#### Combining clinical mastitis with somatic cell indicators for udder health selection in Spanish dairy cattle

#### M. A. Pérez-Cabal<sup>1</sup> & N. Charfeddine<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Department of Animal Production, Complutense University of Madrid, Spain <sup>2</sup> CONAFE, Spanish Holstein Association, Valdemoro, Spain



## Introduction

- Mastitis: economic losses and animal welfare
- CM is not routinely recorded and available
- Indirect selection: Lactation SCS (LSCS)
- Spain:
  - –Genetic evaluation LSCS since 2003
  - -I-SA project (2012)
- Is CM different in primiparous cows?
- Is CM different at different stages of lactation?
- Which is the best indicator of CM?

# Objectives

- To estimate genetic parameters of CM and alternative traits based on SCC:
  - Average SCS
  - Peak SCC
- To define the best CM indicator based on data from milk recording system

- Data from Galicia (NW Spain)
- I-SA project (CONAFE)
  - CM (0/1): Secretion of visually abnormal milk or udder tissue inflammation.
- Milk recording system
  - ASCS: Average of log-transformation of SCC
  - SCCx (0/1): Any test-day >x cells/ml (x=100, 200, 400 x10<sup>3</sup>)

Lactation		Stage of lactation (period)				
	number	-15 to 60 DIM	61 to 150 DIM	151 to 305 DIM		
	1 (1L)	P1	P2	Р3		
	2-5 (2+L) P1			P2		

Records n.	56,435
Cows n.	31,274
Sires n.	2,458
Herds n.	393
Lactations	1 to 5
Years	2013-2017

- 7 CM traits:
  - CM\_1L: First lact.
  - CM\_2+L: Second to fifth lact.
  - CM\_1LP1: -15 to 60 DIM
  - CM\_1LP2: 61 to 150 DIM
  - CM\_1LP3: 151 to 305 DIM
  - CM\_2+LP1: -15 to 150 DIM
  - CM\_2+LP2: 151 to 305 DIM

- 29 SCS/SCC traits:
  - -ASCS: Average SCS
  - -SCC100: Peak >100,000 cells/ml
  - -SCC200: Peak >200,000 cells/ml
  - -SCC400: Peak >400,000 cells/ml

Trait	N. rec.	Min	Max	Mean	s.d.	
CM_1L	17,877	0	1	0.112	0.316	11.2% CM
ASCC_1L (x 1,000)	14,835	96	937	322.865	128.182	
SCC100_1L	14,835	0	1	0.854	0.353	
SCC200_1L	14,835	0	1	0.657	0.475	
SCC400_1L	14,835	0	1	0.450	0.498	

Trait	N. rec.	Min	Max	Mean	s.d.	
CM_2+L	36,599	0	1	0.191	0.393	19.1% CM
ASCC_2+L (x 1,000)	27,334	11	952	305.933	156.128	
SCC100_2+L	27,334	0	1	0.803	0.398	
SCC200_2+L	27,334	0	1	0.638	0.481	
SCC400_2+L	27,334	0	1	0.478	0.499	

- VCE 6.0
- Linear animal model

**1L:**  $y_{ijklm} = hy_i + mo_j + LAE_k + id_l + \varepsilon_{ijklm}$ **2+L:**  $y_{ijklmn} = hy_i + mo_j + LAE_k + id_l + pe_m + \varepsilon_{ijklmn}$ 

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{id} \\ \mathbf{pe} \\ \mathbf{\epsilon} \end{pmatrix} \sim N \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{A}\sigma_{\mathbf{id}}^2 & \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0}, \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{A}\sigma_{\mathbf{id}}^2 & \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{I}\sigma_{\mathbf{pe}}^2 & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{I}\sigma_{\varepsilon}^2 \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix}$$

hy: herd-year of calving (934 levels)
mo: month of calving (12 levels)
LAE: lactation-age (57 levels)
id: additive genetic effect (66,713 levels)
pe: permanent environmental effect (22,414 levels)
E: residuals

• Genetic correlations between lactations (1L vs 2+L)

	CM_1L	ASCS_1L	SCC100_1L	SCC200_1L	SCC400_1L
CM_2+L	0.999	0.950	0.922	0.928	0.976
ASCS_2+L	0.879	0.989	0.988	0.959	0.947
SCC100_2+L	0.654	0.965	0.999	0.974	0.864
SCC200_2+L	0.895	0.999	0.999	0.999	0.990
SCC400_2+L	0.971	0.983	0.992	0.999	0.999

EAAP 69th Annual Meeting, Dubrovnik, Croatia, 27th to 31th August 2018

• Genetic parameters within lactation (1L)

	CM_1L	ASCS_1L	SCC100_1L	SCC200_1L	SCC400_1L
CM_1L	0.020	0.852	0.907	0.976	0.993
	0.006	0.094	0.180	0.086	0.064
ASCS_1L		0.112	0.918	0.999	0.935
		0.018	0.075	0.001	0.033
SCC100_1L			0.036	0.946	0.740
			0.010	0.044	0.118
SCC200_1L				0.044	0.918
				0.011	0.049
SCC400_1L					0.059
					0.013

• Genetic parameters within lactation (1L) by period

	CM_1LP1	CM_1LP2	CM_1LP3
CM_1L	0.887	0.981	0.873
CM_1LP1	0.012	0.806	0.556
CM_1LP2		0.010	0.906
CM_1LP3			0.007

		ASCS	SCC100	SCC200	SCC400	
СМ	P1	0.613	0.770	0.723	0.734	1
	P2	0.622	0.630	0.769	0.837	
	<b>P3</b>	0.867	0.782	1.000	1.000	↓ >150 DIM
ASCS	P1	-	0.911	0.984	0.945	
	P2	-	0.973	0.970	0.902	
	<b>P3</b>	-	1.000	0.989	0.900	

EAAP 69th Annual Meeting, Dubrovnik, Croatia, 27th to 31th August 2018

• Genetic parameters within lactation (2+L)

	CM_2+L	ASCS_2+L	SCC100_2+L	. SCC200_2+L	SCC400_2+L
CM_2+L	0.023	0.945	0.780	0.850	0.875
	0.006	0.043	0.094	0.061	0.087
ASCS_2+L		0.143	0.903	0.958	0.937
		0.015	0.033	0.020	0.021
SCC100_2+L			0.050	0.956	0.812
			0.009	0.021	0.057
SCC200_2+L				0.062	0.947
				0.011	0.023
SCC400_2+L					0.076
					0.012

Genetic parameters within lactation (2+L) by period

	CM_2+LP1	CM_2+LP2
CM_2+L	0.999	0.985
CM_2+LP1	0.010	0.977
CM_2+LP2		0.011

		ASCS	SCC100	SCC200	SCC400	
СМ	P1	0.948	0.847	0.873	0.851	<150 DIM
	P2	0.743	0.435	0.807	1.000	
ASCS	P1	-	0.956	0.992	0.960	
	P2	-	0.962	0.966	0.898	

- For CM:
  - –Distinction between 1L and 2+L is not necessary
  - –Different periods within lactation are worthy

 ASCS + SCC200 could be considered with CM in multi-trait evaluation for udder health improvement **Acknowledgements:** 

- Milk quality service of SERAGRO, S.C.G. and CONAFE
- CONAFE-UCM agreements: 4156558 and 4159203



# Thank you!

Combining clinical mastitis with somatic cell indicators for udder health selection in Spanish dairy cattle

#### M. A. Pérez-Cabal<sup>1</sup> & N. Charfeddine<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Department of Animal Production, Complutense University of Madrid, Spain <sup>2</sup> CONAFE, Spanish Holstein Association, Valdemoro, Spain

