



Genetic parameters of colostrum qualitative traits in *Holstein* dairy cows in Greece

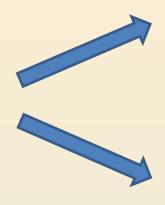
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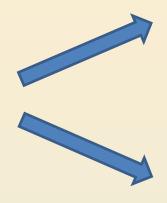




Passive transfer of immunity

Nutritional support of neonates (mostly energy)

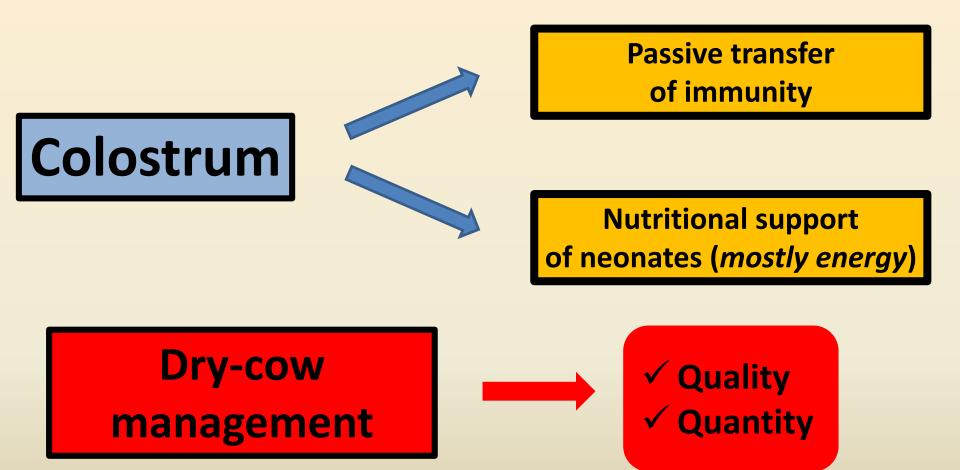




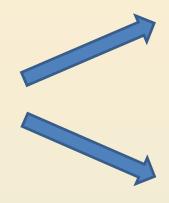
Passive transfer of immunity

Nutritional support of neonates (mostly energy)

Dry-cow management







Passive transfer of immunity

Nutritional support of neonates (mostly energy)

Genetic merit?



Aim of the study

Estimation of genetic parameters of colostrum fat, protein, lactose, total solids and energy content



February 2015 to September 2016

10 commercial dairy cow farms in Northern Greece

> 1,074 Holstein cows

Detailed pedigree available

Cows

Milking 232 ± 195 min after calving & colostrum collection sample



Colostrum total solids determination using a digital BRIX refractometer



Cows

Milking 232 ± 195 min after calving & colostrum collection sample



Indirect but reliable assessment of immunoglobulin concentration

Colostrum total solids
determination
using a digital
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Cows

Milking 232 ± 195 min after calving & colostrum collection sample





Colostrum total solids determination using a digital BRIX refractometer

Determination of colostrum fat, protein & lactose content with Milkoscan

Calculation:

Colostrum energy content

Energy (Mcal/kg)= (0.057*CP%+0.092*fat%+0.0395*lactose%)*0.97*0.96*0.86

NRC (2001). 7th rev.ed. Natl.Acad.Sci., Washington, DC, 225-226

Records:

- Parity number
- Calving season
- Cow age at calving
- Colostrum quantity
- > Time interval between calving and colostrum collection
- Body condition score (BCS)
- Dry period duration
- Milk yield in previous lactation (305 days)

Statistical analysis:

- Univariate mixed models (ASREML software)
- Records: Fixed effects
- **Cow:** random additive genetic effect

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Total database

6 generations for 1,074 cows

Total animals 5,662

Statistical analysis:

- Estimation of (co) variance components
- Calculation of heritability (h²)
- Estimation of genetic and phenotypic correlations with bivariate analysis
- ➤ Significance level P≤0.05

	Mean (SD)	CV (%)
Fat (%)	6.4 (3.33)	52
Protein (%)	17.8 (3.97)	22
Lactose (%)	2.2 (0.73)	34
Total solids (BRIX measurements)	25.8 (4.68)	18
Energy content (Mcal/I)	1.4 (0.29)	22

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Variability among farms:

- ✓ Fat 22 %
- ✓ Lactose 12 %

Variability within farms ranged:

✓ Fat

44 % - 63 %

✓ Lactose

28 % - 82 %

	Factors							
Variables	Herd	Parity number	Calving season	Cow age at calving	Colostrum quantity	Time interval between calving & colostrum collection	Dry period duration	
Colostrum fat content	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	
Colostrum protein content	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Colostrum lactose content	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Colostrum total solids content	✓	Lowest in 2 nd	Lowest in summer	✓	Higher when low quantity	Higher when short time interval		
Colostrum energy content	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	

69th Annual Meeting of the European Federation of Animal Science, Dubrovnik, Croatia, 27th to 31st August 2018

- Trait:
 - ✓ Fat
 - ✓ Protein
 - ✓ Lactose
 - ✓ Total solids (BRIX measurements)
 - ✓ Colostrum energy content

- Heritability (h²):
 - 0.21
 - 0.19
 - 0.15
 - 0.27
 - 0.22

P<0.05

- Trait:
 - ✓ Fat
 - Protein
 - ✓ Lactose
 - ✓ Total solids (BRIX measurements)
 - ✓ Colostrum energy content

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"Trait"	Heritability (h²)
Milk yield	0.30 - 0.35
BCS	0.25 - 0.30
Fertility	< 0.10
Disease resistance	0.05

- ✓ Total solids (BRIX measurements)
- 0.27

✓ Colostrum energy content

• 0.22

	Fat	Protein	Lactose	Colostrum energy content	Colostrum quantity
Total solids (BRIX measurements)	+0.21	+0.92	-0.67	+0.70	-0.10
Fat			-0.14	+0.82	
Protein			-0.68	+0.58	-0.13
Lactose				-0.46	+0.16

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Statistically significant phenotypic correlations

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There were no statistically significant genetic correlations

Conclusions

Colostrum quality traits <u>are</u> heritable

Genetic selection could be feasible

Absence of genetic correlations



Simplify genetic selection programs

