# Tail position as a pig welfare indicator in commercially raised pigs with intact tails

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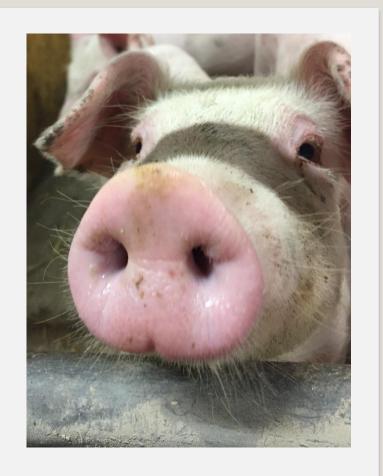
### Why do commercial pigs lack tails?

- Tail biting
- Tail docking
- EU legislation



### What is tail biting?

- Exploratory behaviour
- Multifactorial
- Outbreaks
- Quick escalation
- Blood attraction



E.g. D'Eath 2014, Fraser 1987

#### How can we detect outbreaks?

- Wounds
- Behaviour
- Tail position

#### Aim:

Can tail position be used to predict tail biting in commercial settings?



E.g. Kleinbeck and McGlone, 1993, Zonderland et al., m 2009, Wallgren et al. 2016, Lahrmann et al., 2018

#### **How was it done?**

- Compare tail lesions and position
- Commercial finishing pigs
- 460 pigs, 42 pens
- 102 days /14 obs
- December 2017- March 2018



## How was tail position scored?

- Hanging or curled
- At feeding
- Filmed



#### How was tail lesions scored?

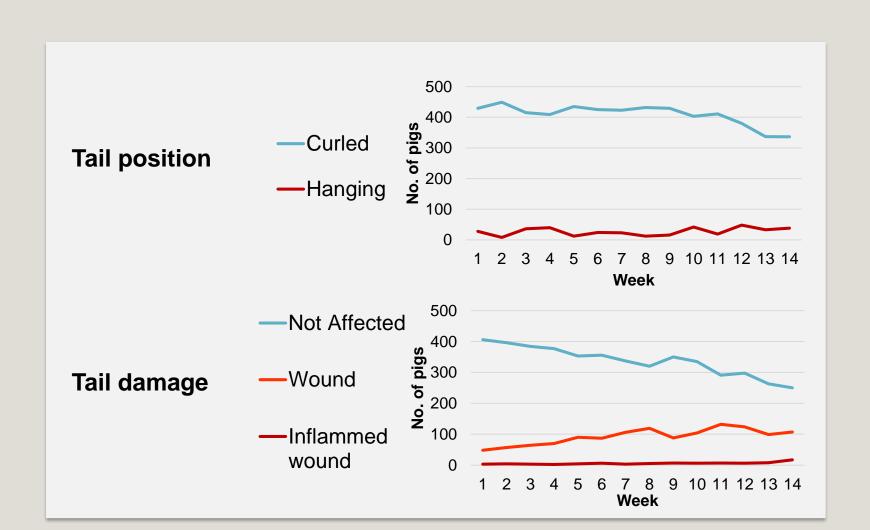
- Length
- Damage
- Freshness

Zonderland et al., 2003



## Results

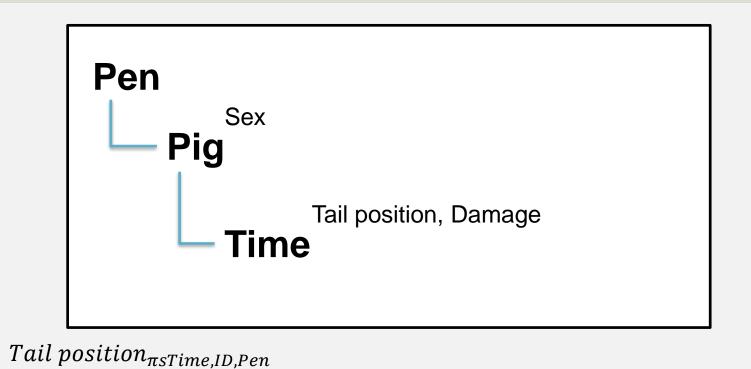
## How did tail position and damage change over time?



### How did pigs react?

	Week																											
Damage	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14	
Intact	315	14	315	2	281	17	252	22	250	3	214	7	202	9	199		238	4	206	8	179	3	186	7	178	5	148	6
Swollen	41	2	41		41	2	33	4	46	2	47	1	42	1	54	2	27	1	66	6	47		49	4	35	2	40	5
Bitemark	32	2	38		42	1	66		51	1	83	4	81	2	64	1	80		44	5	60	2	46	6	40	3	49	2
Wound	40	8	52	5	50	14	58	12	85	5	77	10	95	11	112	7	79	9	84	20	120	12	96	28	79	20	90	17
Inf. wound	1	2	3	1	1	2	0	2	3	1	4	2	3		3	2	5	2	3	3	5	2	3	3	5	3	9	8
Total	429	28	449	8	415	36	409	40	435	12	425	24	423	23	432	12	429	16	403	42	411	19	380	48	337	33	336	38

### Can TP predict tail biting?



 $+ Damage3_{Time,ID,Pen} + Damage4_{Time,ID,Pen} + Sex(castrate)_{ID,Pen}$ 

 $= \beta_{0ID,Pen} + Damage1_{Time,ID,Pen} + Damage2_{Time,ID,Pen}$ 

 $+\beta_{5ID,Pen}sTime_{Time,ID,Pen}+\beta_{6ID,Pen}sTime_{Time,ID,Pen}^{2}$ 

## Tail damage is related to tail position

#### **Odds** ratio

```
Tail position _{\pi sTime,ID,Pen} = 0.0069\beta_{0ID,Pen} + 1.46\ Damage1_{Time,ID,Pen} + 14.24\ Damage2_{Time,ID,Pen} + 4.15\ Damage3_{Time,ID,Pen} + 14.24Damage4_{Time,ID,Pen} + 14.24Damage4_{Time,ID,Pen} + 1.58\ Sex(castrate)_{ID,Pen} + 1.12\ \beta_{5ID,Pen}sTime_{Time,ID,Pen} + 2.09\ \beta_{6ID,Pen}sTime^2_{Time,ID,Pen}
```

#### Pen

var(cons)1.51
var(sTime) 1.90

Cov (sTime, cons) 1.12

#### ID:

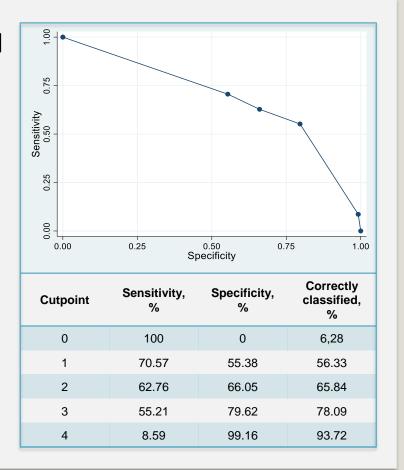
var(cons) 27.41 var(sTime) 1.40  $Var(sTime^2)$  3.30

Cov (sTime, cons) 0.99 Cov (sTime<sup>2</sup>, cons) 0.32 Cov (sTime, sTime<sup>2</sup>) 0.32

#### What does it mean?

## Tail position is affected by...

- Severe tail damage
- Sex
- Time/age
- Individual/Pen variation



#### What about..?

- Time at scoring
- Pain threshold?
- Specificity
- Sensitivity



#### Take home messages

- Tail position, at feeding, is correlated to severe tail damage
- Individual variation is larger than variation between pens
- Specificity and sensitivity suggests that tail position cannot be the only measurement
- Pigs can be reared without tail docking



#### Thank you for listening!

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