



How to assess the diversity of dairy cows adaptive capacities?



VetAgro Sup

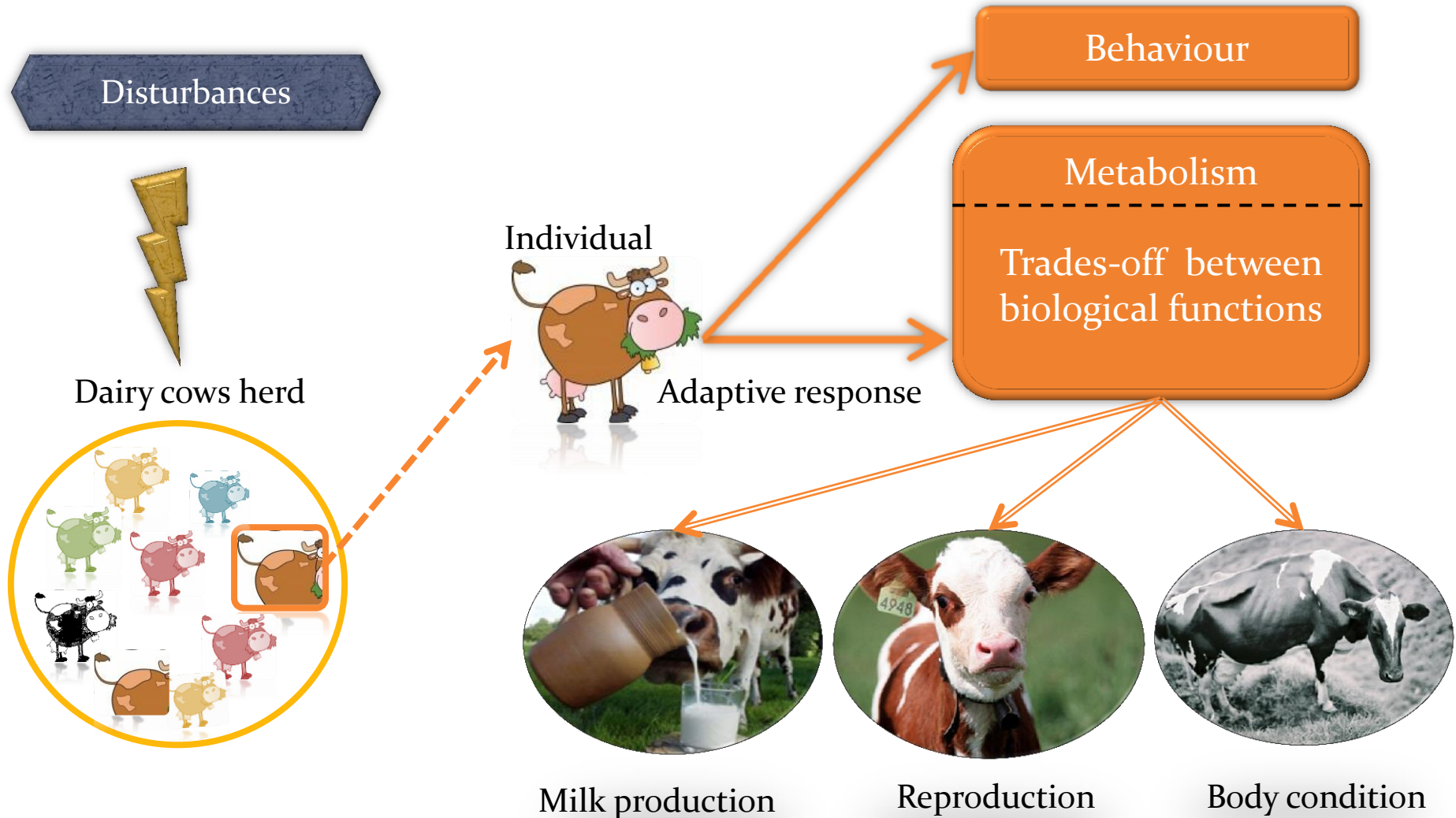
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Introduction





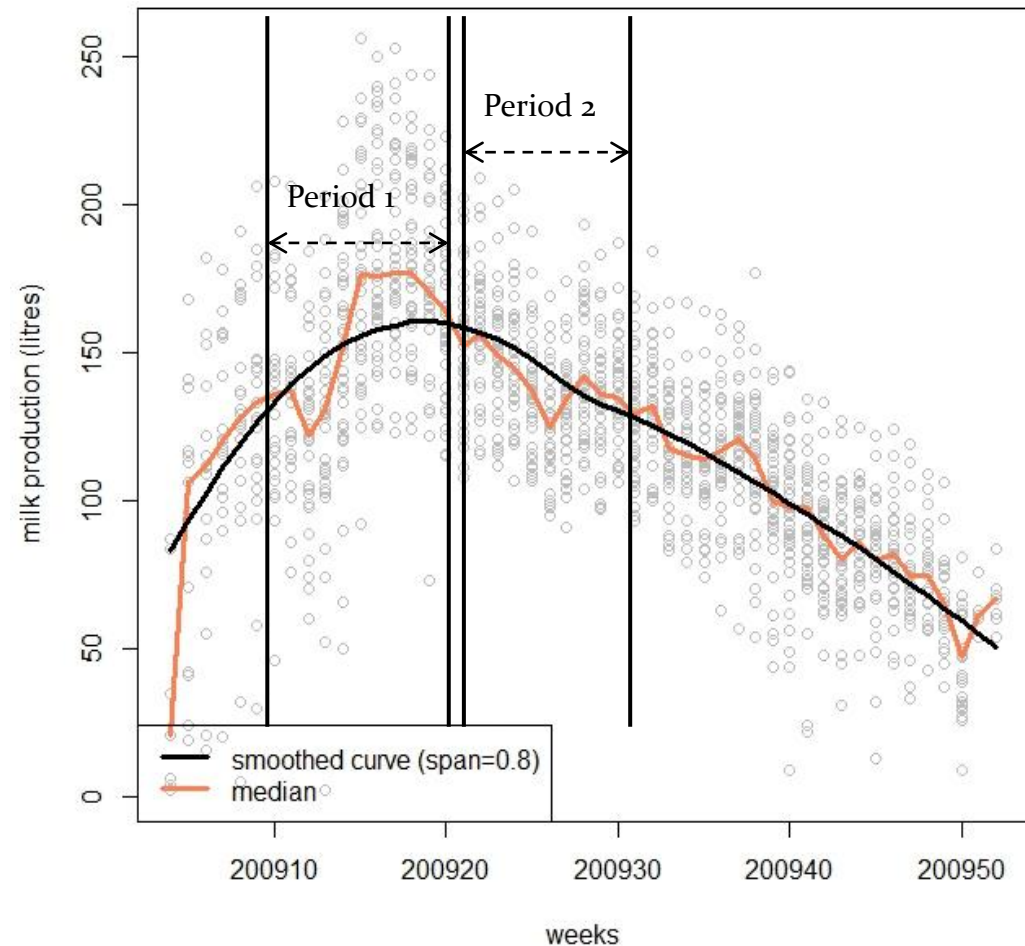
Objective

- **Global objective:**
 - Create method to describe and assess the adaptive capacities of dairy cows based on the biological trades-off
 - Evaluate herd robustness

- **To that end:** test two hypotheses
 - Not possible to assess adaptive capacities with one scoring indicator BUT possible to describe them through several profiles of adaptive responses:
 - milk production dynamics
 - Reproduction results
 - Body condition scoring
 - Adaptive capacities vary according to different factors: breed, lactation rank, genetic merit, physiological stage....

Material & Method (1)

- **Material:** Data from Inra experimental dairy units of Le Pin-au-Haras, Marcenat, Mirecourt, Orcival, 1999-2012
- Detect disturbance:
 - Herd level
 - Inductive detection (all but not sanitary)
 - Milk as indicator
 - Significant change in milk production : visual and non parametric test)
- Define a **disturbed period**



Data from Inra Mirecourt, 2009



Material & Method(2)

- Step down to individual level
- Redraw individual lactation curves readjusted for lactation stage (from calving to drying off)
- Use of Wood's lactation curve model to draw the “undisturbed” reference curve for each individual
- Calculated indicator of milk production variation in response to the disturbance:
$$(observed-undisturbed)-(observed\ period\ average)$$

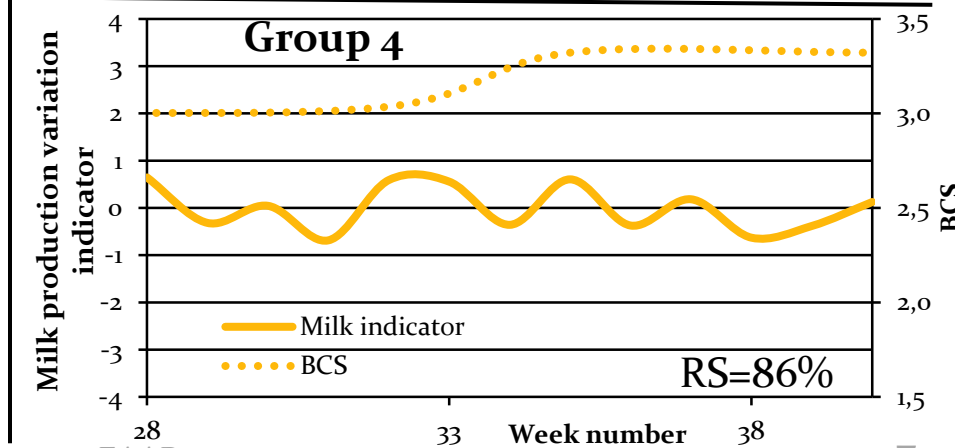
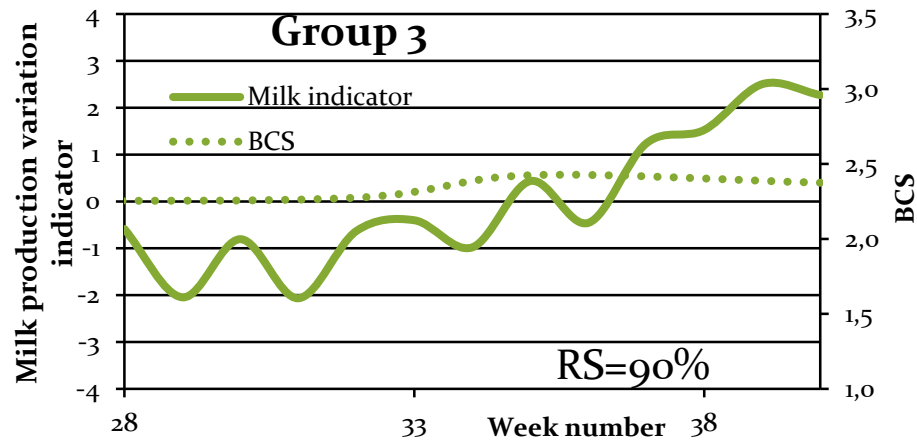
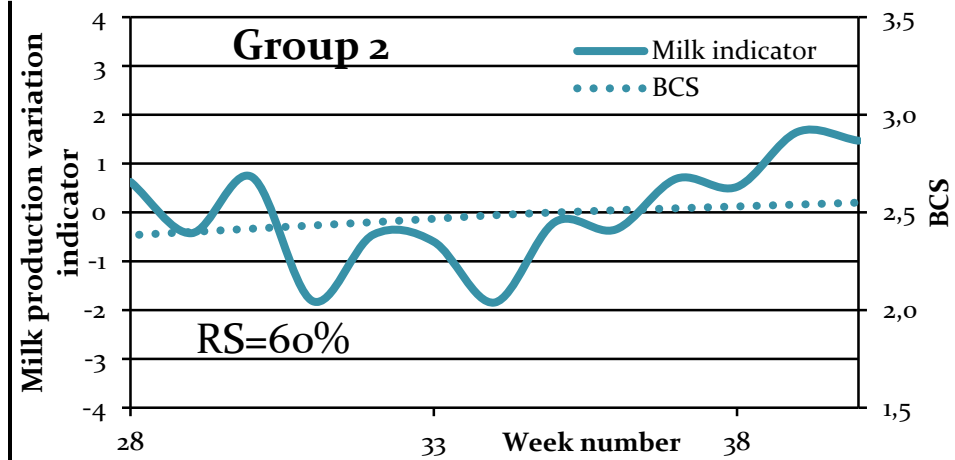
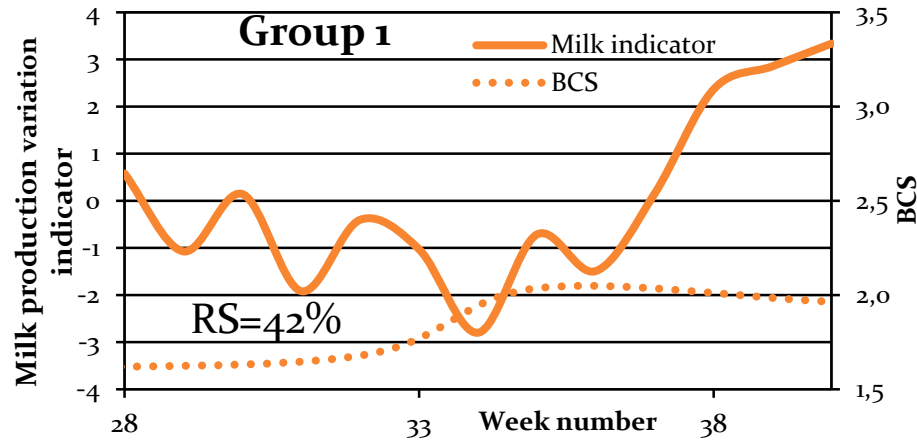
Material & Method (3)

- Principal component analysis → classify cows in groups according to their dynamic of response in milk production
- Characterization of each group of adaptive response according to the individuals:
 - reproduction success/failure/delay the following year
 - body condition score dynamics of evolution (+ , - , =) over the disturbed period
 - Animal characteristics (breed, lactation stage...)



Results (1)

- Example with 34 cows, 2 breeds, fed pasture + complements, (*Inra, Le Pin-au-Haras*, disturbed period from the 12/06/2006 to the 04/09/2006) (RS: reproductive success rate)



Results (2)

- Groups characterization:

| Groups | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|---------------------------------|-----------|--------|----------|--------|
| N (cows) | 7 | 10 | 10 | 7 |
| Breed (Holstein or Normande) | 85% H | 60% N | 50% H /N | 100% N |
| Lactation rank | 71% L2/L3 | 50% L1 | 60% L1 | mixed |
| Average milk production (l/day) | 29 | 24 | 25 | 20 |
| Average lactation stage (weeks) | 27 | 25 | 26 | 28 |

→ Differences in adaptive capacities seem associated with breed parity, milk production....



Conclusion and Perspectives

- The method considered for the assessment of dairy cows adaptive capacities diversity combining :
 - Disturbance detection at the herd scale
 - PCA on milk dynamics → groups
 - Groups characterization (to be completed...)
- This method will be implemented using the big dataset: larger view on the range of adaptive responses
- The final target → study combinations of cows adaptive capacities to assess the robustness of the herd facing a range of disturbances

Thank you very much for you attention

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Any questions?

