

## Associations between gestation length, stillbirth, calving difficulty and calf size in Norwegian Red

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## Gestation length

- Not a trait we aim to change genetically
  - Too short as well as too long gestation length cause problems
- May contribute correlated information in genetic evaluation of calving traits
  - Calving difficulty, stillbirth
- EBV for gestation length may be used to predict expected calving date more accurately
  - Useful information for herd management purposes

## Objectives

- Infer heritability of and genetic correlations among gestation length (**GL**) , stillbirth (**SB**), calving difficulty (**CD**), and calf size (**CS**), in Norwegian Red
- Examine genetic change, range and distribution of EBV for GL in Norwegian Red AI sires



## Data

- First lactation Norwegian Red cows
  - Age at calving 20-36 mo
  - Year of calving > 2000
  - Inseminated 265-305 days before calving
  - Sire of cow and sire of calf Norwegian Red AI sire
    - Minimum 50 observations per sire
- 644,736 records
  - 1387 sire of cow
  - 1338 sire of calf



## Traits

- Gestation length

No of days from last insemination to calving

256 - 305 days

- Stillbirth

0=alive or 1=dead at birth or within 24 h

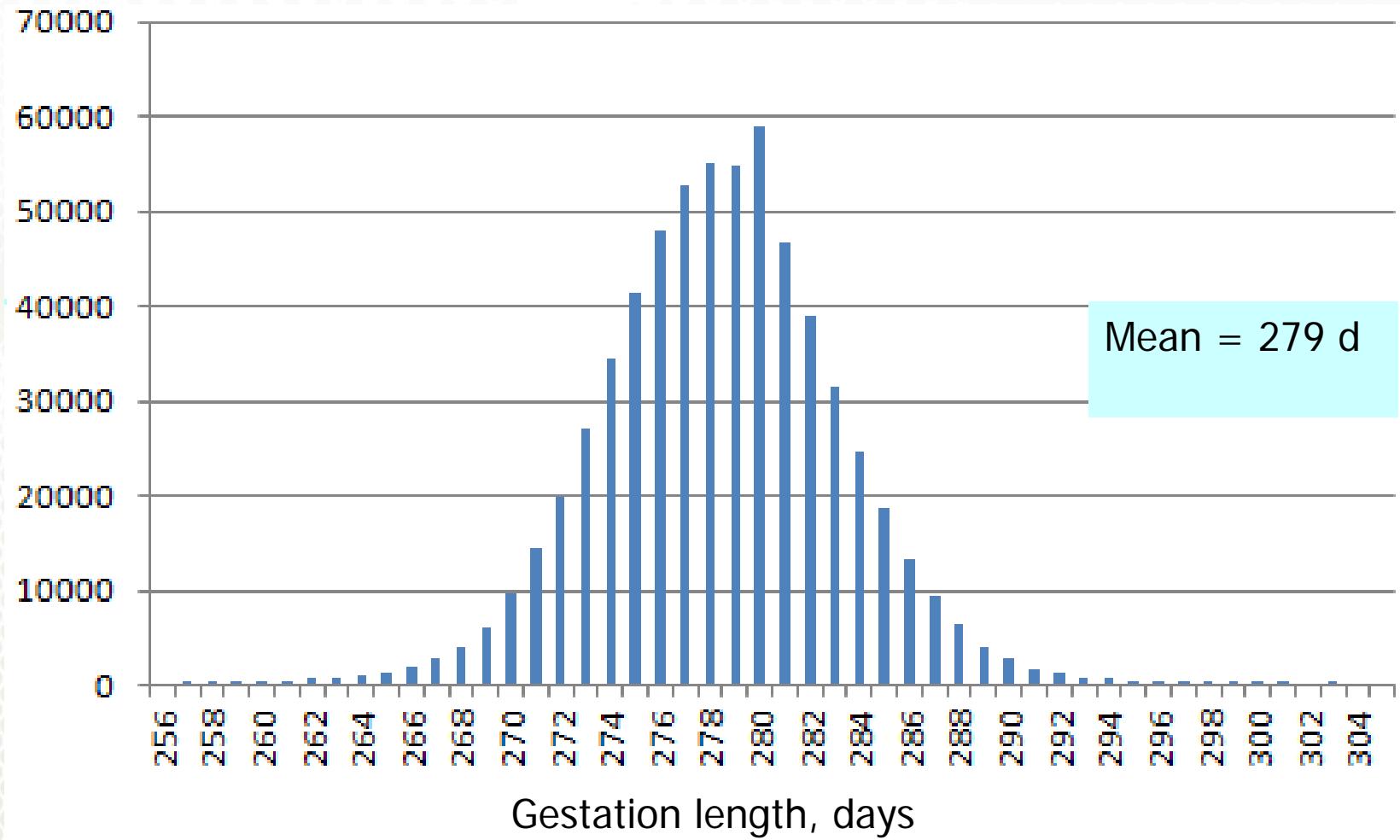
- Calving difficulty

1 = easy calving, 2 = slight problems, 3 = difficult calving

- Calf size score

1 = small, 2 = medium, 3 = large

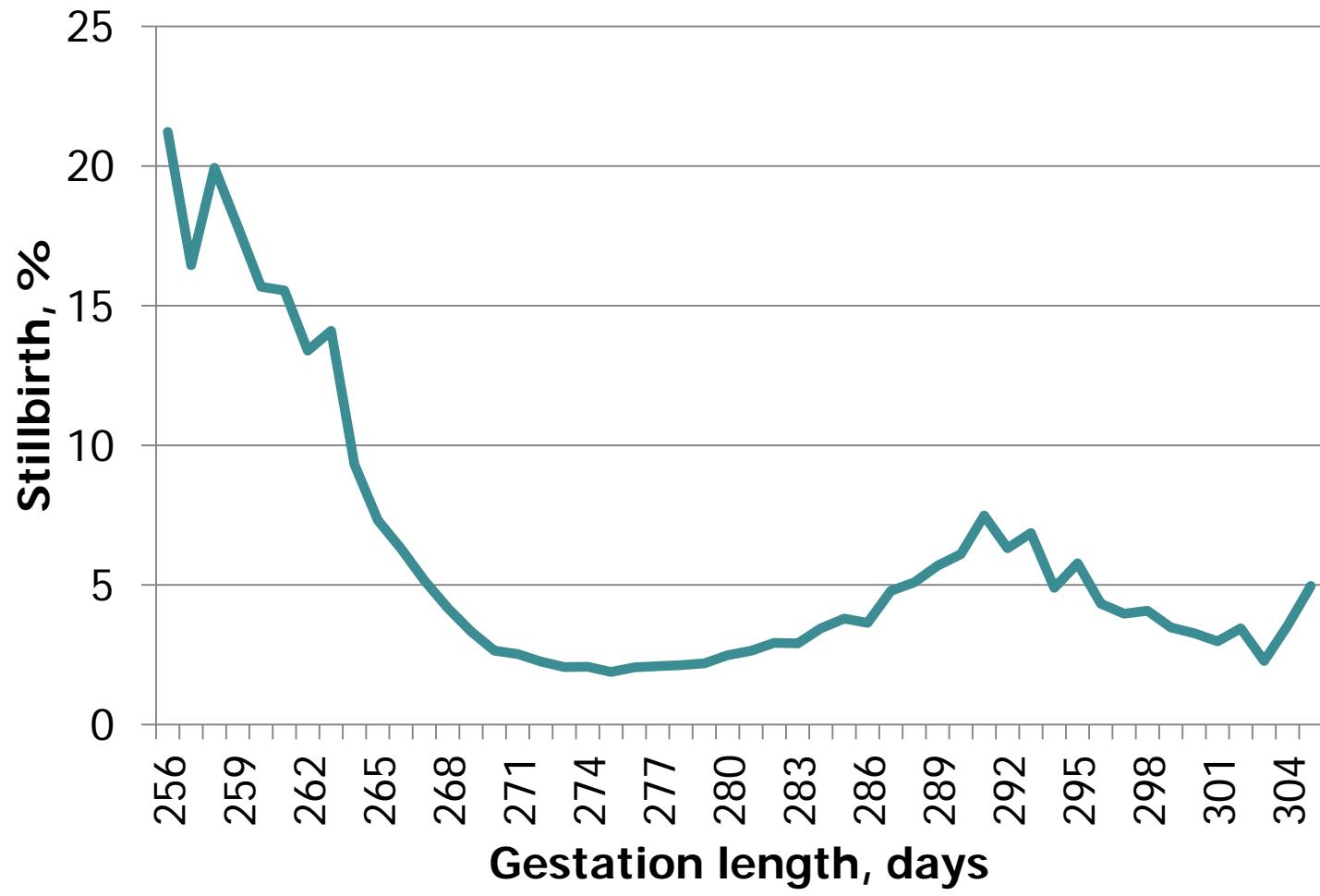
## Gestation length



# Frequency and mean gestation length for different categories of other calving traits

		Frequency %	Gestation length mean no, days
Stillbirth	No	97	278.5
	Yes	3	278.8
Calving difficulty	Easy calving	88	278.3
	Slight problems	7	279.7
	Difficult calving	3	279.8
	Unknown	2	278.2
Calf size	Small	13	276.5
	Medium	74	278.5
	Large	10	280.5
	Unknown	3	278.6
Overall mean			278.5

## Frequency of stillbirth by gestation length



## Model

- Multivariate linear model with direct (sire of calf) and maternal (sire of cow) genetic effects
- Variance components estimated with DMU (Madsen&Jensen 2007)

# Heritability and genetic correlations

Table 1. Heritability (on the diagonal) and genetic correlations among direct (Dir) and maternal (Mat) gestation length (GL), stillbirth (SB), calving difficulty (CD) and calf size (CS)

		GL		SB		CD		CS	
		Dir	Mat	Dir	Mat	Dir	Mat	Dir	mat
GL	Dir	<b>0.37</b>							
	Mat	-0.10	<b>0.06</b>						
SB	Dir	0.17	0.11	<b>0.01</b>					
	Mat	0.07	0.11	-0.19	<b>0.01</b>				
CD	Dir	0.26	0.06	0.87	-0.07	<b>0.05</b>			
	Mat	0.05	0.26	-0.15	0.72	-0.15	<b>0.03</b>		
CS	Dir	0.29	0.05	0.74	-0.10	0.93	-0.20	<b>0.12</b>	
	Mat	0.005	0.63	0.05	0.13	-0.03	0.55	-0.01	<b>0.03</b>

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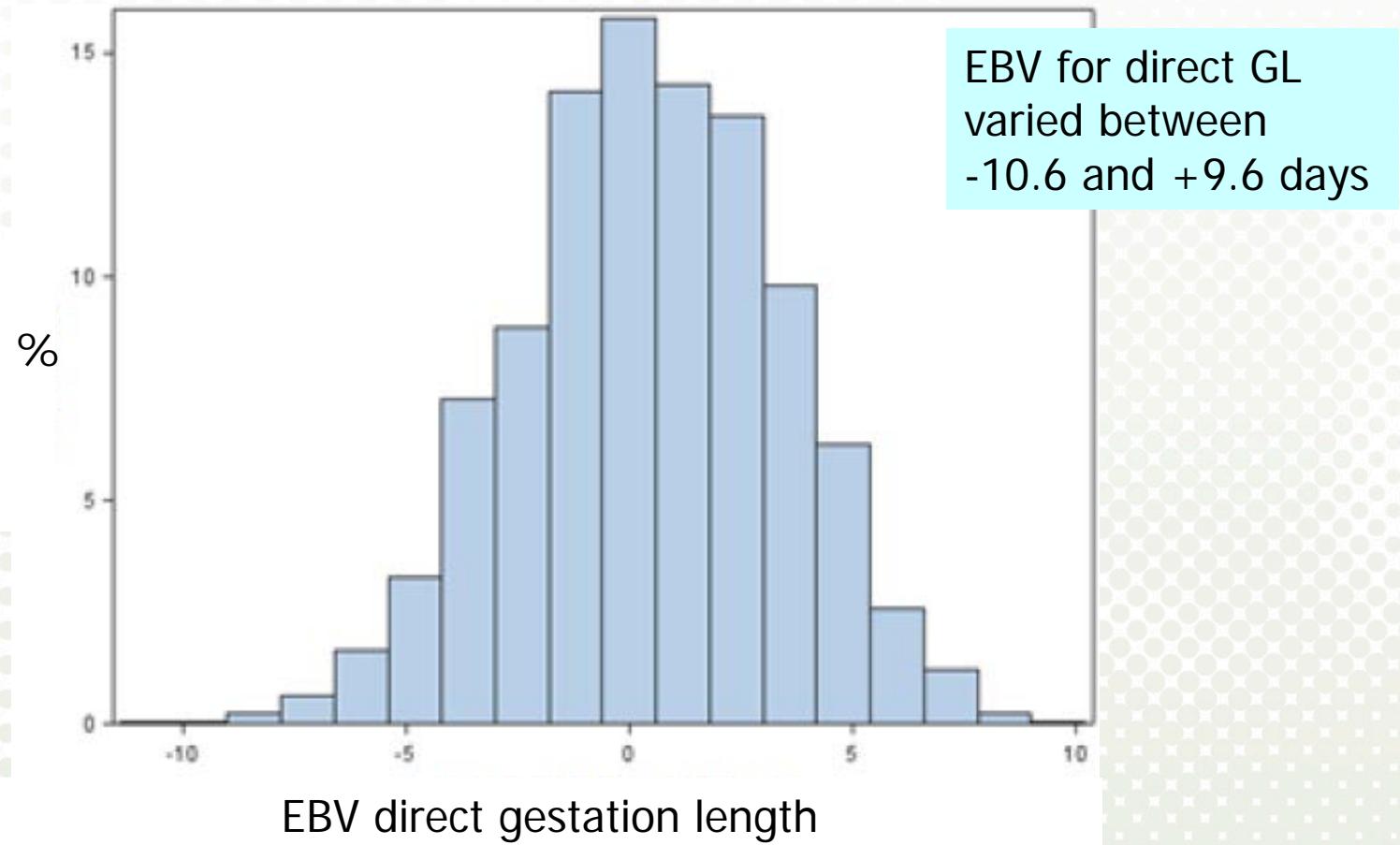
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## Genetic correlations

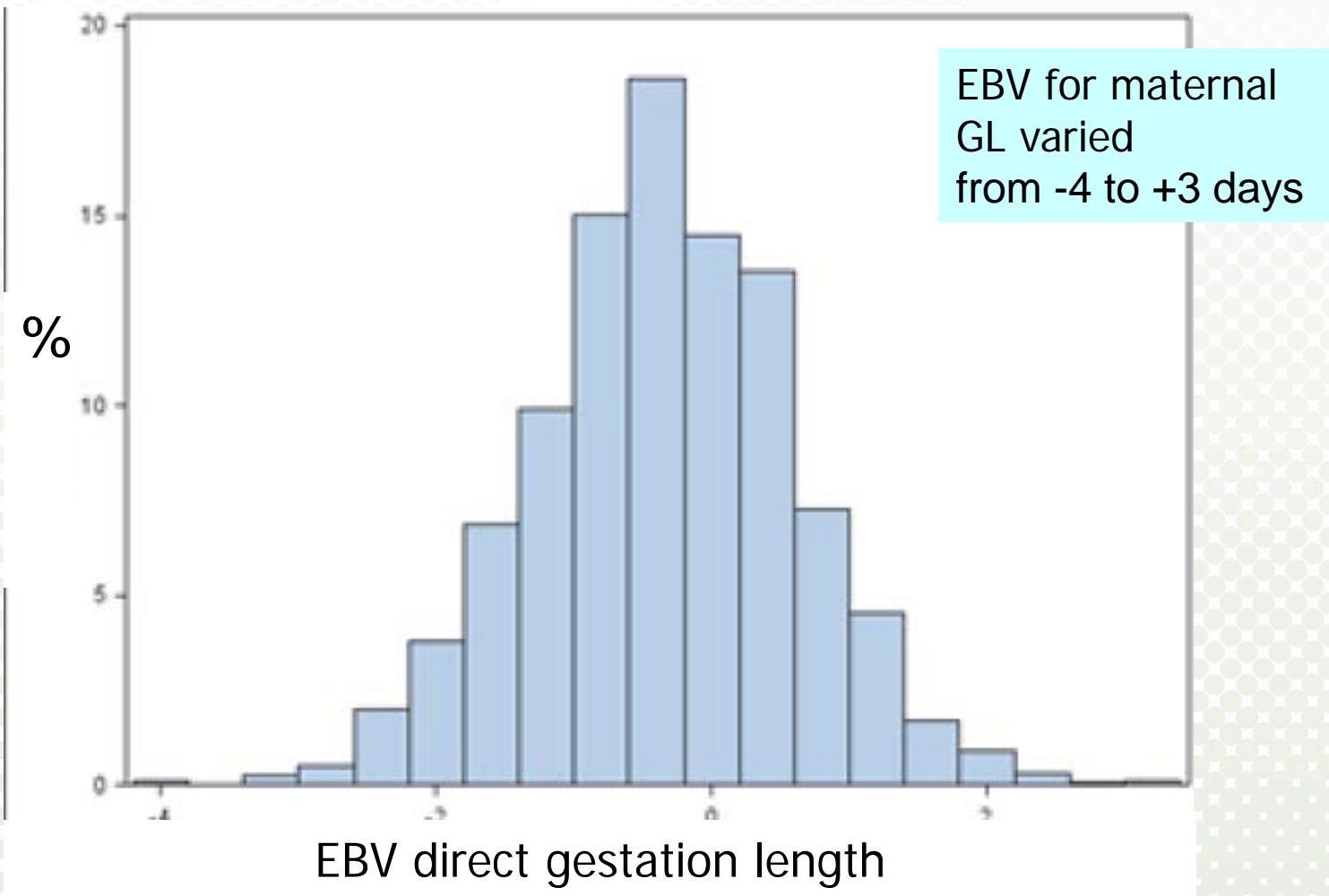
- All genetic correlation between direct and maternal traits were close to 0, within as well as between traits
- Strong genetic correlations between
  - dir CD and dir CS: 0.93
  - dir CD and dir SB: 0.87
  - dir SB and dir CS: 0.74
- Significant genetic correlations between GL and other calving traits

## Sire EBV for direct gestation length (sire of calf)



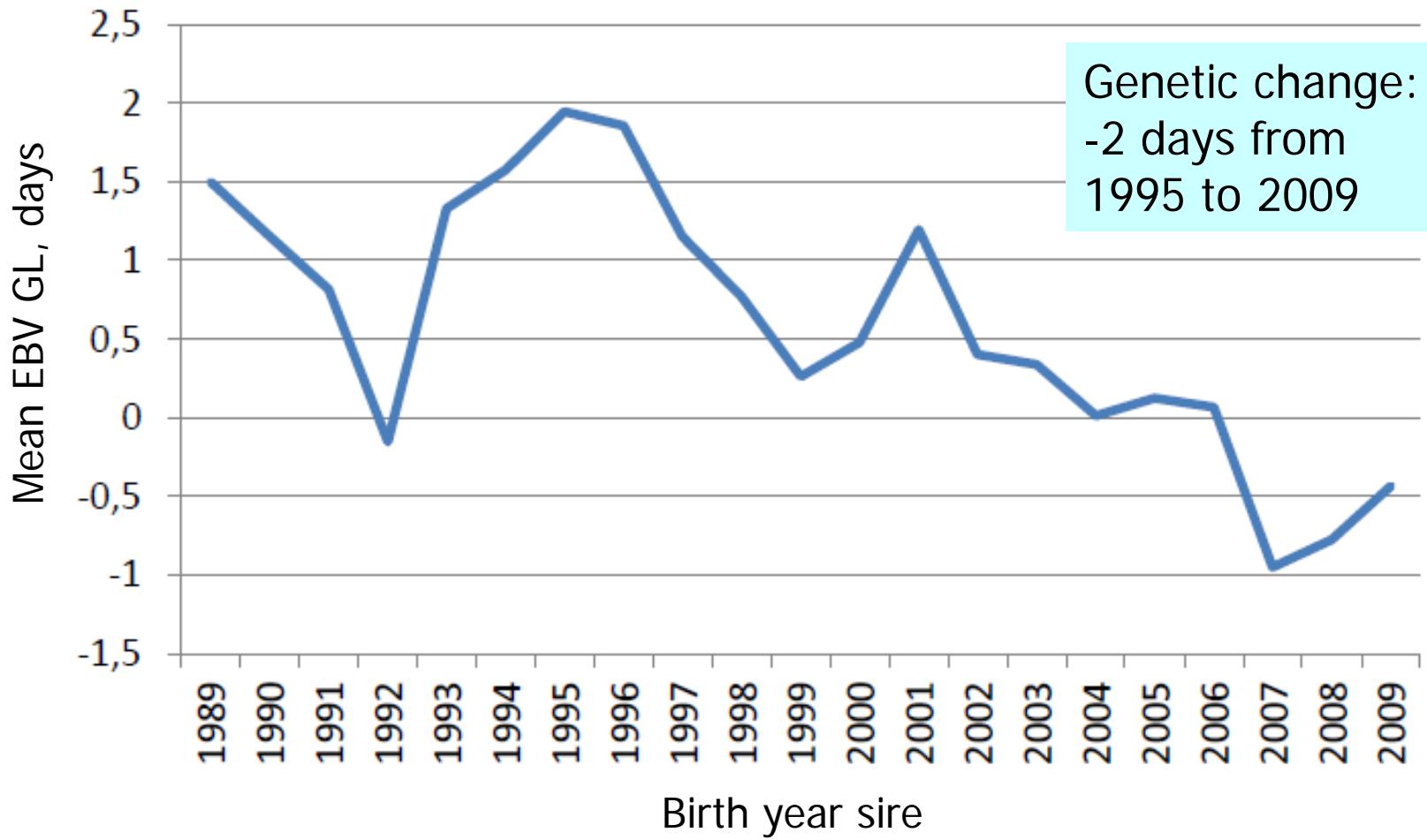
Sires with > 50 rec

## Sire EBV for maternal gestation length (sire of cow)



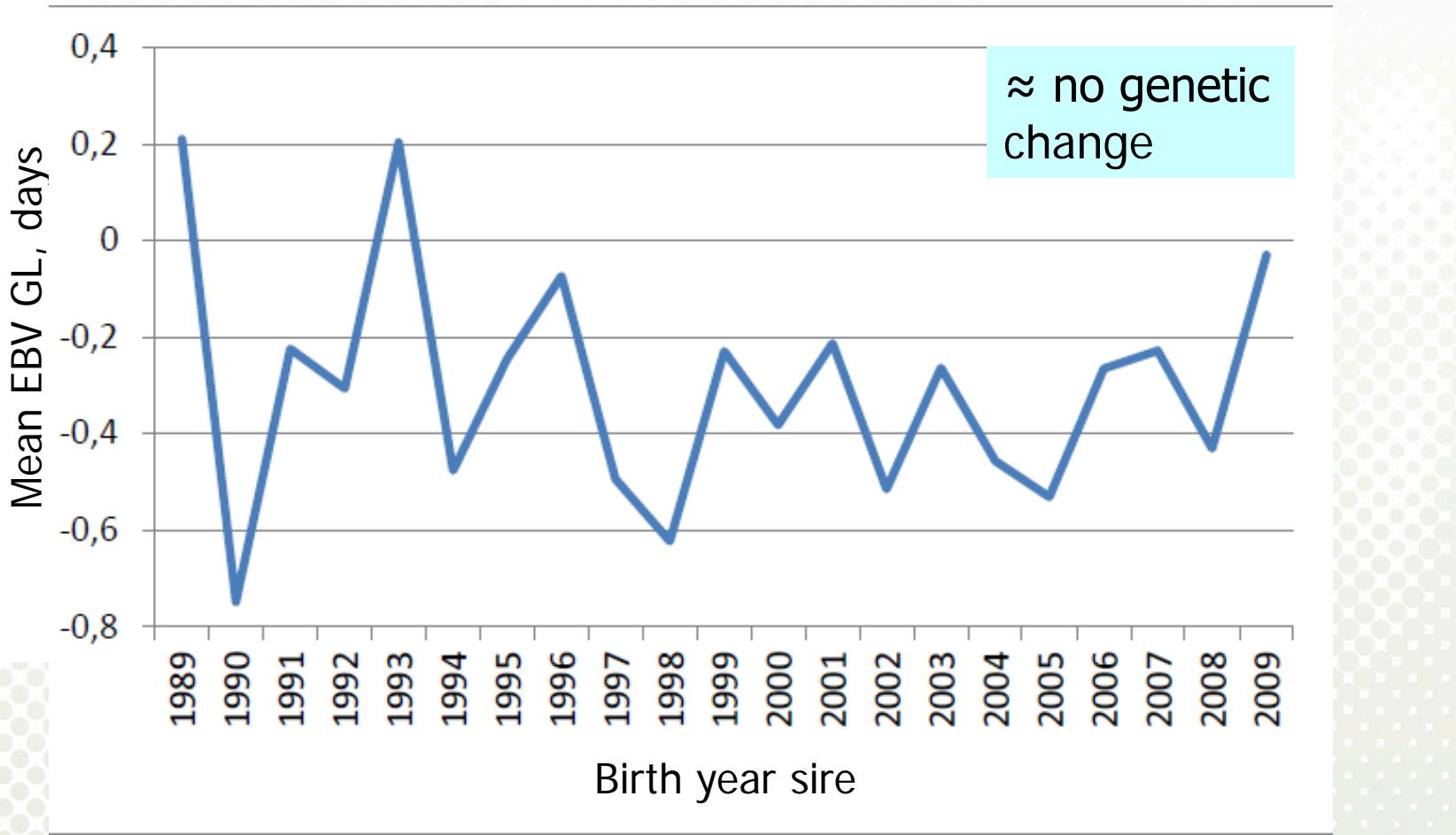
Sires with > 50 rec

## Genetic change direct gestation length



Sires with > 50 rec

## Genetic change maternal gestation length



Sires with > 50 rec

## Gestation length

- Not a trait we aim to change genetically
  - Too short as well as too long GL cause problems
- Contribute correlated information in genetic evaluation of other calving traits
  - Heritability 0.37 for direct GS and 0.06 for maternal GS
  - Genetic correlations:
    - Direct GS to direct SB (0.17), CD (0.26), CS (0.29)
    - Maternal GS to maternal SB (0.11) CD (0.26) CS (0.63)
- EBV for gestation length may be used to predict expected calving date more accurately
  - Useful information for herd management purposes

A close-up, low-angle shot of a dark-colored horse's eye. The horse has dark, expressive eyes and long, dark eyelashes. The lighting highlights the texture of the horse's coat and the veins around the eye.

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*geno*