





Across-breed genomic evaluation for meat sheep in Ireland

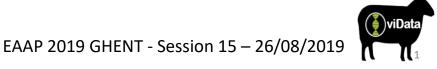


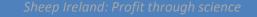
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Agriculture, Food and the Marine









Background: Irish breeding program



C vi Gen





- Trait groups
 - 🕩 Lambing
 - 🥩 Lamb growth
 - 🥩 Lamb carcass
 - 🕩 Lamb health
 - 🖤 Ewe growth
 - 📌 Ewe health
 - 📌 Litter size

- Across breed breeding indexes
 - 🔝 TERMINAL INDEX



REPLACEMENT INDEX









Background: Genomic research

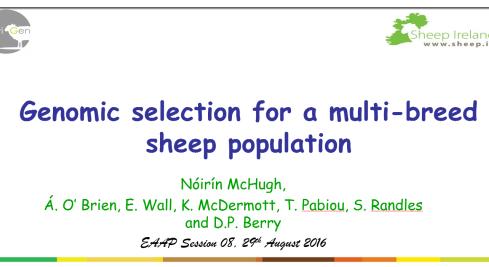


• EAAP 2016 Belfast











The Irish Agriculture and Food Development Authority



Sheep Ireland: Profit through science





Objective



- Developing single step across-breed genomic evaluation for meat sheep
- Assessing the accuracy of the genomic evaluation over the current across-breed genetic evaluation









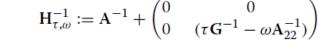


Single step process



- 32,819 animals genotyped across 5 chips (8-11-39-41-49K)
 - Mainly from 2010 to present
- Imputed to 49K
 - FImpute (Sargolzaei M., 2014)
- Genomic evaluation across 4 modules
 - Litter size, Lambing, Growth & Carcass, Health
 - Single step (SS-GBlup) τ =0.70
 - Post-process
 - Base adjustment
 - Index construction











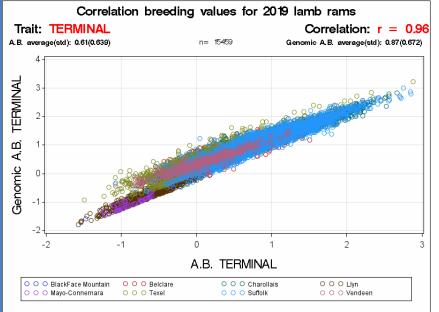


Results on breeding values









Comparison GS AB with GE AB

| Change in mean index for 2019 lamb rams* | | | | | |
|--|------|----------|-------------|--|--|
| | Ν | TERMINAL | REPLACEMENT | | |
| Belclare | 2160 | 0.27 | 0.52 | | |
| Charollais | 3819 | 0.26 | 0.28 | | |
| Llyn | 1057 | -0.05 | 0.32 | | |
| Suffolk | 2664 | 0.38 | 0.78 | | |
| Texel | 5180 | 0.25 | 0.63 | | |
| Vendeen | 479 | 0.30 | 0.52 | | |

* Genomic evaluation compared to genetic evaluation











Result on accuracy







eagasc

| Correlation accuracy for 2019 lamb rams Trait: TERMINAL Correlation: r = 0.79 | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| A.B | 3. average(std): 0.4(0.075) n= 15459 | Genomic A.B. average(std): 0.43(0.105) | | |
| Genomic A.B. ACC. TERMINAL | | | | |
| | 0.0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0 | .5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1.0 | | |
| A.B. ACC. TERMINAL | | | | |
| | | O Charollais O O Llyn O Suffolk O O Vendeen | | |

Comparison GS AB with GE AB

| Gain in accuracy for genotyped 2019 lamb rams* | | | | | |
|--|-----|----------|-------------|--|--|
| | Ν | TERMINAL | REPLACEMENT | | |
| Belcalre | 679 | +16% | +18% | | |
| Charollais | 444 | +15% | +17% | | |
| Llyn | 44 | +13% | +14% | | |
| Suffolk | 617 | +18% | +18% | | |
| Texel | 901 | +16% | +16% | | |
| Vendeen | 70 | +17% | +19% | | |

* Genomic evaluation compared to genetic evaluation

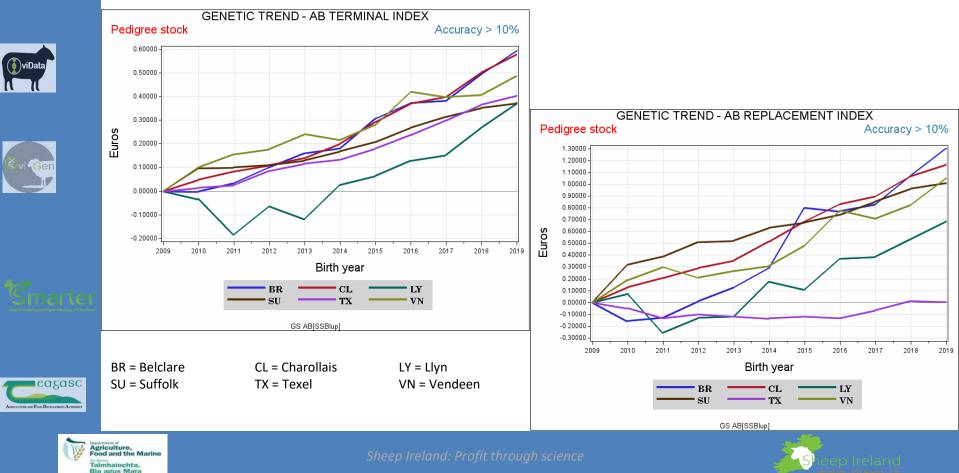








Genetic trends





Validation process





easasc

Running genetic & genomic eval.

Rest \Rightarrow calibration phenotypes

Validation animals get a parent average genetic merit (PA)

Last 3 years of phenotypes are masked \Rightarrow validation phenotypes

- Computing yield deviations from phenotypes
 - $YD = Y X\beta$
- **Comparing YD and PA**

Defining the dataset

- Best ($\star \star \star \star \star$) & Worst (\star) groups of animals
- **Regression of YD on PA**







viData

Star validation

| | | Difference 5★ - 1★ (s.e) | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | # validation animals | Current genetic eval. | Single step genomic eval. |
| Litter size | 4,565 | 0.28 (0.025) | 0.35 (0.028) 😊 |
| Weaning weight (kg) | 15,016 | 1.4 (0.159) | 2.0 (0.147) 😊 |
| Weight @ scan (kg) | 8,437 | 2.4 (0.178) | 2.9 (0.195) 😊 |
| Age at slaughter (day) | 3,714 | -13.9 (2.100) | -12.0 (2.646) 😐 |
| Ewe mature weight (kg) | 3,549 | -6.2 (0.322) | -6.8 (0.351) 🕲 |
| Lamb survival @ birth (%) | 21,962 | 1.8 (0.047) | 1.5 (0.053) 😐 |
| Lambing ease multiple (%) | 18,406 | 3.6 (0.086) | 4.7 (0.089) 😊 |





Department of Agriculture, Food and the Marine Talmhaiochta, Bia agus Mara



Model validation





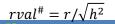




| | | Reg. slope* (s.e.) [rval%] [#] | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| | #validation animals | Current genetic eval. | Single step genomic eval. |
| Litter size | 4,565 | 1.47 (0.186) [85%] | 1.74 (0.215) [85%] 😕 |
| Weaning weight (kg) | 15,016 | 0.67 (0.081) [28%] | 0.72 (0.076) [32%] 🕲 |
| Weight @ scan (kg) | 8,437 | 0.56 (0.078) [27%] | 0.63 (0.076) [32%] 🙂 |
| Age at slaughter (day) | 3,714 | 0.71 (0.191) [24%] | 0.70 (0.175) [26%] 😑 |
| Ewe mature weight (kg) | 3,549 | 1.59 (0.137) [81%] | 1.83 (0.160) [80%] 😣 |
| Lamb survival @ birth (%) | 21,962 | 0.05 (0.029) [22%] | 0.05 (0.031) [22%] 🙂 |
| Lambing ease multiple (%) | 18,406 | 0.07 (0.022) [12%] | 0.10 (0.025) [12%] 🕲 |

*Reg. slope** = *b* = *regression slope* YD = *bPA* + *e*

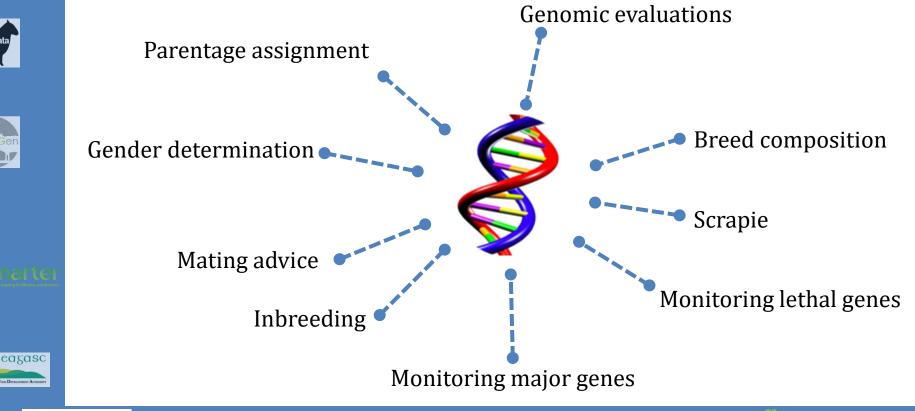






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More to genomics





Sheep Ireland: Profit through science





Conclusion





- Genomic evaluation pipeline in place
 Strong correlations between current and genomic breeding values
- Large gain in accuracy for genotyped animalsValidation Ok on growth traits
- But (for the sheep industry) there is much more to genomic than genomic evaluations!









Acknowledgements



- 🗢 SheepIreland team
- 🐑 Teagasc Moorepark sheep team



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