



Analysis antibiotic use in dairy sector in The Netherlands

EAAP 2016

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Sales of pharmaceuticals in 2010 in the Netherlands

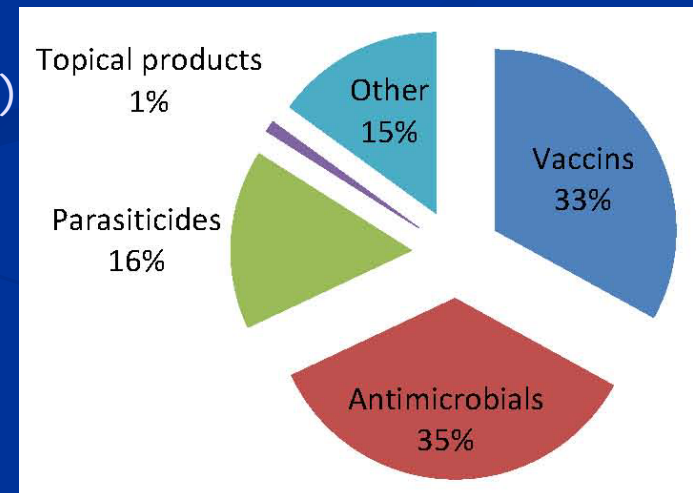
Drugs for human use total: € 6 billion

Comprising 6% antibiotics (€ 360 million)

Veterinary drugs total: € 250 million

Comprising 35% antibiotics (€ 87,5 million)

(>99% for food producing animals)



National projects

2005-2012

Farms from 30 Veterinary practices
also one environmental project group
1-10 dairymen each

Some groups guided, other not

- Total 94 farms



In: J. Dairy Science 99: 1632-1648

ON FARM LEVEL
INDICATION OF MEDICINE
USE

No. daily dosages

Reflects exposure to antibiotics

Definition ADDD

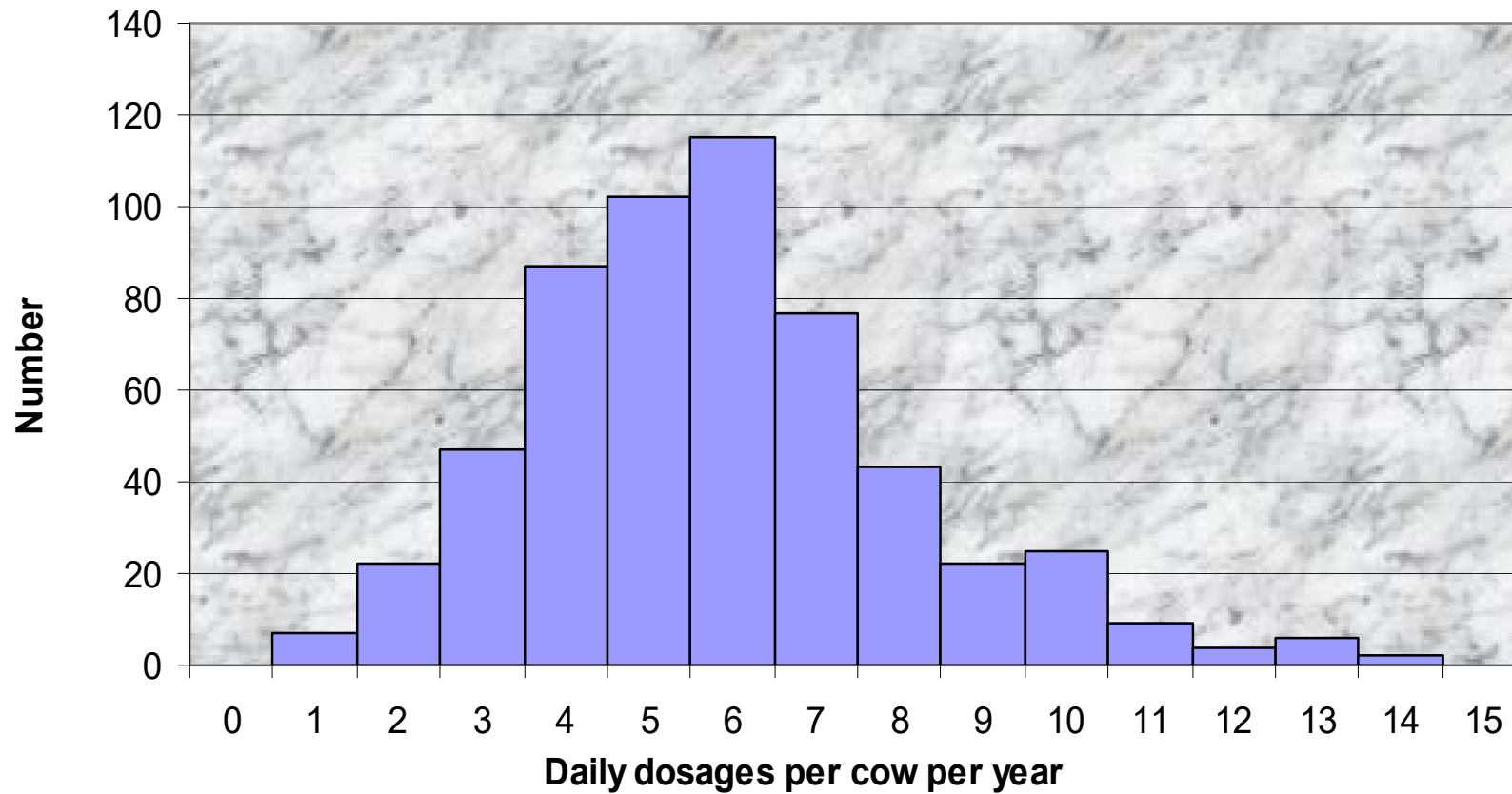
Number of daily dosages per cow per year indicates

how many days per year an average cow in the herd under treatment of antibiotics is

Based on veterinary invoices

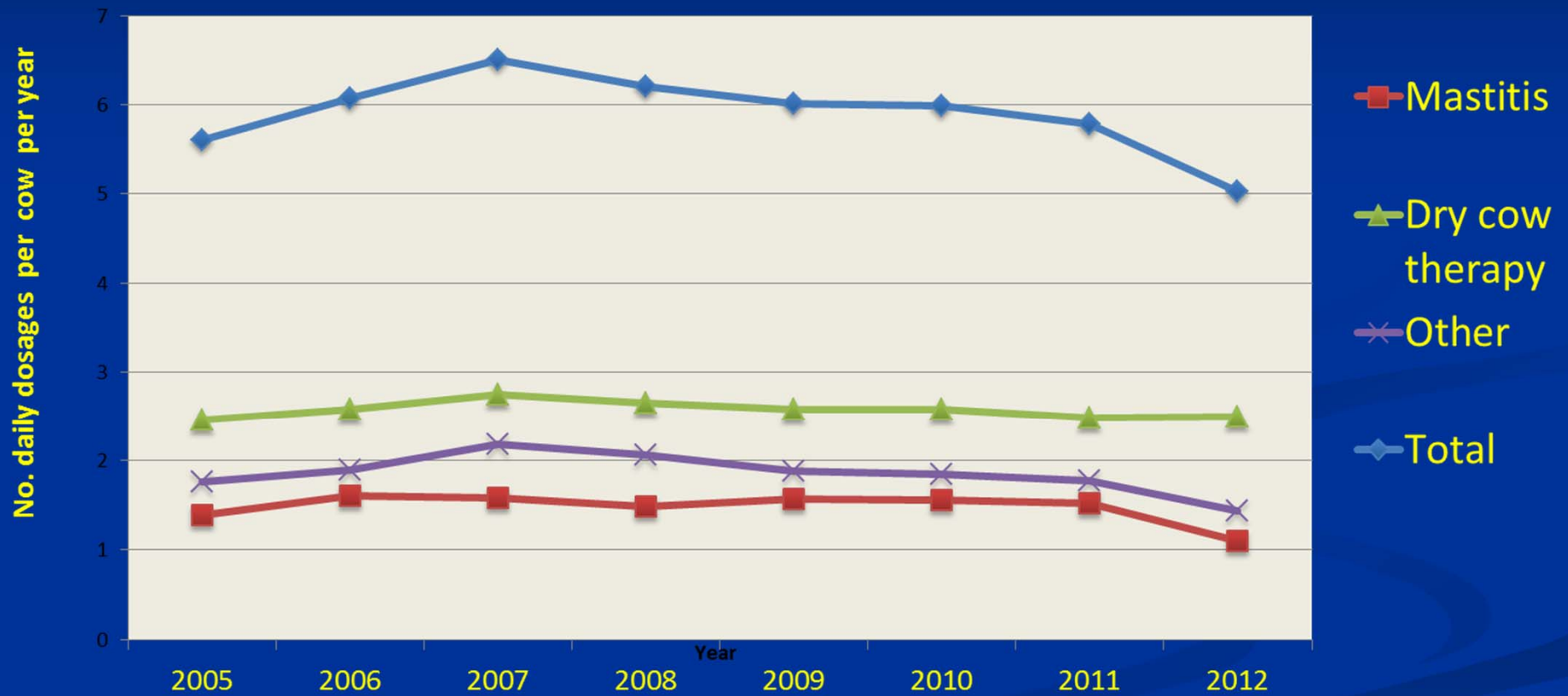
Youngstock is included

Daily dosages on anual basis



Avg.
5.84

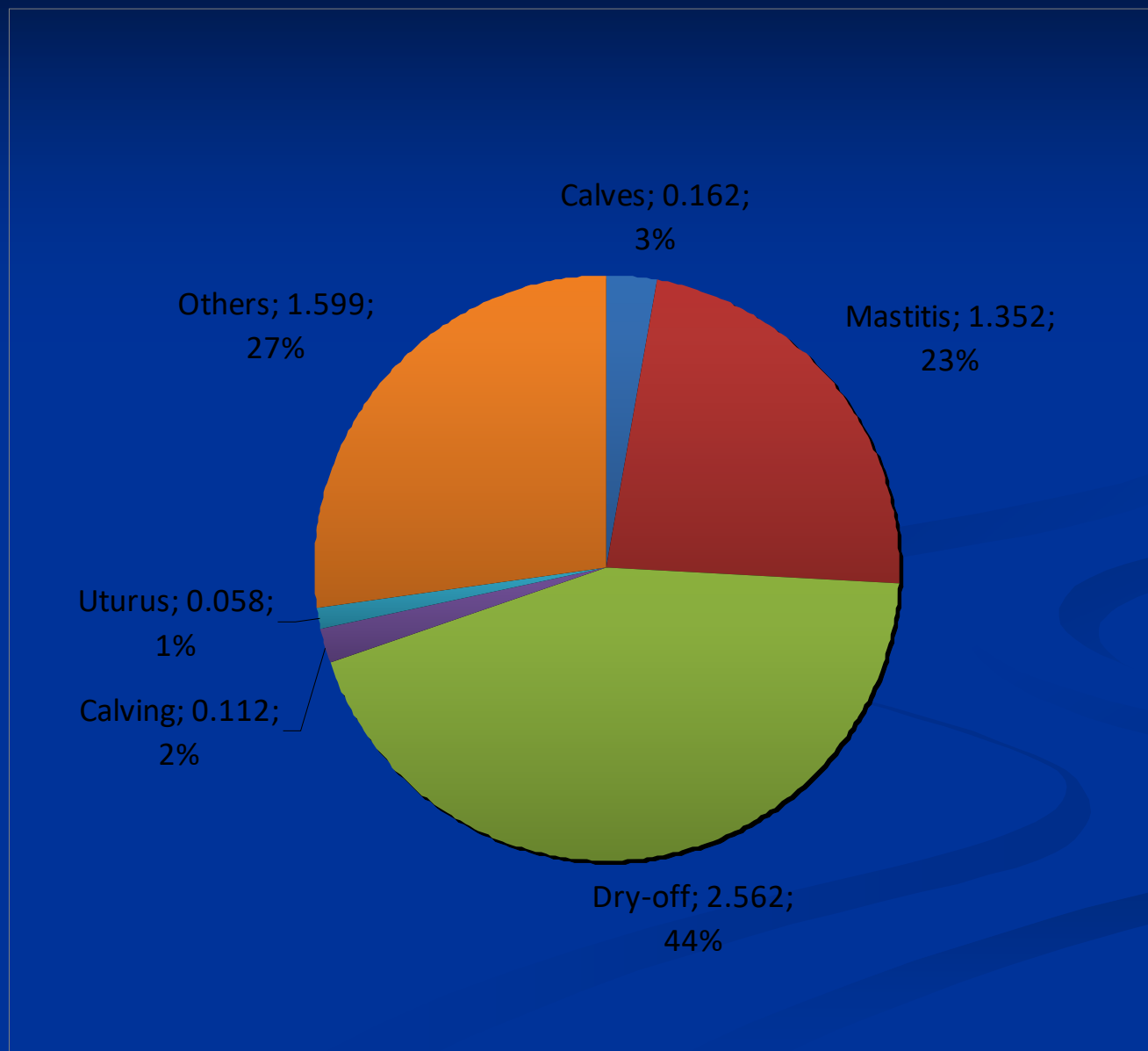
Trend in number daily dosages per cow per year



Trends of guided and not guided groups in period 2005-2012

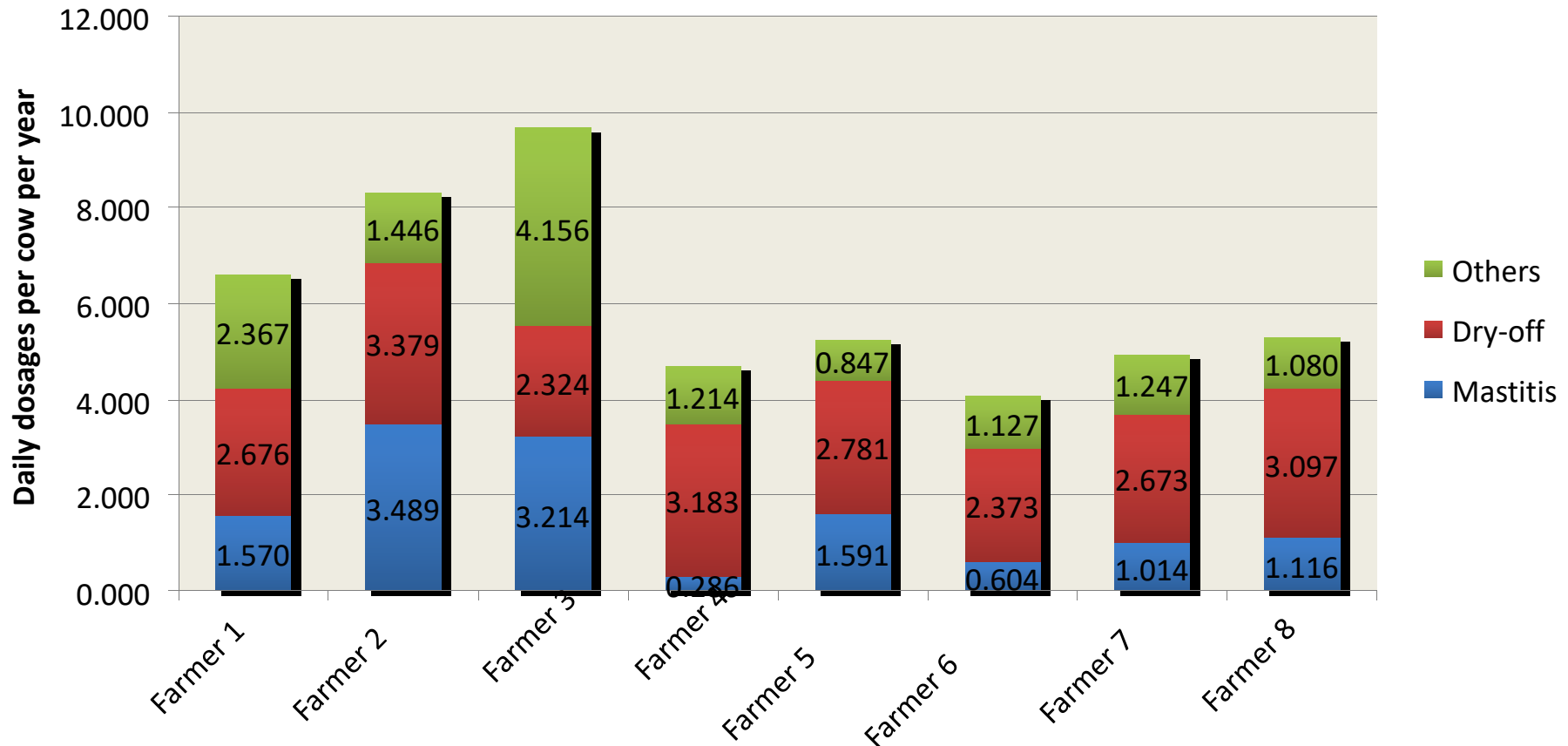


Split up daily dosages in health categories (avg. 8 years)





Split up daily dosages for group of farms (average over 8 years)



Restrictive use 3-4th generation antibiotics

Fluoroquinolones;
3-4th gen Cephalosporines

from 2011 on

| | |
|--|-----|
| 3-4 th generation 2005-2010 | 19% |
| 2011 | 17% |
| 2012 | 1% |

Netherlands Veterinary Authority

2010

Execution of national policies;

Board and expert team independent;

Data from all farms are collected;

They assign benchmarks; advised to focus on reduction of antimicrobial resistance in stead of reduction in use

Goal: - 50% use in 2013 compared to 2009

Three groups of antibiotics:

- for animal use
- restricted use
- No, unless

Communication

Signaling threshold and action threshold values

- on cow herd level

Communication via Dairy companies' milk quality scheme

- on veterinarian level

One-to-one relation

Communication via Veterinary organisations' quality system

First overview of veterinarian applications in 2014

| | Number veterinarians | Mean use | P90 | P90/P10 |
|-------------|----------------------|----------|------|---------|
| Veal calves | 135 | 12.3 | 25.4 | 33 |
| Pigs | 285 | 7.0 | 12.1 | 7 |
| Broilers | 89 | 12.2 | 25.7 | - |
| Dairy cows | 790 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 2.4 |

Reductions achieved

| | Reduction in use (ADDD) 2015/2009 |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Veal calves | 35% |
| Pigs | 56% |
| Broilers | 60% |
| Dairy cows | 47% |

Study:

Farms increasing and decreasing in use

| | | Daily dosages | | |
|-------|------------|---------------|------|------|
| | | 2005 - 2010 | 2011 | 2012 |
| Farms | decreasing | 7,23 | 5,09 | 4,30 |
| | increasing | 4,72 | 5,89 | 5,72 |

Do farm and farmer characteristics influence the amount of antibiotics used?

Data collected:

Farm and herd: 28 characteristics

- Production level; health; cell count; grazing

Farmer: socio-economic factors

- relation to veterinarian, to others

- attitude towards treatment of cow health problems

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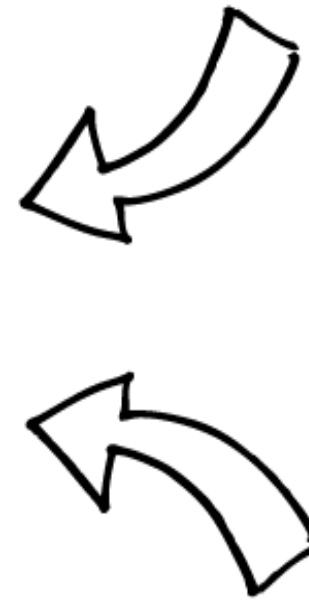
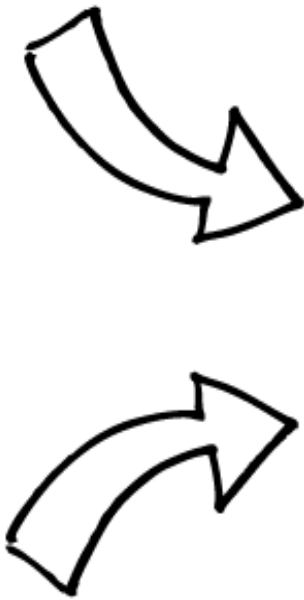
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Influence of farm technical indicators (59 farms)

| Antibiotics indicator | Farm factors of influence | Relation | R ² |
|----------------------------|---|-------------------|----------------|
| Number daily dosages total | Quota Cell count Health status | + - + | 0,39 |
| Daily dosages mastitis | Number of cows Quota Access to pasture | - + - | 0,28 |
| Daily dosages dry-off | Cellcount Calving interval Health status | - -0,50 - + | 0,46 |
| Daily dosages other | Quota Milk cows Young stock/10 mk % cows removed | + - + - | 0,36 |

Higher Education

Higher Health Status Herd



Younger Farmer

Higher Milk Return Per Cow



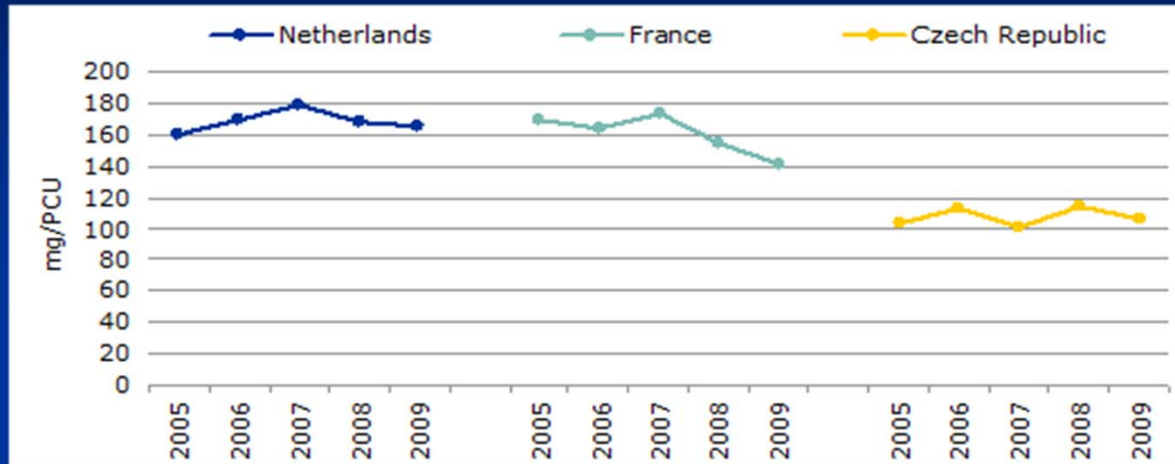
Lower Celcount

Conclusions

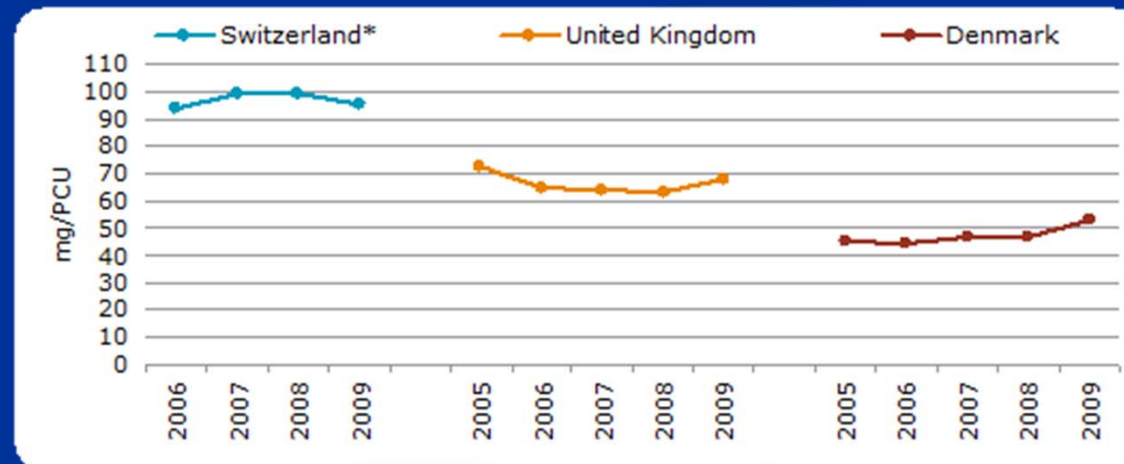
- Wide variation in use
- More than 65% of antibiotics to udder
- Trade off between level cell count and level antibiotics use
- Antibiotics use partly explained by farm characteristics
- Awareness raising of farmer and veterinarian successful in lowering use
- Policies and regulation affected use also significantly



Total sales NL and other countries (EMA, 2011)



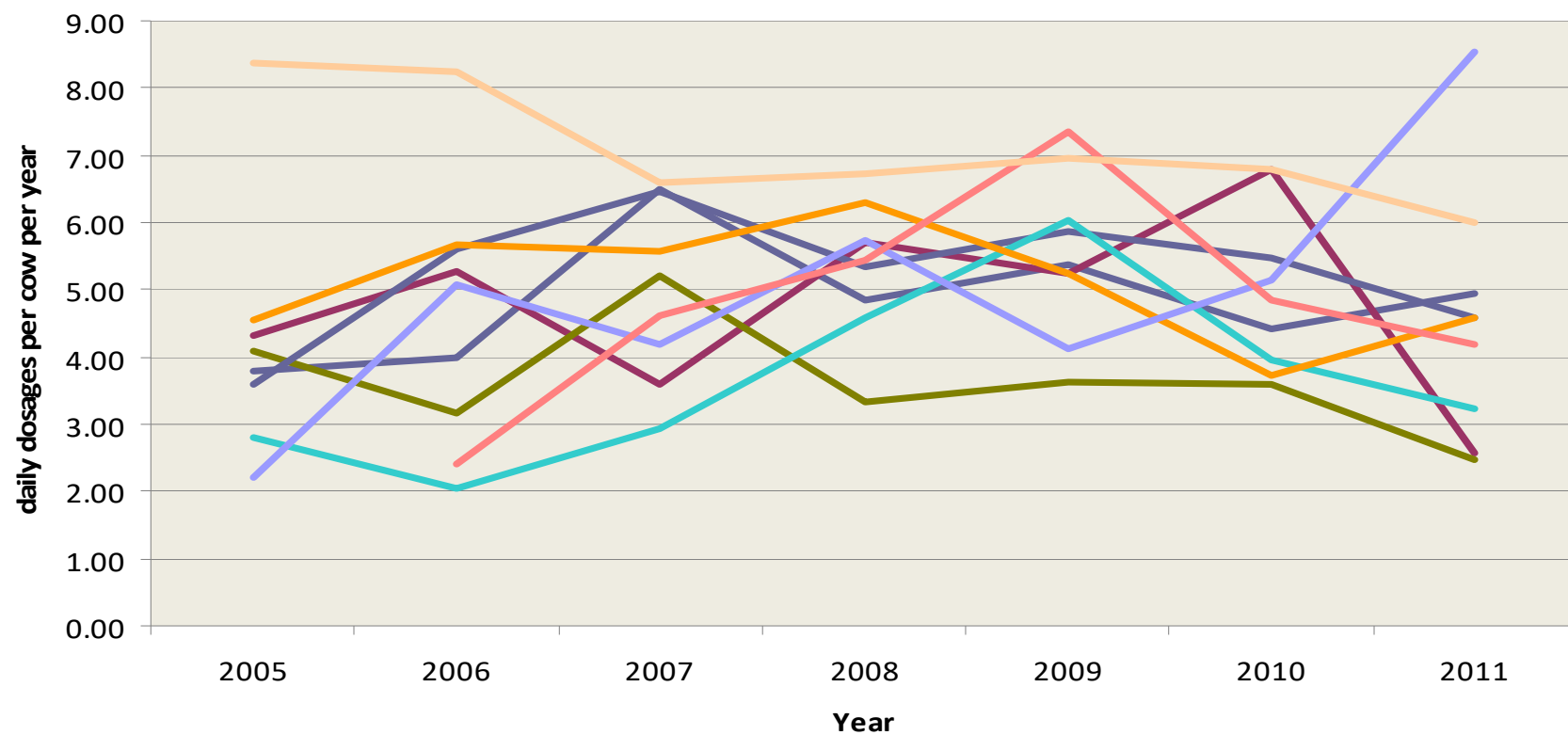
Note the differences



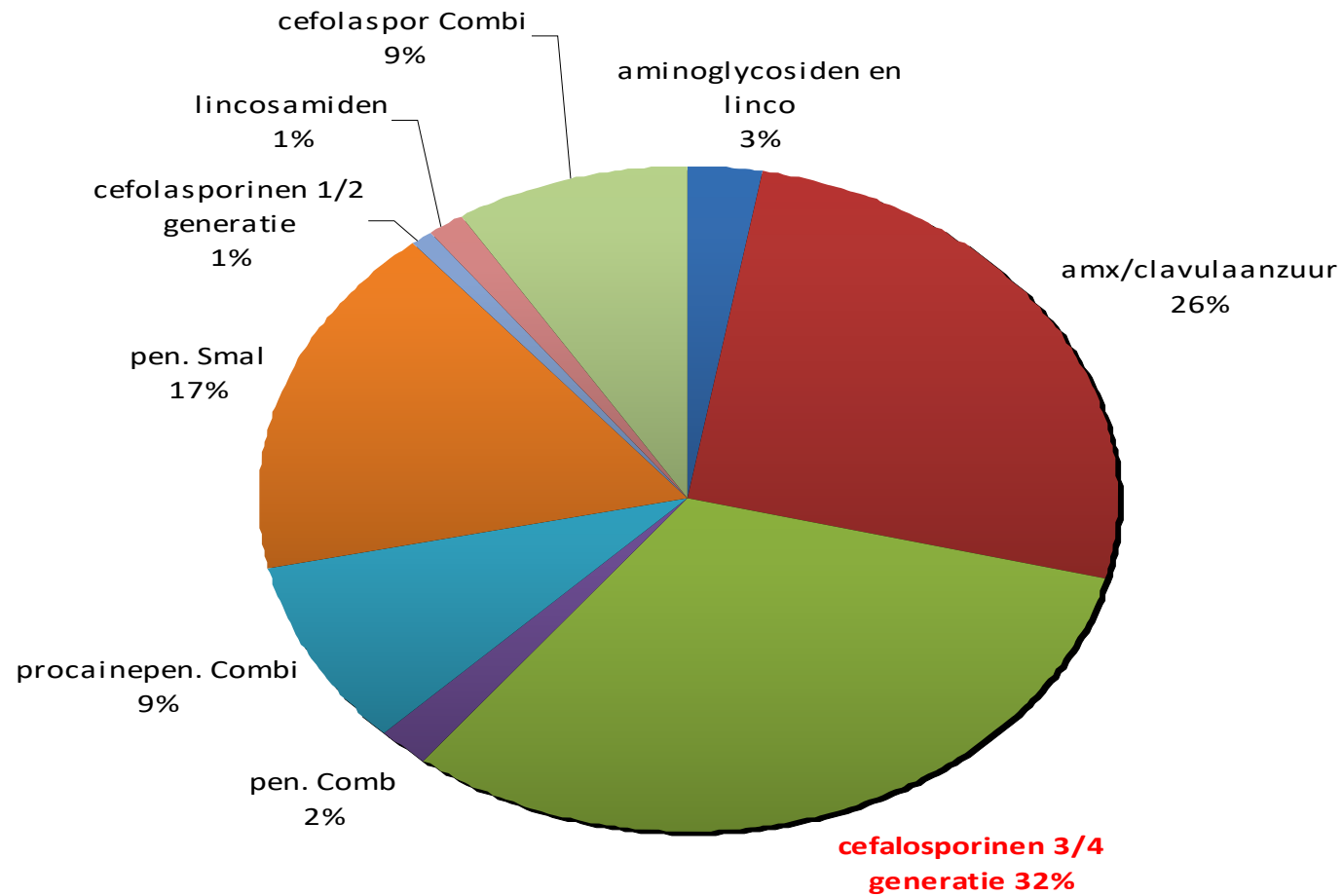
Influence social-economic factors (39 farms)

| Antibiotics indicator | | SO factors of influence | Relation | R ² |
|----------------------------|--|---|----------|----------------|
| Number daily dosages total | | | | |
| Daily dosages mastitis | | | | |
| Daily dosages dry-off | | Relation to veterinarian | + | 0,5-0,6 |
| Daily dosages other | | | | |

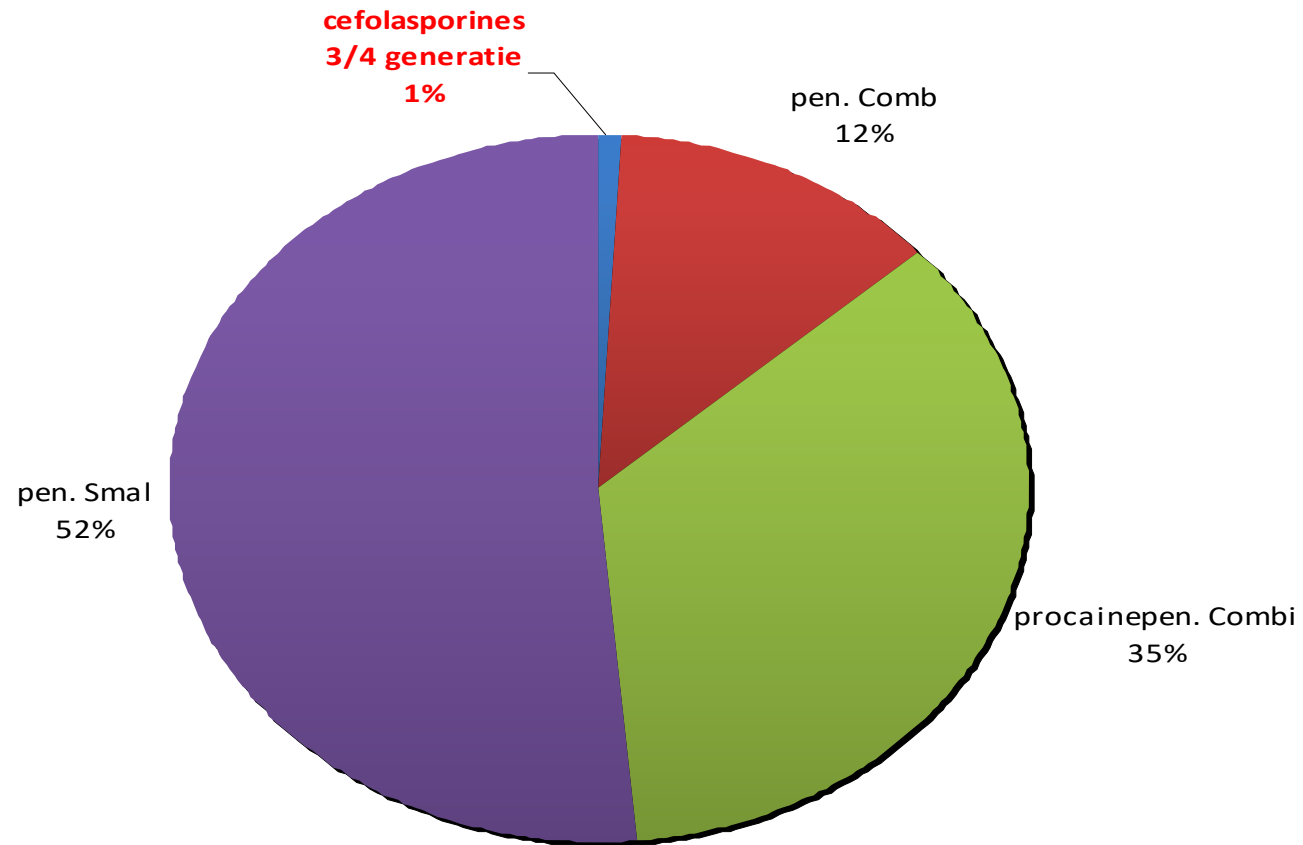
Trend daily dosages per cow year in veterinary practice Oosterwolde



Daily dosages mastitis split up in active substance (2005-2011)



Daily dosages dry-off split up in active substance (2005-2011)



Daily dosages other split up in active substance (2005-2011)

