

Economic benefits of adopting Meat Standards Australia to the Beef Industry

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Introduction

- What is the value of meat science to the community?
- The value of meat science to society relates directly to its' application and associated improvement in consumer value and industry sustainablity.

SUMMARY

- The MSA grading scheme
- Adoption
- The economic returns to industry
- Willingness to pay for quality grades
- Carcase sorting to capture more value
- Developments in feedback
- Conclusions



Meat Standards Australia

- Industry need
 - Declining consumption
 - Confused description for eating quality
- Large <u>sustained</u> research & extension effort
 - A large collaborative national research input from Beef CRC; supported by industry bodies (producers, processors and retailers)
- Output
 - A commercial muscle (cuts) based grading model for eating quality

Meat Standards Australia (MSA)



- A product grading scheme focused on satisfying the consumer
- MSA uses grading & production inputs to predict eating quality

Description	Format	Name	Input	?
Estimated % Bos Indicus	% or X if doubt	EPBI	0	
Animal Sex Type	M/F	Sex	m	
Hormone Growth Promotent	Y or ? / N	HGP	n	
MilkFedVealer	Y/N	MFV	n	
SaleYard	Y/N	SIYrd	n	
Rinse/Flush	Y/N	RnFl	n	
Hot Std Carcase Weight	Weight in Kg	HSCW	260	
HangMethod	AT/TS/TL/TC/TX	Hang	at	
Hump Height	mm	Hump	45	
Ossification USDA	USDA measure	uoss	140	
Marbling USDA	USDA measure	umb	330	
RibFat	mm	RbFt	7	
Ulitimate pH	Metered pH	UpH	5.58	
Loin Temp at Grade	Metered Temp C	Utmp	3	
Days of Ageing from Kill	Days Ageo	Age	26	

Predictors

Unsatisfactory

Good every day

Better than every day

Premium

3☆ 4☆ 5☆

Muscle

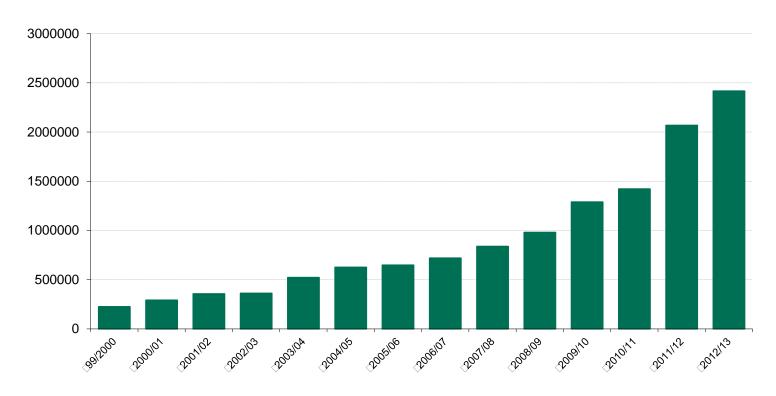
Aged

cut muscle		GRL	RST	SFR
		80	70	80
Coo	34	84		78
	62	80	79	82
tenderloin	TDG062	78		
cube roll	CUB045	70	71	70
striploin	STA045	66	66	68
striploin	STP045	64	65	68
oyster blade	OYSo36	69	66	72
blade	BLD095			45
blade	BLD096	58	62	64
chucktender	CTRo85		52	55
	RMP131	57	66	65
	RMP231	60	69	67
rump	RMP005	65	69	73
rump	RMP032			70
rump	RMPo87		58	63
knuckle	KNU066	51	64	59
knuckle	KNU098			58
	KNU099	40	52	48
knuckle	KNU100			65
outside flat		48	48	51
outside flat	OUT029			62
eye round	EYE075	51	55	53
	TOP001	45		57
topside	TOPo33	41		58
topside	TOPo73	40	49	49
	CHKo68			50
	CHK074	62	58	63
	CHK078	57	59	60
	CHK081			62
	CHK082			54
thin-flank				64
thin-flank				73
thin-flank				67
rib-blade RIB041 brisket BRI056 brisket BRI057				52
				44
				41
	FQshin			
	HQshin			
intercostal	INTo37			58



Number of MSA carcasses graded per year 2.4 million in 2012/13

National MSA beef grading numbers

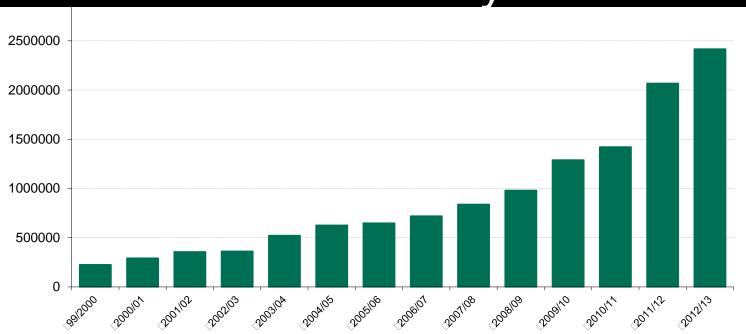


Approx 60% of yearling cattle graded (almost no cows are graded yet; plus many live export)

More statistics

- Approx 30,000 registered farms (90% cattle)
- 1,600 registered end users (wholesale, retail, supermarkets, food service)
- 76 brands <u>underpinned by MSA</u>
- 40% of Australian consumers are aware of MSA

Now have a large footprint BUT it took time = 10 years





Like yours tender, juicy every time?

Look for the Meat Standards Australia symbol.

Follow these tips for a succulent beef roast

- Preheat your oven to the recommended temperature (see table)
- Brush the roast with oil, season, and place it on a rack in a roasting tray







Remember it's a voluntary system!

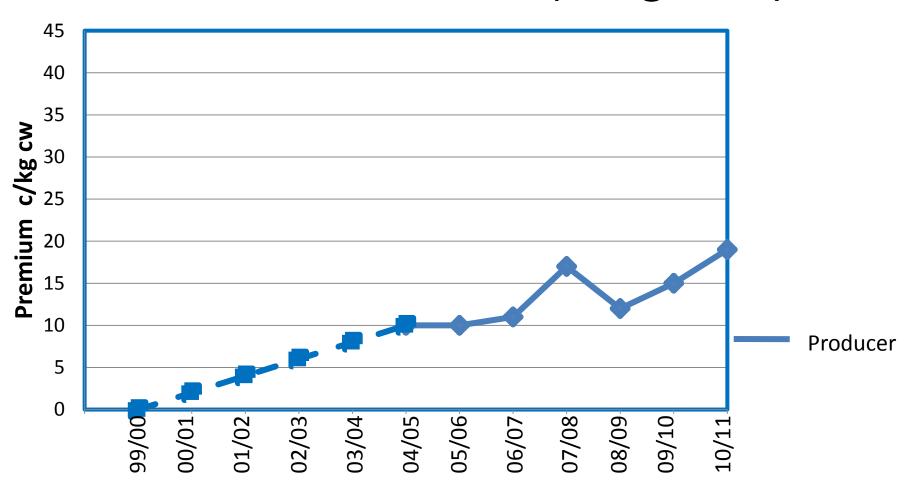


Economic benefits of MSA

From 2005 the processing, retail, food service and wholesale sectors were surveyed for prices of MSA and non-MSA carcases & cuts

Producer or Farmer

Economic returns (c/kg cwt)

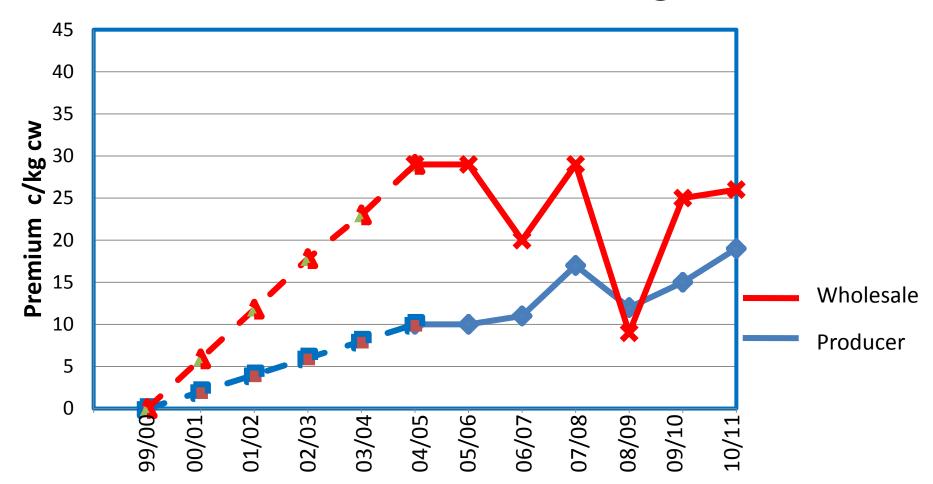


Producer or Farmer

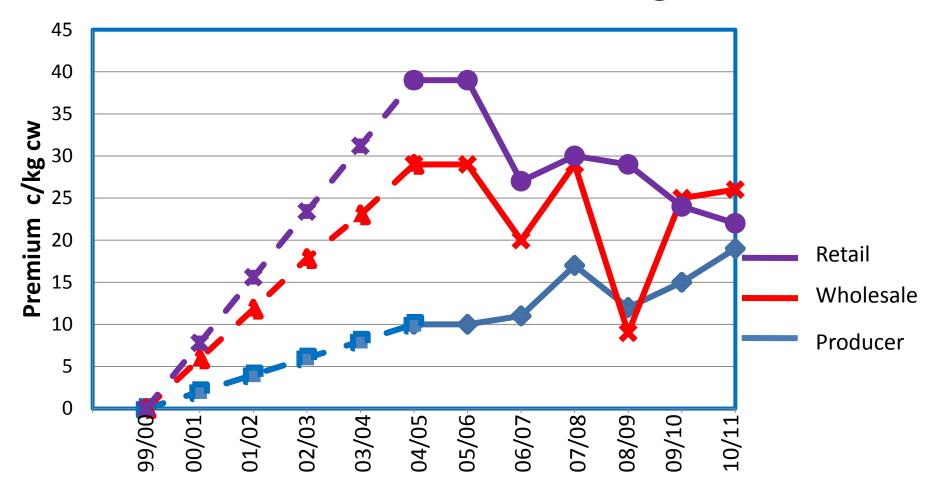
How does it work for MSA cattle

- Currently processor has a basic carcase grid
- They offer a 30c/kg premium for MSA cattle
- If the carcase fails to grade
 - = 40c/kg discount
 - = 10c/kg discount on the original grid
- Nationally 5% failure rate (pHu, meat colour)

Economic returns (c/kg cwt)



Economic returns (c/kg cwt)



Everyone benefits







6.2:1



1.7:1



1:1

Current Usage of MSA

- Rather than using the three grades most wholesalers and retailers simply use 3 star as a threshold trait
- Retail benefits are slowly declining need to look for the next opportunity

What does this symbol tell consumers about the level of eating quality?



Nothing other than it doesn't



Is there value in using the grades?









Will consumers pay a premium for higher grades of eating quality?









Sensory questionnaire

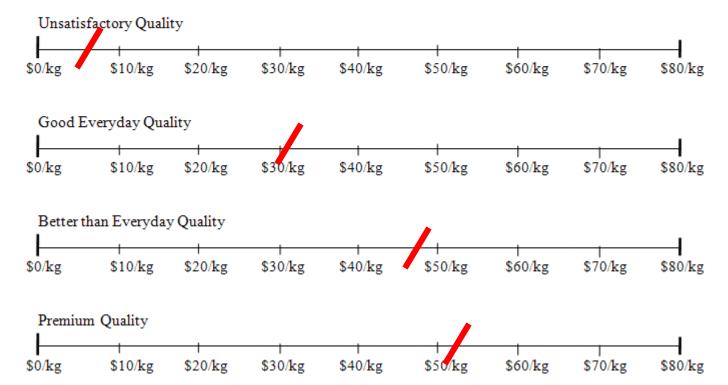
We added an extra question page asking about willingness to pay (WTP) for the grades (fail, 3, 4, 5 *) of beef consumers had just eaten



Date: Group Name:

I.D. Number :

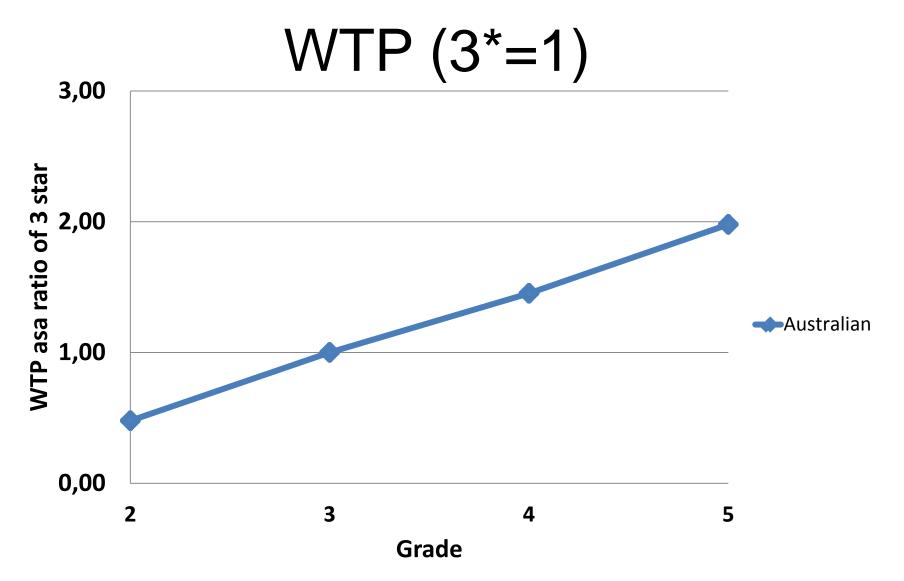
Based on the beef you just consumed: Please mark the line at the price per Kg you believe best reflects the value for each category.



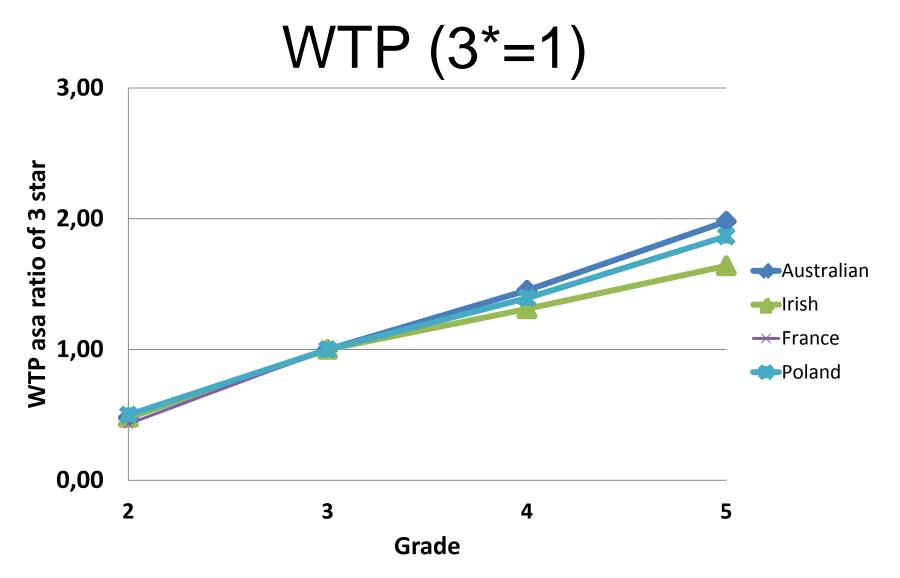
WTP data sets

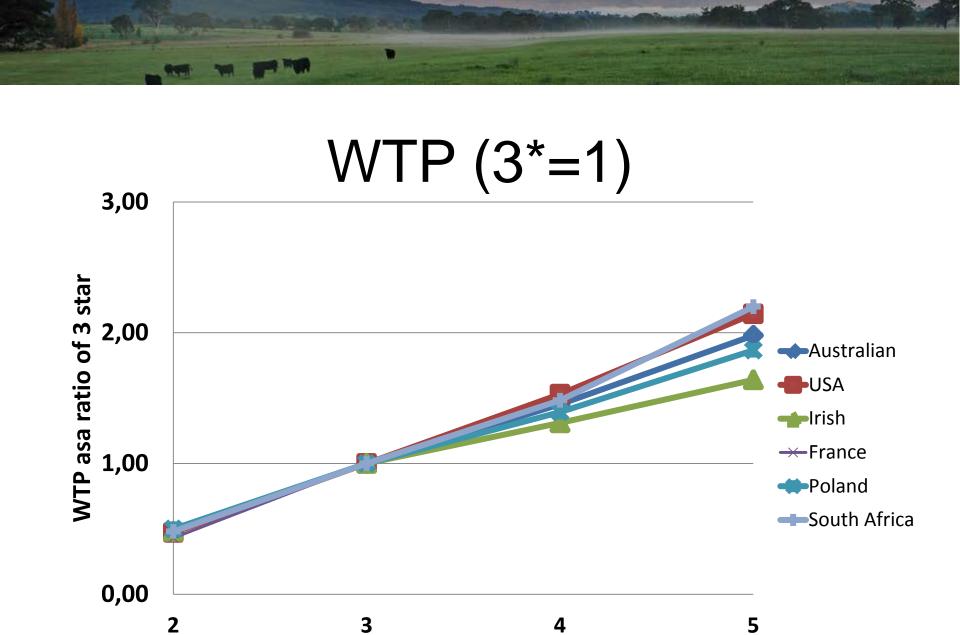
Consumer	No. of	WTP	Cooking
Origin	consumers	estimates	Methods
Australia	8100	AUD\$/kg	Grill, roast, thin slice
Japan	1620	Yen/100g	Grill, yakinnu, shabu shabu
USA	1440	US\$/lb	Grill, roast
Irish	1280	Euros/kg	Grill, roast, thin slice
South Africa	720	Rand/kg	Grill, stew
France	540	Euros/kg	Grill, roast
Poland	900	Zloty/kg	Grill, stew



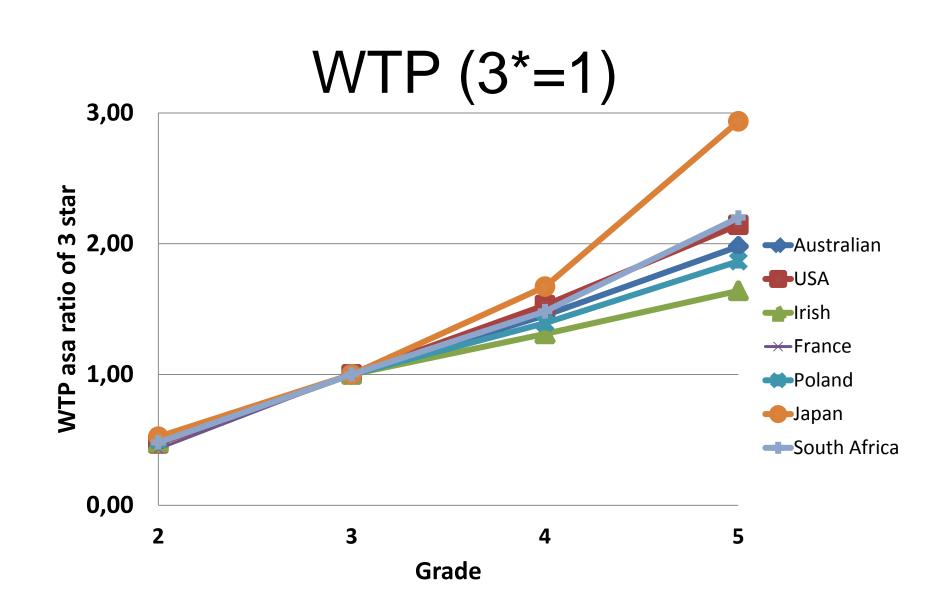








Grade





MSA – lets use it fully

Grade cuts into 3, 4, 5 star



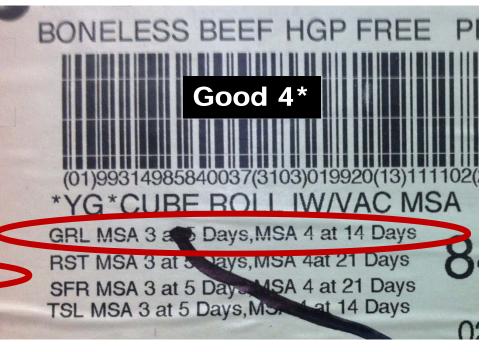














How much of this 4 & 5 star beef exists?







Typical Sth Aust abattion

55,000 carcasses

_							_
	Cut	Code	Quality	Days age	Cook	Actual %	
	Tenderloin	TDR062	5*	21	Grill	86.574%	
	Cube Roll	CUB045	4*	35	Grill	97.635%	
	Strip Loin	STR045	4*	35	Grill	41.32%	>
	OysterBlade	OYS036	4*	5	Grill	88.478%	
	Rump Cap	RMP005	4*	21	Grill	68.071%	
	Rump eye	RMP231	4*	21	Grill	9.857%	
	Eye of Knuckle	KNU066	4*	28	Roast	49.124%	
	Rost Biff	RMP131	4*	21	Roast	85.415%	>
	Point End Bisket	BRI057	4*	5	SlowCook	77.894%	
	Chuck	CHK078	4*	21	SlowCook	99.449%	
	Topside Cap	TOP033	4*	21	SlowCook	71.502%	
	HQ Shin	HQShin	4*	5	SlowCook	84.917%	
	Knuckle Undercut	KNU100	4*	21	StirFry	71.648%	
	Tri-tip	RMP087	4*	28	StirFry	44.90%	
_	Flank Steak	TFL064	4*	28	StirFry	81.548%	_

Carcase Sorting (Optimisation)

- Customer requirements
 - Which cuts?
 - What cut x cook combinations?
 - Days aging?
- •How many brands?
 - 3 star vs 4/5 star brands
- Develop customised carcase sorting





Economic Analysis

Is there value in 4 and 5* cuts

Product Description	Brand A (4/5*)	Brand B (3*)	Diff	% HSCW	\$ extra
Tenderloin (5*)	\$30.00	\$22	\$8.00	1.45	\$34.80
Striploin (4*)	\$17.00	\$14	\$3.00	4.4	\$39.60
Cube roll (4*)	\$24.00	\$20	\$4.00	1.9	\$22.80
D Rump (4*)	\$9.50	\$9	\$0.50	3.8	\$5.70
Oyster Blade (4*)	\$6.50	\$5.20	\$1.30	1.8	\$7.02
Chuck Roll (4*)	\$5.80	\$5.10	\$0.70	4.8	\$10.08
				Total	\$120.00

Prices as of 14th December 2011

An extra \$120/head @ 100/week = \$624,000/year



Nest step = MSA Index?

PURPOSE: To provide a standard measure over time of carcass eating quality

- The Index will be used for feedback
- A sound basis for evaluation of on-farm genetic progress & management strategies
- A benchmarking tool for suppliers of cattle



How to build an MSA Index

MSA Grading Model

Carcass inputs

MSA Parameter	Individual Carcase Input
%Bos Indicus	0
Sex	М
HGP	N
Milk Calf	N
Carc Wt	300
Hang	TX
Ossification	150
Marbling	320
Rib Fat	5
Ult pH	5.58
Ult Temp	3
Days Aged	14

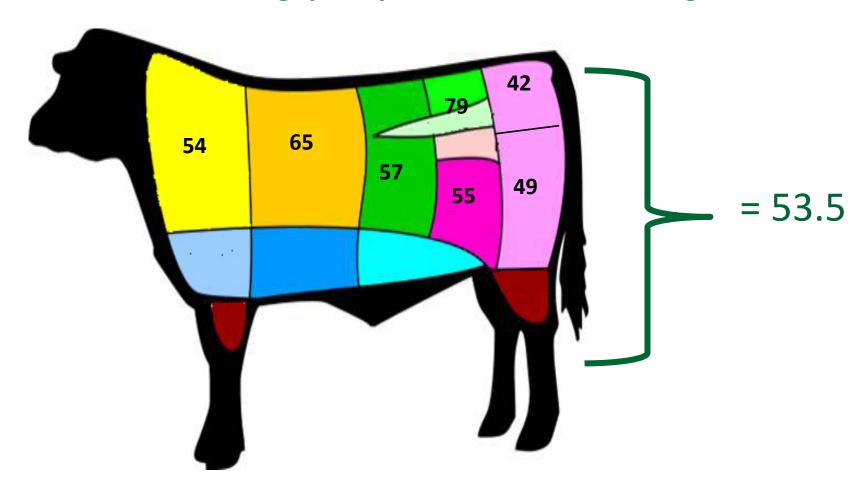
cut	muscle	GRL	RST	SFR	TSL	YAK	SSB	SCT	CRN
spinalis	SPN081	79	69	79	75	80			
tenderloin	TDR034	83		77					
tenderloin	TDR062	78	77	80	75	71	67		
tenderloin	TDG062	76							
cube roll	CUB045	66	66	66	66	67			
striploin	STA045	60	61	62	59	62	54		
striploin	STP045	58	59	62	58	59	52		
oyster blade	OYSO36	68	65	71	72	72			
blade	BLD095			44	49				
blade	BLD096	57	61	63	63	65	50	63	
chucktender	CTR085		51	53	58			62	
rump	RMP131	55	64	62	66	61	53	58	
rump	RMP231	58	66	65	65	69			
rump	RMP005	62	67	70	71	73			
rump	RMP032			68	70				
rump	RMP087		56	61	61			59	
knuckle	KNU066	49	63	58	61	60		50	
knuckle	KNU098			57	62			60	
knuckle	KNU099	39	50	47	54	50		55	
knuckle	KNU100			64	67	65		58	
outside flat	OUT005	46	46	49	59	60	47	62	55
outside flat	OUT029			62	69			63	
eye round	EYE075	50	53	51	53	55		54	52
topside	TOP001	43		54	56	61		53	
topside	торозз	39		56	61	61		63	
topside	ТОРО73	38	46	46	56	57	48	56	
chuck	СНК068			48	52			65	
chuck	СНКО74	60	56	61	67	59		72	
chuck	СНК078	55	57	58	62	58		69	
chuck	СНКО81			60	64	60		75	
chuck	СНКО82			52	56				
thin-flank	TFL051			62				62	
thin-flank	TFL052			70	63			67	
thin-flank	TFL064			65	61			64	
rib-blade	RIB041			53					
brisket	BRI 056			43	57	52		59	37
brisket	BRI057			40	48	48		64	
shin	FQshin							65	
shin	HQshin							68	
intercostal	INTO37			57					
	•								

X Muscle proportions =

Sum for all cuts (MSA Quality Index)

What will the index look like?

Index = Muscle eating quality score X % carcase weight





MSA Index

- Use all 40 muscles in the MSA Quality Index
- Use the most common cook method
- Use fixed muscle proportions to calculate a weighted MSA index
- The MSA quality index can be used by industry to monitor changes in whole carcass quality

NB: Hang fixed



True value of the carcase

Carcase value (\$)

Wt retail cuts (kg)



Value of the cuts (\$/kg)

Conclusion

MSA is an example of a collaboration between science and industry which has lead to implementation of a cuts based grading system

- Consumer has benefited in terms of better quality meat
- Conduit for researchers to implement meat science outcomes
- Platform to develop value based marketing systems
- Industry monetary investment has been returned many fold
- Dynamic system that will continue to evolve

IT DOES TAKE TIME & PASSION - POLITICS MUST BE IGNORED !



Thank you

MSA - beef prediction model

■ Predictors

- Breed (gene markers)
- Gender
- Growth path
 - · carcass wt
 - ossification score
 - Milk fed veal
- Marbling
- pHu
- Rib fat
- Hormone growth promotants
- Sale yard
- Aging (e5d)

Basic criteria

- Stress minimisation
- Farm ⇔ kill = 36hours

Thresholds

- Ultimate pH<5.7
- Colour < Ausmeat 3
- Rib fat > 3mm