## UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS

### AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN

Amino acid digestibility and energy concentration in soybean and rapeseed products fed to pigs

D. M. D. L. Navarro\*, Y. Liu, T. Bruun, and H. H. Stein University of Illinois, Urbana IL



illinois.edu

Abstract 19168

## Outline

- Background
- Digestibility experiments
  - Materials and Methods
  - Results
  - Conclusions
- Overall conclusions





## **Soybean Products**





UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN Soybean Meal

- Premier protein source
- Excellent AA profile – high in Lys and Trp
- Antinutritional factors

   Transient hypersensitivity response



### **Enzyme-treated Soybean Meal**

- Fermentation process
- Reduction of antigenic proteins
   β-conglycinin
- Increased CP and AA



Goebel and Stein, 2011

## **00-Rapeseed**





- Low erucic and low glucosinolate varieties
- Desirable AA profile
   \_ Met and Cys
- Antinutritional factors
   High fiber concentration





### UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN **Test Ingredients**

- 1. Enzyme-treated SBM (ESBM-1)
- 2. ESBM-2
- 3. Enzyme-fortified extruded SBM (SBM-EX)
- 4. Soy protein concentrate (SPC)
- 5. Conventional SBM (SBM-CV)
- 6. Conventional 00-rapeseed expellers (RSE)
- 7. Fermented co-product mixture (FCM)



## Nutrient Composition, as-fed

	ESBM-1	ESBM-2	SBM-EX	SPC	SBM-CV	RSE	FCM	
DM, %	92.0	91.2	92.9	91.7	88.7	88.6	87.1	
CP, %	56.8	52.1	53.3	62.1	47.8	30.1	32.0	
<b>AEE</b> , %	1.8	0.7	1.8	1.0	1.2	10.2	4.3	
NDF, %	9.2	9.5	12.7	19.7	7.8	24.5	22.9	
GE, kcal/kg	4,555	4,380	4,454	4,499	4,140	4,533	4,154	

## Exp. 1 Amino Acid Digestibility



 To determine the standardized ileal digestibility of AA in soybean products and 00-rapeseed co-products fed to weanling pigs.



UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN Materials & Methods

- 27 weanling barrows (initial BW: 9.29 ± 0.58 kg)
- 9 x 5 Youden square
  - 9 pigs per replicate and 3 replicates per period
  - 5 periods
  - 9 diets (7 ingredients and N-free)



## **Diet Composition**

	ESBM-1	ESBM-2	SBM-EX	SPC	SBM-CV	RSE	FCM	N-free
ESBM-1	35.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ESBM-2	-	35.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
SBM-EX	-	-	35.0	-	-	-	-	-
SPC	-	-	-	30.0	-	-	-	-
SBM-CV	-	-	-	-	40.0	-	-	-
RSE	-	-	-	-	-	40.0	-	-
FCM	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.0	-
Soybean oil	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0
Cornstarch	38.6	38.6	38.6	43.6	33.6	33.9	33.9	67.5
Sucrose	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0
Others	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.1	3.1	8.5
			180	67				
1867 illingia adu								

### UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN Materials & Methods

- SID of AA was calculated
- Statistical analysis
  - Proc Mixed of SAS
  - Fixed effect
    - Diet
  - Random effect
    - Pig and period





## **Results**





## SID of Lys, %





*P* < 0.01





## Conclusions

- Processing of SBM results in increased CP concentration and does not change AA digestibility.
- The SID of AA was different among processed soybean products.
- Fermentation of a co-product mixture results in decreased SID values compared with unfermented 00-rapeseed expellers and soybean products.



## Exp. 2 Energy Concentration



university of illinois at urbana-champaign
Objective

 To determine the concentrations of DE and ME in soybean products and 00-rapeseed co-products fed to growing pigs.



UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN Materials & Methods

- 64 barrows (initial BW: 19.81  $\pm$  0.90 kg)
- RCBD
  - 8 treatments with 8 replicates per treatment
- Difference procedure





## **Diet Composition**

	Corn	ESBM-1	ESBM-2	SBM-EX	SPC	SBM-CV	RSE	FCM
Corn	96.7	76.0	73.8	74.3	78.0	71.3	62.6	62.4
ESBM-1	-	21.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
ESBM-2	-	-	23.3	-	-	-	-	-
SBM-EX	-	-	-	22.8	-	-	-	-
SPC	-	-	-	-	19.0	-	-	-
SBM-CV	-	-	-	-	-	25.8	-	-
RSE	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.0	-
FCM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.0
Others	3.3	3.0	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.4	2.6



### **Results**





### ATTD of GE, %



# **DE of ingredients, kcal/kg DM**



# ME of ingredients, kcal/kg DM



UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN
CONCLUSIONS

- DE and ME were different among processed soybean products.
- DE and ME in the soybean products were greater than in 00-rapeseed expellers and the fermented co-product mixture.



UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN
Overall Conclusions

- The process used to produce ESBM-2 was less efficient compared with ESBM-1.
- Fermentation of a co-product mixture results in decreased SID of AA, DE, and ME.



university of illinois at urbana-champaign
Acknowledgements

### Danish Pig Research Centre







### Hans H. Stein Monogastric Nutrition Laboratory







### http://nutrition.ansci.illinois.edu