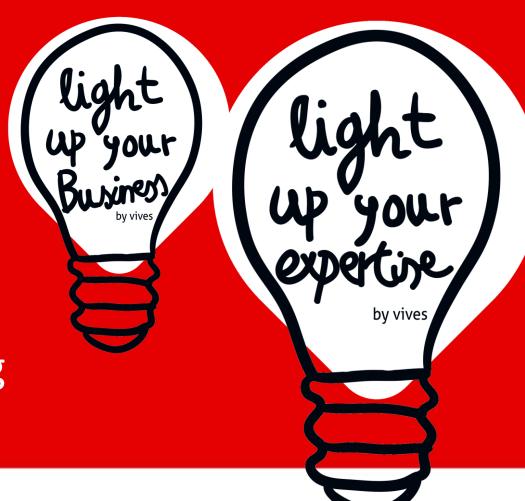
Collaborate

Create

Innovate

Automated insect rearing



Filip Wouters, M.Sc., ing.

Researcher and lector (animal nutrition, beekeeping and wildlife management)

Filip.wouters@vives.be



Automated insect rearing

VIVES?

Insect production : cost effective?

- Our question: "... "

- Farmer: "... "

- Industry: "..."

Your questions or suggestions



VIVES

= university of applied science
 (NOT a firm!)





Association of University of Leuven (KUL)





3 research focusses based on socio-economical needs



Valorisation
of
secondary
flows







Some facts & figures

- Ca. 100 on going research projects
- + 150 researchers (55 FTU)
- + 7 million euro (Research, Valorisation & Services)
 - Subsidised and <u>private</u> research

Insect research colleagues:

Campus Roeselare

- An Callens
- Sharon Schillewaert
- Thomas Spranghers

Campus Kortrijk

- Tijs Anthone
- Lieven Malfait
- Philippe Vanloofsvelt Ratholieke hogeschool vives
- (Geert Furniere)













References



























































vitra.

















Automated insect rearing

- VIVES?
- Cost effective / insect production
 - Question to the industry:
 "What to tackle first?" (2014 2015)
 - 1. Upscaling of production = downscaling labour= automatisation
 - 2. What to feed insects?
 - 3. Pathologies and pests?
 - Farmer: "... "
 - Industry: "... "
- Your questions or suggestions



















EAAP, 29th of August, 2018

Entomatisation (2016 – 2018) (TETRA – VLAIO)

Focus on 1 species: Tenebrio molitor

Focus on 2 steps in proces: feeding and sieving

Labour : hours of feeding: goal : - 75%

Upscaling =

- From nowadays industrial scale (50 ton/year) to ...

Kok, R. (Insects as food and feed, 2017):

mass production: 6000 ton/year

From labscale to ... midscale to ... industrial scale (modular concept)







Entomatisation (2016 – 2018) (TETRA – VLAIO)

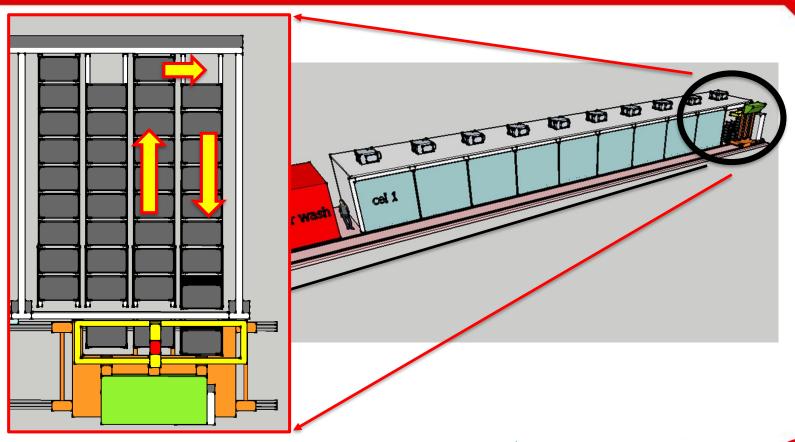
Proces window:



- Start from nowadays traditional production:
 - Crates with meal/ wheat bran and carottes, apple ...
 - Maximum height of housing (no warehouse system)
- Compartimentation:
 - Heat preferences during life phases
 - Hygiene : larvae versus adults (pests)
- Inside climate room:
 - Minimale structures (cleaning)
 - No active components (dust)



Entomatisation (2016 – 2018) FEEDING LINE

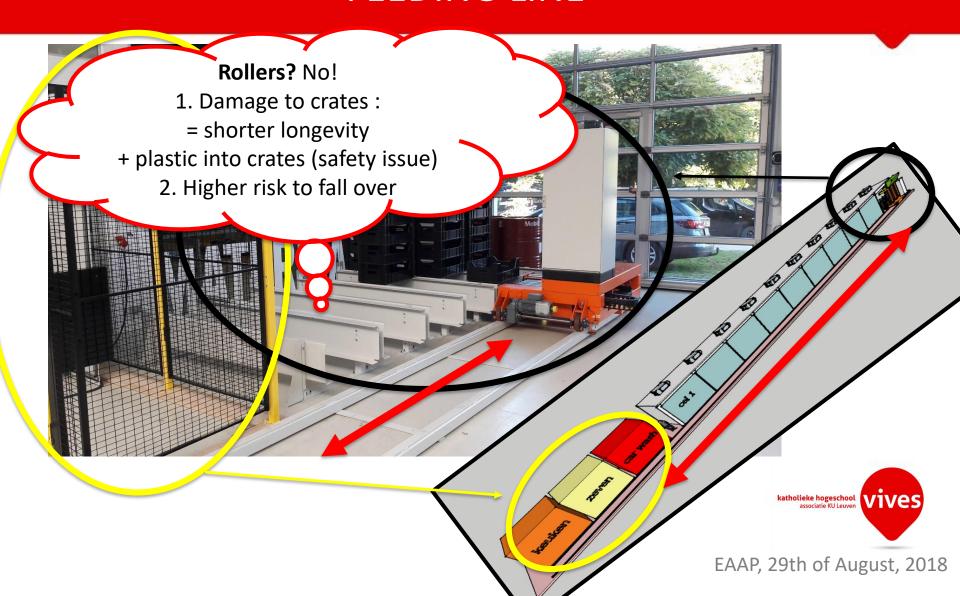






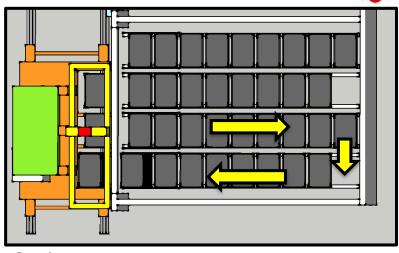


Entomatisation (2016 – 2018) FEEDING LINE



Entomatisation (2016 – 2018) FEEDING LINE





Ontions:

What instead? 2 CATs

(notice: 1 empty place/compartment)

rency of feed erns (size larvae) rerates (bar code, chip ...)





usors ...



Automated insect rearing

- VIVES?
- Cost effective / insect production
 - Our question: "... "
 - Farmer: "Nice, but what does it cost?"
 - Industry: "I'm a believer. I have a warehouse of 40 by 60 meter. How much can I produce?"

What language do they understand? **Key parameters?**Cost and gain of insects versus piglets versus parking space ...

Your questions or suggestions

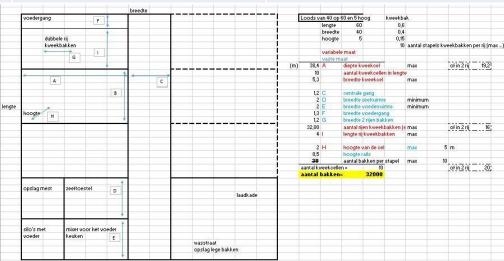


Automated insect rearing: Key parameters: space versus production

Case study of warehouse of 40 by 60 meter

Key parameters	Hyg. (pilot at Inagro)	Centr. (design)
Crates in total	32000	53690
crates/m²	13,333	22,371

Simulation:







Automated insect rearing: Key parameters: space versus production

Case study of warehouse of 40 by 60 meter

Key parameters	Hyg. (pilot at Inagro)	Centr. (design)				
Crates in total	32000	53690				
crates/m²	13,333	22,371				
From housing to production						
(2 kg live weight/crate and have 5,7 cycles/year crate)						
Production (kg live weight/m²year)	152,00	255,03				
Total production (live weight/year)	365 ton	612 ton				
Insects or cars?						
Profit (€ /m²year)	Ş	Ş				





Automated insect rearing: Key parameters : what does it cost?

If: (understanding between different farmers, experienced investors and industrialists)

- 15 year return and interest = 2,5%
- Inclusive washing installation, sieving, silo, forklift, heating&cooling, building ...

Production (live weight/year)	50 ton	50 ton	350 ton (hyg.)	600 ton (central)
Feeding line (k€)	0	200	500	625
Investment/year (€)	41.417	58.083	112.750	147.388
Cost of feed (k€)	56	56	390	669
Minimum average selling price (€/kg live weight)	5	3,71	2,58	2,47





Automated insect rearing: Key parameters : cost effective?

- Ok for Tenebrio molitor or also suitable for other insects?
- Automatisation not the only solution:

Production (live weight/year)	350 ton (hyg.)	600 ton (hyg.)	600 ton (central)	600 ton (central)
Feeding line (k€)	500	500	625	625
Investment/year (€)	112.750	113.775	147.388	147.388
Cost of feed (k€)	390	669	334,5	669
Minimum selling price (€/kg live weight)	2,58	2,221	1,726	2,469







Questions? Suggestions?

Infoloket:
www.insectinfo.be
insectinfo@vives.be
+3251/232339)

Partners:



EAAP, 29th of August, 2018





