



# The Centaurs of Law and Order

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## The thesis framework

- Context of reinterrogation and reexamination of human-animal relationships
- Thesis: the horse takes action within the work
  - What does the work do to the horse?
    - What are the work modalities leading the horse to have interest in working with humans or put them in suffering?
  - What does the work do to the professionals?
    - What are the work modalities leading the professional to have an interest in working with horses or put them in suffering?

## **Collection of data**

- To this day 94 semi-directed interviews were conducted:
  - Three main activity sectors: sport / social link / draught
  - Three types of relationship : direct / indirect / without ties
  - Three main themes: nature of the relationship and its daily meaning / horses life and work conditions / perception of animal right organizations
- Non interactive observations and filmed observations
- Two specific research fields
  - Patrol horses
  - Eventing horses

## Public security missions research fields

- Specificity: security mission is not repression mission
- French Republican Guard
  - Historic heritage
  - About 530 military men and civilians (450 equestrians) and 460 horses
  - 70% of the time is dedicated to law and order





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- Municipal equestrian brigade of Tours
  - Created in 1999
  - 6 agents, 6 horses





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## **Psychodynamics of work**

Prescribed work and real work



## The horse: a professional

- Our connections with domestics animals are first of all working relationships
- Recognition of an Animal Work (results of the research program ANR COW) :
  - Animals are involved in work « This investment has nothing natural nor spontaneous, it is built thanks to learning, communication, affects and by animals' intelligence and competences » (J. Porcher).
  - Highlighted difference: affective relationship is crucial in order for animals to cooperate with humans (contrarily to human work relationship)
  - Animal takes initiative in work and is not an object constrained by domination or conditioning
- The great diversity of work with horses makes them part of the elaboration of professional groups

## The horse: a professional

#### A common core job



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#### A professional training



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#### The life and work conditions



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## To conclude

- The theoretic and methodological framework of social and human sciences are relevant to study work interrelationships between humans and horses
- Psychodynamics of work allows to analyse the agentivity and the subjective investment of horses in their work with humans
- The sociology of professional groups allows to consider the agentivity of the horse as a constructive element of a job core and a specific identity to the professional group
- The life and work conditions of horses are inseparable of those of humans

