

FETAL MORTALITY AND FERTILITY IN DIVERGENTLY SELECTED LINES FOR BIRTH WEIGHT HOMOGENEITY IN MICE


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HOMOGENEOUS animals are more **ROBUST**:
 Litter size
 Survival at weaning



OBJECTIVE

Analyze the differences between lines selected divergently in terms of fetal mortality and pregnancy rate

 86 ♀ from a divergent selection experiment for birth weight (**BW**) environmental variability in mice:

- ✓ Ultrasound scans at 14 days of gestation
- ✓ Litter size at birth (**LS**)

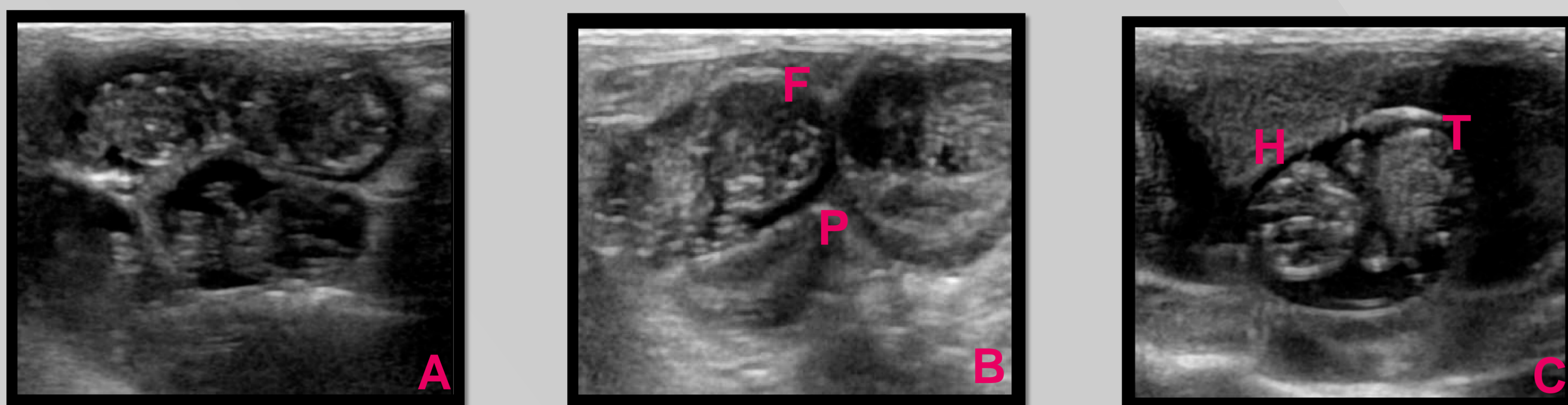
Model:

$$y = \mu + line + generation + line * generation + NF + NF * NF + \varepsilon$$

- ✓ where y was:
 - sexual receptivity (percentage of vaginal plugs created by females in the first three days after mating) (**NF** not fitted)
 - number of fetuses at 14 days of gestation (**NF** not fitted)
 - fetal mortality (difference between **NF** and **LS**, in percentage)
- ✓ line: low and high variability lines for **BW**
- ✓ generation: 17 and 18

Fetal mortality (M)
Number of fetuses (NF)
Receptivity (R)

ULTRASOUND SCANS AT 14 DAYS OF GESTATION


A: Four fetuses.

B: Two fetuses coronal image. Differentiation of placenta (**P**) from fetus (**F**).

C: A foetus coronal image shows formation of the head (**H**) and torso (**T**).

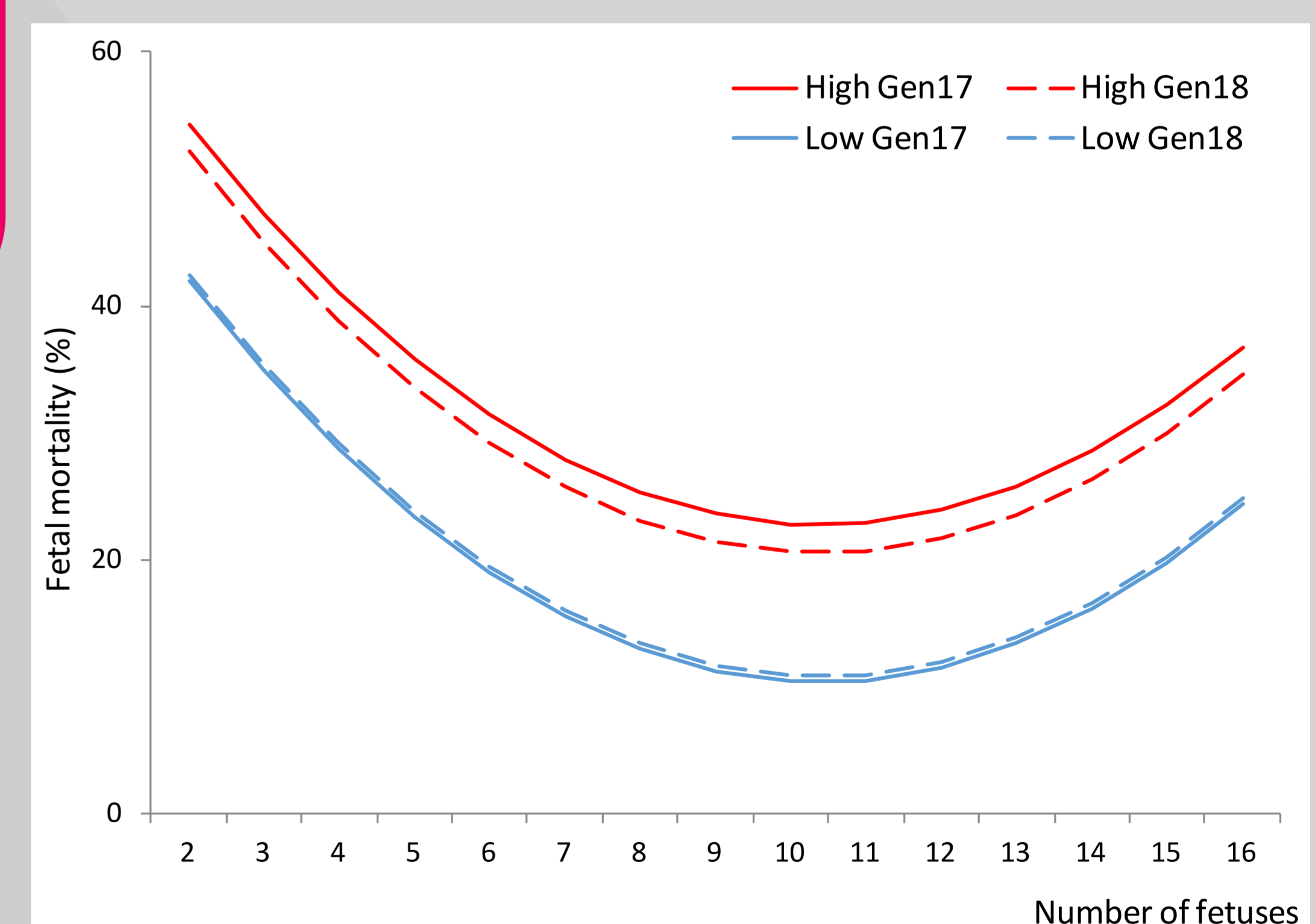
BIRTH



Mice litter at birth.

	NF (fetuses)	M (%)	LS (pups)	R (%)
Low variability line	11.16	12.49	9.82	53.49
High variability line	11.23	26.13	8.36	23.26
p	n.s.	***	*	***

 NF = number of fetuses at 14 days of gestation; M = fetal mortality;
 LS = litter size at birth; R = receptivity.

 n.s. = not significant; * $p < 0.05$; ** $p < 0.01$; *** $p < 0.001$


Evolution of the fetal mortality (%) by number of fetuses at 14 days of gestation in low and high variability line in both generations considered.

CONCLUSION

Low variability line would be preferable in terms of fetal survival and sexual receptivity being both indicators of robustness and animal welfare