Test-Day single-step genomic evaluation using APY algorithm

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Introduction

 Number of genotyped animals has increased rapidly creating computational challenges for genomic evaluation

• The APY algorithm for core and young animals is one approach to overcome the challenges



Aims

 We compared the single-step BLUP (ssGBLUP) using APY algorithm and regular ssGBLUP for the joint Nordic Red dairy cattle (RDC) evaluations for milk, protein, and fat using test-day model





Materials and methods



Nordic NAV RDC test-day (TD) data December 2015

~4 million cows with a total of 90 million records

- 5.4 million animals in pedigree
- 230 million equations
- Multiple trait multi-lactation models:
 - Production evaluation
 - Milk, protein and fat 305d yield (G)EBVs for all animals



Genotype data

- 56 017 genotyped RDC animals with 46 914 SNPs
 - 38 477 cows and heifers
 - »21 170 cows with TD records
 - 17 540 bulls and bull calves
 - »5 925 reference bulls



H-matrix in ssGBLUP

$$\mathbf{H}^{-1} = \mathbf{A}^{-1} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \tau((1 - w)\mathbf{G} + w\mathbf{A}_{22})^{-1} - \omega\mathbf{A}_{22}^{-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

3 PARAMETERS w, τ and ω in $\tau G_w^{-1} - \omega A_{22}^{-1}$

where $\mathbf{G}_{w} = (1-w)\mathbf{G} + w\mathbf{A}_{22}$

w is proportion of polygenic effect not accounted by the SNPs

- SS1: τ =1.0 and ω =1.0 and w=0.05
- SS2: τ =1.0 and ω =0.7 and w=0.05

 G^{-1}_{APY} with Core= reference bulls in full TD data + cows born < 2012 (N=16859)

APY1: $\tau = 1.0$ and $\omega = 1.0$ and w = 0.00

APY2: τ =1.0 and ω =1.0 and w=0.05



- Solutions via PCG iteration
 - matrix vector product A₂₂⁻¹d₂ without ever making the A₂₂ matrix → save memory and computing time
 - (see Strandén et al. EAAP 2016)





Validation set up



Full TD run included all observations

1) Full data → EBV_F

Reduced run – data until December 2011

(4 years of observations removed)

2) Reduced data $\rightarrow EBV_{R}$ (PA) and $GEBV_{R}$



For validation

- 1. Effective record contributions (ERC) calculated
- 2. Deregressed bull EBVs (DRP) from the EBV_F for Milk, Protein, Fat
- 3. Validation bulls
 - no daughters with observations in reduced data
 - had ERC > 3 in the full TD data
 - → 626 validation bulls



Correlations of protein GEBVs for the reference bulls

EBV	SS1	SS2	APY1	APY2	APY3
EBV	0.994	0.996	0.993	0.994	0.996
SS1		0.998	0.999	0.999	0.998
SS2			0.998	0.998	0.999
APY1				0.999	0.998
APY2					0.998
SS1: w=0.05;	SS2: τ=1.0 and ω=0.7 and w=0.05;				0
APY1: basic APY;	APY2: w=0.05;				Luke
APY3: τ=1.0 and ω	υ=0.7 and w=0.05		© Natural Resources Institute Finland		NATURAL RESOURCES

Validation results for bulls n=626

	Milk		Protein		Fat	
	b ₁	R ²	b ₁	R ²	b ₁	R ²
PA	0.93	0.34	0.85	0.28	0.75	0.28
SS1	0.57	0.37	0.47	0.30	0.53	0.36
SS2	0.97	0.44	0.81	0.35	0.83	0.40
APY1	0.56	0.36	0.46	0.30	0.52	0.36
APY2	0.57	0.36	0.46	0.30	0.52	0.36
APY3	0.97	0.44	0.81	0.35	0.82	0.40

SS1: w=0.05; SS2: τ =1.0 and ω =0.7 and w=0.05;

APY1: basic APY; APY2: w=0.05;



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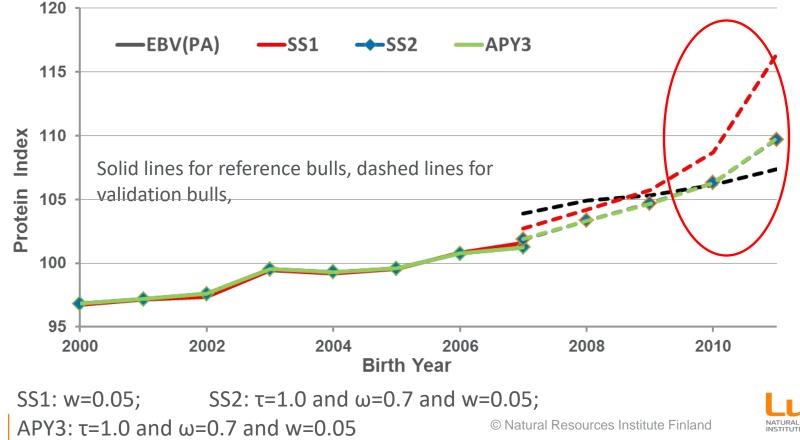
SS1: w=0.05; SS2: τ =1.0 and ω =0.7 and w=0.05;

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Trends for protein (G)EBVs reference and validation bulls 120 —EBV(PA) **—**SS1 **---**SS2 -APY3 115 Index 110 Solid lines for reference bulls, dashed lines for Protein validation bulls, 105 100 95 2000 2002 2004 2006 2008 2010 **Birth Year** SS1: w=0.05; SS2: τ =1.0 and ω =0.7 and w=0.05; APY3: $\tau = 1.0$ and $\omega = 0.7$ and w = 0.05

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Trends for protein (G)EBVs – reference and validation bulls



Discussion



- APY works as well as regular ssGBLUP in the TD ssGBLUP
- For reference bulls GEBVs are ~ same (correlation almost one)
- In validation APY gives similar results compared to regular ssGBLUP



Discussion



- However,
 - To minimize bias in validation, it is neccessary to consider the right weighting factors also in APY
 - Using only polygenic fraction w in **G** is not enough
 - $-\omega$ seems to affect the bias considerably
 - corrects also the overestimation of the genetic trend



Acknowledgements

Phenotypic and Genomic data NAV Nordic Cattle Genetic Evaluation,

Support:

Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry Finland, NAV, Viking Genetics, FABA Coop and Valio Ltd







Thank you!



