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Animal Production

# Disposal reasons as potential indicator traits for direct health traits in German Holstein cows

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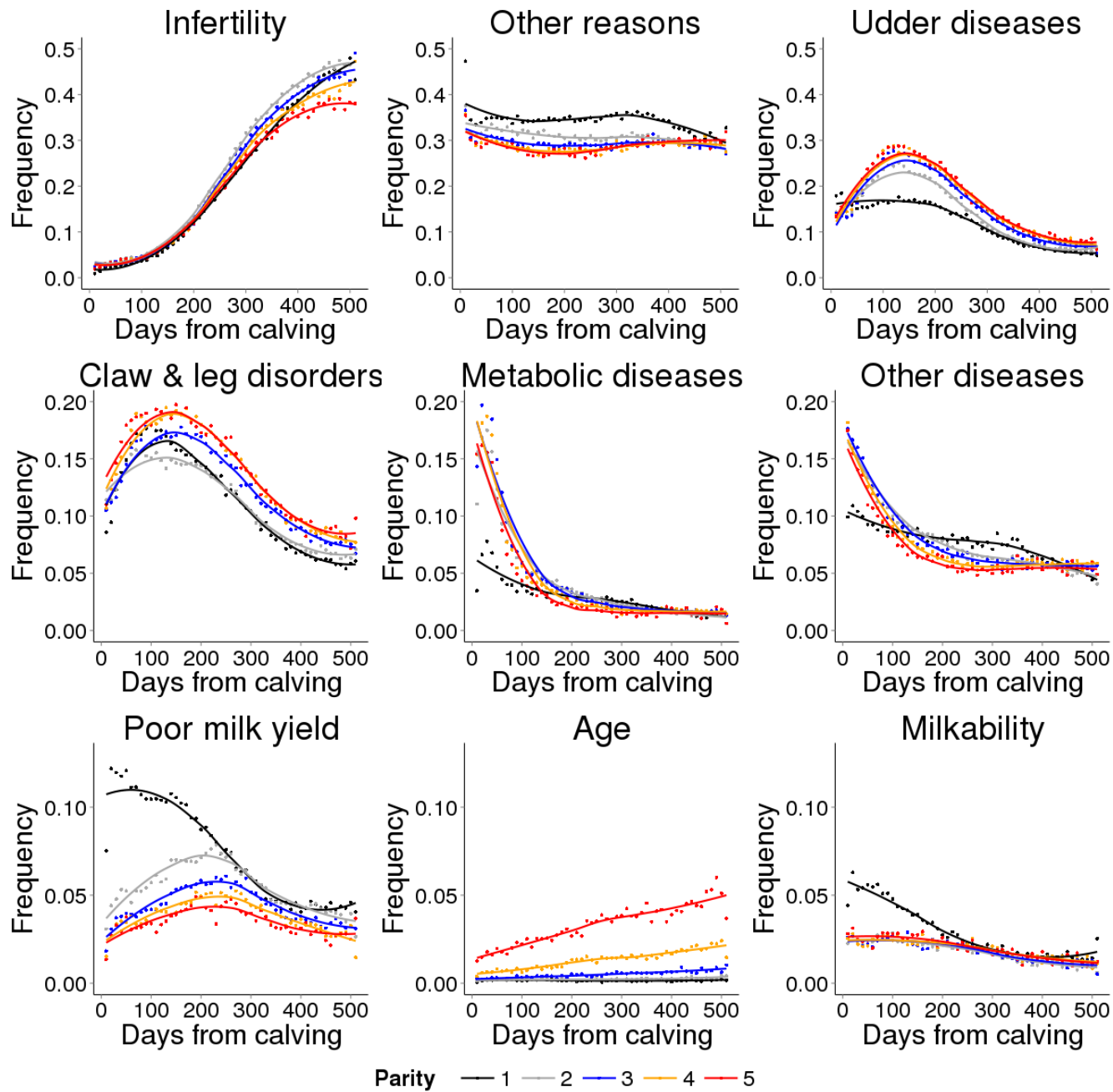
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# Motivation

- direct health data
  - labor intensive and costly
  - small proportion of animals phenotyped
    - in current population
    - no historical data
  - difficult to increase reliabilities of EBV
- disposal reasons
  - routinely recorded via milk recording since decades
  - but challenging
    - 9 standardized codes for culling
    - only one reason of potentially multiple reasons recorded
  - pre-analyses were promising (Heise et al. 2018)





Heise et al. 2016



Can we use disposal reasons to increase the reliability of EBV for direct health traits?



# Data

## ■ health

- documentation by Farmers, Hooftrimmers, Veterinarians
- data from prototype German genetic evaluation of health traits for Holsteins
- No. of obs. per herd and year  $\geq 20$  (any trait, sum of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> lactation)
- No. of daughters per sire  $\geq 10$

## ■ disposal reasons

- from data preparation for genetic evaluation of longevity
- age at first calving from 20 to 40 months
- both parents known
- calving intervals from 300 to 600 days

## ■ in total:

- **484'362** animal records
- **5'969** sires



## Health traits

- 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> lactation separately
- binary coding
  
- reproduction
  - retained placenta
  - other puerperial disorders
  - endometritis
  - ovarian cycle disorders
  - ovarian cysts
  
- udder
  - early mastitis (DIM -10 to 50)
  - late mastitis (DIM 51 to 305)
  - mastitis (DIM -10 to 305)
  
- claw and leg disorders
  - interdigital hyperplasia
  - laminitis
  - white line defect/abscess
  - claw ulcers
  - digital phlegmona
  - digital dermatitis
  
- metabolic diseases
  - left-displaced abomasum
  - ketosis
  - milk fever



## Trait definition

,Culling because of a certain reason‘

Code	Description
0	lactation survived or culled for another reason
1	culled for respective reason
-	survival observation in lactation right- or left-censored or culled in previous lactation

**Example:** culled in 1<sup>st</sup> lactation because of ,udder diseases‘

	infertility	udder diseases	metabolic diseases	claw and leg disorders
lactation 1	0	1	0	0
lactation 2	-	-	-	-



# Estimation of variance components

$$\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{Xb} + \mathbf{Zs} + \mathbf{e}$$

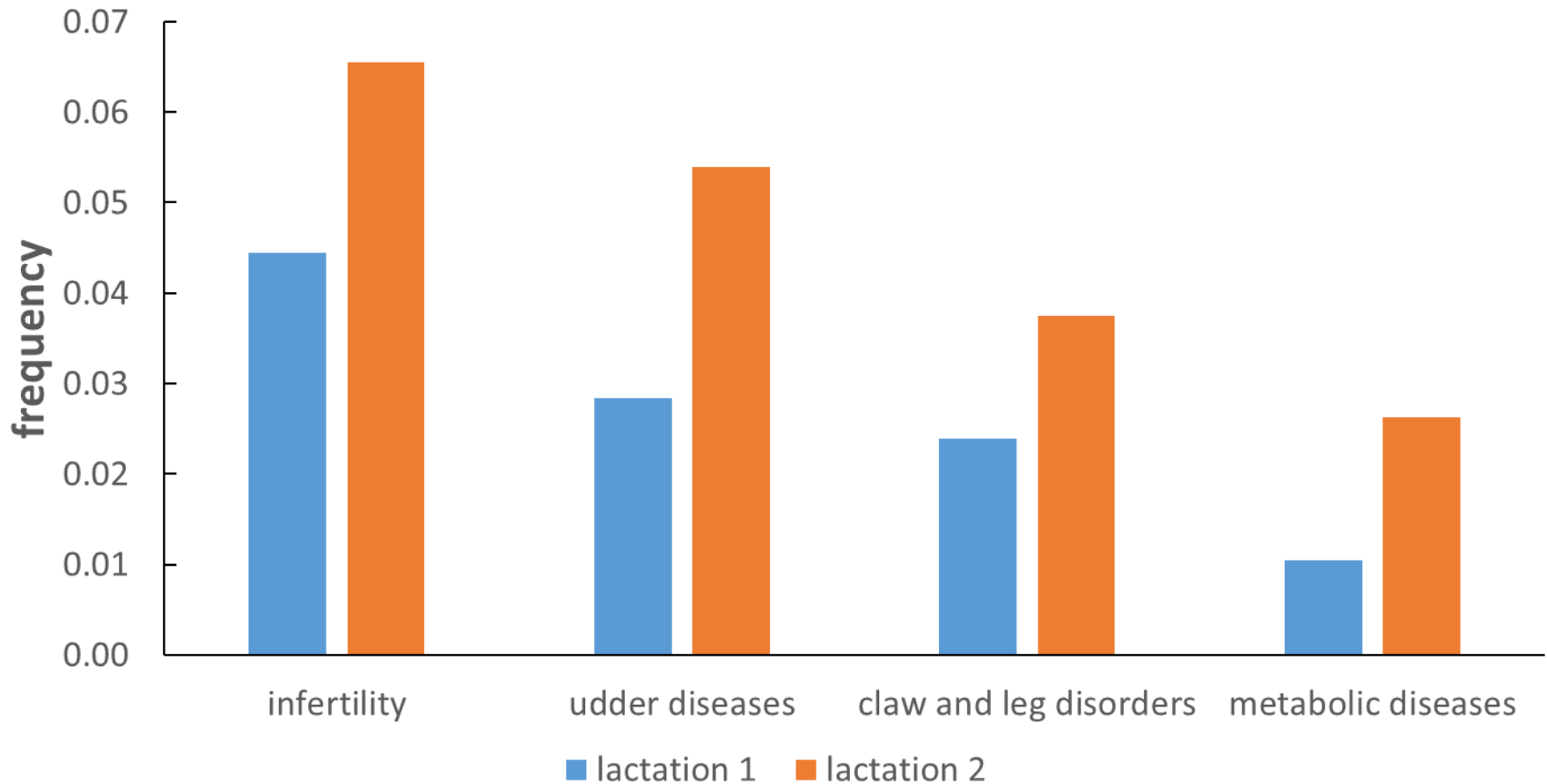
- y:** vector with observations (1/0)  
incidence matrix, linking observations to classes of fixed effect
- b:** vector with values for fixed effect (herd × year of calving)
- Z:** incidence matrix, linking observations to sires
- s:** vector with values for sires;  $\mathbf{s} \sim N(0, \mathbf{G} \otimes \mathbf{A})$
- e:** vector with values for residuals;  $\mathbf{e} \sim N(0, \mathbf{R} \otimes \mathbf{I})$
- G:** genetic (co)variance matrix
- R:** residual (co)variance matrix
- A:** pedigree-based relationship matrix for sires (1 generation)

- bivariate runs
  - health trait
  - disposal reason trait
- software: VCE (Groeneveld et al., 2010)

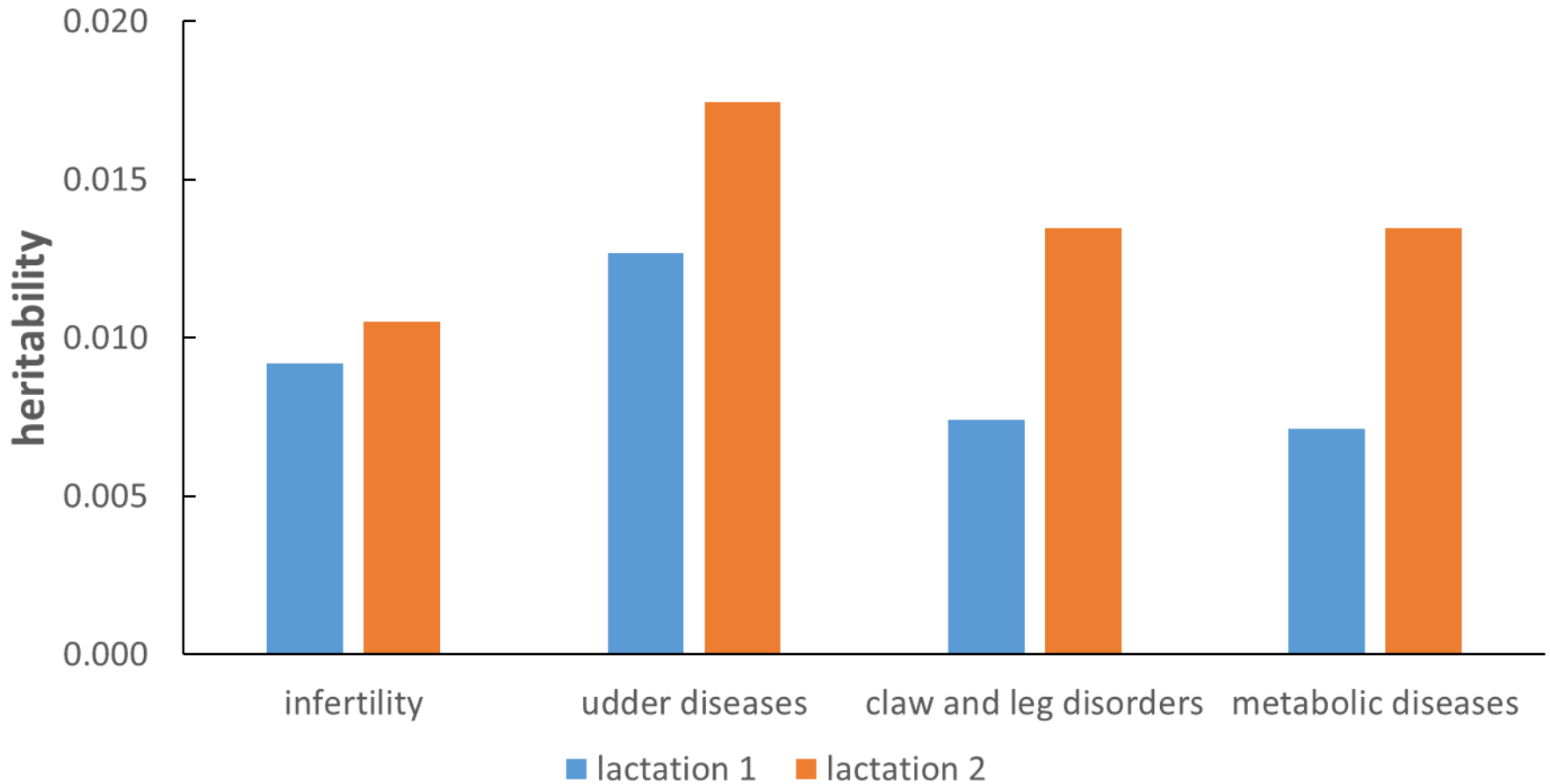




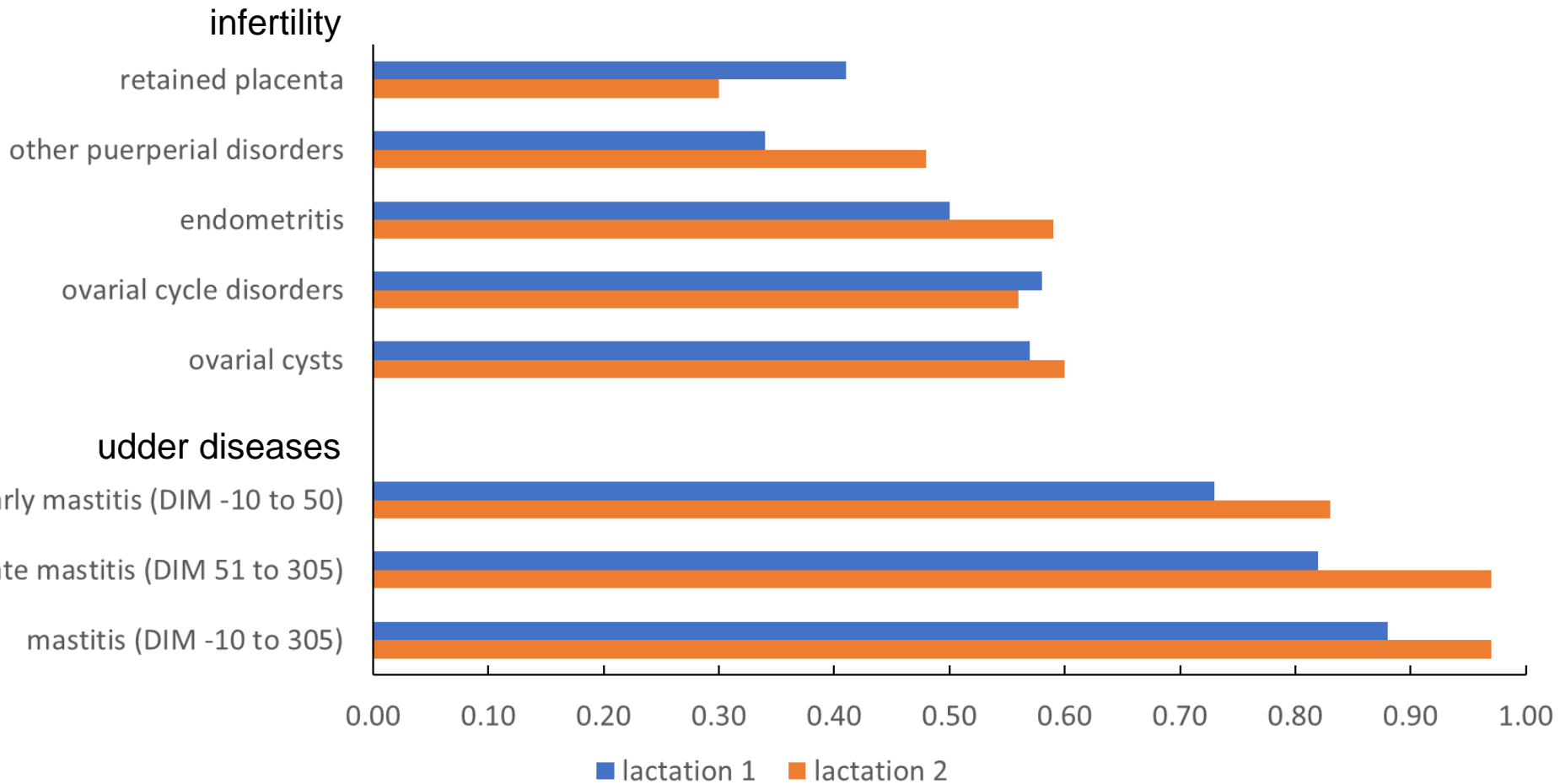
## Disposal reasons – frequencies



## Disposal reasons – heritabilities



# Genetic correlations



# Genetic correlations

## claw and leg disorders

interdigital hyperplasia



laminitis



white line defect/abscess



claw ulcers



digital phlegmona



digital dermatitis



## metabolic diseases

left-displaced abomasum



ketosis



milk fever



0.00 0.10 0.20 0.30 0.40 0.50 0.60 0.70 0.80 0.90 1.00

■ lactation 1 ■ lactation 2

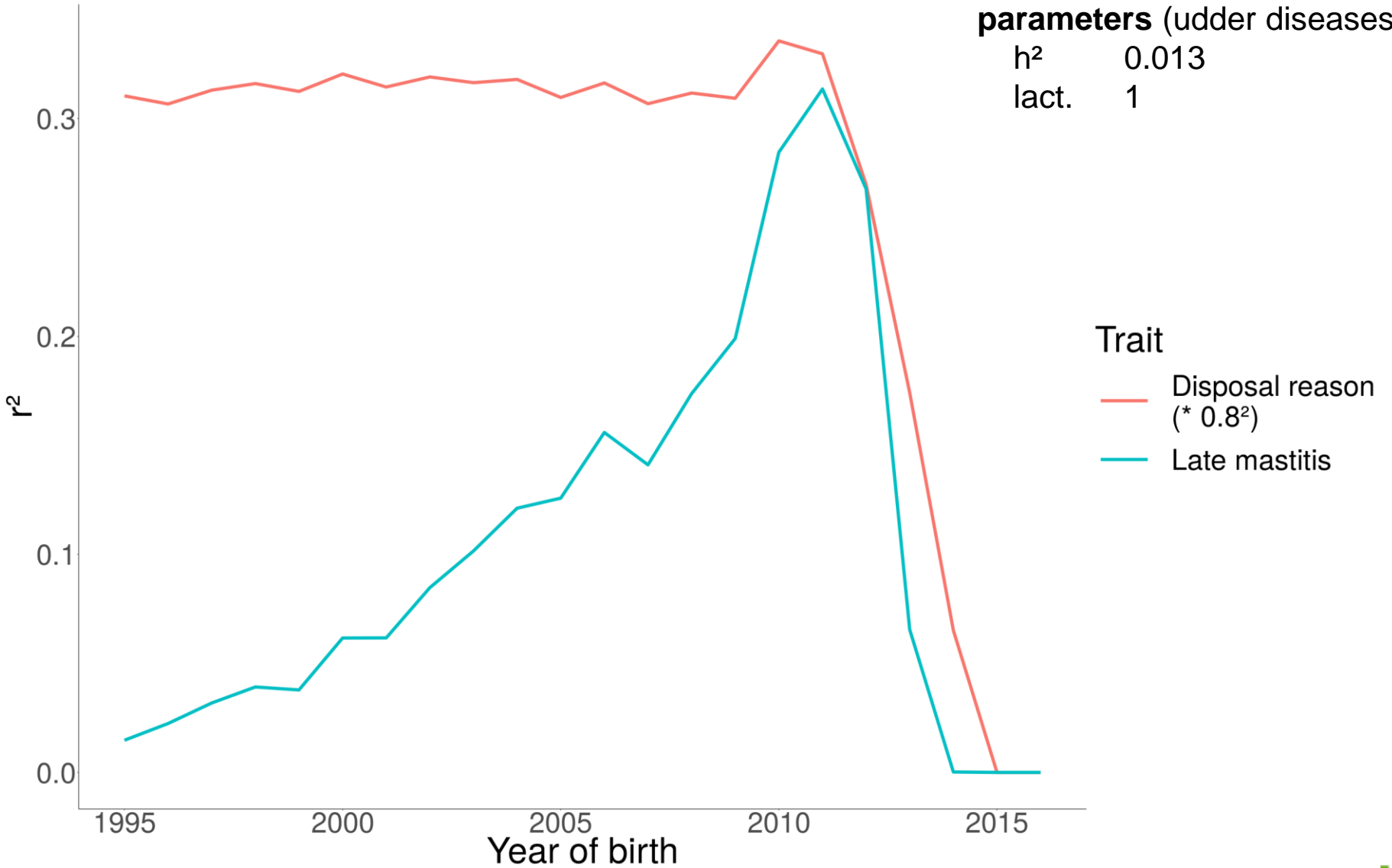


# Mean reliabilities (AI bulls)

parameters (udder diseases):

$h^2$  0.013

lact. 1



Can we use disposal reasons to increase the reliability of EBV for direct health traits?

Yes, we can!

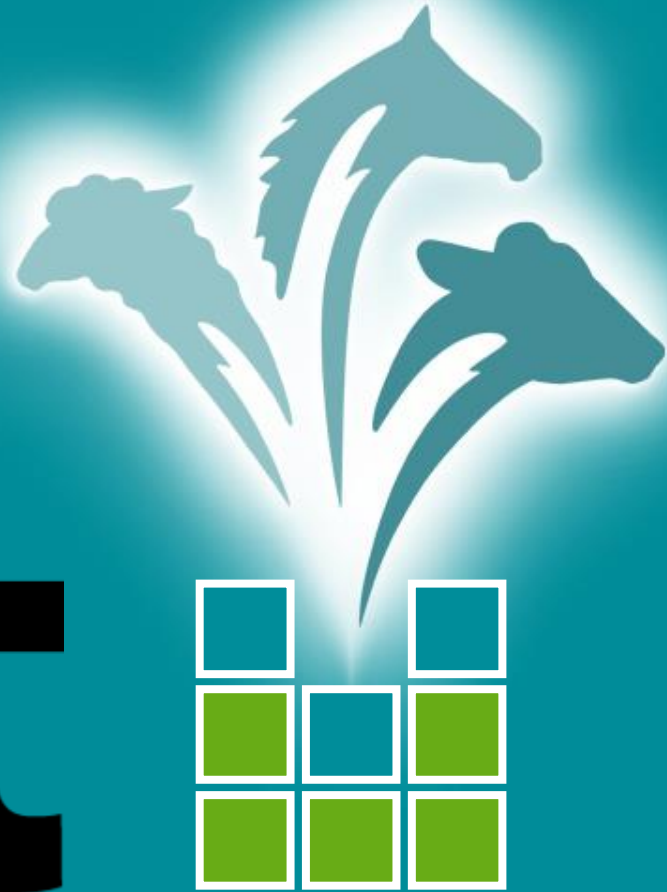


## Conclusions and prospect

- patterns are plausible
- further analyses and plausibility checks
- development of a routine genetic evaluation of disposal reasons



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Thank you for your attention!



## References

- Groeneveld, E., M. Kovac, N. Mielenz (2010): VCE User's Guide and Reference Manual Version 6.0. Institute of Farm Animal Genetics, Friedrich Loeffler Institute (FLI), D-31535 Neustadt, Germany
- Heise, J., K. F. Stock, S. Rensing, H. Simianer (2018): Potential use of routinely reported disposal reasons in dairy cattle breeding. *Züchtungskunde* **90**:13-26
- Heise, J., Z. Liu, K.F. Stock, S. Rensing, F. Reinhardt, H. Simianer (2016): The genetic structure of longevity in dairy cows. *J. Dairy Sci.* **99**:1253-1265 doi:10.3168/jds.201510163.

