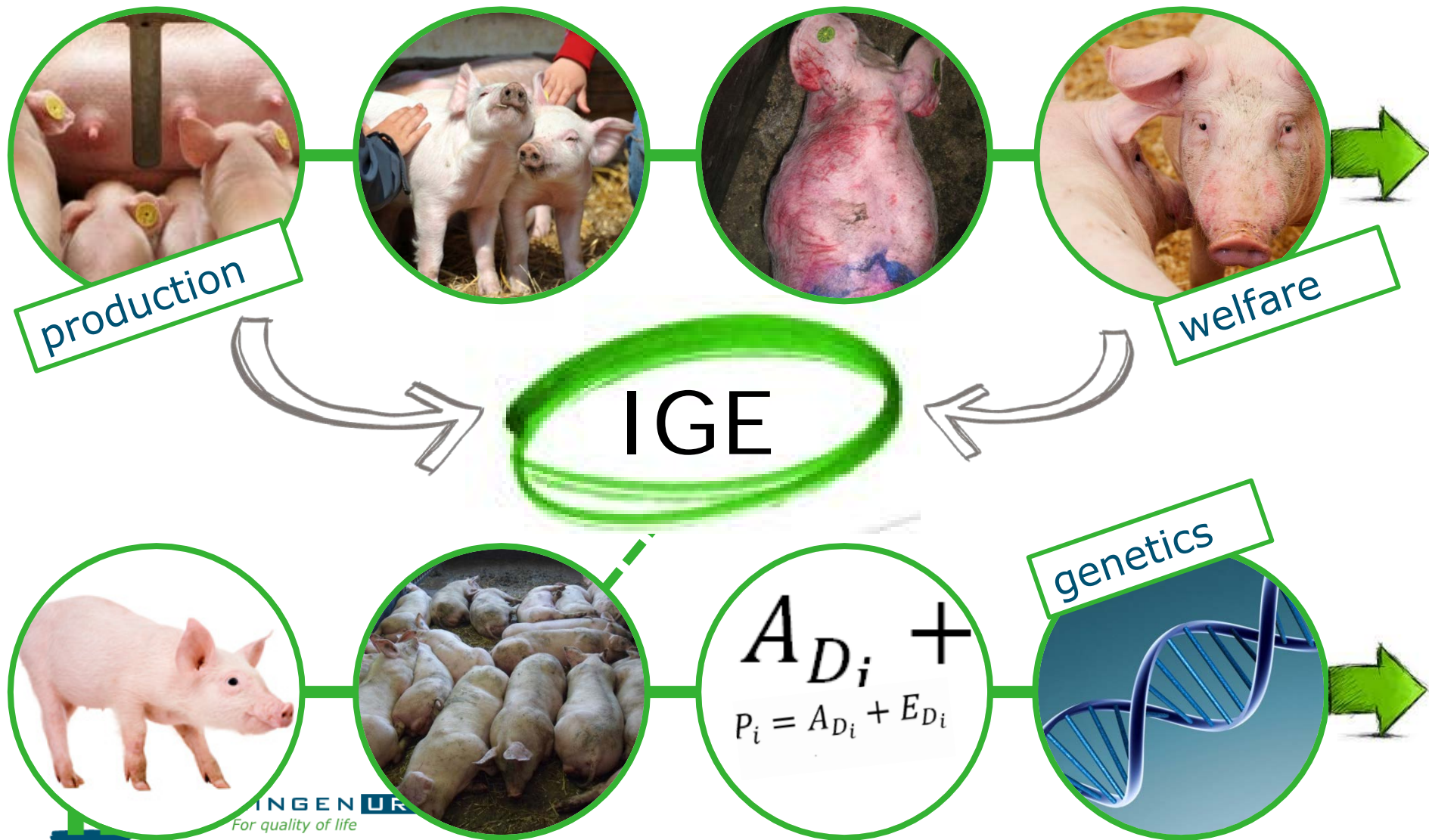


Consequences of selection for indirect genetic effects on growth for production traits in pigs

Irene Camerlink, N. Duijvesteijn, J.E. Bolhuis,
J.A.M van Arendonk and P. Bijma



Long term challenges

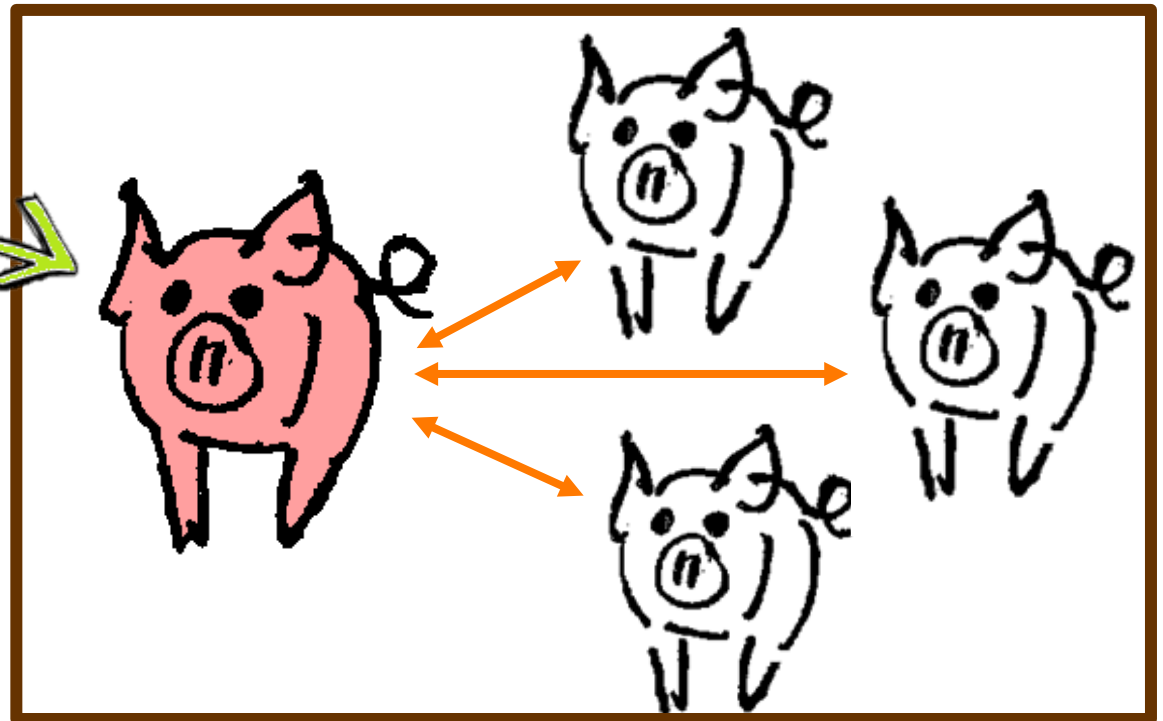


Indirect Genetic Effects (IGE)

Indirect Genetic Effect (IGE)¹ = heritable effect of an individual on its social partners

Pigs: heritable effect on the growth of pen mates

$$P = A + E$$



¹ Social genetic effect, associative effect, competitive effect, Social Breeding Value



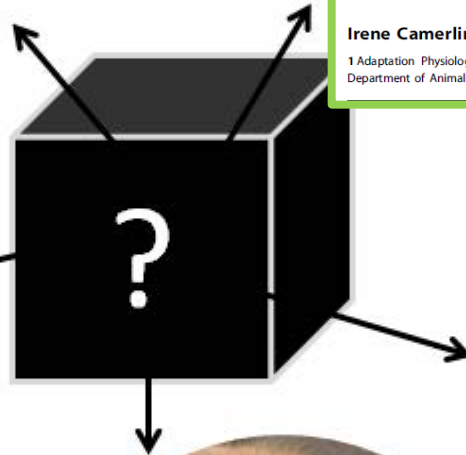
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Indirect Genetic Effects and Housing Conditions in Relation to Aggressive Behaviour in Pigs

Irene Camerlink^{1,2*}, Simon P. Turner³, Piter Bijma², J. Elizabeth Bolhuis¹

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The pig's nose and its role in detecting harmful behaviour

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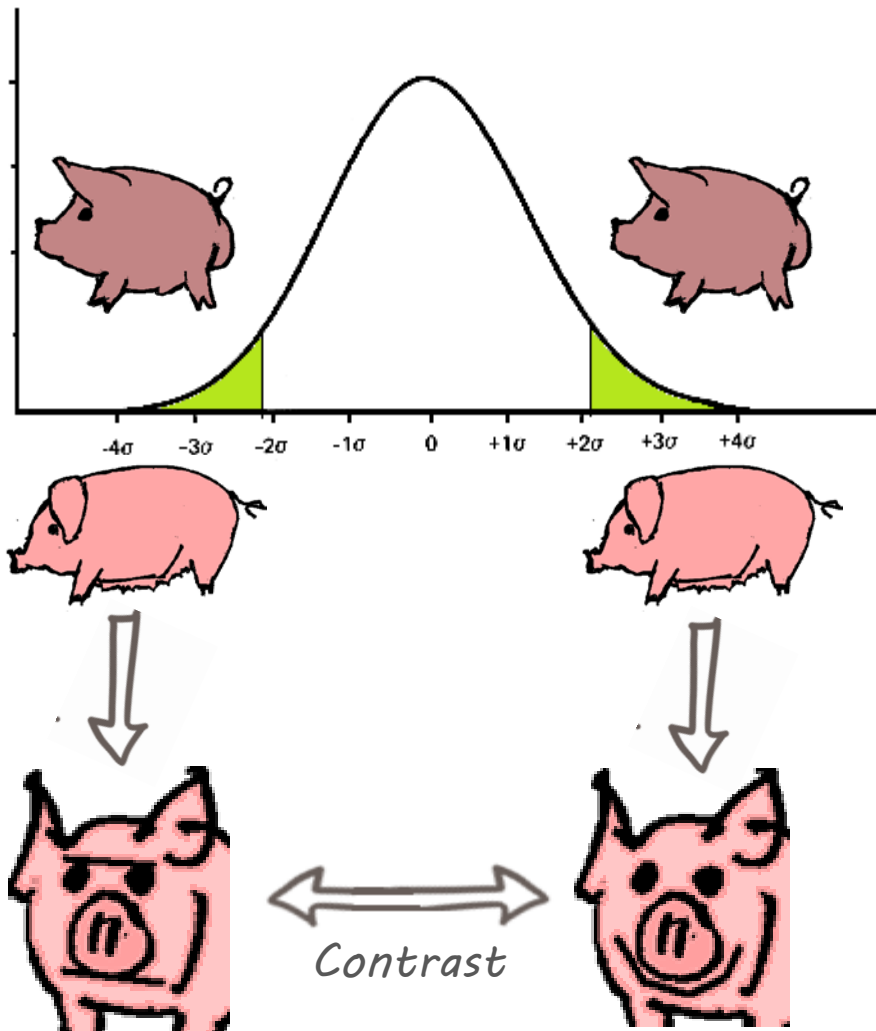
Applied Animal Behaviour Science
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Relationship between growth rate and oral manipulation, sniffing, and aggression in finishing pigs

Irene Camerlink^{a,b,*}, Piter Bijma^b, Bas Kemp^a, J. Elizabeth Bolhuis^a

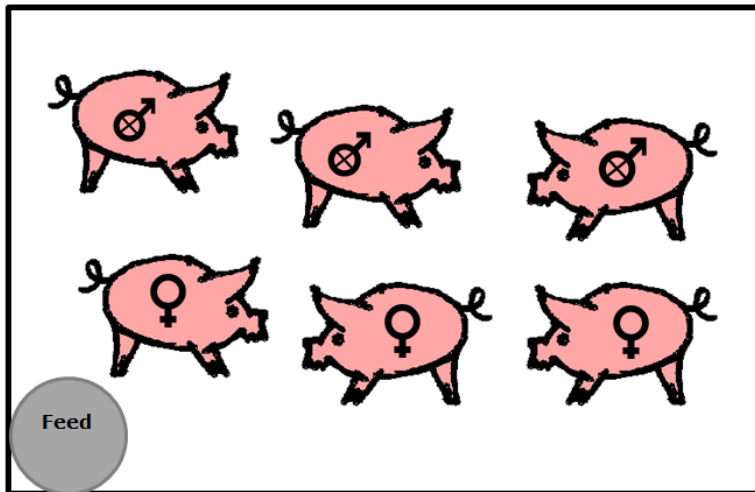
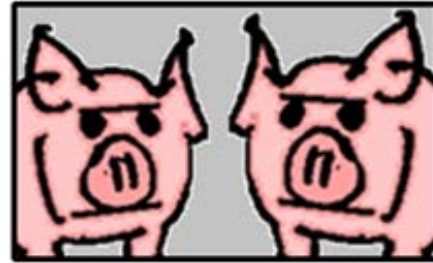
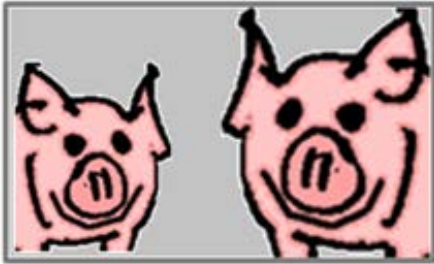
^a Adaptation Physiology Group, Department of Animal Sciences, Wageningen University, P.O. Box 338, 6700 AH, Wageningen, The Netherlands, ^b Animal Breeding and Genomics Centre, Department of Animal Sciences, Wageningen University, P.O. Box 338, 6700 AH, Wageningen, The Netherlands

One-generation selection experiment

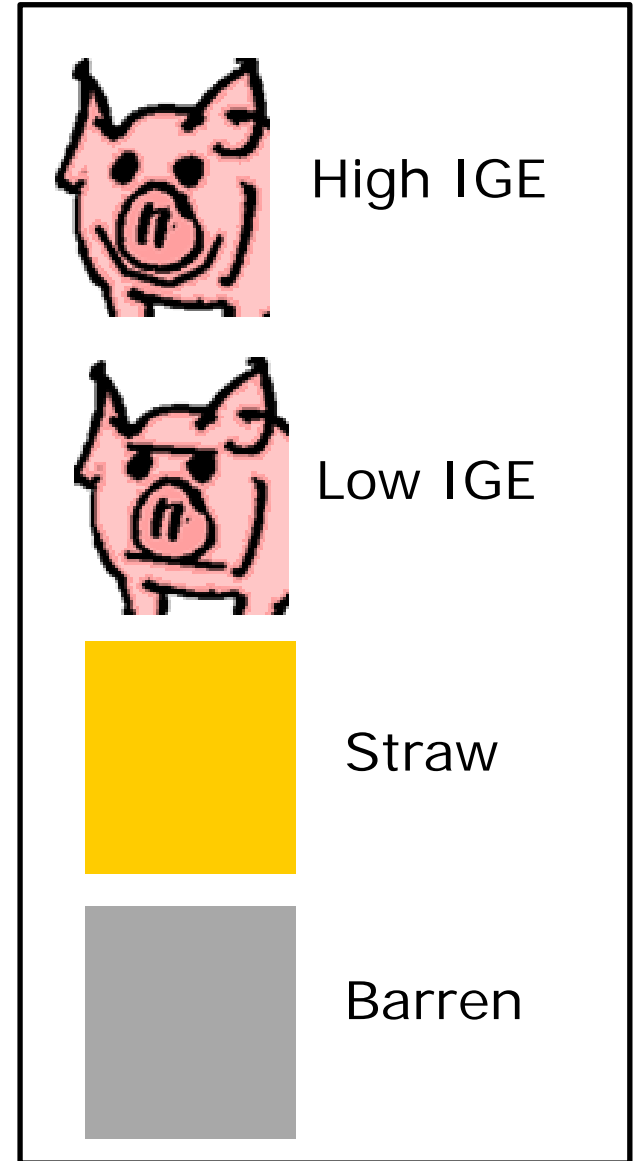


- IGE for ADG finishing
- based on pedigree
- high / low selection
- A priori estimated IGE contrast **3.6 g ADG**
(DBV contr. 3.1)
- Re-estimated (excl. trial) contrast **2.8 g ADG**
(DBV contr. 0.1)

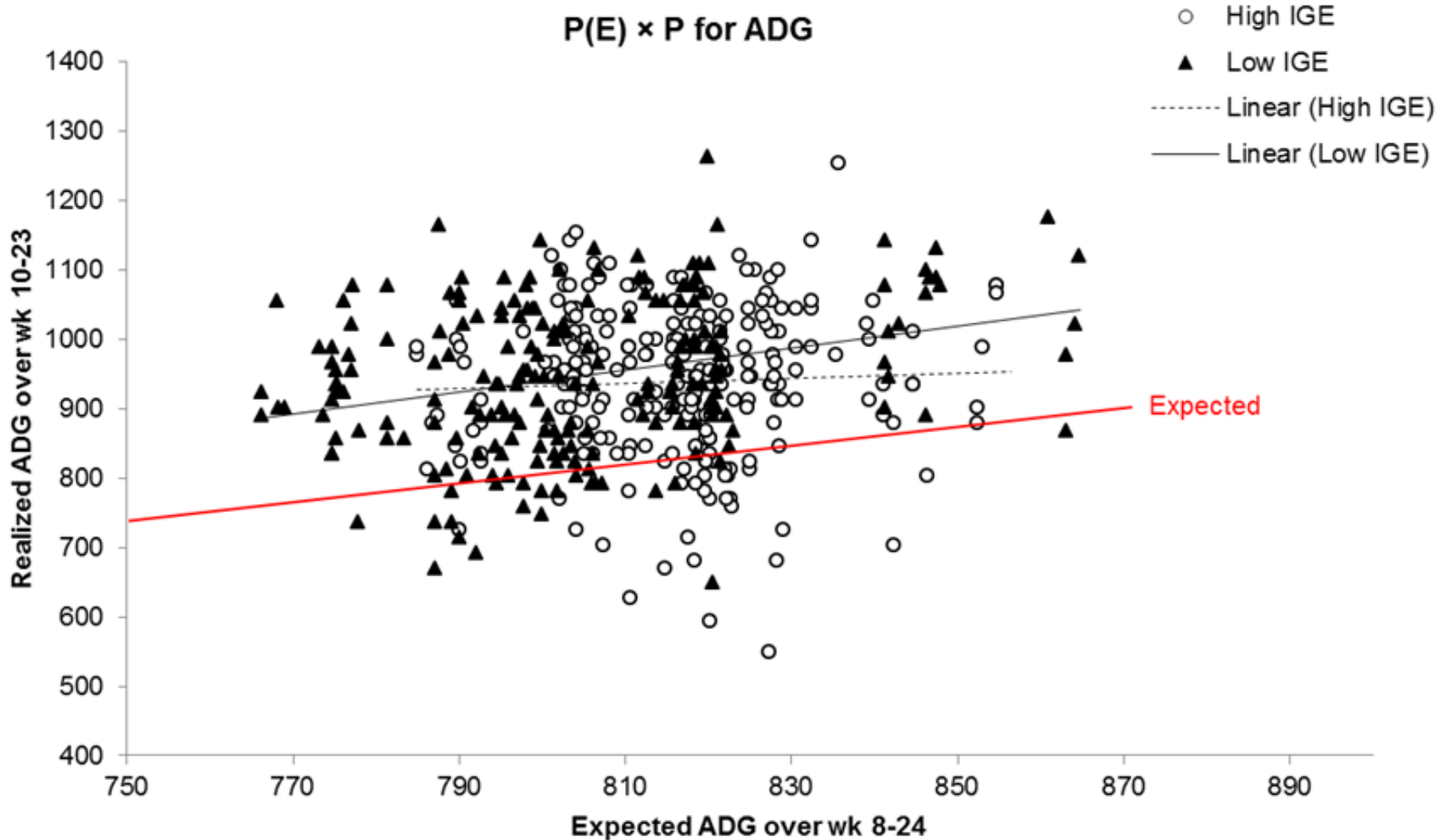
G x E set-up



x 80



Results – no difference in ADG w10-23



Results – BW in opposite direction

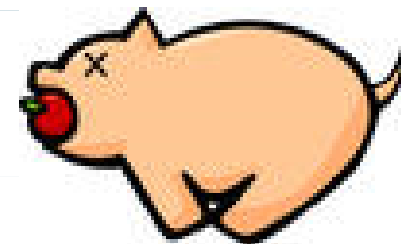
- High IGE lower body weight after weaning

Age (wk)	High IGE	Low IGE	SE	P-value
5	8.9	9.2	0.1	0.004
10	33.1	34.1	0.3	0.01
17	84	86	0.6	0.08
23	118	121	0.9	0.07

- No difference feed intake
- No difference feed conversion ratio (FCR)



Results slaughter

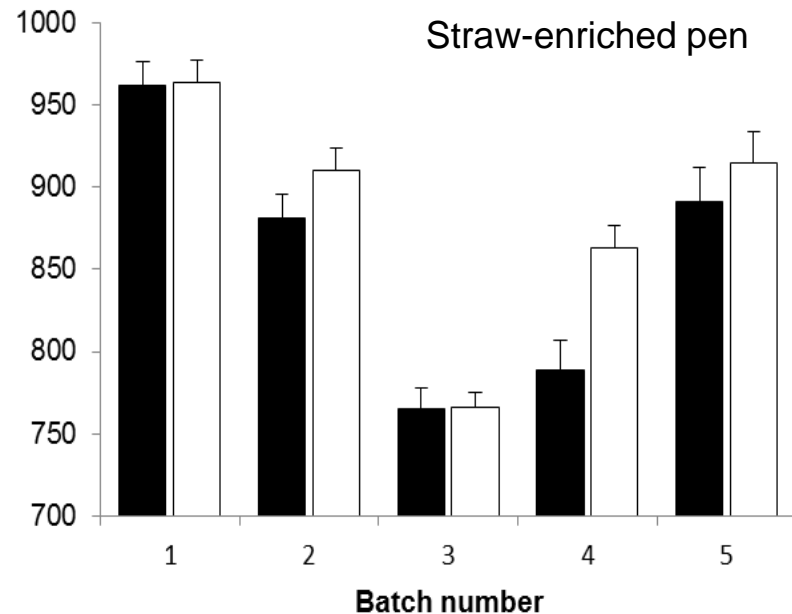
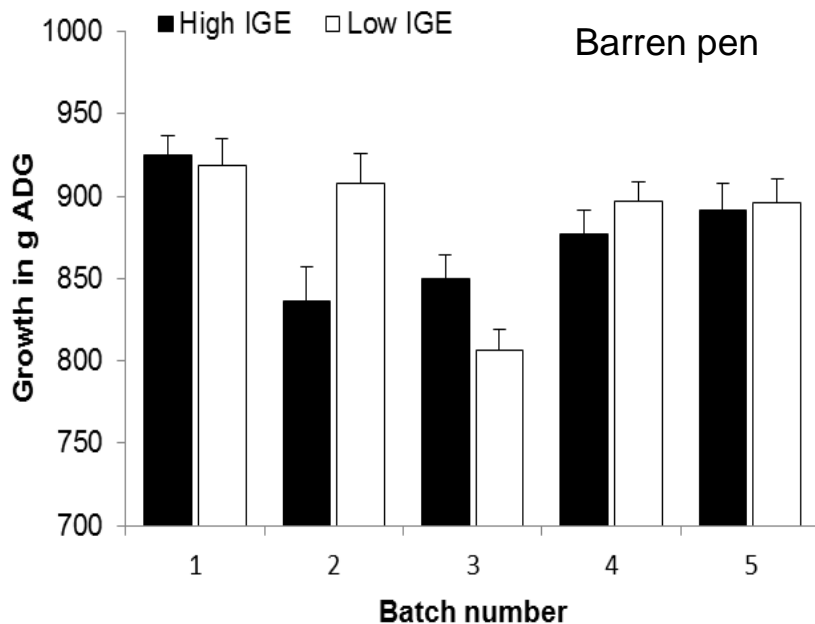


Measurement	High IGE	Low IGE	<i>P</i> -value
↓ Carcass weight (kg)	92.0 ± 0.8	94.6 ± 0.8	0.02
Back fat thickness (mm)	18.1 ± 0.3	18.5 ± 0.3	0.35
Meat (%)	55.1 ± 0.2	55.1 ± 0.2	0.93
↓ Muscle depth (mm)	58.5 ± 0.5	60.7 ± 0.5	0.0013
↑ Stomach wall damage (1–5)	2.7 ± 0.1	2.5 ± 0.1	0.08

Discussion

Novelty selection method

- ⇒ Difficulty of selection for IGE on growth in pigs
- ⇒ Contrast smaller at re-estimation
- ⇒ One generation of selection



Discussion

Differences found in aggression and tail biting behaviour

⇒ Low IGE more biting behaviour

Differences to commercial practice

⇒ *Ad lib* feeding – less competition

⇒ Strict measures against tail biting

Avoiding 'damaging' behaviour in trial limits effect on growth



Long term perspective

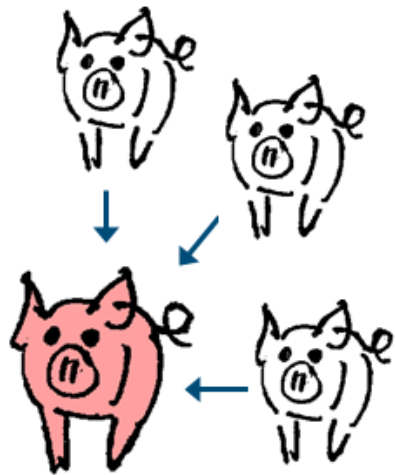
Selection on IGE for growth is a long term, but promising challenge to simultaneously improve pig welfare, production, and breeding value estimations

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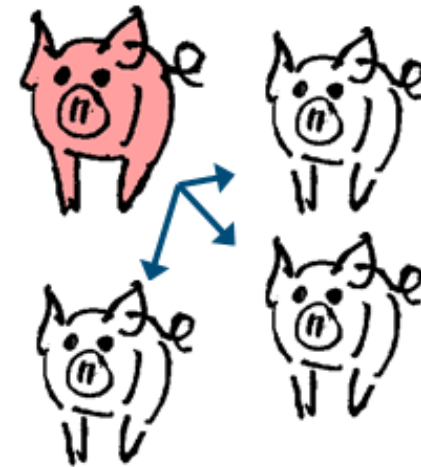


Indirect genetic effects

Indirect Genetic Effects for growth: heritable effect a pig has on the growth of its pen mates



$$P_i = \underbrace{A_{D_i} + E_{D_i}}_{\text{Own genetics}} + \sum_{i \neq j} \underbrace{(A_{S_j} + E_{S_j})}_{\text{Genetics of others}}$$



$$TBV_i = \underbrace{A_{D_i}}_{\text{DBV}} + \underbrace{(n - 1)A_{S_i}}_{\text{SBV: effect on others}}$$