

# Genetic parameters of body weight and body measurements of Austrian dairy cattle

C. Pfeiffer<sup>1</sup>. B. Fuerst-Waltl<sup>1</sup>. F. Steininger<sup>2</sup> and C. Egger-Danner<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Division of Livestock Science. Department of Sustainable Agricultural Systems. University of Natural Resources and Life Sciences Vienna (BOKU). Gregor-Mendel-Str. 33. 1180 Vienna. Austria

<sup>2</sup> ZuchtData EDV-Dienstleistungen GmbH. Dresdner Str. 89/19. 1200 Vienna. Austria

# Background (I)

- Increasing interest of efficiency
- New phenotypes
  - Easy and cheap to record on farm
  - **Big challenge**
- Ways for genetic improvement of efficiency for cattle breeding under Austrian circumstances



# Background (II)

- Project „Efficient Cow“
  - Recording of new phenotypes
- Body weight as a potential trait?
  - Promising?
  - Recording on farm?
  - Repeatability?
  - Auxiliary traits?



# Objectives



- Estimation of heritabilities, repeatabilities, and genetic correlations between body weight and various body measurements of different Austrian cattle populations



# Materials & methods (I)



- Traits
  - Body weight (**BW**)
  - Waist length (**WL**)
  - Chest length (**CL**)
  - Muscularity (**MU**)
  - Body condition score (**BCS**)



# Materials & methods (II)



## ■ Populations

- 3,512 Fleckvieh cows (**FV** - Dual purpose Simmental)
- 1,385 Brown Swiss cows (**BS**)
- 1,187 Holstein Friesian cows (**HF**)

## ■ Data selection

- Non-breed gene proportion ( $\leq 50\%$ )
- Days in milk (1 to 320)
- Cows/farm (at least 3)
- Year of calving (2013-2015)



# Materials & methods (IV)

## Model



- Univariate or bivariate linear animal model

$$y_{ijklmnop} = \mu + CY_i + S_j + CAC_k + J_l + JJ_m + JM_n + b_1 (\text{days}) + b_2 (\text{days})^2 + a_o + pe_{np} + e_{ijklmnop}$$

$y$  ... record of BW. WL. CL. MU. BSC of *cow o*

$CY_i$  ... Calving year

days ... days in milk fitted as covariate

$S_j$  ... Calving season

$a_o$  ... Additive genetic effect of cow

$CAC_k$  ... Calving age class

$pe_{np}$  ... Permanent environment

$J_l$  ... Judge

$JJ_m$  ... Year of judgment

$JM_n$  ... Month of judgment

# Results and Discussion (I)

## Mean. STD. minimum. maximum



	Fleckvieh		Brown Swiss		Holstein	
	Mean ± STD	Min-Max	Mean ± STD	Min-Max	Mean ± STD	Min-Max
Body weight kg	729±86	438-1088				
Waist length cm	258±14	192-310				
Chest length cm	213±10	178-260				
Muscularity 1-9	5.7±1.3	1-9				
BCS 1-5	3	1-5				



# Results and Discussion (I)

## Mean. STD. minimum. maximum



	Fleckvieh		Brown Swiss		Holstein	
	Mean ± STD	Min-Max	Mean ± STD	Min-Max	Mean ± STD	Min-Max
Body weight kg	729±86	438-1088	648±76	417-975		
Waist length cm	258±14	192-310	249±12	220-280		
Chest length cm	213±10	178-260	204±9	175-230		
Muscularity 1-9	5.7±1.3	1-9	4.5±1.3	1-9		
BCS 1-5	3±0.5	1-5	3±0.5	1-5		

# Results and Discussion (I)

## Mean. STD. minimum. maximum



	Fleckvieh		Brown Swiss		Holstein	
	Mean $\pm$ STD	Min-Max	Mean $\pm$ STD	Min-Max	Mean $\pm$ STD	Min-Max
Body weight kg	729 $\pm$ 86	438-1088	648 $\pm$ 76	417-975	660 $\pm$ 77	383-945
Waist length cm	258 $\pm$ 14	192-310	249 $\pm$ 12	220-280	254 $\pm$ 13	220-300
Chest length cm	213 $\pm$ 10	178-260	204 $\pm$ 9	175-230	210 $\pm$ 9	180-247
Muscularity 1-9	5.7 $\pm$ 1.3	1-9	4.5 $\pm$ 1.3	1-9	4 $\pm$ 1.5	1-9
BCS 1-5	3 $\pm$ 0.5	1-5	3 $\pm$ 0.5	1-5	3 $\pm$ 0.7	1-5

# Results and Discussion (II)

## Heritabilities and repeatabilities



	Fleckvieh		Brown Swiss		Holstein	
	$h^2$	$r$	$h^2$	$r$	$h^2$	$r$
Body weight kg	0.33±0.04	0.80				
Waist length cm	0.28±0.03	0.60				
Chest length cm	0.37±0.04	0.79				
Muscularity 1-9	0.25±0.03	0.53				
BCS 1-5	0.22±0.03	0.55				

# Results and Discussion (II)

## Heritabilities and repeatabilities



	Fleckvieh		Brown Swiss		Holstein	
	h <sup>2</sup>	r	h <sup>2</sup>	r	h <sup>2</sup>	r
Body weight kg	0.33±0.04	0.80	0.43±0.06	0.78		
Waist length cm	0.28±0.03	0.60	0.33±0.05	0.60		
Chest length cm	0.37±0.04	0.79	0.49±0.07	0.78		
Muscularity 1-9	0.25±0.03	0.53	0.28±0.05	0.51		
BCS 1-5	0.22±0.03	0.55	0.29±0.01	0.57		

# Results and Discussion (II)

## Heritabilities and repeatabilities



	Fleckvieh		Brown Swiss		Holstein	
	h <sup>2</sup>	r	h <sup>2</sup>	r	h <sup>2</sup>	r
Body weight kg	0.33±0.04	0.80	0.43±0.06	0.78	0.32±0.07	0.77
Waist length cm	0.28±0.03	0.60	0.33±0.05	0.60	0.36±0.06	0.63
Chest length cm	0.37±0.04	0.79	0.49±0.07	0.78	0.37±0.07	0.74
Muscularity 1-9	0.25±0.03	0.53	0.28±0.05	0.51	0.30±0.05	0.53
BCS 1-5	0.22±0.03	0.55	0.29±0.01	0.57	0.26±0.05	0.58

# Results and Discussion (III)

## Genetic and phenotypic correlations



Fleckvieh	BW	WL	CL	MU	BCS
<b>BW</b>		<b>0.76±0.04</b>	<b>0.85±0.03</b>	<b>0.32±0.07</b>	<b>0.37±0.08</b>
<b>WL</b>	<b>0.55</b>		<b>0.71±0.04</b>	<b>0.26±0.09</b>	<b>0.26±0.09</b>
<b>CL</b>	<b>0.39</b>	<b>0.41</b>		<b>0.32±0.07</b>	<b>0.42±0.08</b>
<b>MU</b>	<b>0.18</b>	<b>0.20</b>	<b>0.18</b>		<b>0.73±0.04</b>
<b>BCS</b>	<b>0.30</b>	<b>0.20</b>	<b>0.24</b>	<b>0.34</b>	

\* Not significantly different from 0

# Conclusions



- Heritabilities and repeatabilities were moderate
- Genetic correlations between BW and body measurements were high
- Genetic correlations were similar for different populations





- Weight was easier to measure than waist or chest length and there is a possibility for automation
- Discussion to include weight into TMI started in Austria
  - Economic weight would be positive - Desired gain needed
  - Conformation traits (frame muscularity) as auxiliary traits
  - All results and ideas have to get discussed with our partners in genetic evaluation from Germany and Czech Republic



Thanks to F. Steinger for presenting. Mean questions to me!



Thank you for your attention!