

Reconsidering resources acquisition and allocation in animal nutrition models to better understand efficiency

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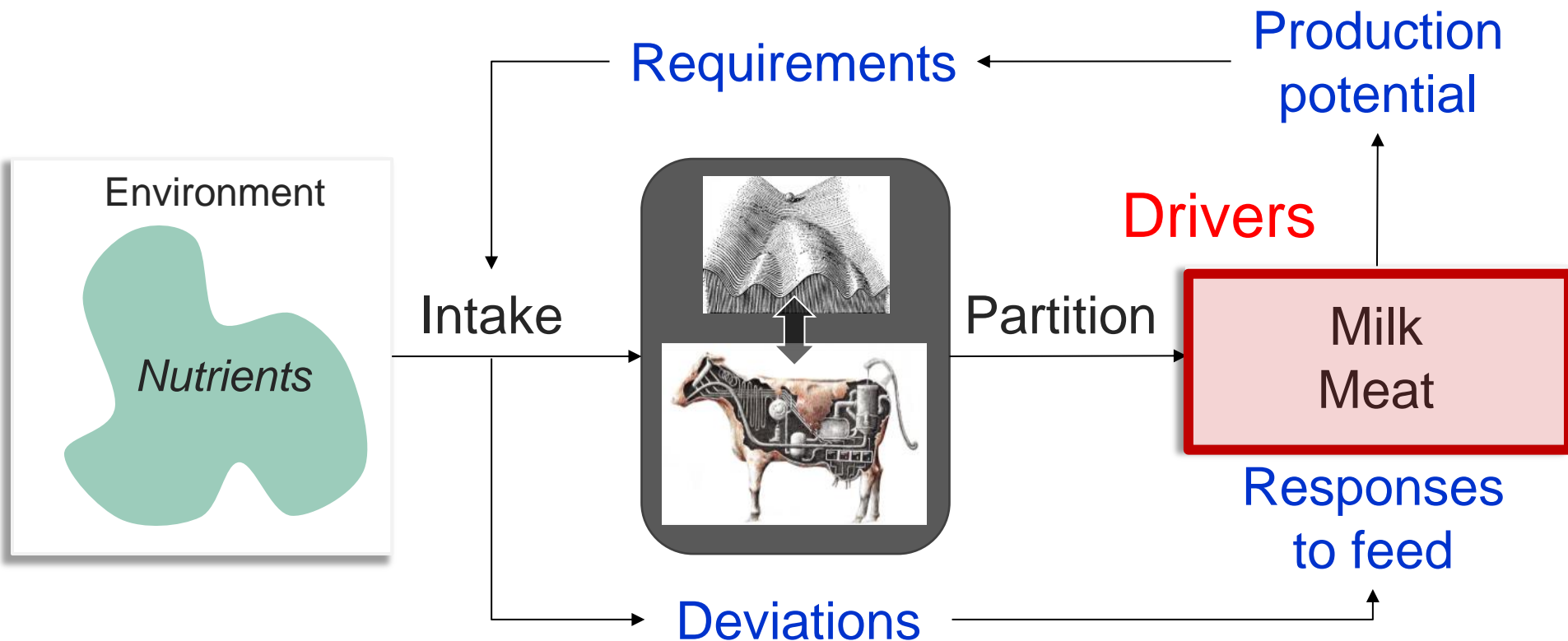


Context

- Change in animal production paradigm
 - efficiency as a key animal trait
- Which efficiency ?
 - Energy | nitrogen
 - Short-term | long-term
- Understanding relationships among efficiencies
 - Potential trade-offs
 - Predicting effects of management & breeding strategies

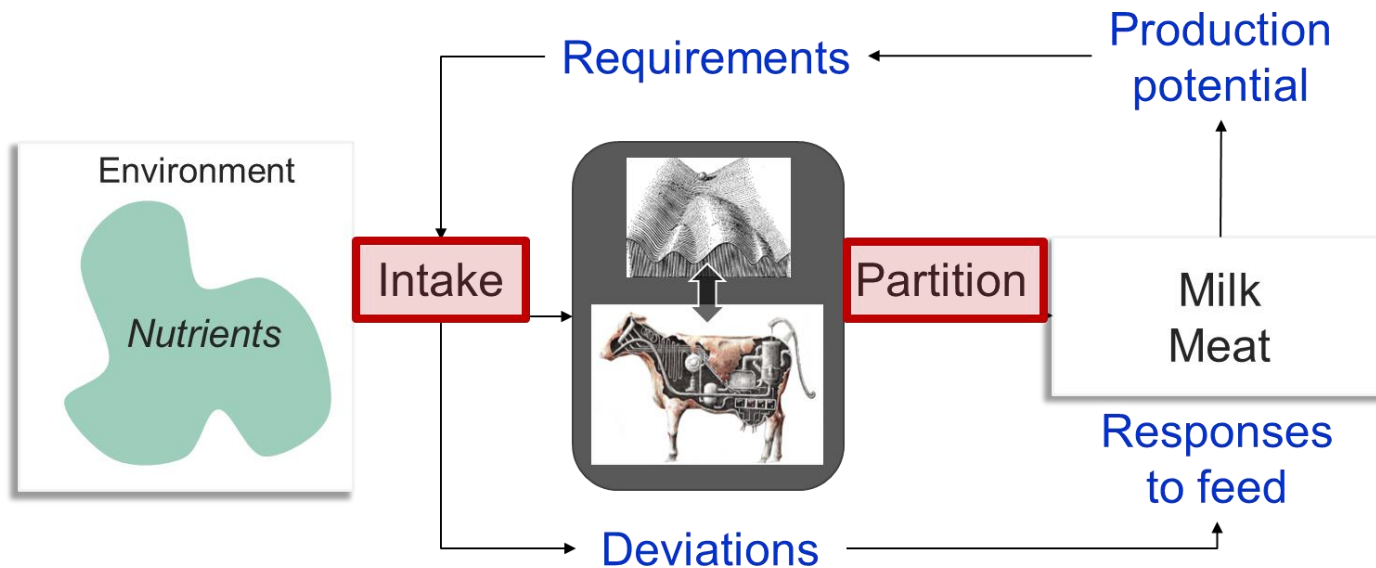
Context

- Efficiency core processes
 - Resource acquisition and allocation
- Using nutrition models to study efficiency components

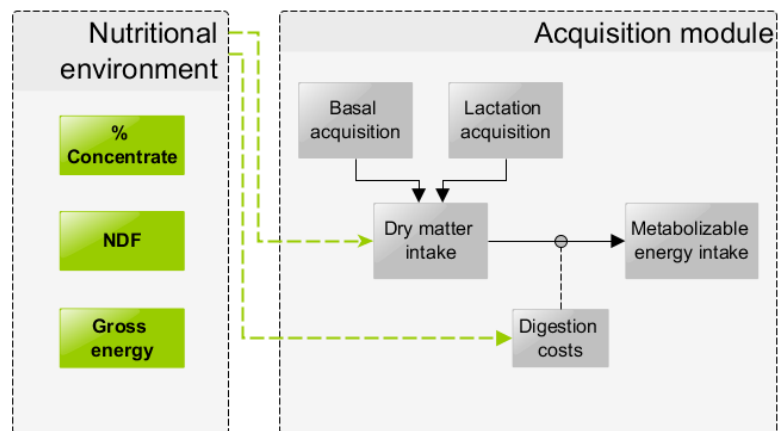


Objective

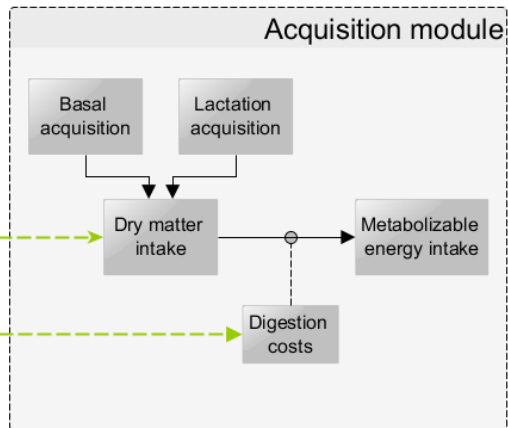
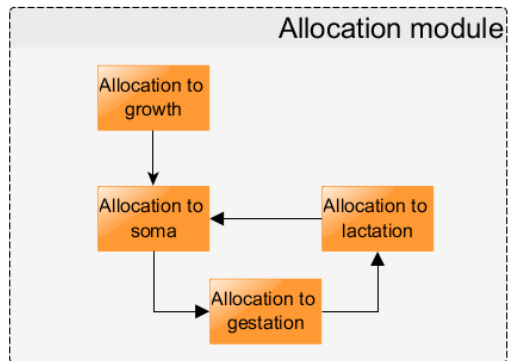
- Developing a animal model with resource allocation and acquisition as **drivers of energy utilization**
- Evaluating the effects of different acquisition and allocation strategies on short and long-term efficiencies



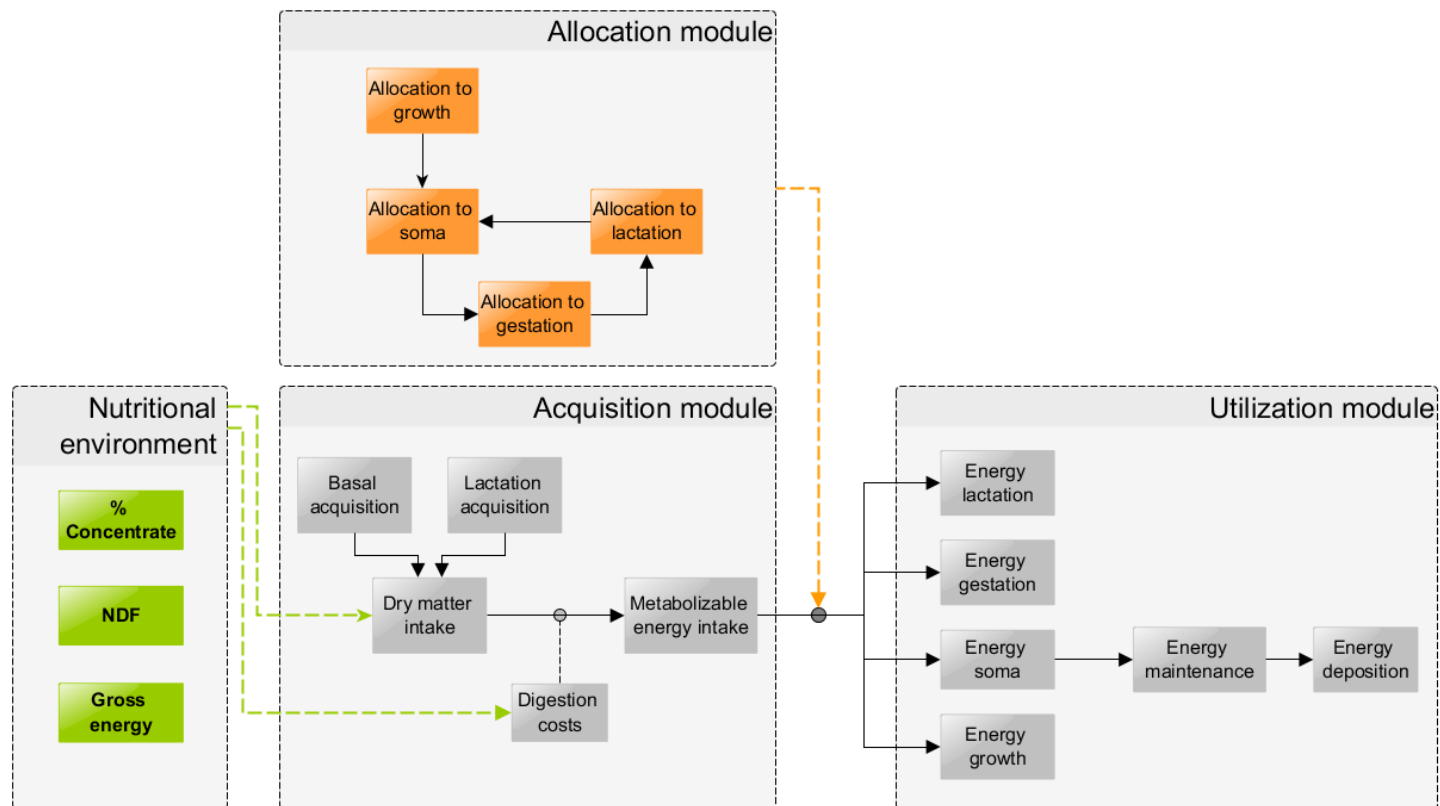
Model description: structure



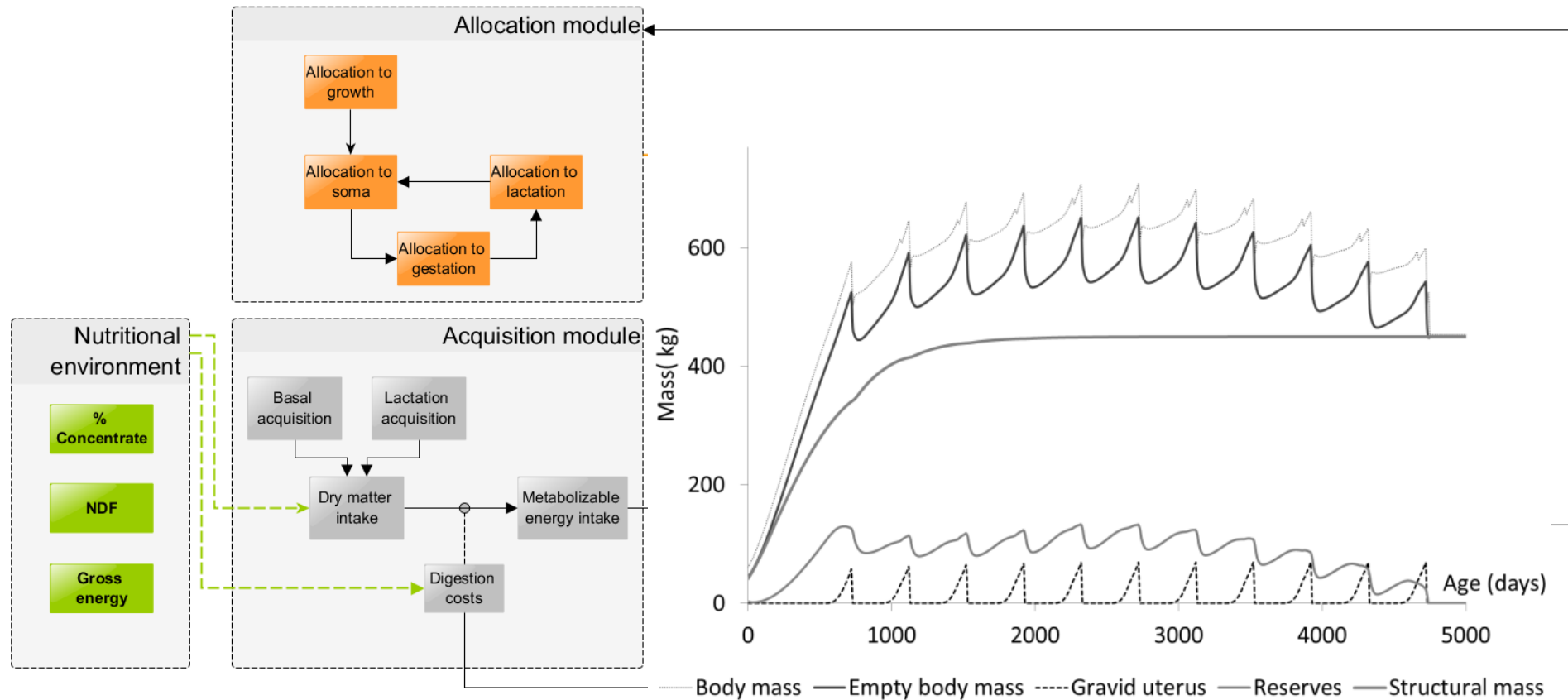
Model description: structure



Model description: structure



Model description: structure



A generic structure, applied for dairy cows

Martin & Sauvant, 2010
Phuong et al., 2015

Model description: simulations

$$\text{Short-term efficiency} = \frac{\sum E_{\text{lactation}}}{\sum E_{\text{intake}}} \quad \text{lactation } n^{\circ 2}$$

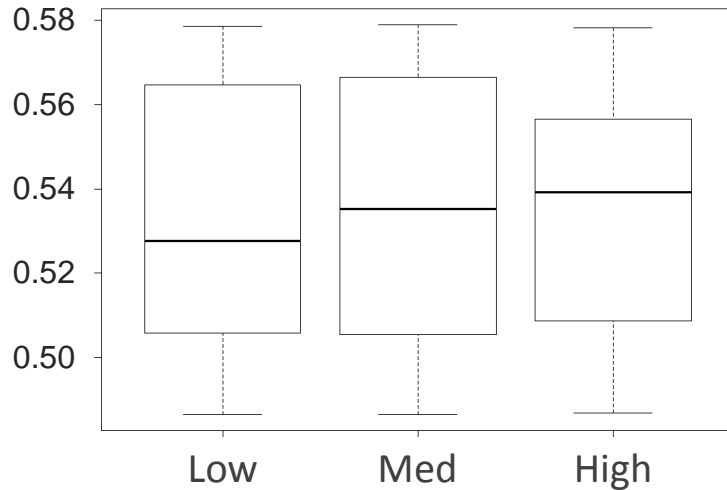
$$\text{Long-term efficiency} = \frac{\sum E_{\text{lactation}}}{\sum E_{\text{intake}}} \quad \text{lifespan}$$

Relative influence of acquisition & allocation on efficiency metrics?

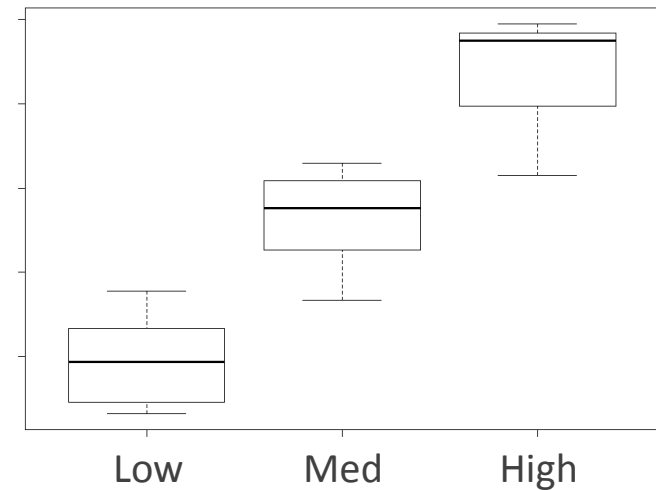
- 4 parameters x 3 levels | 20 replications | $n = 1620$
 - Allocation to growth
 - Allocation to lactation
 - Basal acquisition
 - Lactation acquisition

Results: short-term efficiency

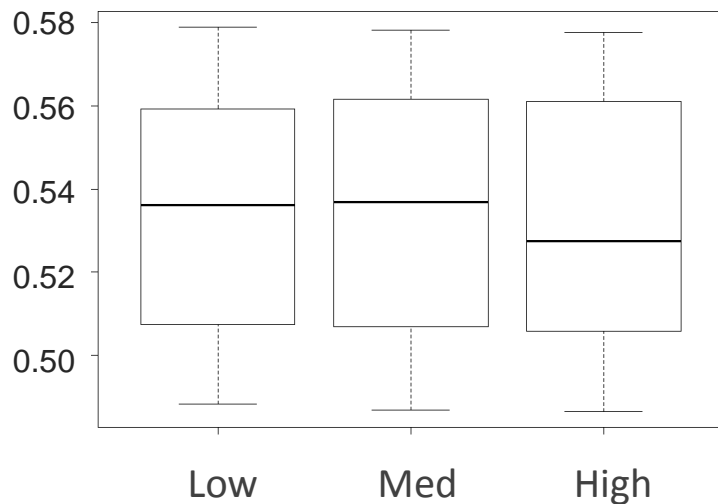
Allocation to growth



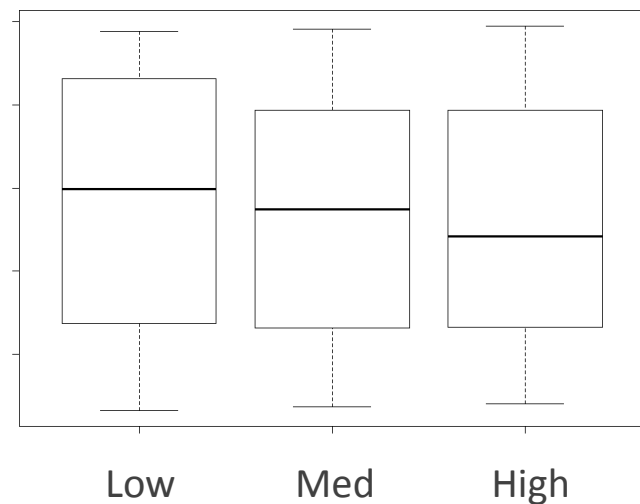
Allocation to lactation



Basal acquisition

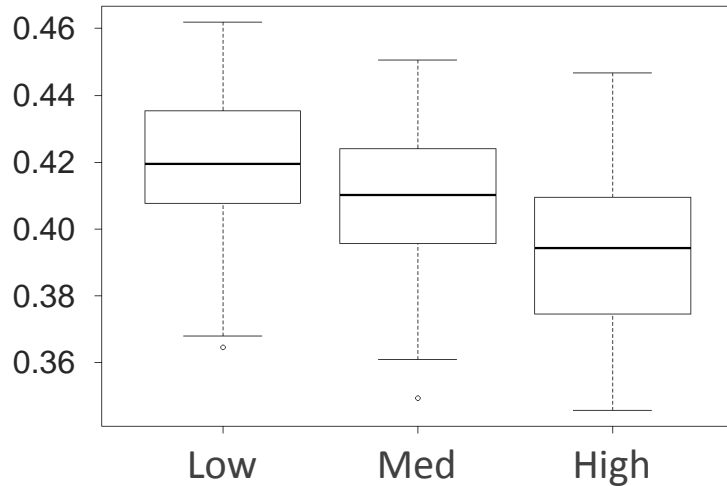


Lactation acquisition

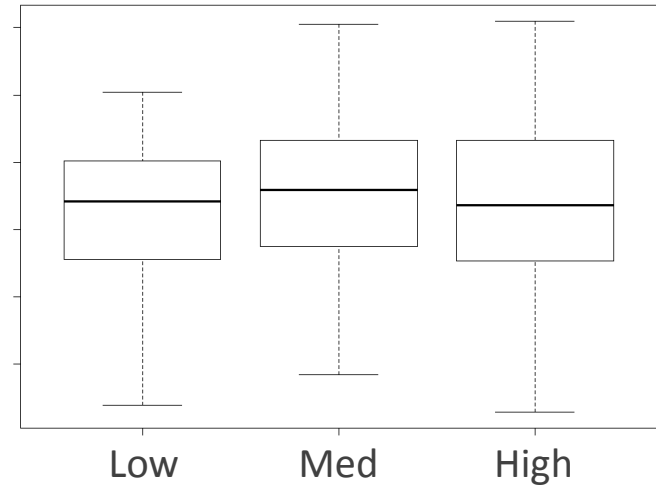


Results: long-term efficiency

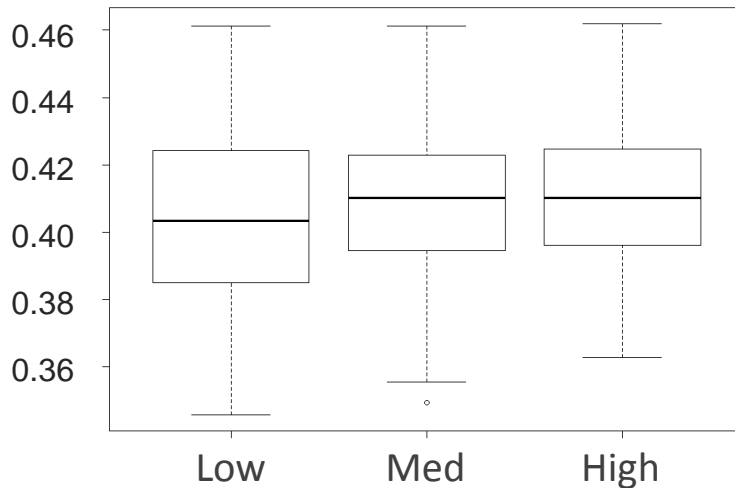
Allocation to growth



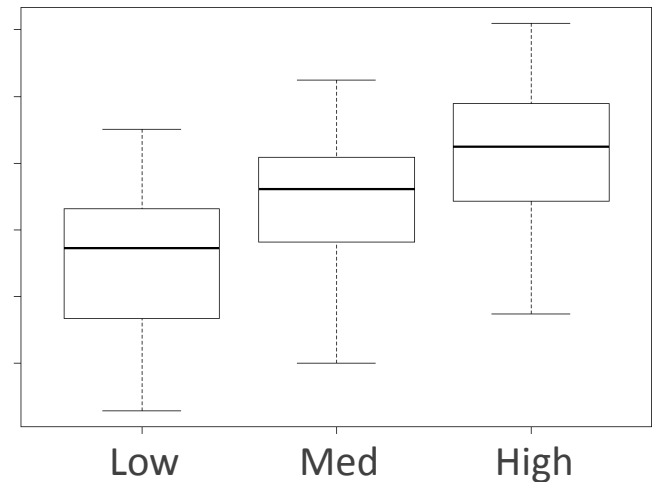
Allocation to lactation



Basal acquisition



Lactation acquisition

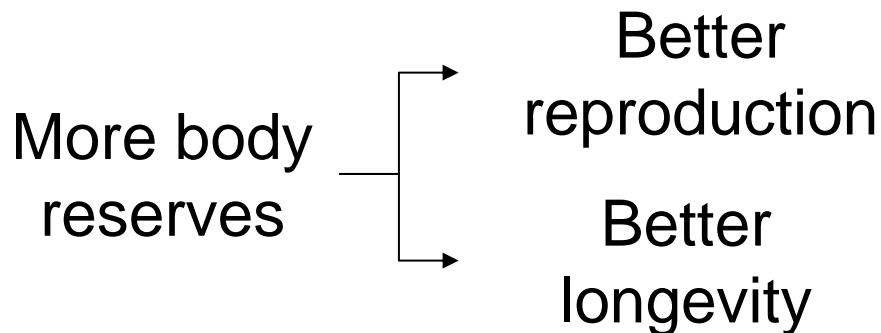


Results: summary

- Short term efficiency is improved by:
 - A high allocation of energy to lactation
 - *A low competition of gestation @ end of lactation*

$$\text{Short-term efficiency} = \frac{\sum E_{\text{lactation}}}{\sum E_{\text{intake}}} \text{ lactation n}^{\circ}2$$

- Long term efficiency is improved by:
 - A low allocation of energy to growth
 - A high acquisition of energy during lactation



$$\text{Long-term efficiency} = \frac{\sum E_{\text{lactation}}}{\sum E_{\text{intake}}} \text{ lifespan}$$

Conclusion

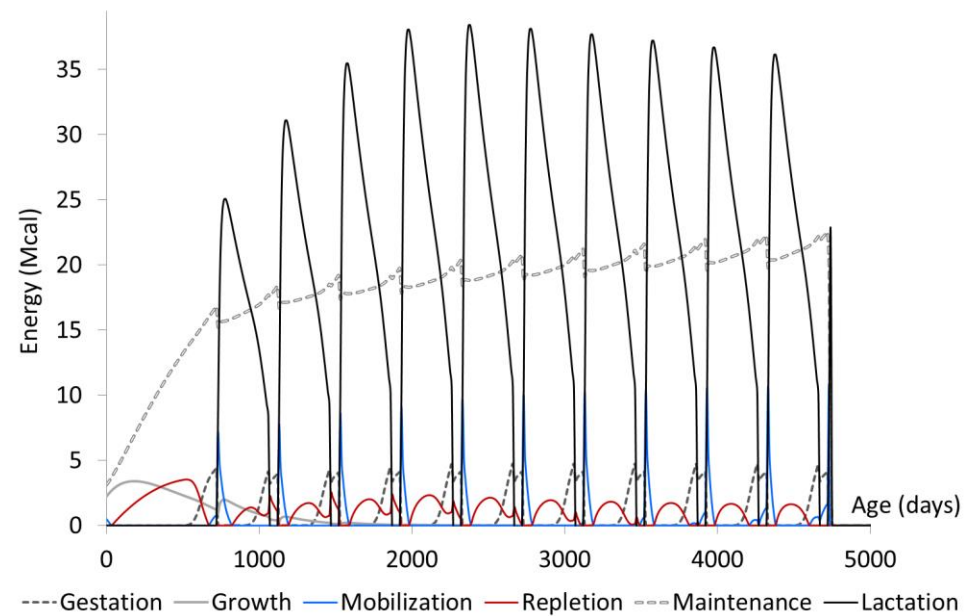
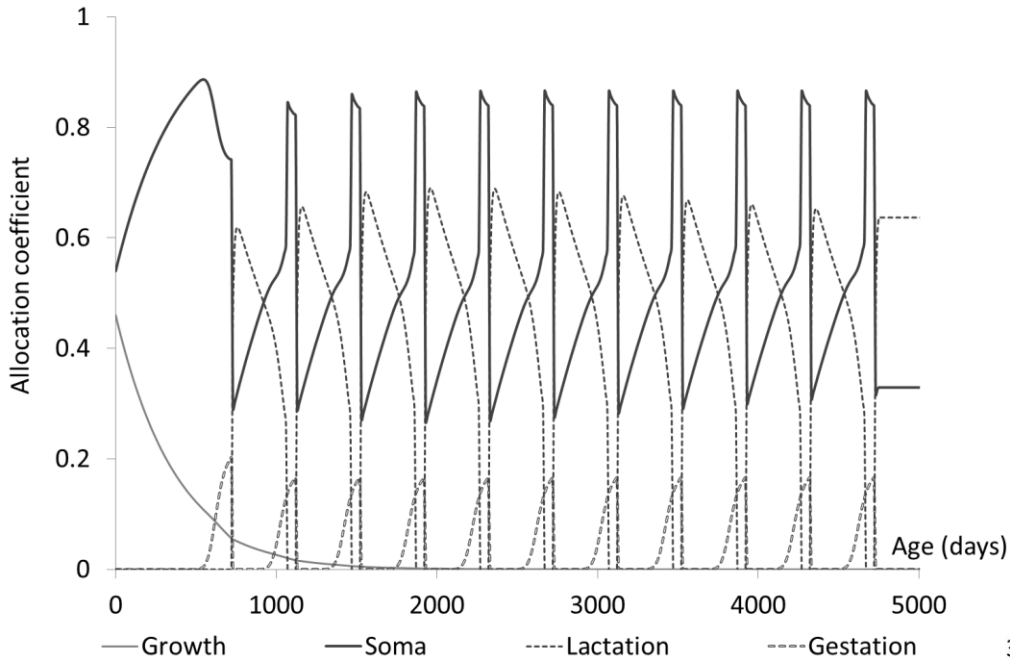
- So what ?
 - Proof of concept → animal model with acquisition & allocation as inputs
 - Different drivers of short & long-term efficiencies
 - Different management & selection effects
- What's next ?
 - G correlations in acquisition and allocation parameters
 - Structural mass and basal acquisition
 - Acquisition and allocation in a limiting environment
 - G x E

Thanks for your attention



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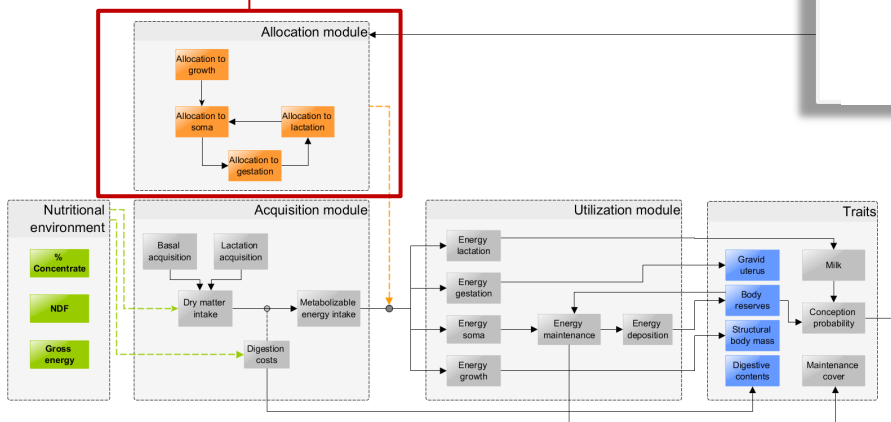
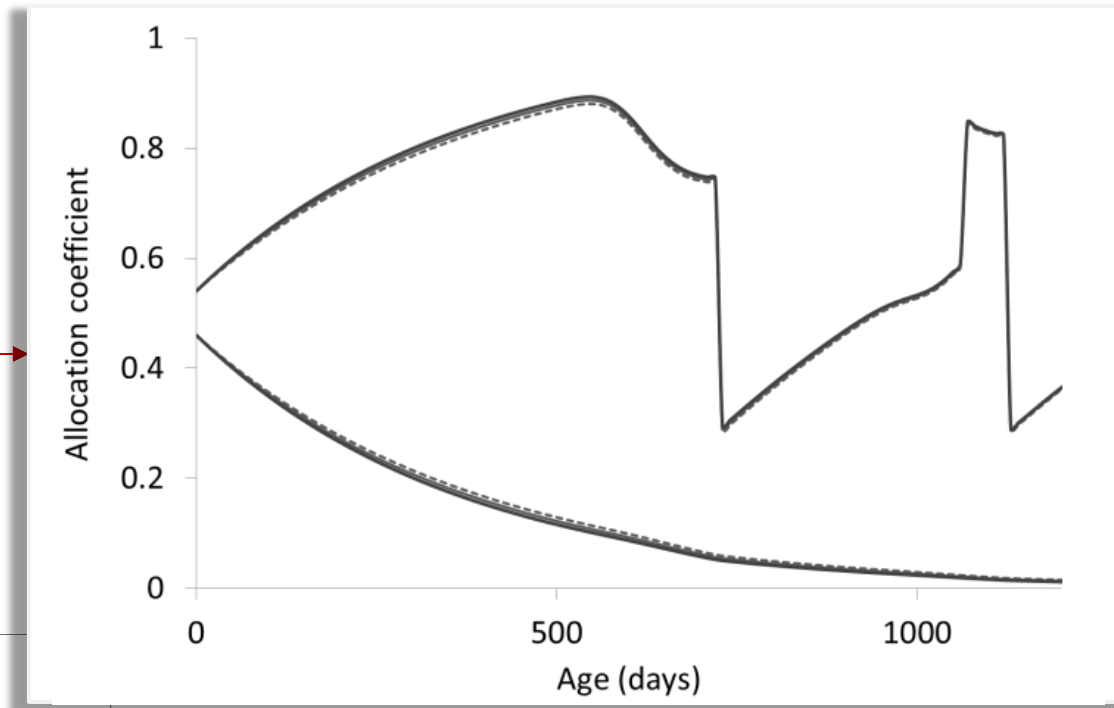
Model description: outputs



Simulations: design of experiments

- 4 parameters x 3 levels | 20 replications | $n = 1620$

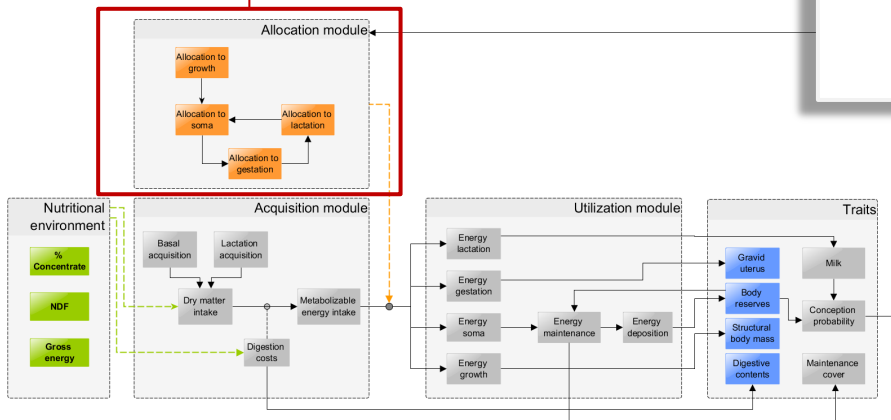
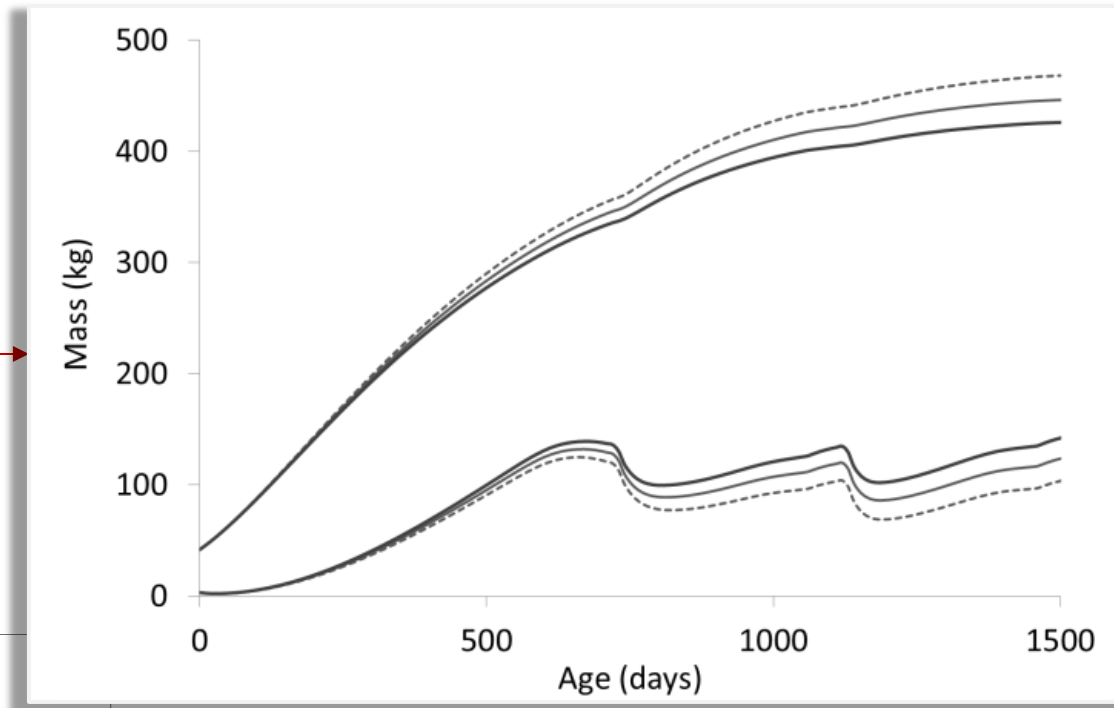
Parameter 1:
allocation to growth



Simulations: design of experiments

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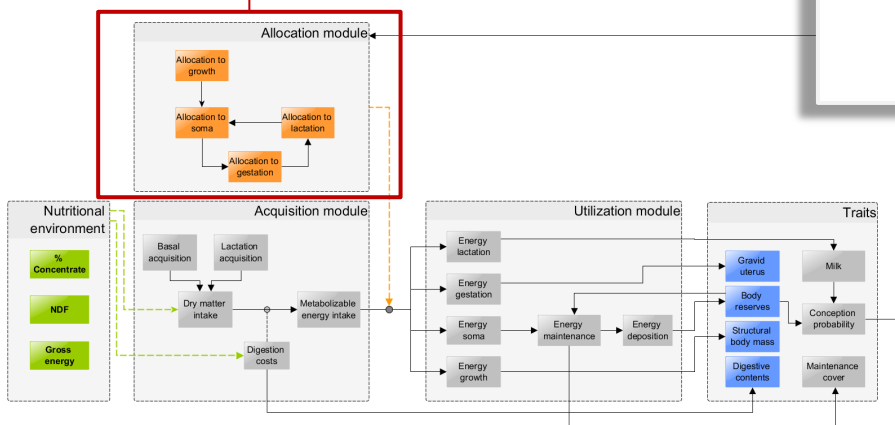
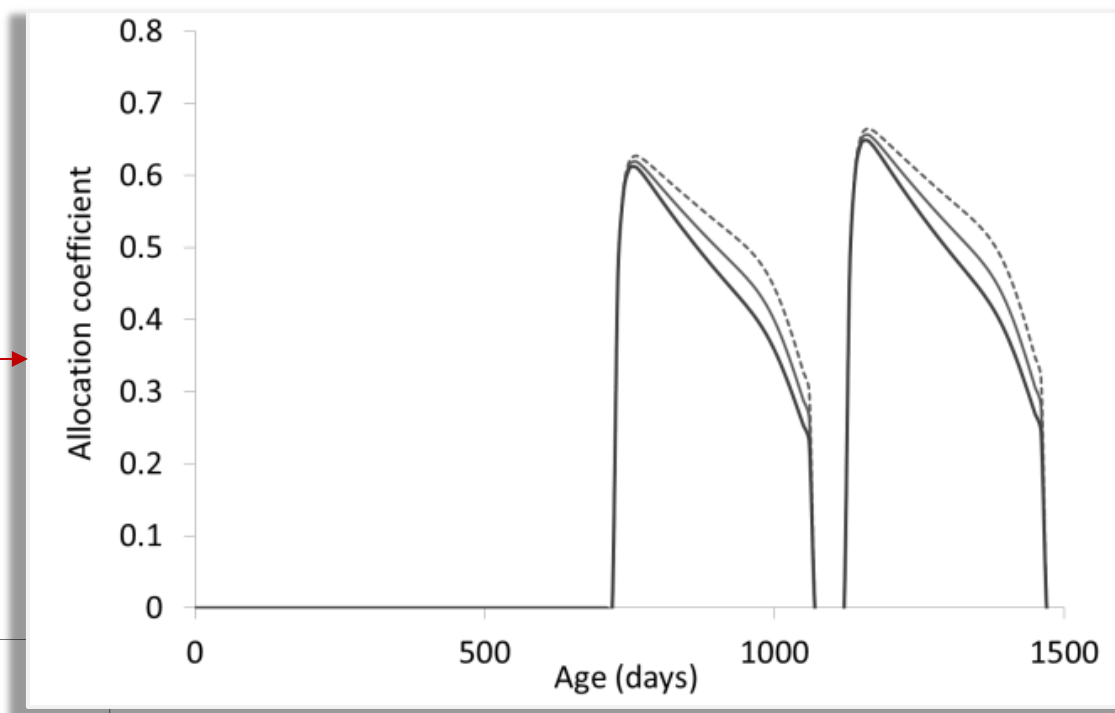
Parameter 1:
allocation to growth



Simulations: design of experiments

- 4 parameters x 3 levels | 20 replications | $n = 1620$

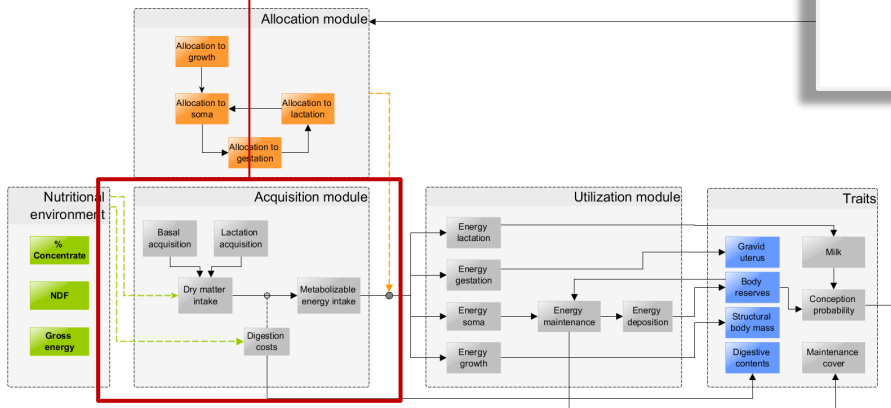
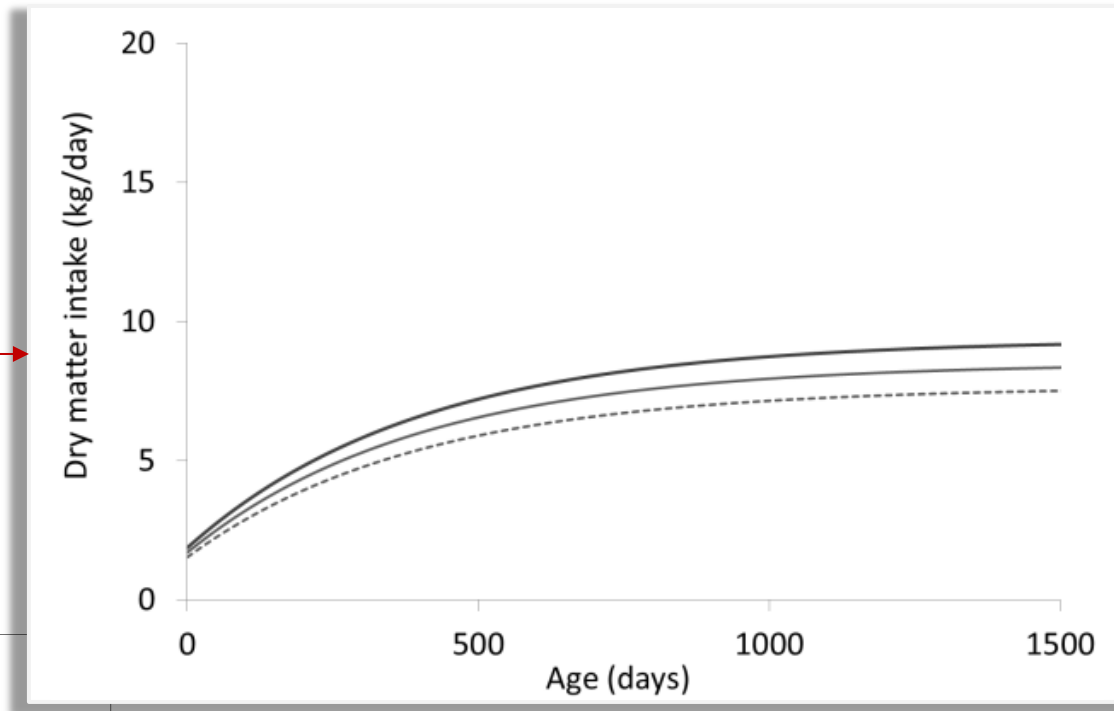
Parameter 2:
allocation to lactation



Simulations: design of experiments

- 4 parameters x 3 levels | 20 replications | $n = 1620$

Parameter 3:
basal acquisition



Simulations: design of experiments

- 4 parameters x 3 levels | 20 replications | $n = 1620$

Parameter 4:
lactation acquisition

