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## Systems biology and RNA-Seq analyses to detect biomarkers for metabolic syndrome in a porcine model

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### Introduction

Metabolic syndrome (MS):

• not a disease

- clustering of risk factors
  High blood pressure
  High insulin lovela
  - High insulin levels

Excess body weight

Dyslipidemia



### Introduction

#### Studies of metabolic syndrome - past and future

• In the past

Genome Wide Association Studies (GWAS)

- Future approaches
  - Genome wide expression data with high throughput technologies
  - Proteomics
  - Bioinformatics to combine large datasets

### Introduction

Dissect the genetic factors which are common among the different metabolic disorders of MS and detect biomarkers.

The project is unique because ...

the first implementation of a network based analysis in large sample of pigs.



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### Dataset Experimental design



source: LJA Kogelman et. al Front. Genet. 2013

An F2 resource population for obesity and obesity related studies.

- Phenotyped for several obesity and obesity related traits.
- RNA-seq of subcutaneous adipose tissue for 36 animals



Distribution of the phenotypic measurements



 Experimental groups were designed based on the 25<sup>th</sup> percentile of the samples with the lowest and the highest values.



#### RNA sequencing data

- Illumina HiSeq-2500 high-throughput sequencing machine
- 9 samples per lane
- Paired-end technology
- 100bp reads





#### RNA-sea workflow – from reads to counts



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# Methods and Results

#### **RNA-seq statistics**

RNA-Seq S/C Fat: pre-QC using FAstQC

Quality scores of the reads and filtering



#### Differential expression (DE) analysis









Differential expression (DE) analysis

Enrichment analysis of DE genes shows genes involved to homeostasis and inflammation

59 DE genes shared in all experimental groups.



Functional enrichment shows genes are associated with disorders related to metabolic syndrome



Weighted Gene co-expression networks - WGCNA

Study of highly interconnected genes ("modules") which are likely involved in the same pathway.

Metric of pairwise relationship of the genes : correlation

Comparison of "modules" among the experimental groups. Detection of perturbed "modules".





darkmationia

blue

### Methods and Results

#### Module preservation statistics for glucose group

darkare

darkred

50

100

30

20

10

Zsummary

### Define modules **Cluster Dendrogram low Glucose** 1.0 0.9 Height 0.8 0.7 9.0 Aerged dynamic



- Glucose group showed unpreserved modules Functional enrichment analysis:
  - superoxide metabolic process (eg. SOD down-regulated)
  - *immune response (CCL2, CCL4, CCL5)*



### Discussion – Future perspectives

- Indeed shared DE genes among experimental groups
- Over-represented GO terms related to metabolic disorders.
- More phenotypes to be analyzed
- Differential co expression analysis

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