

EAAP 2018

Dubrovnik
August 29 2018

MEAT: Past and Future

will our children eat animal protein?

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International Meat Secretary - IMS

- IMS brings together meat and livestock world organisations (90 members, 30 countries, > 75% global meat)
- IMS is a non-profit-making association and a **forum** for exchanging ideas, experiences on international issues
- has **representation** in international organisations:
World Organisation Animal Health (**O.I.E.**), **FAO**, **OECD**, **ISO**-label, **WHO** (at IARC)
- Organise every 2 years a **WORLD MEAT CONGRESS**
June 2018 Dallas-USA (2016 Uruguay, 2014 China)
- ▶ is *"the voice"* of meat industry
mostly for **beef**, **pork**, **sheep**



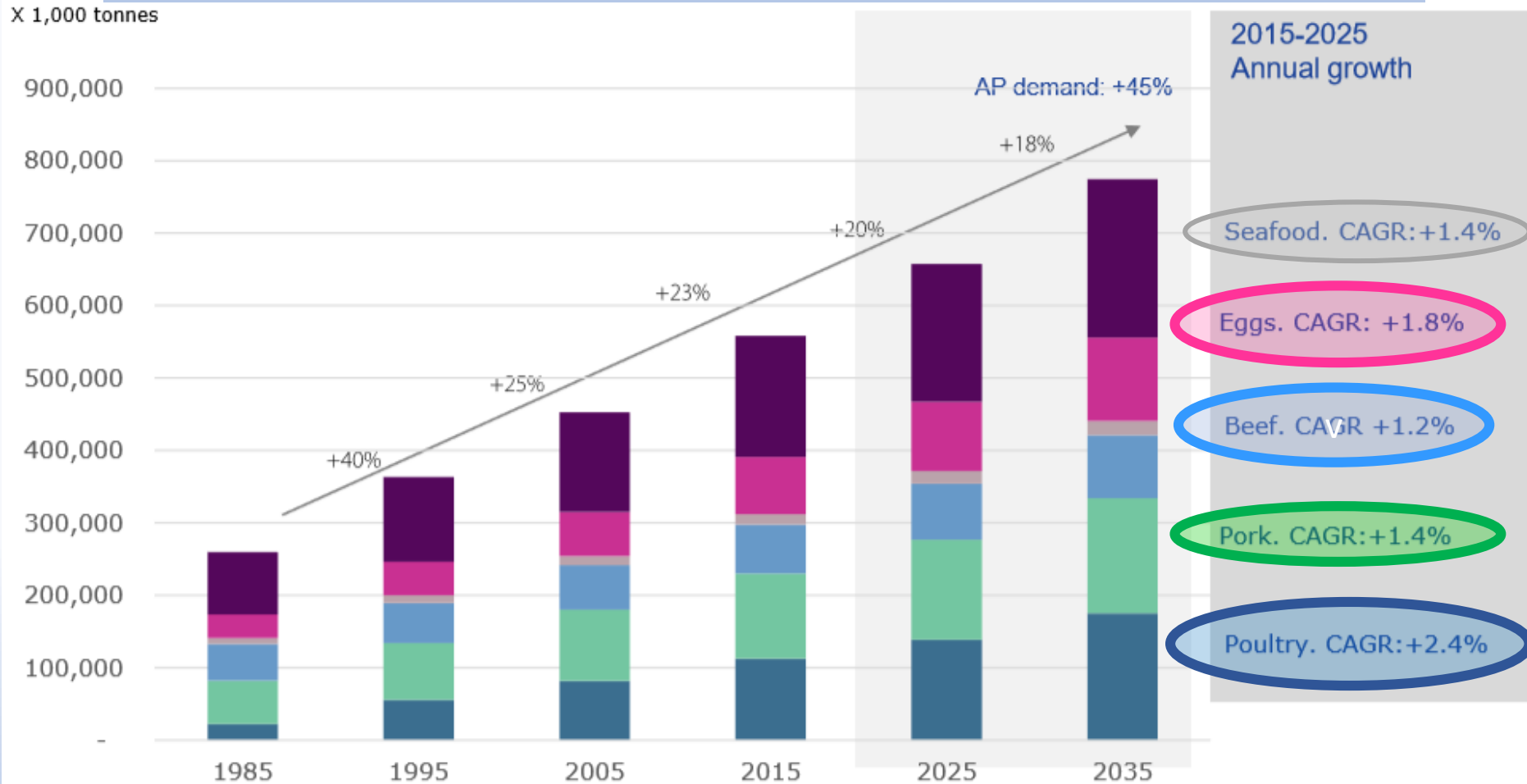


IMS PROMOTES DIALOGUE on :

- **Environment** -joint-work with Food and Agriculture Organization (**FAO**) on **sustainability**
- **Animal Welfare** - official industry representative at (**OIE**), and **ISO/OIE** on Global Animal Welfare Standards
- **Food Safety** - official industry representative at the **Codex Alimentarius**, main topics at **WHO = AMR**, meat-consumption and **colorectal-cancer risk**, + Food Hygiene, Veterinary Drugs residues in Food

1 Global
Economical
situation 1

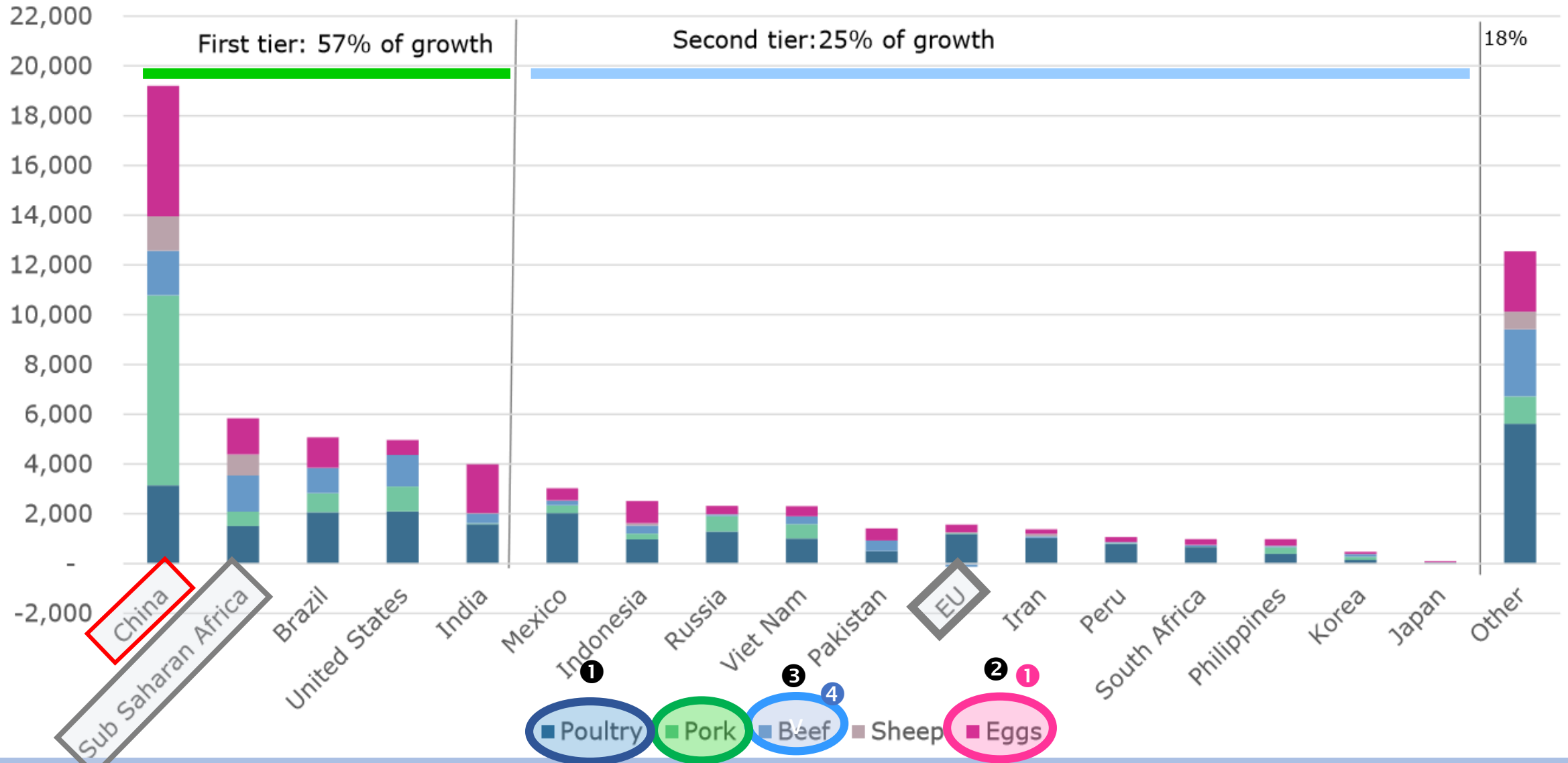
Global animal protein MARKET outlook 2015 - 2035



.... → the **Global animal protein market** is expected to grow by **45%** next to decades....

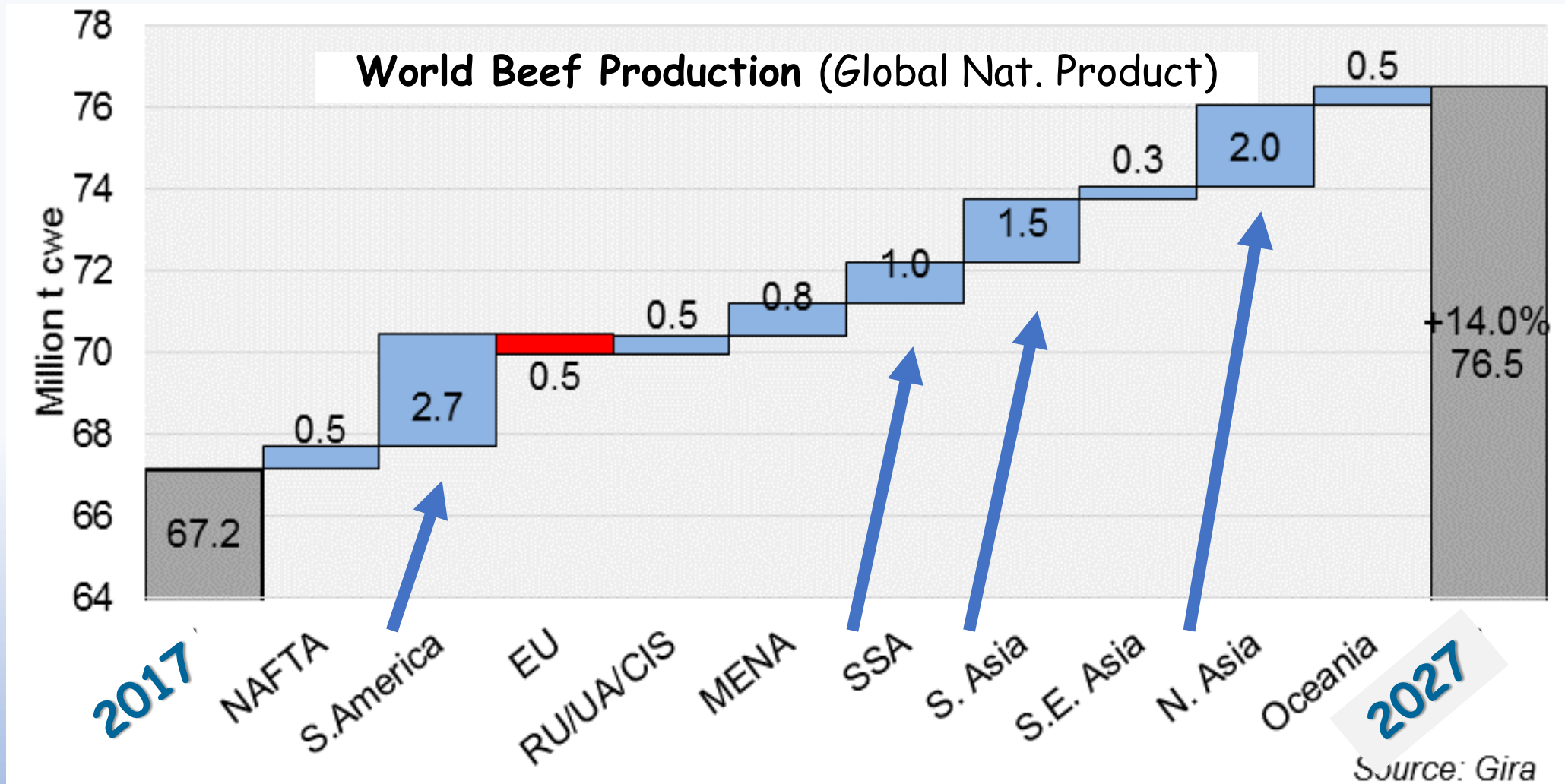
change in global DEMAND for meat and eggs 2015-2025

X 1,000 tonnes



Global Beef Production Growth: Geography

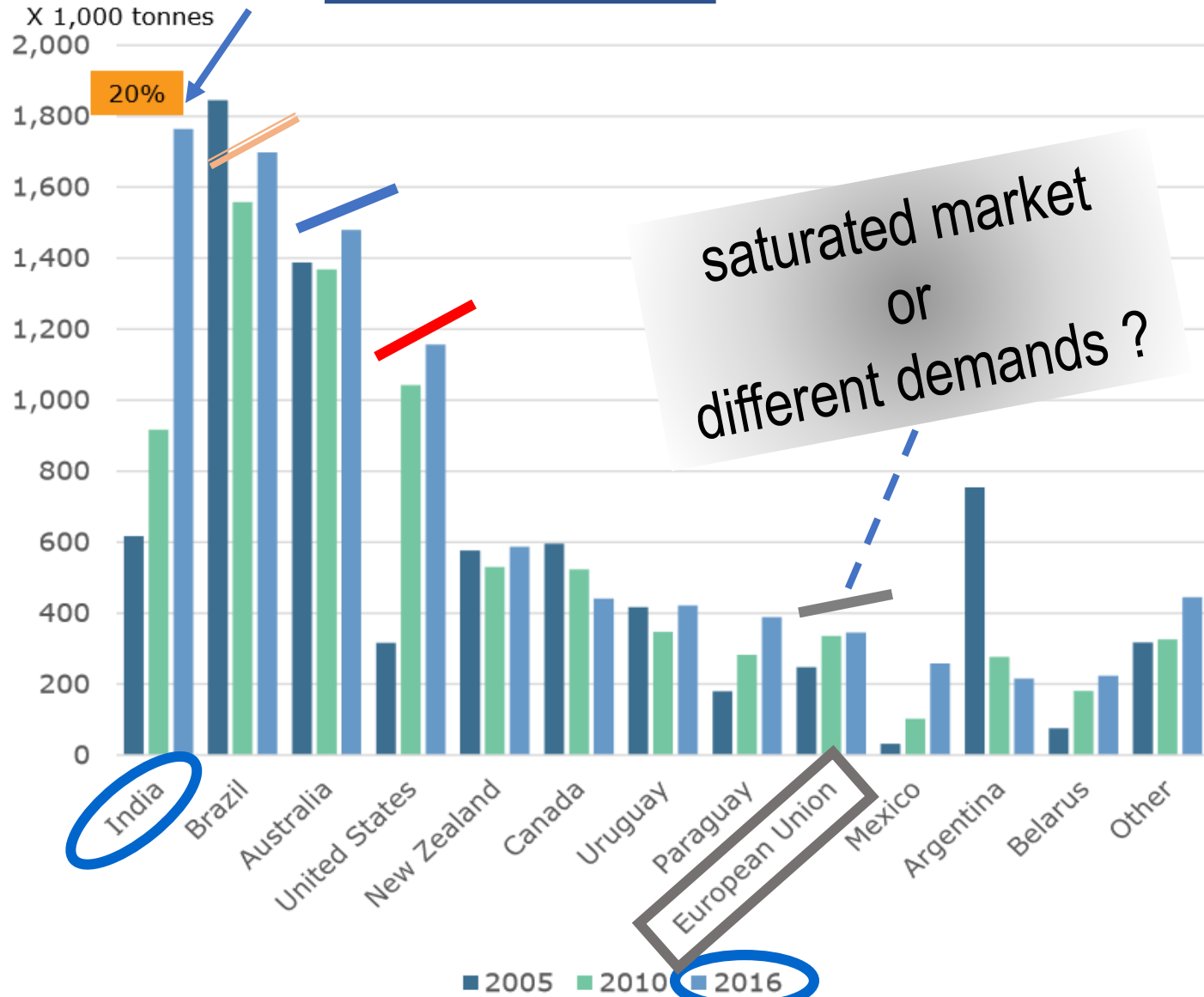
Intensification (varied) led by: *i)* South American, *ii)* Indian & *iii)* China growth



Market Differentiation needed in global beef industry

Global Market 5

Global beef exports 2005-2016



saturated market
or
different demands ?

Times

asianpacific

Supreme Court Suspends Ban on Slaughtering for Muslims



Mumbai, India, on July 2017 against slaughtering of Muslims who had been slaughtering beef.

Global situation
as viewed
from EU

the Animal Task Force

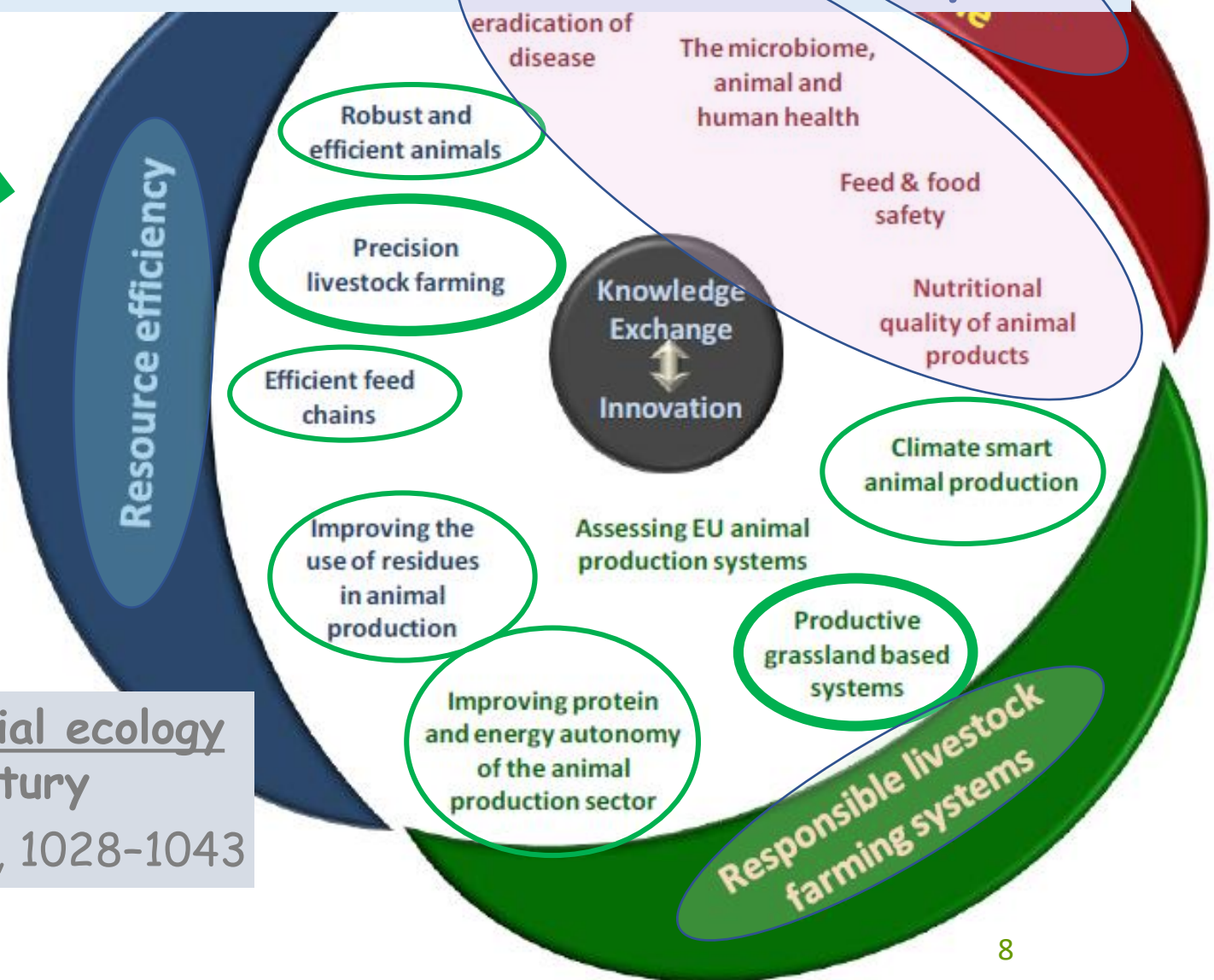
a vision from Europe ...

atf

animal
task
force

Promoting a sustainable livestock sector in Europe

<http://www.animaltaskforce.eu/>



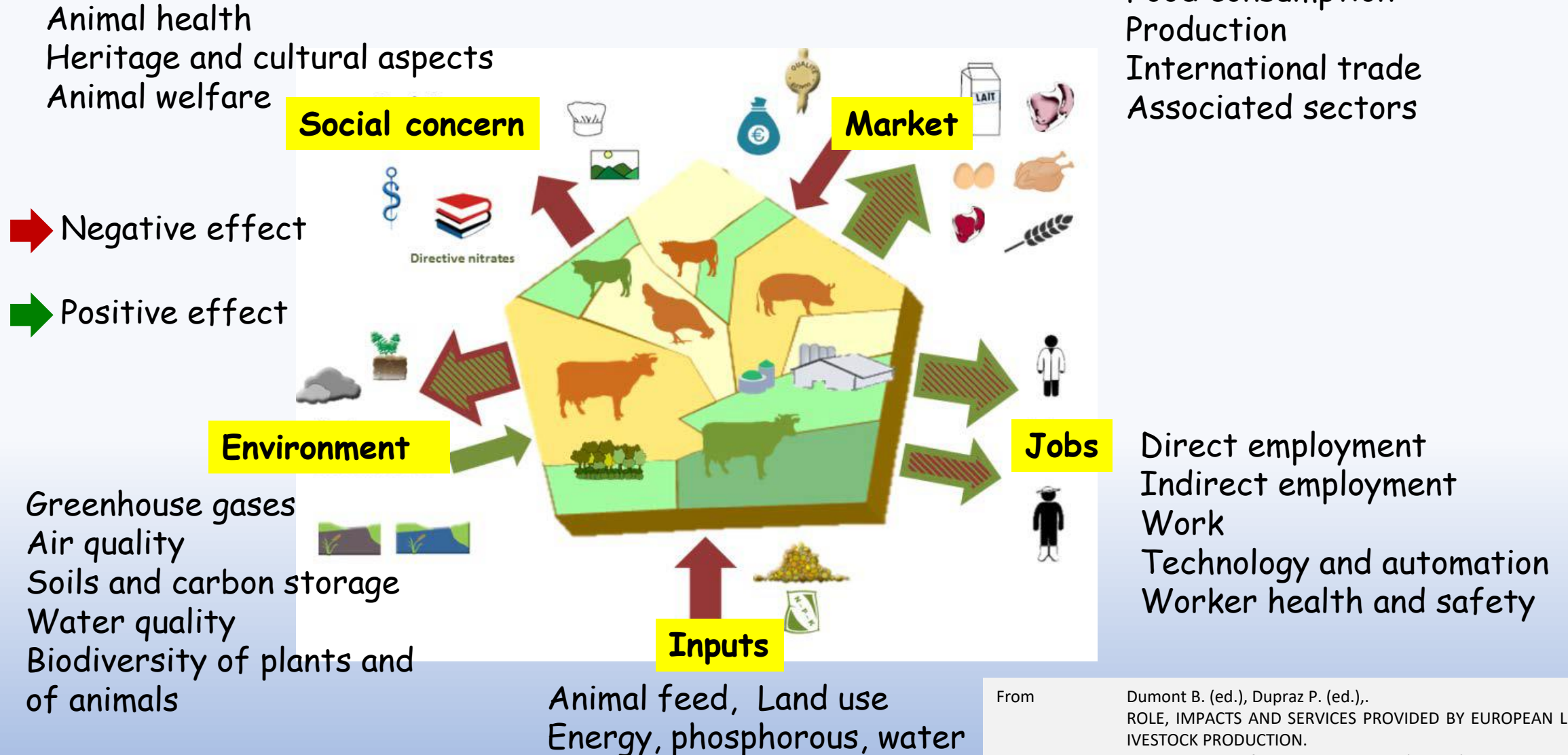
Prospects from agroecology & industrial ecology
for animal production in the 21st century

Animal (2013), 7:6, 1028-1043

global situation
as viewed
from EU

goods and services derived from livestock farming

Food consumption
Production
International trade
Associated sectors



From

Dumont B. (ed.), Dupraz P. (ed.),
ROLE, IMPACTS AND SERVICES PROVIDED BY EUROPEAN L
IVESTOCK PRODUCTION.
Collective scientific assessment. INRA (France).

2

quality

over past decades:
improvements of knowledge, mostly
on muscle biochemistry and genomics
thanks to research

Genes,
proteins,
biomarkers



Marbling

Muscle fibres

(number, size, type)

Blood capillaries

Connective Tissue

Adipocytes

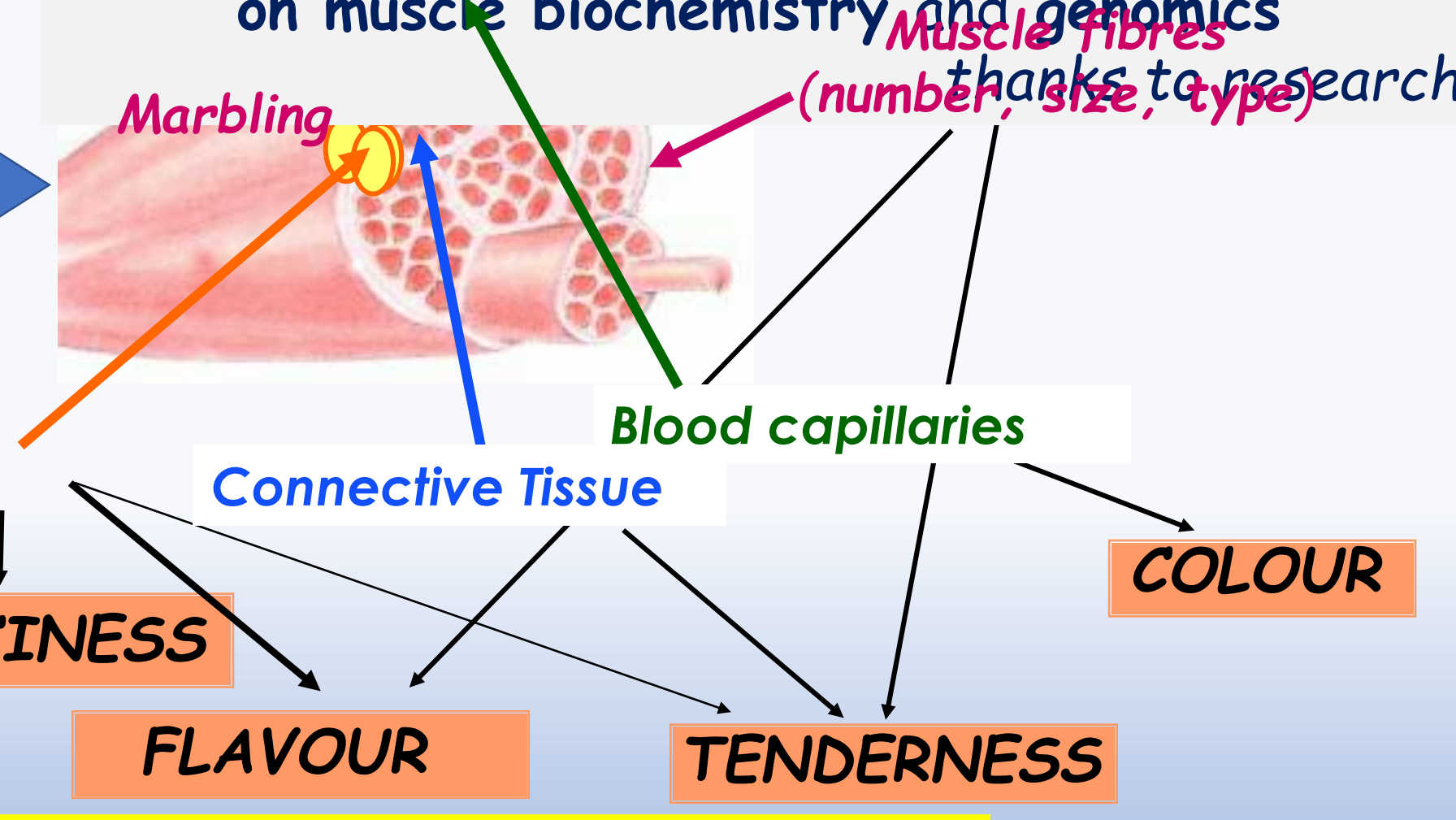
JUICINESS

FLAVOUR

TENDERNESS

COLOUR

Fatty acid composition (nutritional value)



still, more consumers' satisfaction is needed different beef grading schemes

| Country Scheme | Europe <i>EUROP</i> | S. Africa <i>S. Africa</i> | Canada <i>Canada</i> | Japan <i>JMGA</i> | S. Korea <i>Korea</i> | USA <i>USDA</i> | Australia <i>MSA</i> | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|---|
| Grading unit | Carcass | | | | | | Cut | |
| Pre slaughter factors | | | | | | | HGP implants & Bos Indicus | |
| Slaughter-floor | Carcass weight and sex | | | | | | Electrical stimulation Hang | |
| Chiller | Conformation Fat cover | Dentition Ribfat | Conformation | Marbling score | | | Ossification score | |
| | | | | Meat Colour | | Fat thickness Hump height Ultimate pH | | |
| | | | | Fat colour and fat thickness | | | | Meat texture Ribfat Kidney fat Perirenal fat |
| | | | | Eye muscle area | | | | |
| | | | Texture | Meat brightness Fat luster Fat texture Fat firmness Rib thickness | Texture Firmness Lean maturity | | | |
| Post chiller | | | | | | | Ageing time Cooking method | |



see **session 23**
by Legrand
Hocquette et al

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CHALLENGES facing meat industry

a broad overlap between:

→ efficiency

→ health

→ care

→ environment

→ alternatives

production, economical objectives **Global industry**

concerns for animals & humans **Consumers..**

concerns for animal 'welfare'

concerns about climate change **humans'.....**

land availability **perspective**

looking for new proteins ? **research & industry**

according to breeding procedures & industry management,
these components can be mutually re-enforcing ...

that is

sustainable

or

not sustainable !

challenges

1 health

the case of Anti-Microbial Resistance - AMR



**HIGH-LEVEL MEETING ON
ANTIMICROBIAL RESISTANCE**



21 SEPTEMBER 2016, UN HEADQUARTERS, NEW YORK

world process launched by **UN**, involving: **WHO, OIE, FAO**

O.I.E. WORLD ANIMAL HEALTH - 2016

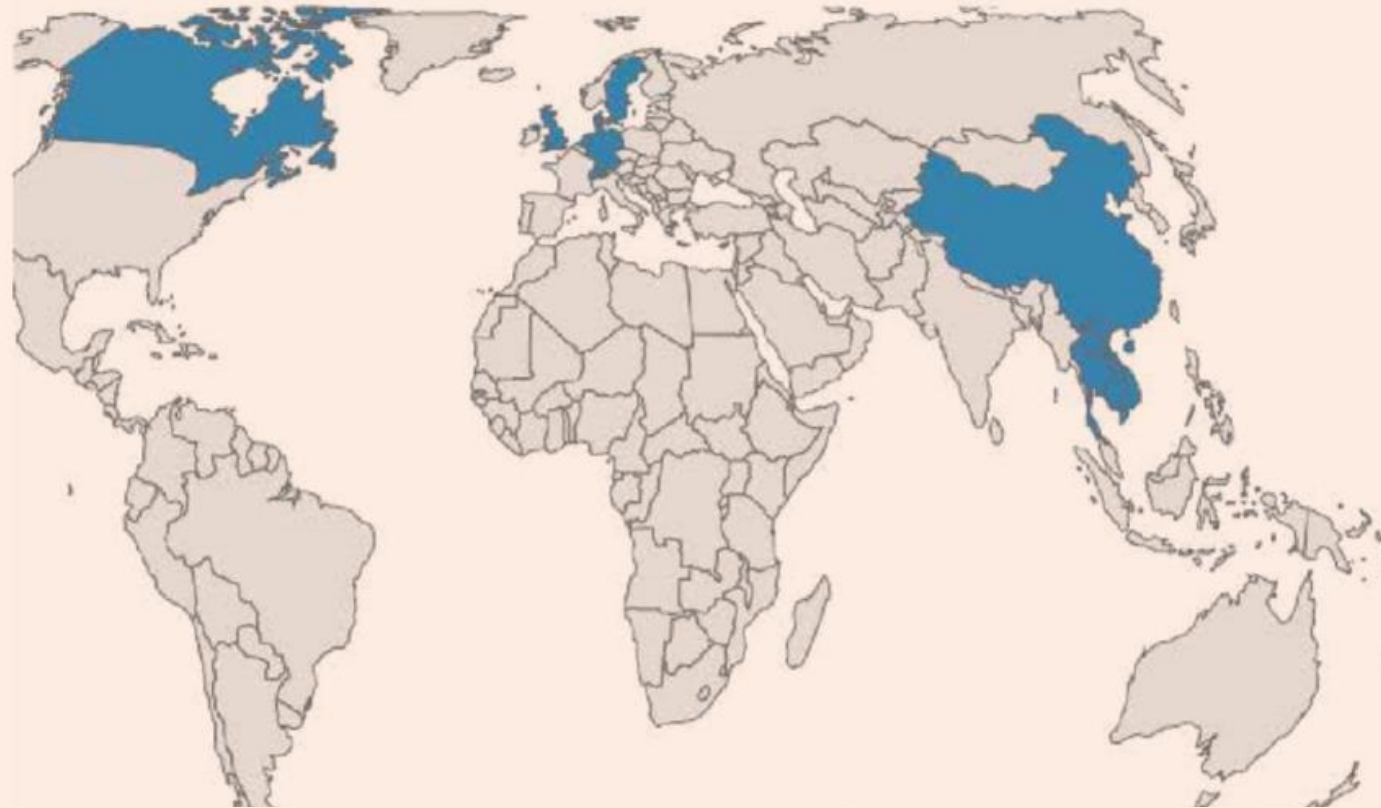
concept of **ONE HEALTH**

linked to ONE WELFARE

FAO report 2016

**DRIVERS, DYNAMICS AND EPIDEMIOLOGY OF ANTIMICROBIAL
RESISTANCE IN ANIMAL PRODUCTION**

FIGURE 3. Geographical distribution of detected colistin resistance (*mcr-1* gene) in humans as of March 2016



Skov, R.L. & Monnet, D.L. 2016.

Plasmid-mediated colistin resistance (*mcr-1* gene): three months later, the story unfolds.

Eurosurveillance, 2016 ; 21(9)

EUROPE'S FIGHT AGAINST ANTIMICROBIAL RESISTANCE



WHAT IS ANTIMICROBIAL RESISTANCE (AMR)?

Antimicrobials?

Substances used to treat a wide variety of infectious diseases in humans and animals. They:

- kill micro-organisms
- stop micro-organisms from growing and multiplying

Example: antibiotics such as Ciprofloxacin



Antimicrobial resistance?

The ability of micro-organisms to withstand antimicrobial treatments.

Example: MRSA (methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus) commonly present on human skin and mucous membranes



Why is resistance growing?

- Overuse of antibiotics
- Misuse of antibiotics
- Spread through various routes



Effect of growing resistance?

- Treatment may become ineffective
- Serious risk to public health

Excessive

0
= 0

drivers for
animal microbiota.

Many of the
belong

Antimicrobial
support
for

Exposure
ant

erinary use
in humans.

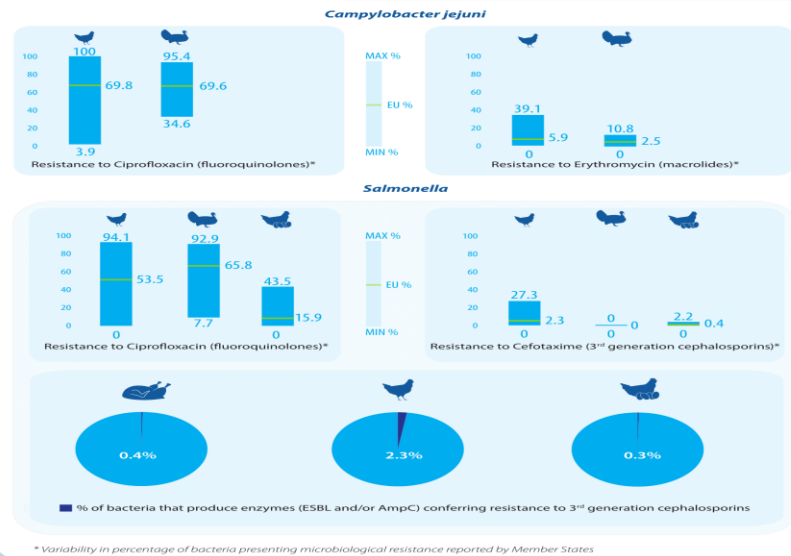
groups of animals
with rates!

risks of
evolution.

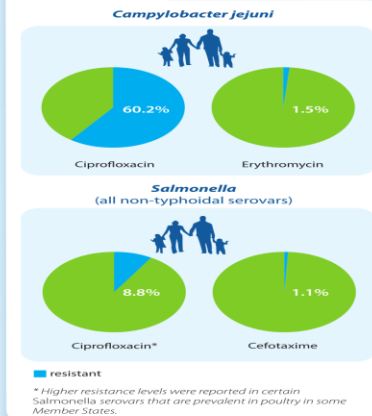
OVERVIEW OF RESISTANCE LEVELS IN EU

Based on "European Union Summary Report on antimicrobial resistance in zoonotic and indicator bacteria from humans, animals and food in 2014"

POULTRY AND FOODS



HUMANS



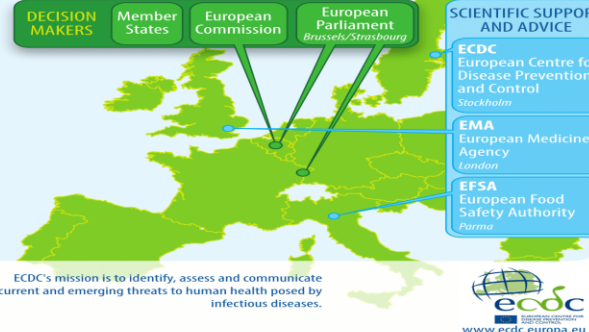
HOW DO EFSA AND ECDC FIGHT AMR?

Scientific support & advice

EFSA and ECDC provide independent scientific support and advice to risk managers and decision makers on the possible emergence, spread and transfer of antimicrobial resistance. EFSA collects data on AMR in food-producing animals, while ECDC collects data on AMR in humans.

Integrated approach

EFSA and ECDC monitor AMR in animals and humans, using data reported by Member States. The two agencies cooperate with the European Medicines Agency to analyse the relationship between antimicrobial use and the emergence of resistance in food-producing animals and in humans.



Economical consequences of the ONE Health-AMR strategy for meat industry

→ beyond official claimed adhesions, necessary **adaptative changes** in breeding processes and trade objectives,

Eliminating some antibiotic care

could cost cattle industry \$1.8 billion

according to concerns about antibiotic treatment in animal production, the prospect to eliminate metaphylaxis (= *mass treatment*) has to be faced and studied.

Based on data from 10 large Midwest feedlots, administering an antimicrobial upon entering occurs in 59% US feedlots.

Producers would loose \$104/head

by not treating the high-risk cattle (250 Kg).

→ without metaphylaxis for high-risk cattle, a global 1% reduction estimate in industry revenue would occur.

challenges

1 Animal Welfare / Care

Welfare: the 5 'freedoms' 5 PROVISIONS

1993 (UFAW)
↓
2017 (D. Mellor)

basic needs

1- Freedom from hunger and thirst

2- Freedom from discomfort

3- Freedom from pain, injury or disease

4- Freedom to express normal behavior

5- Freedom from fear and distress

emotional need?

6- "a life worth living"

ethical concerns

Regulations, Codes

Operators ...
breeders, industry



Cultures ... Perceptions ...
citizens, consumers



different views on welfare concepts :

different-markets

different-approaches

different-cultures

Animal welfare // Human welfare

basic level in legislation:

research aimed at establishing basic welfare level

evaluation tools needed → **EU directories, World Label ?**

Animal welfare // sustainability

// Mostly market driven:

research at animal-marketability

→ **Standards, Codes, Labels ?**

**Animal welfare // "terroir"
// tradition & quality**

Mostly market driven :

improving welfare in "traditional"
products → **Local labels ?**

how Producers & Industry can RESPOND TO

⇒ the increasing demand for

Animal CARE - **Animal WELFARE**
Anthropo-centered / *Zoo-centered*

National level directives laws rules penalties

International-level: **nothing**

but

Standards

Codes

Labels?

towards an **Animal Welfare world standard ?**

International standards related to animal welfare

transport slaughter emergency-euthanasia beefcattle broilers

are produced by O.I.E. (OIE Code-Chapter 7)

IMS + several large private companies worked with OIE to create
an international **ISO Welfare Technical Specification**

Animal welfare management (TS 34700)

2016

*General requirements and guidance for organizations
in the food supply chain*

Will this tool be used in future ?

towards alternative sources for proteins ?

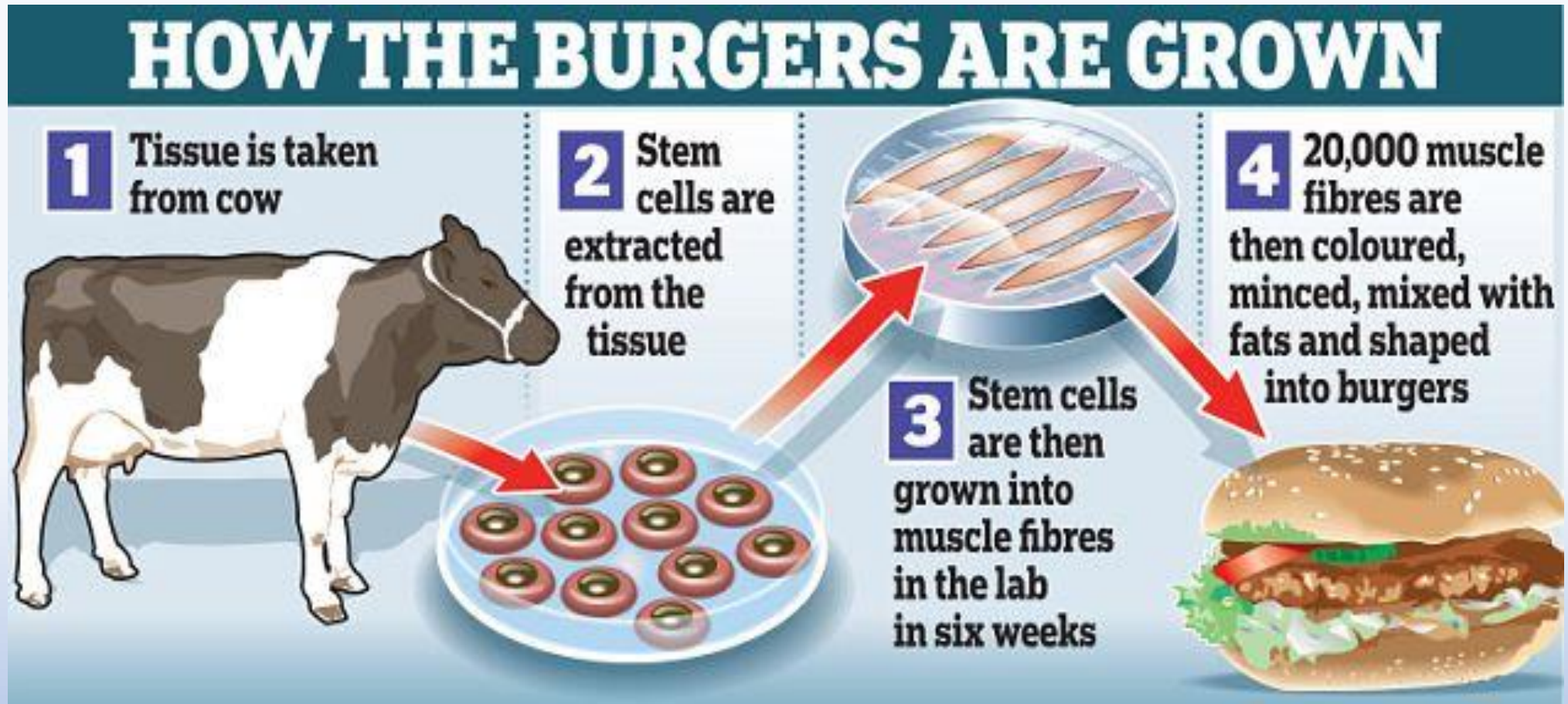
will our children eat animal protein ?

today, livestock and meat sectors are facing new challenges:

- Concerns about their **environmental impact** and part in global climate change;
- balancing the need for **increased production of animal products** (to satisfy the increasing human population)
- the need for a **lower footprint**,
- the society concerns about **animal welfare**
- new **"quality product"** requests from the consumer



the meat of future: could it be cultured meat ?



Bloomberg

Tyson Foods Inc., the largest meatpacker in the U.S., is co-leading a \$2.2 million investment in the Israeli startup - **Future Meat Technologies** -

is Meat becoming:

a new social issue ?

a new challenge for industrials ?

Investors seem to be in favor of ...

*“We’ve done **a lot of work in scaling up the cell culture...
to something that can be used on an industrial scale”***

“Same Meat”
Different Way



Marketing is ready ...



*a high quality meat produced independent of
the animal's body*

It's ***Eco-Friendly***

Clean Meat will have a much smaller eco footprint requiring 99% less land, upto 96% less Greenhouse Gas emissions and upto 90% less water usage.

It's ***Animal Friendly***

No animal needs to be used.
A single biopsy will allow for potentially indefinite production of meat products.

It's ***Healthier***

SuperMeat's Clean Meat is grown under controlled and clean conditions, allowing for the elimination of food-borne diseases, bacterial resistance and much more.



Announcing two new job openings!

Want to work at **Mosa Meat**?

We're very excited to announce 2 new open roles
in our scientific team:

Postdoctoral Fellow - **Adipogenesis**, focusing on creating fat tissue
in consumable meat.

Postdoctoral Fellow - **Muscle Cell Biology**, creating muscle organoids
for meat.

<https://www.mosameat.com/blog/2018/5/30/announcing-the-first-job-openings>

Thank you

Good luck for the future !