

Animal and farming system crossed approaches to reveal the goat production resilience in Guadeloupe

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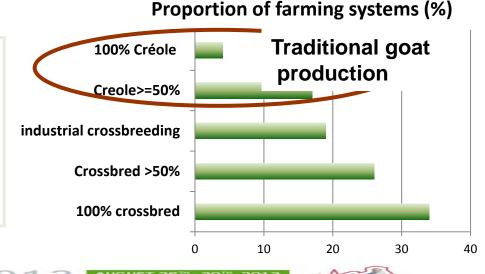
Goat farming in Guadeloupe



- Meat production
- 30 000 does in Guadeloupe
- Pasture management
- Flocks: 30 does
- Pure Creole and crossbred

- Creole goat
- origin: Europe, Africa, Asia
- Well adapted : resistant

to strongyles





Goat farming in Guadeloupe

In the tropics, animals and farming systems are submitted to biotic and abiotic constraints (climatic, pathological, nutritional, socioeconomic...).

In absence of extension directives / organisation, they were naturally driven to develop specific abilities to face these constraints = resilience

Crossed perception of resilience at 2 levels

Animal

•An admixture of African,

Asian and European

breeds, submitted to natural selection and multiple uses.

Selection of alleles of

adaptation
The ability to maintain
its production under
pathological, climatic ...

stresses

Farming Systems

•The traditional sytems are inherited from a past colonial period. Foodproducing farming origins. Combination of cultural and breeding activities •The ability to face disturbances and to mobilize resources to reconfigure



Crossed perception of resilience at 2 levels

Animal

 Resilience = linked to genetic variability of traits (adaptation, reproduction, production...)

Farming system

• Resilience = linked with multiplicity of productive and non productive activities

Genetic Variability of traits Variability of activities ➤ room to manœuvre in adverse conditions ➤ Resilience



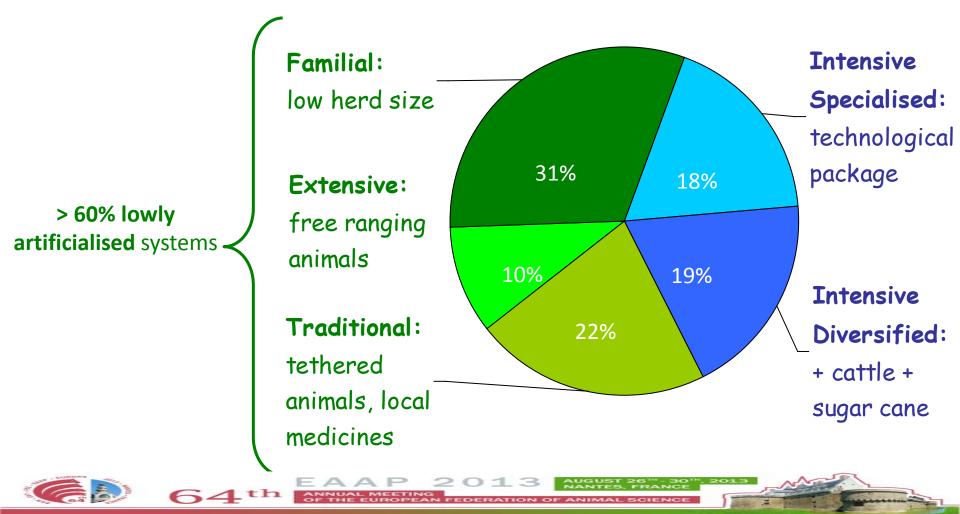


- How to improve the goat production in Guadeloupe without decreasing this variability in animals and farming systems?
- Approach
 - Which animal for which systems?
 - And NOT Which system for which animal?



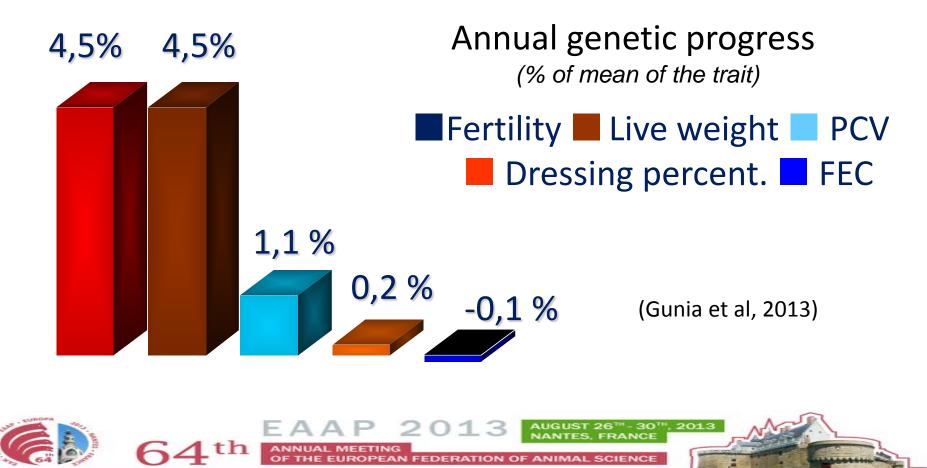
The goat sector: Low intensity animal production

Surveys of 70 and 42 goat farms (Gau et al 2000; Gunia et al, 2010):



A balanced animal for diverse breeding systems

An original production/adaptation breeding goal



Implications on resilience traits of Creole goats

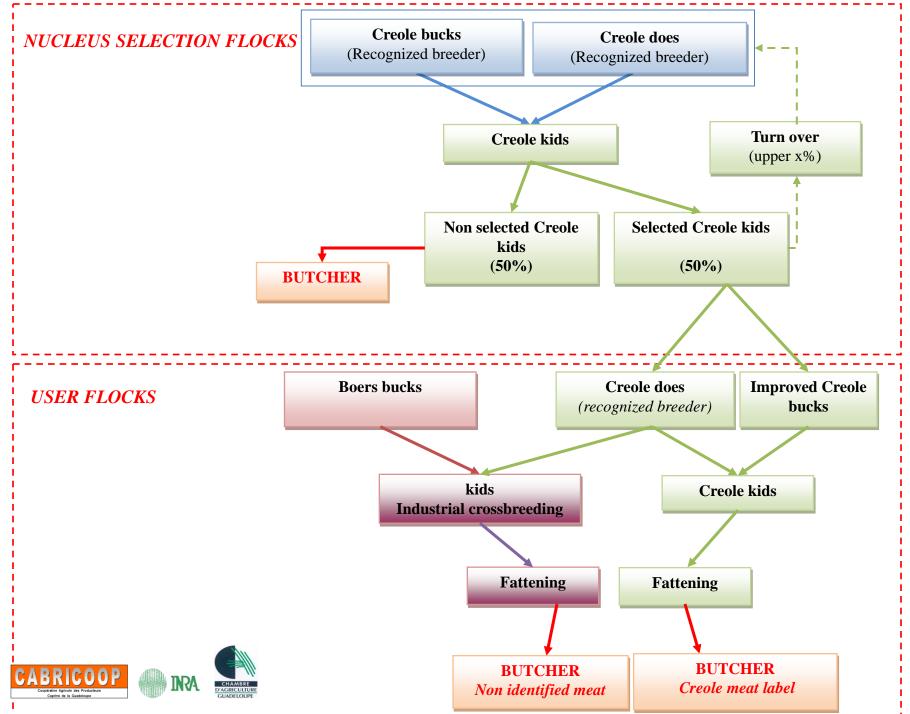
Genetic variability of resilience traits in Creole goats

Traits	NBT _{does}	FEC _{11m}	PCV _{11m}
NBT _{does}	0.16 ± 0.09	-0.03 ± 0.12	-0.27 ± 0.24
FEC _{11m}		0.19 ± 0.04	-0.20 ± 0.15
PCV _{11m}			0.14 ± 0.02

(Tesfamicael et al., 2012)

>Moderate genetic variability was assessed on resilience criteria in Creole goats.

The actual breeding scheme in Creole goats (Gunia et al., 2013)
will lead to favorably correlated responses on resilience traits.



Conclusion

• It is **possible to improve** goat production in Guadeloupe



- Exploiting the local breed for traditional FS or more intensive ones,
- Preserving the resilience of both (animal and FS)
- There is **emergency** in every species!!
 - Things are quickly moving in a non sustainable way,
 - Even if researchers are sending the 'good' message



Thank you for your attention!



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