

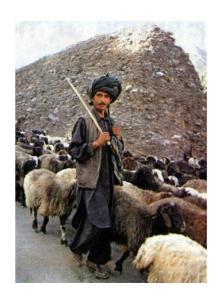
Lamb survival factors;

- Management
- Climate
- Behavior of the ewe and lamb
- Other environmental effects

Motivation;

- Heritability estimates of lamb survival are low, correlated traits that are more reliable
- Focus in this research;
 - Behaviours from both mother and lamb
 - Behavioural interactions are much more important for prolific sheep with higher litter size

From Shepherd to Machineherd





Variables

Dam Breed

Grooming (Duration of licking lamb)

Dam age

Dam weight at lambing

Lamb Genotype (local x Romanov crossbreds)

Litter size

Lamb sex

Birth assistance

Mothering ability

Lamb birth weight

Time to lambs on knee*

Time to lamb stands*

Time to first touch to udder*

Successful suck (sucking for at least 5 seconds)

Weaning weight



Data Set

Season: Winter

Region: High altitute, cold climate

Sire: 1 Romanov

Dam: 23 Awassi, 37 Morkaraman

Lamb: 69 lambs, Romanov x Awassi, Romanov x

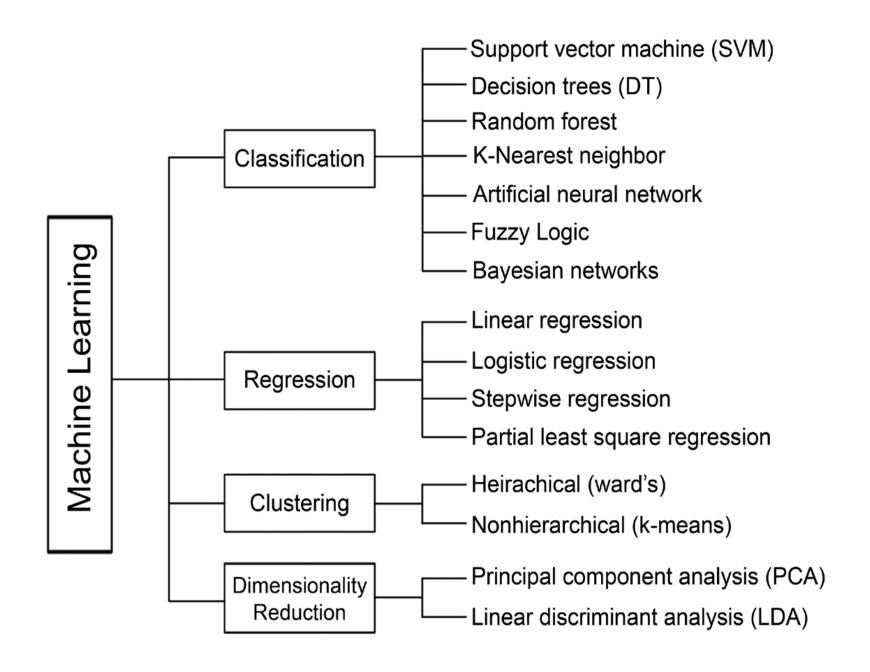
Morkaraman



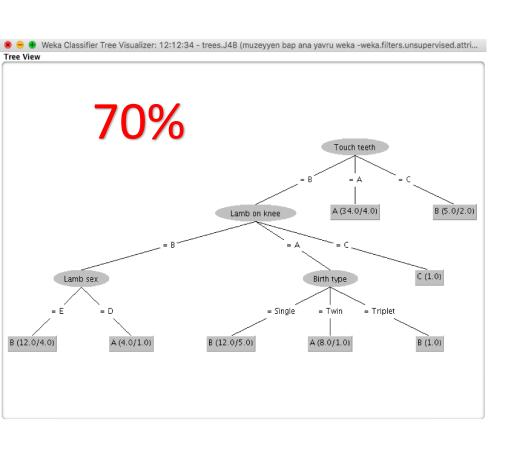


Data Recording



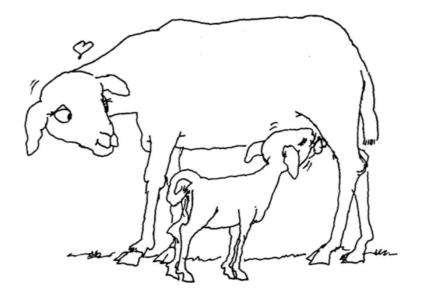


Predicting Lamb behaviour (Successful Suck)



Lamb has teat in its mouth, in correct position, appears to be sucking for at least 5 seconds

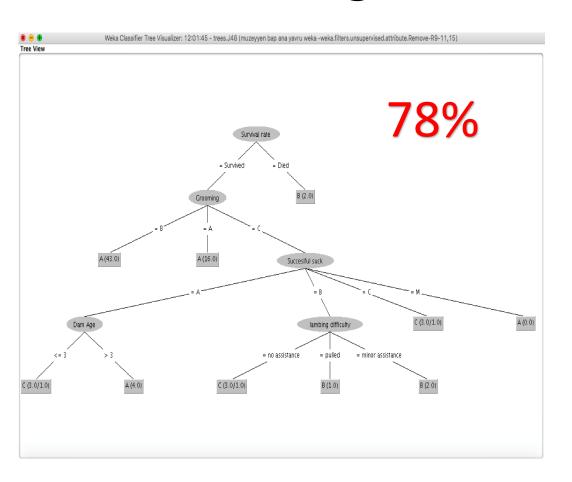
A<40 min, B: 40-80 min, C>80 min

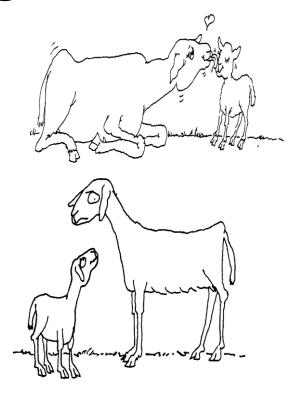


IF lamb touches udder in moderate time But comes on knee faster and is twin born THEN

Lamb is a successfull suck

Predicting Mothering ability



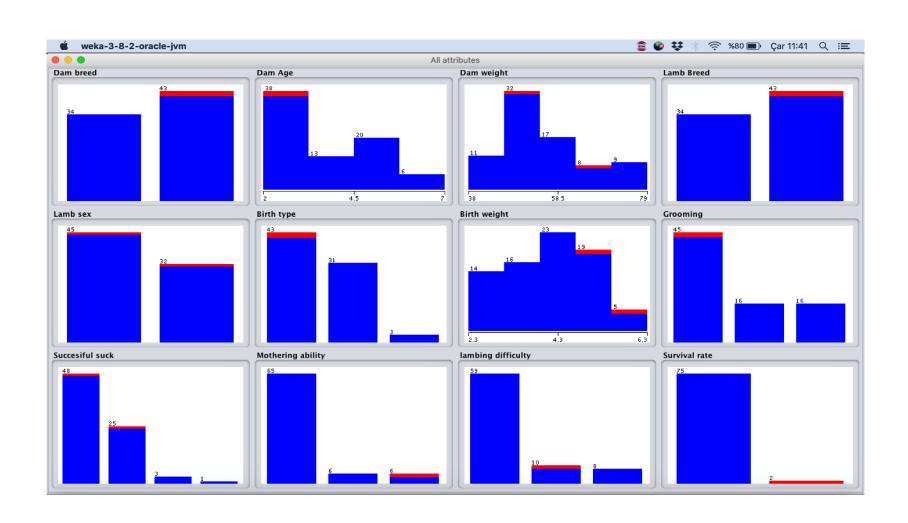


Even if mother grooms short time,

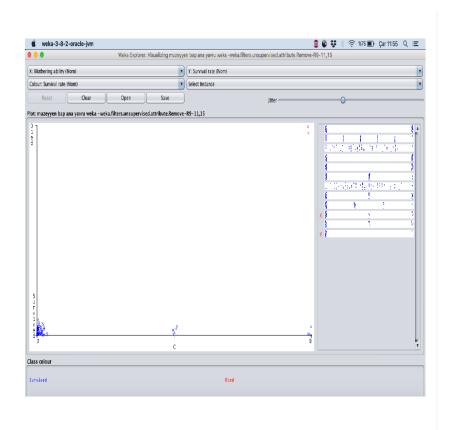
IF lamb sucks quickly and mother is older than 3 years

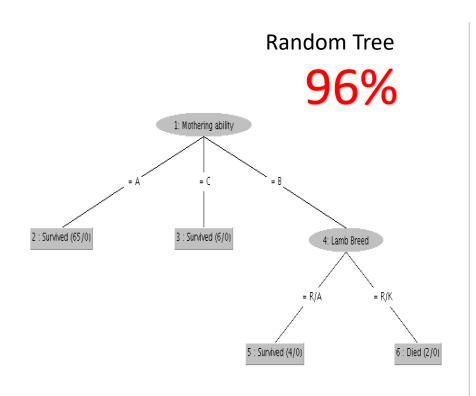
She is a good mother

(Composed) Attributes used to predict survival of lambs



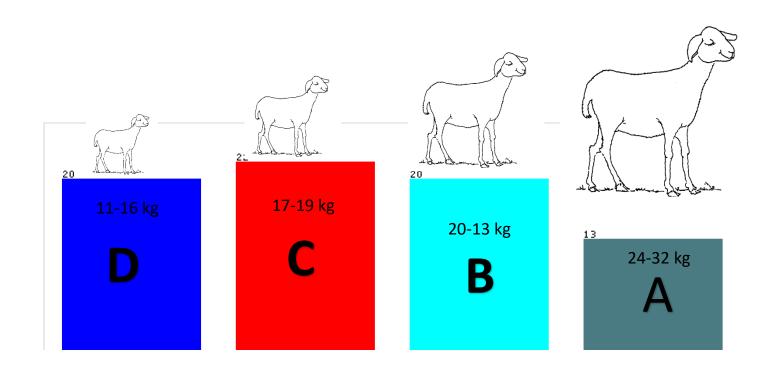
Predicting Lamb Survival Rate



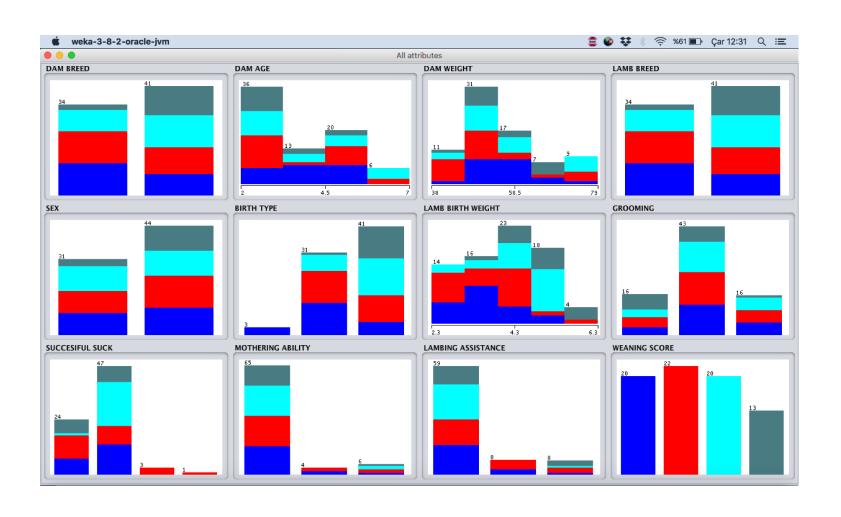


Most important factor for Lamb Survival is <u>mothering ability</u> Second critical factor is Lamb Breed

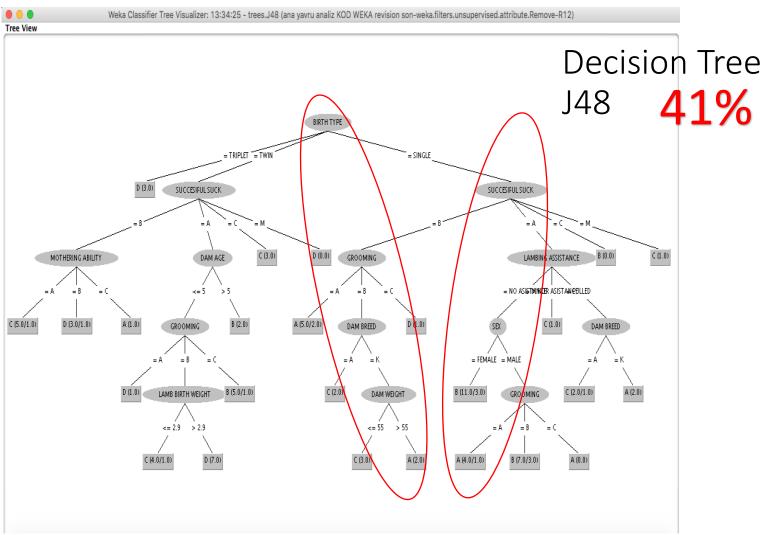
Predicting Weaning Weight of Lambs



Attributes used to predict weaning weight of lambs



Weaning Weight



Single born with no assistance, male lambs, licked longer time by mother, weans best No stable results for twin lambs

Results

- Machine learning algorithms have better predictive power in classifying lamb survival than weaning weights
- The most successful classification algorithms applied for lamb survival and weaning weights was MultilayerPerceptron with 100% and 41% accuracy rates, respectively.
- Ramdomtree (96%) for lambs survival and J48 (41%) for weaning weights of lambs clearly outperformed all other methods.

Thanks for listening



