## Effects of specific breeding lines for organic dairy production in Denmark



M. Slagboom A.C. Sørensen, J.R. Thomasen, M. Kargo, H.A. Mulder

Undersøgelsen er en del af Organic RDD 2-projektet SOBcows



















promilleafgiftsfonden for landbrug

## Specific organic breeding lines

- When is it better for genetic gain to have a specific breeding goal for organic dairy production in Denmark?
- Depends on the correlation between breeding goals
  - GxE
  - Economic weights
  - Trait definitions
  - Genetic evaluations
- Break-even correlation

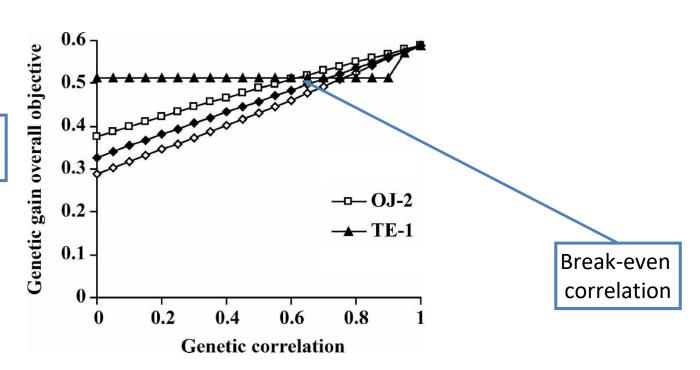
#### **Break-even correlation**

Genetic gain in one joint breeding program =
Genetic gain in two separate breeding programs

Han Mulder's thesis (2007)

# Break-even correlation with progeny testing

Different with genomic selection?



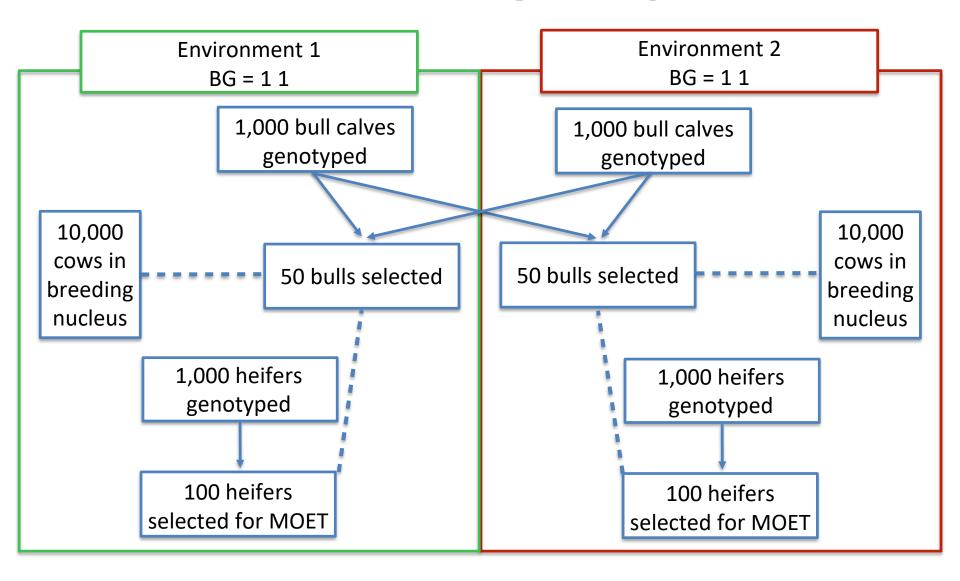
$$\Delta G = 0.5 * \Delta G_1 + 0.5 * \Delta G_2$$

Mulder et al., 2006

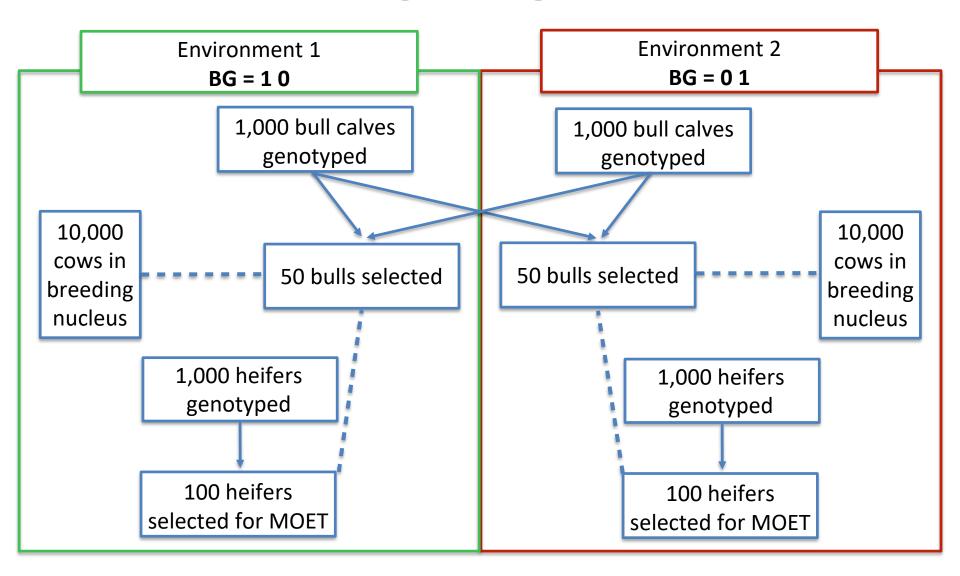
#### **Aims**

- Find break-even correlation with genomic selection
- How much genetic gain is lost with a suboptimal breeding strategy?

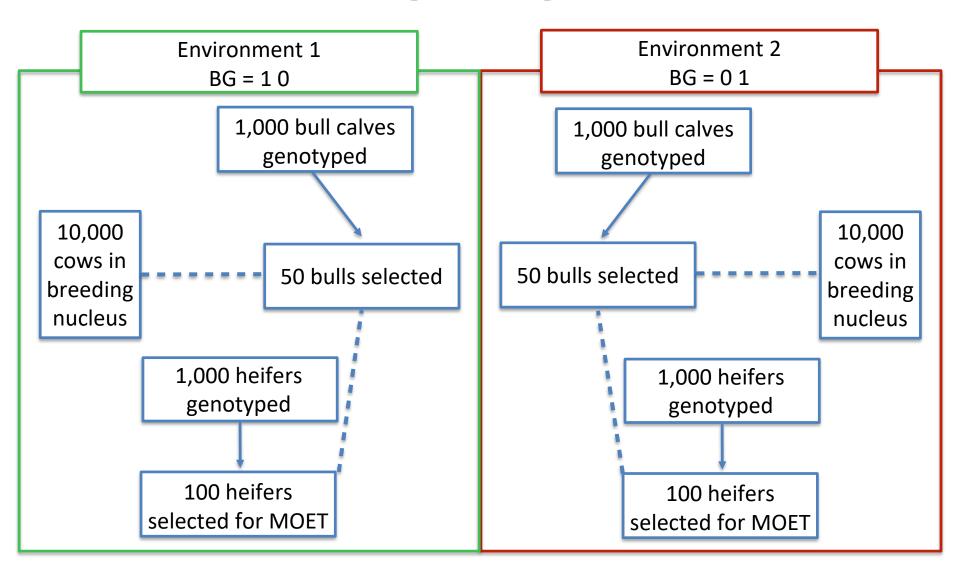
## One breeding program



## Two breeding programs, across



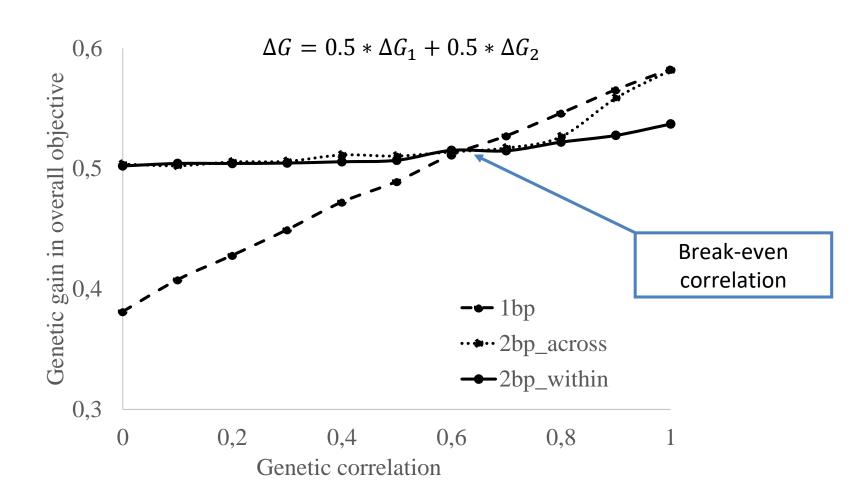
## Two breeding programs, within



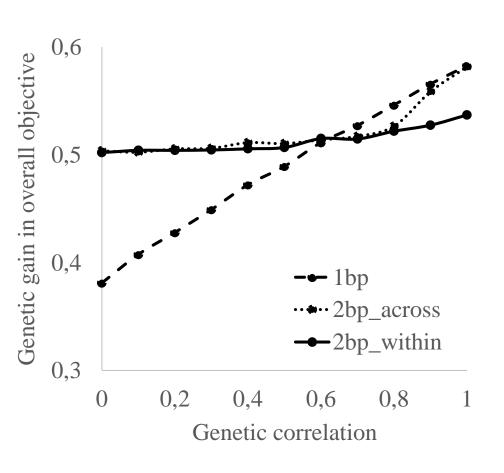
#### **Methods**

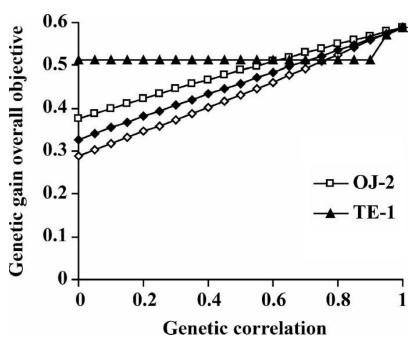
- Stochastic simulation in ADAM (Pedersen et al., 2009)
- Breeding value estimation in DMU (Madsen and Jensen, 2013)
- Pseudo-genomic simulation (Buch et al., 2012; Dekkers, 2007)
  - No markers simulated, instead one trait with genomic information (DGV)

#### Results



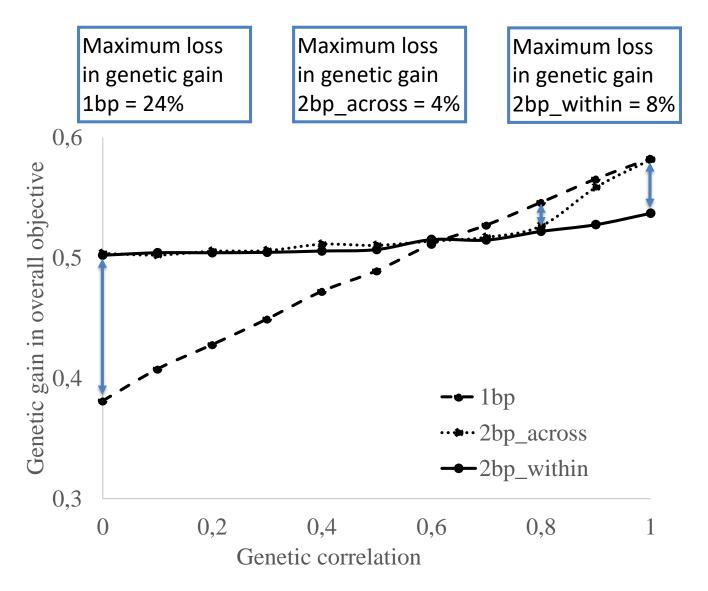
#### **Break-even correlation**



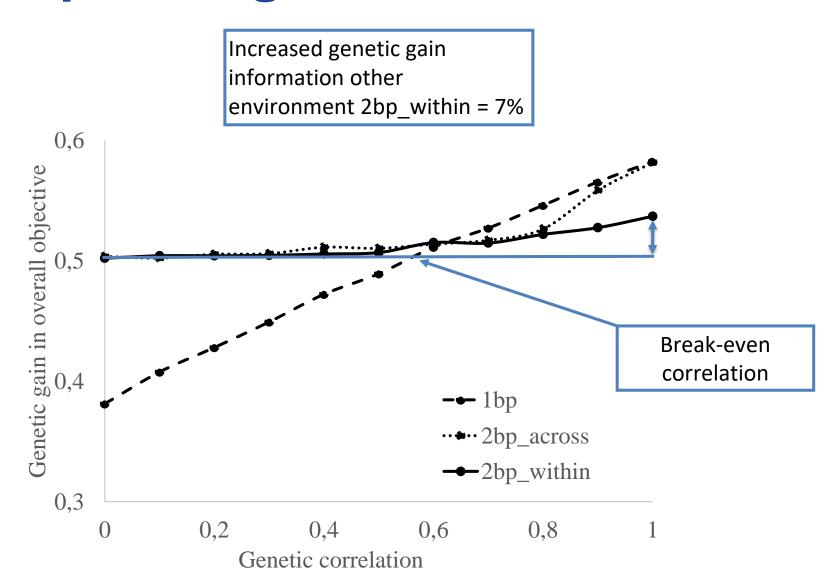


Mulder et al., 2006

## Loss in genetic gain



### Impact of genomic selection



#### **Conclusions**

- Break-even correlation not different with genomic selection with the present assumptions
- Two breeding programs: loss in genetic gain is minimal when selection is not restricted
- Increased genetic gain in strategy 2bp\_within due to genomic information from correlated environment
- Implication for organic breeding lines