



HOUSING FOR ANIMAL WELFARE IN CATTLE

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FREE STALLS: A WELFARE ISSUE

- Steelworks
- Slippery and hard floors



- Steps
- Liquid manure



- Animal welfare limitation
- Behavioral restrictions
- Lameness and lesions





CPB: AN ALTERNATIVE HOUSING SYSTEM

Housing systems where a deep-bedded pack is aerated to enhance heat production and microbial activity and thus increases the **evaporation** of water (Klaas & Bjerg, 2011).

- The whole surface of the resting area is compost-bedded (loose housing, open pack)
- “Cultivated pack” refers to a mixture of manure and bedding (lignocellulosic, compost)
- Moisture content 40-60%
- Pack depth and space per cow depend on the country and the management style (from 30 cm to > 1 m; from 6 to 15 m² bedding/cow)
- Frequently AERATED (**stirring** and sub-aeration blowing or suckling from the floor)





CPB: WELFARE IMPROVEMENTS



IDV-stal

BEHAVIOR

- No steelwork in the resting area
- High grip surface

- Dry and healthy
- Soft surface and absence of steps

HEALTH



familiekuddes



REVIEW OF LITERATURE: WELFARE

Reference	Bedding material ¹	Lameness		Hock lesions		Udder health			Hygiene		
		Lameness prevalence ² (%)	Severe lameness prevalence ³ (%)	Hock lesion prevalence ⁴ (%)	Severe hock lesion prevalence ⁵ (%)	Mastitis infection prevalence ⁶ (%)	SCC	BCS ⁷	Hygiene score ⁸	Dirty cows prevalence ⁹ (%)	Annual herd turnover rate ¹⁰ (%)
Balck et al., 2013	SD	11.9	5	NA ¹¹	NA	NA	275510	NA	2.2	29.8	NA
Lobeck et al., 2011	SD	4.4	0.8	3.8	0.8	33.4	434000	2.91	3.18	NA	30.1
Ofner-Schröck et al., 2013	SD	25	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barberg et al., 2007b	SD	7.8	NA	25.1	1	27.7	325000	3.04	2.66	NA	20.9
Fulwider et al., 2007	SD	NA	NA	0	0	NA	176700	NA	NA	21.1	20.4
Shane et al., 2010	SD	NA	NA	19.6	0	NA	155000	3.1	2.4	NA	NA
	CC	NA	NA	18.5	0	NA	123000	3.2	2.7	NA	NA
	WC/SD	NA	NA	0	0	NA	175000	3.3	2.5	NA	NA
	SS/SD	NA	NA	19.4	5.4	NA	111000	3	2.9	NA	NA
	WC/SS	NA	NA	37.5	0	NA	282000	3.3	2.6	NA	NA
Klaas et al., 2010	SS	NA	NA	46.9	3.1	NA	145000	3	2.8	NA	NA
	NO	NA	NA	0	NA	NA	192000	NA	NA	51.2	NA
Ouweltjes and Smolders, 2014	WC	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.1	NA	NA	37.8
	GC	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.9	NA	NA	25.1
	GC	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.1	NA	NA	32.1

¹SD = sawdust; CC = corn cobs; WC/SD = wood chip fines/sawdust (as mixtures on a 2:1 v/v ratio); SS/SD = soybean straw/sawdust (as mixtures on a 2:1 v/v ratio); WC/SS = wood chip fines/sawdust (as mixtures on a 2:1 v/v ratio); GC = ground corn cobs; NO = no bedding



REVIEW OF LITERATURE:PACK CHEMICAL ANALYSES

Reference	Bedding material ¹	Pack depth cm	Temperature °C	Moisture %	pH	C:N	N % (DM)	P mg/kg	K mg/kg
Balck et al., 2013	SD	0	10.5	56.1	NA ²	26.7	1.70	4000	13000
		10.2	32.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
		20.3	36.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barberg et al., 2007a	SD	15	42.5	52.7	8.4	21.4	2.45	3111	13831
		30		56.7	8.6	17.6	2.69	3442	17202
Shane et al., 2010	SD	15.2	28.0	60.9	8.68	37.1	1.3	1449	4857
		30.5	31.8	57.8	8.69	37.4	1.3		
	CC	15.2	38.1	46.7	7.97	29.1	1.6	1620	8053
		30.5	40.8	41.2	7.38	29.3	1.5		
	WC/SD	15.2	21.4	61.3	8.54	45.7	1.1	1050	3893
		30.5	22.6	59.5	8.67	49.3	1		
	SS/SD	15.2	24.7	60.2	8.58	25.8	1.6	1749	7080
		30.5	28.4	54.9	8.57	25.4	1.5		
	WC/SS	15.2	19.5	60.2	8.48	31.6	1.4	2690	10463
		30.5	19.2	62.3	8.57	30	1.5		
	SS	15.2	13.1	60.3	8.58	22.8	1.6	2104	8196
		30.5	13.1	62.3	NA	NA	NA		
de Boer, 2014 ³	WC	0-40	NA	56.9	8.6	10.5	3.57	6589	44084
	GC	0-40	NA	47.5	8.3	16.6	1.36	3924	12933
	GC	0-40	NA	44.6	8.8	15.1	1.63	3773	23646

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REVIEW OF LITERATURE:PACK BACTERIAL ANALYSES

Reference	Bedding material ¹	Total Bacterial Count log ₁₀ cfu/g	Klebsiella log ₁₀ cfu/g	E. coli log ₁₀ cfu/g	Coliforms log ₁₀ cfu/g	Streptococci log ₁₀ cfu/g	Staphylococci log ₁₀ cfu/g	Bacillus spp. log ₁₀ cfu/g
Balck et al., 2014	SD	8.2	NA ²	6.0	6.3 ³	7.2	7.9	7.6
Barberg et al., 2007a ⁴	SD	7.0	NA	NA	6.0	6.6	6.2	6.5
Shane et al., 2010 ⁴	SD	7.4	5.9 ⁵	NA	6.8	6.9	4.4	6.9
	CC	7.8	5.8 ⁵	NA	6.6	7.5	6.0	7.4
	WC/SD	7.1	5.7 ⁵	NA	6.5	6.6	4.6	6.8
	SS/SD	7.1	5.1 ⁵	NA	6.4	6.7	4.1	6.6
	WC/SS	7.6	5.8 ⁵	NA	7.0	6.8	ND ⁶	7.4
	SS	7.5	4.6 ⁵	NA	6.5	7.0	ND	7.3
Lobeck et al., 2012 ⁴	SD	6.5	2.4	NA	4.1	6.5	4.0	4.4
Driehuis et al., 2012	WC	8.4	5.6	2.4	NA	3.0	NA	NA

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REVIEW OF LITERATURE: MILK QUALITY

Reference	Bedding material ¹	SCC cells/mL	Milk fat %	Milk protein %	Coliforms cfu/mL	Non-ag strept. cfu/mL	Staph. species cfu/mL	Staph. aureus cfu/mL
Balck et al., 2014	SD	246,500	NA ²	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barberg et al., 2007a	SD	325,000	3.88	3.21	NA	NA	NA	NA
Shane et al., 2010 ³	SD	155,000	3.36	3.30	50.1	8.6	6.3	0.1
	CC	123,000	3.17	3.16	1,058.1	872.1	5.8	1.9
	WC/SD	175,000	3.32	3.23	102.7	33.4	2.9	0.0
	SS/SD	111,000	3.06	3.09	2.8	6.0	11.1	0.0
	WC/SS	282,000	3.15	3.21	65.4	138.1	26.9	5.7
	SS	145,000	3.08	3.15	85.1	8.0	12.7	0.1
Lobeck et al., 2011 and 2012	SD	434,000	NA	NA	406.8	878.4	52.6	3.6

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REVIEW OF LITERATURE: SUMMARY

ADVANTAGES

DISADVANTAGES



Reduced
production of
liquid manure
($\text{CH}_4 \rightarrow ?$)



Gaseous
emissions
($\text{NH}_3/\text{NO}_x \rightarrow ?$)

**Animal
welfare**

**SPACE PER
COW/BEDDING/MAN
AGEMENT**

TAS/XTAS
(compost)



High agronomic value
(+ orgC/+orgN/ - NH_3)

**Construction +
bedding costs**





INTRODUCTION

- The main reasons producers reported for building CPB is improved cow **comfort and longevity**. Despite that little is still known about the effect of this housing system on longevity.

MATERIAL AND METHODS

- 30 dairy farms included
 - 10 free stall + synthetic mattress (**MAT**),
 - 10 free stall + straw (**STW**)
 - 10 cultivated pack barns (**CO**)
- Cows' performance/longevity
 - Monthly herd records (Associazione Italiana Allevatori)





STATISTICAL ANALYSIS:R

➤ `str(DfArt2015)`

330 obs. of **32 variables** (housing and perf. parameters):
farm code h_sys date n_tot_cow n_milk_cow m_yie evm m_fat m_pro n_par dim
dry calv_int do VWP n_ai HDR CR PR age age_1c culling scc l_sco MIR S_tot
S_bed S_conc fence BR Sto_Dens_FS

Univariate linear models (pairwise) to identify variables for the multivariate model. Variables with $P < 0.2$ were included.

Automatic model selection procedure, package “`glmulti`” (iterative; crit:BIC)

Fitting the **multivariate linear mixed model** (nested rANOVA), package “`nlme`”

Obtaining the **Last Squared Means and SE**, package “`lsmeans`”

Post hoc analysis, pairwise comparison, package “`multcomp`” (Tuckey)



RESULTS: GENERAL (DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS)

Barns' characteristics

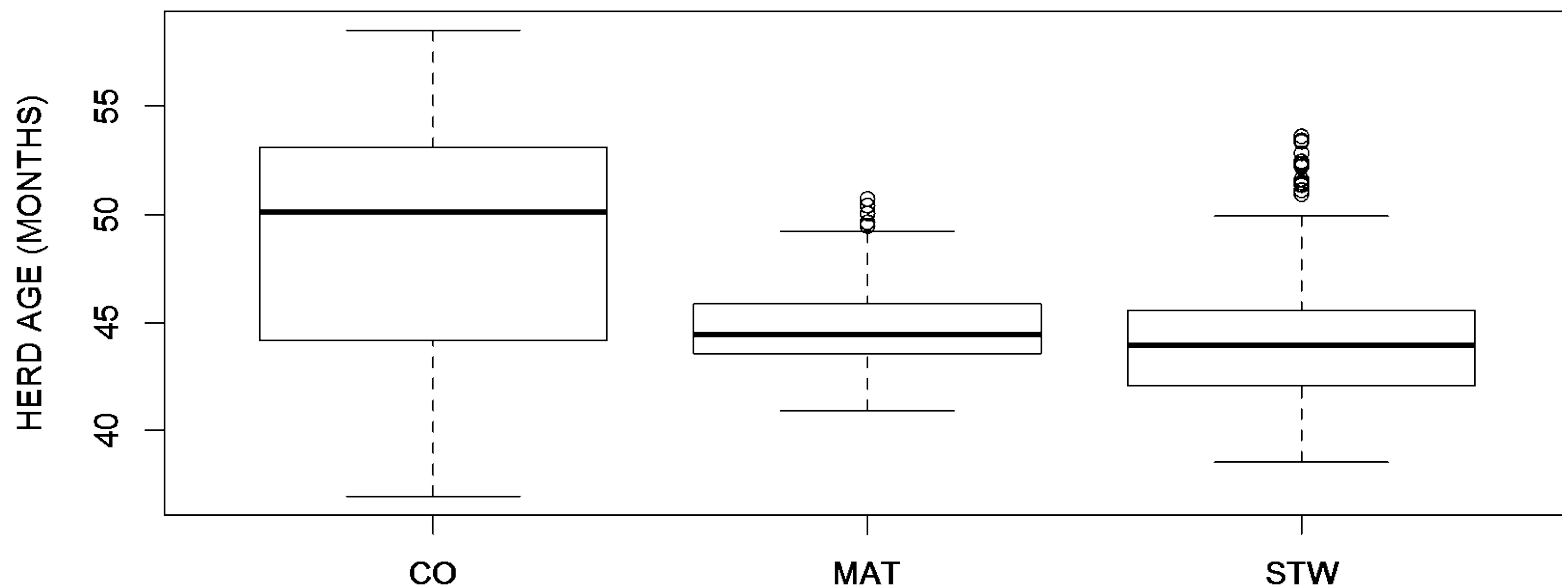
	STW		MAT		CO	
	Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Mean	SD
Total area per cow (m ² /cow)	9.3	5.4	9	2.3	11	4.1
Stocking density (cows/stall)	1.09	0.42	0.92	0.1	-	-
Pack density (m ² /cow)	-	-	-	-	6.8	2.4
Bedded ratio	0.37	0.1	0.38	0.06	0.65	0.18
Space at feed fence (m/cow)	0.63	0.18	0.66	0.07	0.58	0.2

Cows' performance

	STW		MAT		CO	
	Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Mean	SD
Cows, no.	143	83.9	147	102.3	112	56.6
Day in milk (days)	190	26.3	204	35.7	209	33.1
Parity	2.23	0.27	2.18	0.11	2.39	0.25
Milk yield (kg/cow*day)	31.4	3.91	29.8	4.6	30.8	3.6
305ME (kg) ¹	10901	963	10450	1043	10541	663
% fat	3.93	0.36	3.75	0.32	3.67	0.28
% protein	3.43	0.13	3.38	0.15	3.48	0.16
SCC (cells*1000/mL)	310	128	259	115	354	171
Calving interval (days)	420	19.1	442	37.3	449	72.9
Services per pregnancy, no.	2.54	0.61	2.59	0.64	2.67	0.5



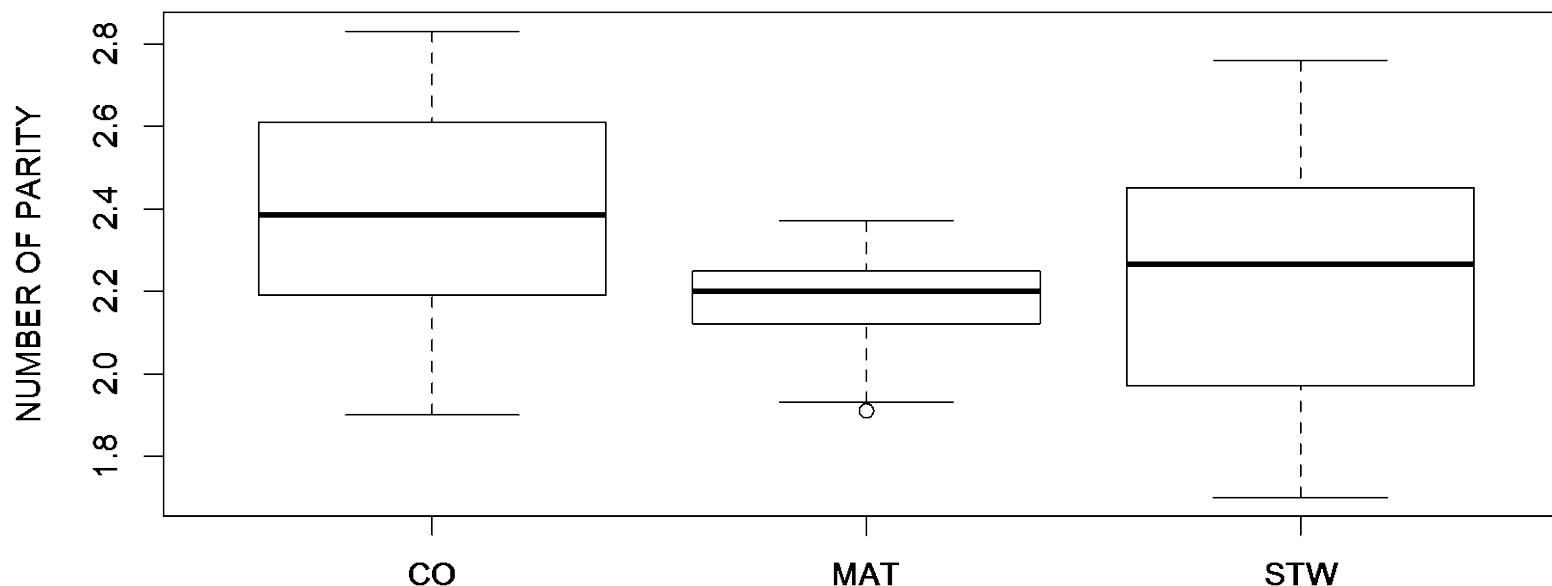
RESULTS:LONGEVITY:HERD AGE



Item	Herd age		P-value
	LSM	SE	
Housing system			<0.001
STW	44.58^b	0.34	
MAT	44.98^b	0.33	
CO	48.46^a	0.33	
	Estimate	SE	
DIM	-0.044	0.007	0.001
Calving interval (days)	0.074	0.007	<0.001
Age at first calving (months)	0.387	0.068	<0.001



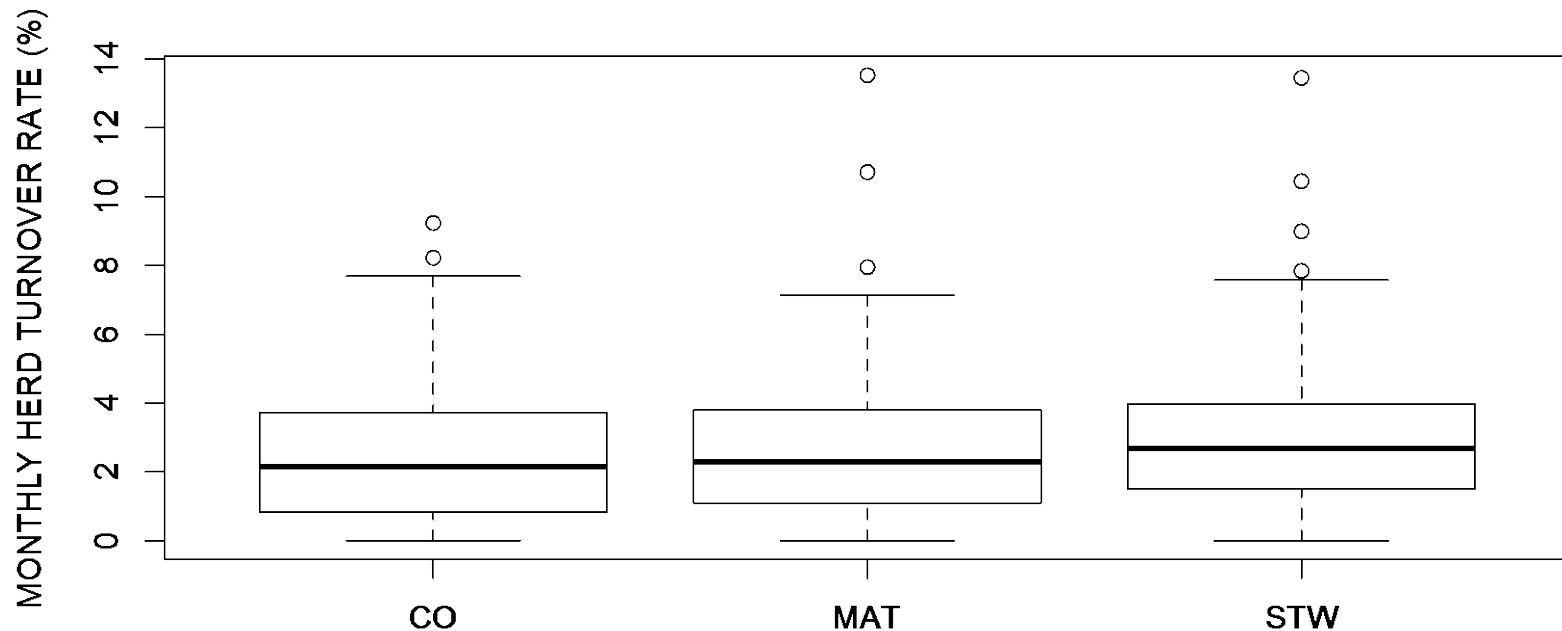
RESULTS:LONGEVITY:NUMBER OF PARITY



Item	Number of parity		P-value
	LSM	SE	
Housing system			<0.001
STW	2.23^b	0.21	
MAT	2.16^b	0.19	
CO	2.41^a	0.19	
	Estimate	SE	
Length of the dry period (days)	0.006	0.001	<0.001
Calving interval (days)	-0.003	0.0004	<0.001
Monthly herd turnover rate (%)	-0.014	0.005	0.0045



RESULTS:LONGEVITY:HERD TURNOVER RATE



Item	Monthly herd turnover rate		P-value
	LSM	SE	
Housing system			0.382
STW	2.82	0.41	
MAT	2.60	0.31	
CO	2.73	0.26	
	Estimate	SE	
305-d mature eq. yield,(kg)	-0.0004	0.0001	0.006
Number of parity	-1.728	0.5100	<0.001
Days open (days)	-0.011	0.0036	0.001



CONCLUSIONS

- Results confirm that CPB housing can improve longevity of dairy cows.
- Further research is deserved (especially about turnover rates/culling) .
- Reasons for culling should be also evaluated.





THANK YOU, QUESTIONS?



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