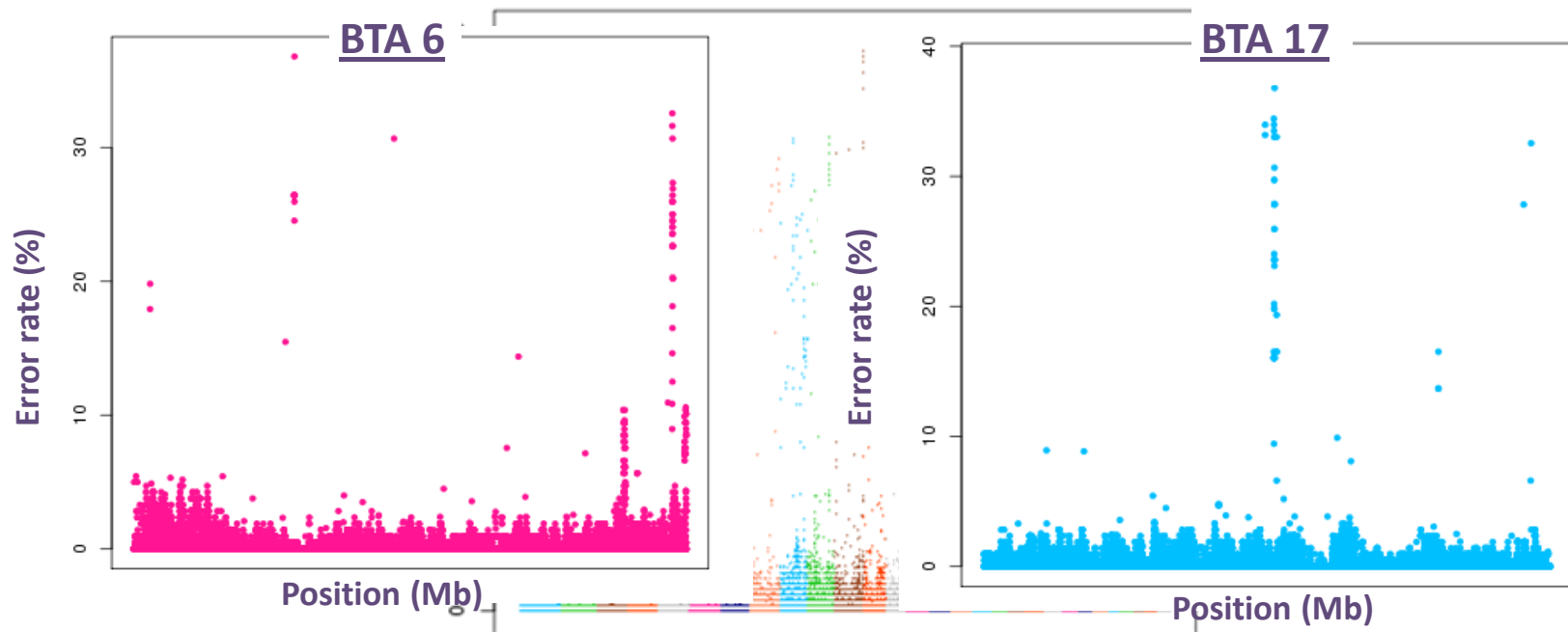
Imputation error rate in Montbéliarde

- 522 animals (416 T + 106 V)
- Mean error rate = 0.47%
 - Strong differences between SNP
 - 13,104 SNPs with error rate > 5 %
 - 8,214 SNPs with error rate > 10 %
 - 6,030 SNPs with error rate > 20 %

IMPUTATION ERROR RATE ALONG GENOME



Imputation error rate in Montbéliarde

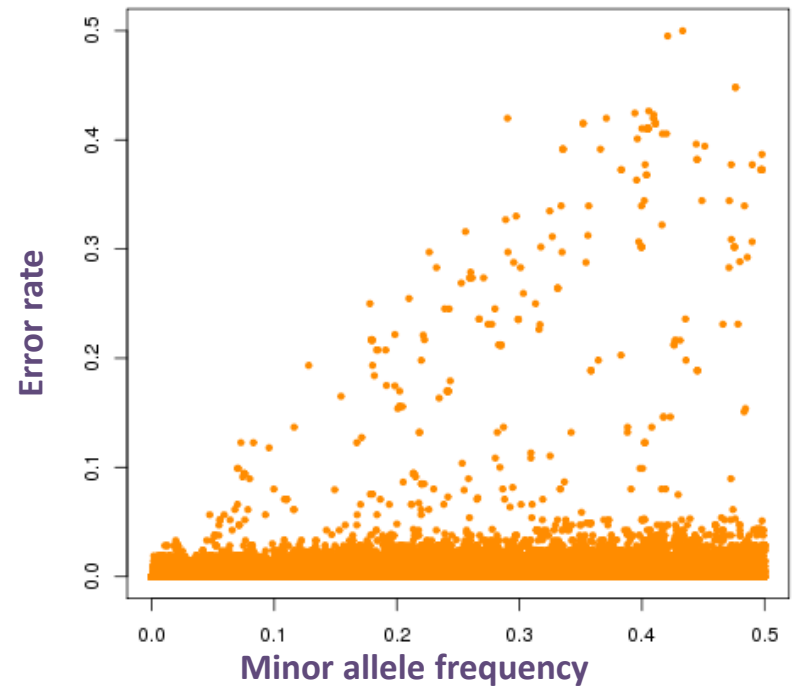


- Higher error rate in chromosome extremities
- Some regions are likely to be mismapped



Imputation error rate in Montbéliarde

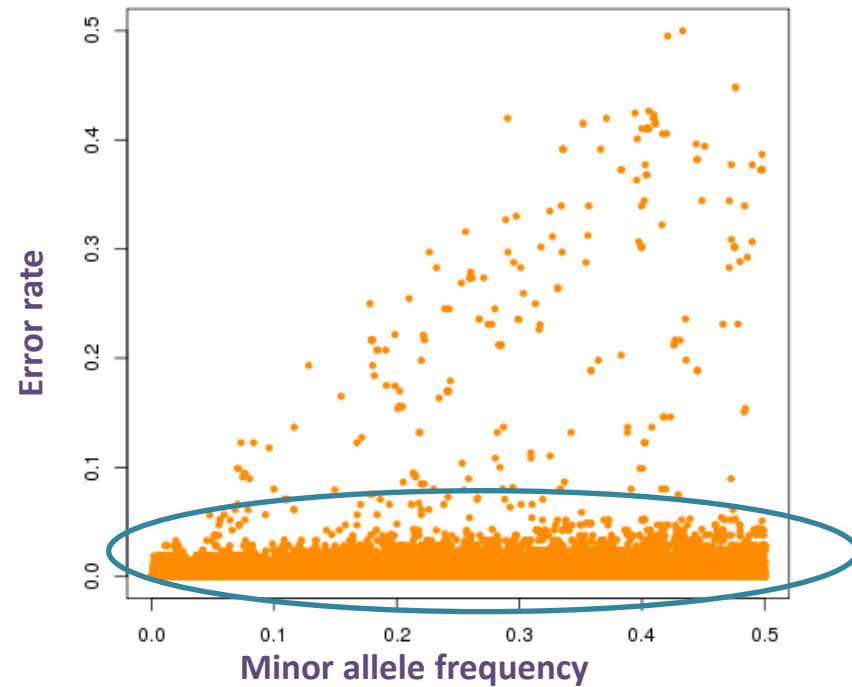
IMPUTATION ERROR RATE AND MAF



Imputation error rate in Montbéliarde

- Almost no link for low error rate markers

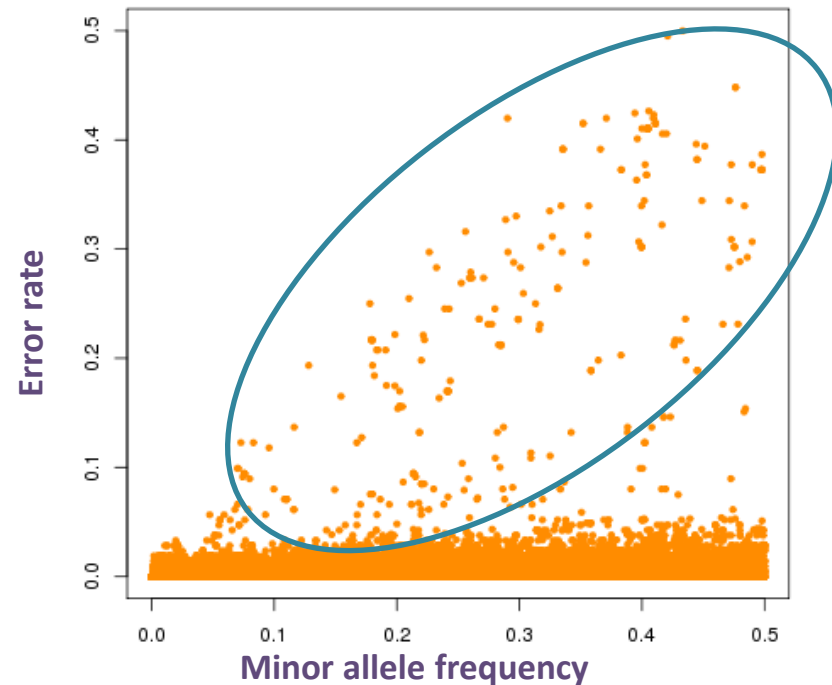
IMPUTATION ERROR RATE AND MAF



Imputation error rate in Montbéliarde

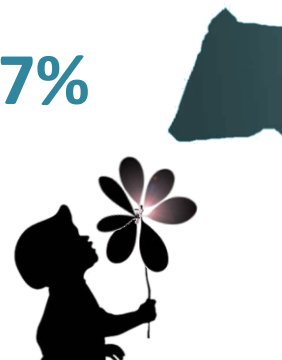
- **Almost no link for low error rate markers**
- **Correlation for high error rates markers**
 - **Due to SNP localization?**
 - **No LD between markers**
 - **Imputation = Random with respect to allele frequencies**
 - **Error rate \approx MAF**

IMPUTATION ERROR RATE AND MAF



Imputation error rate in Montbéliarde

- **Have to remove poorly imputed SNPs for further analysis**
 - May induce error in QTL detection and GS
 - Similar to SNP with high genotyping error rate
- **Identification may be difficult in multi-breed context**
 - Have to perform this analysis in all breeds
 - High error rate SNP in all breeds are due to mismapping
- **Error rate in Montbéliarde drop from 0.47% to 0.37% when SNP with error rate > 5% are removed**





CONCLUSION



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Conclusions

- **Imputation is efficient in most breeds of the project**
 - When the number of HD genotype is high enough
 - Pay attention to poorly imputed SNP
- **To improve the situation in other breeds :**
 - Increase the number of HD genotypes
 - Through genotypes exchange in Brown Swiss and Simmental ?



Perspectives

- **33,274** (2,562 + 30,712 imputed) **HD genotypes are available**
 - In Montbéliarde, Normande and Holstein breeds
- **Work on this reference population with HD genotypes**
- **Within and between breeds QTL detection**
- **Within and between breeds genomic selection**



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