

# Investigating the feasibility of household and supermarket organic waste as feed for *Tenebrio molitor*

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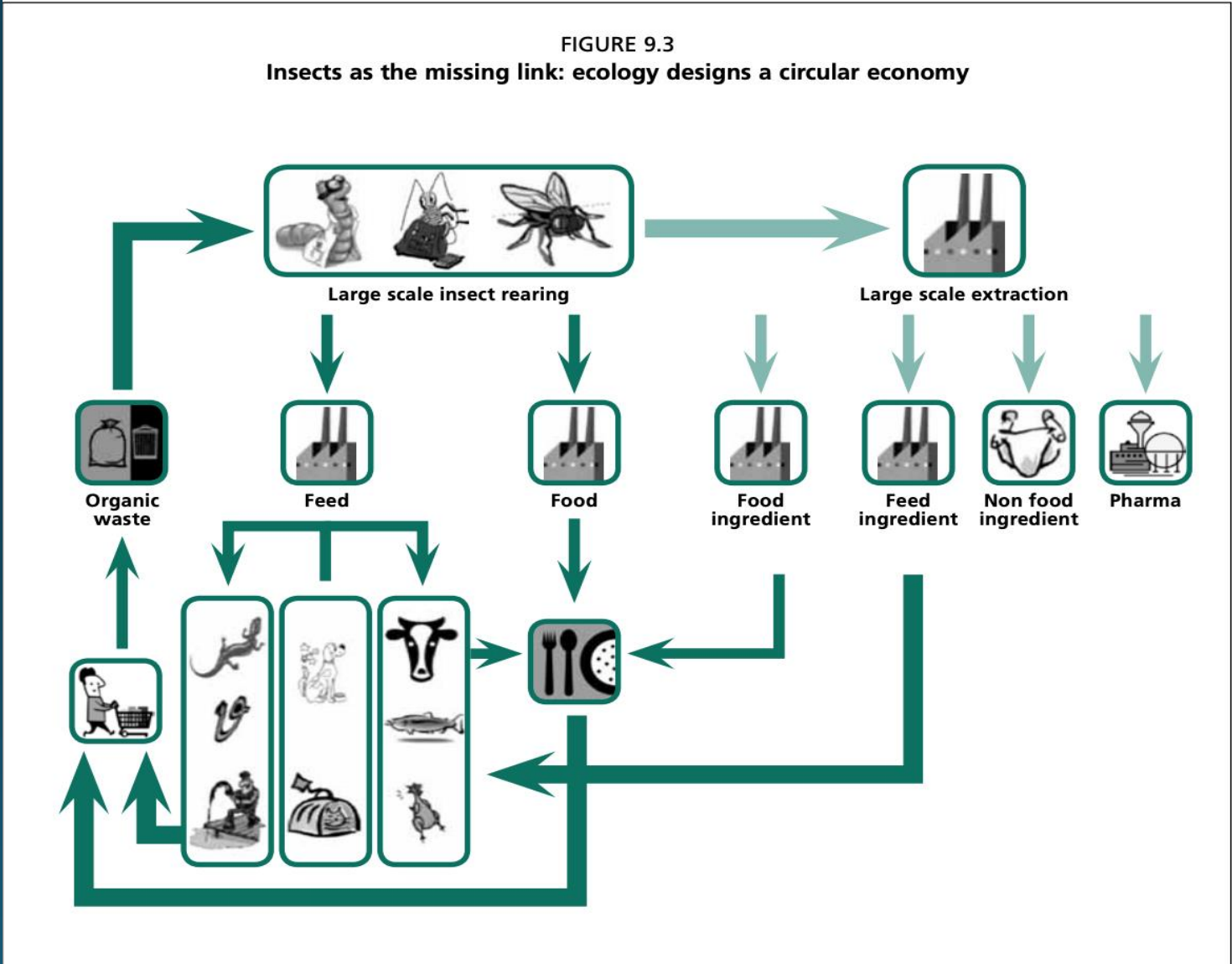
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# Introduction

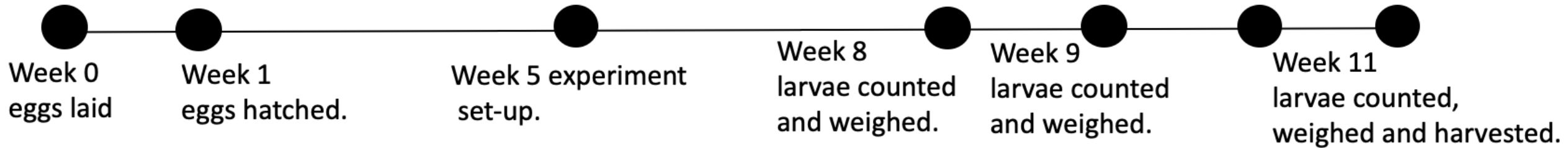
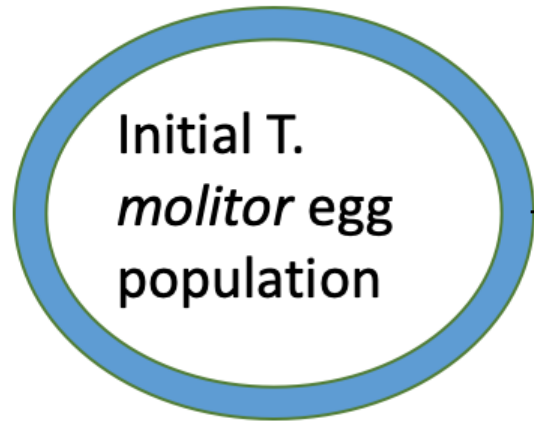


Source: M. Peters, personal communication, 2012.

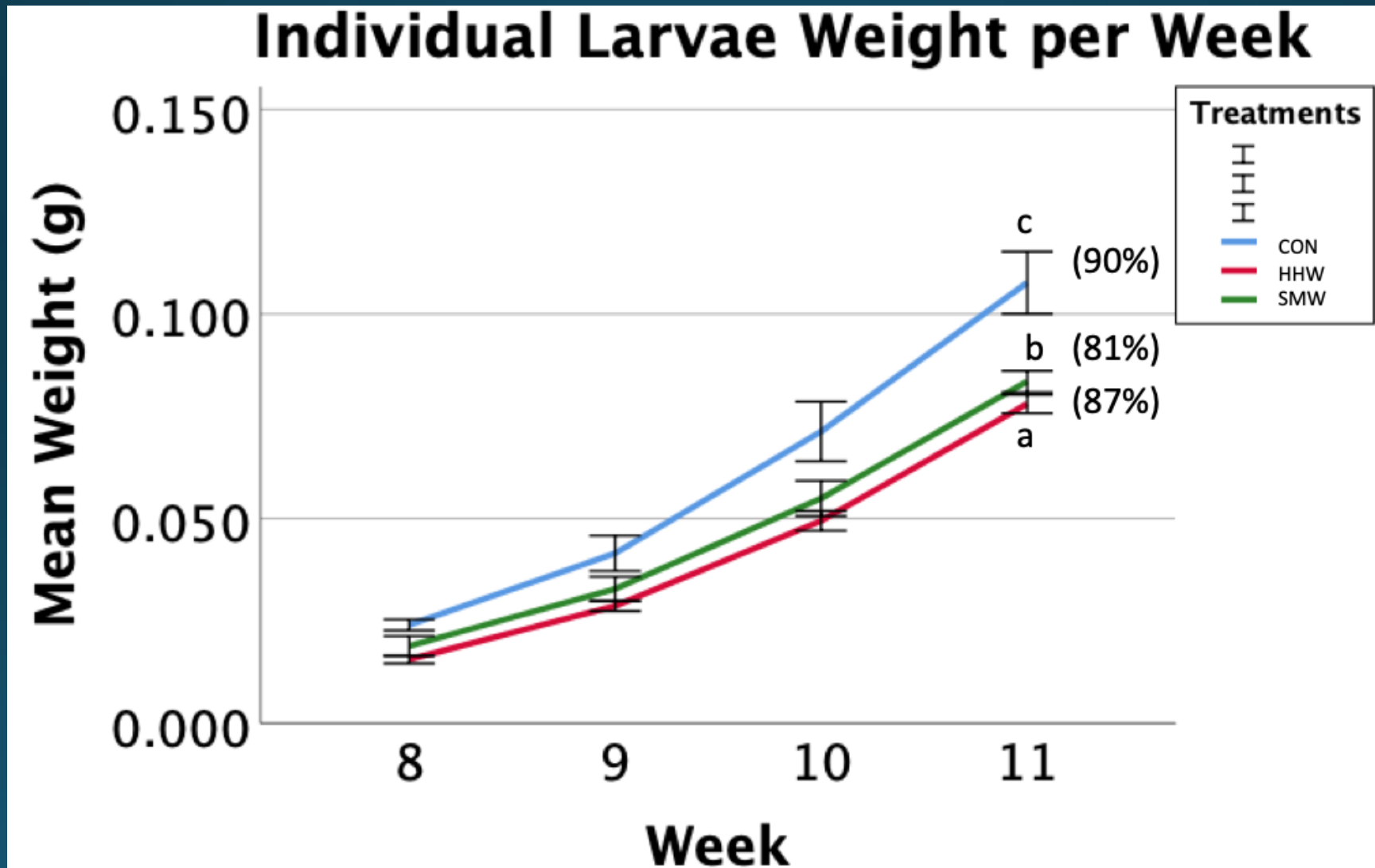
# Objectives

1. Successfully rear *T. molitor* on different waste streams including organic waste from supermarkets and households as feed
2. Analyze *T. molitor* reared on organic waste for nutrition content and safety measures for human consumption
3. Examine if *T. molitor* can biodegrade or avoid certain microplastics within organic waste

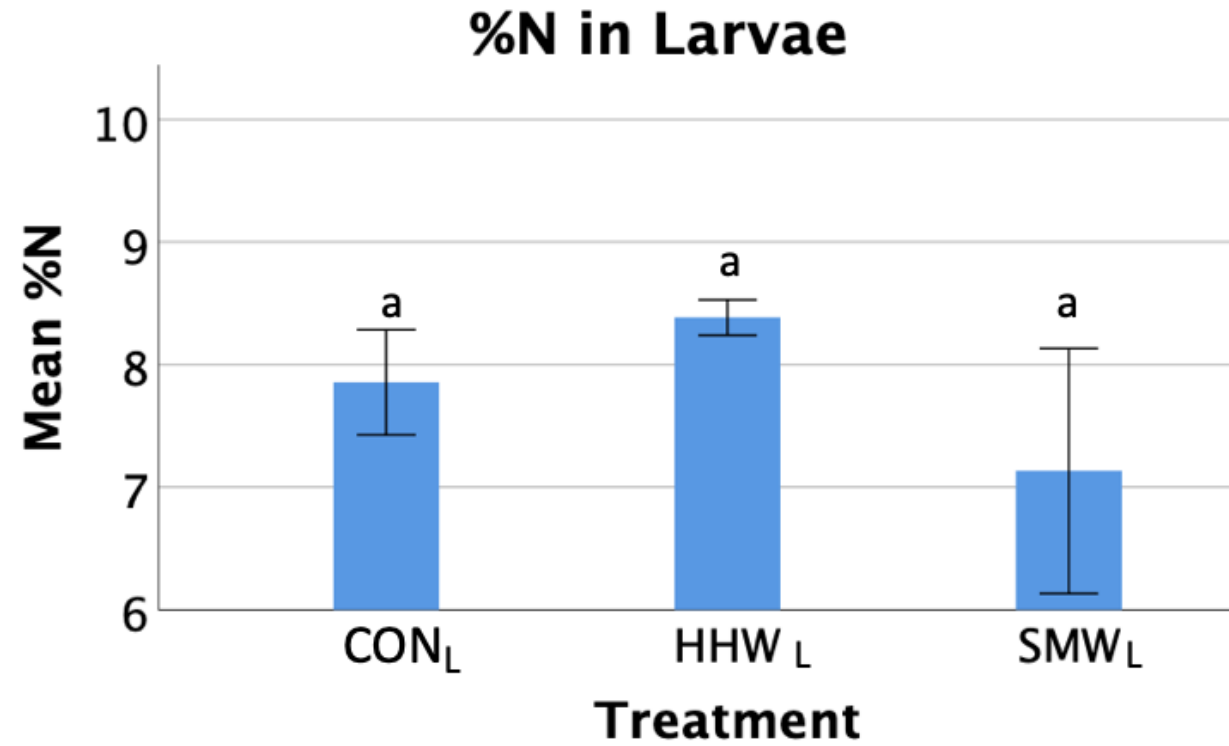
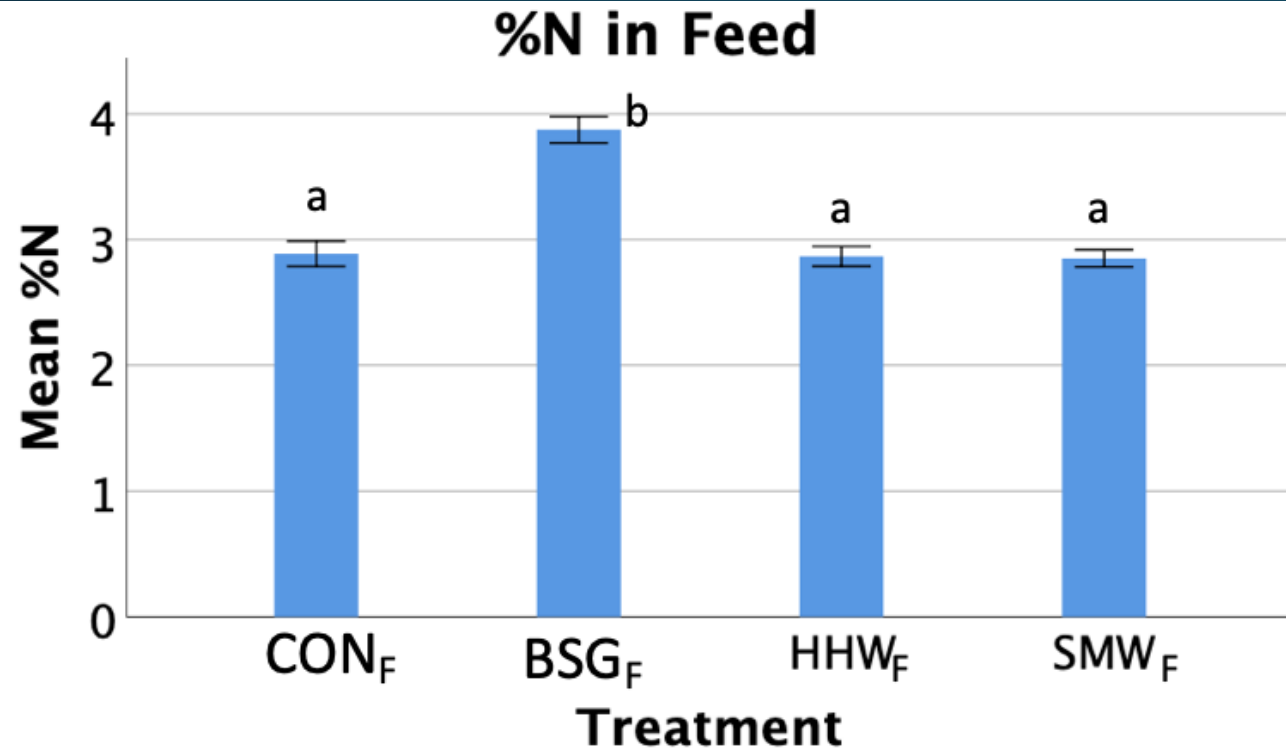
# Experimental Set-up



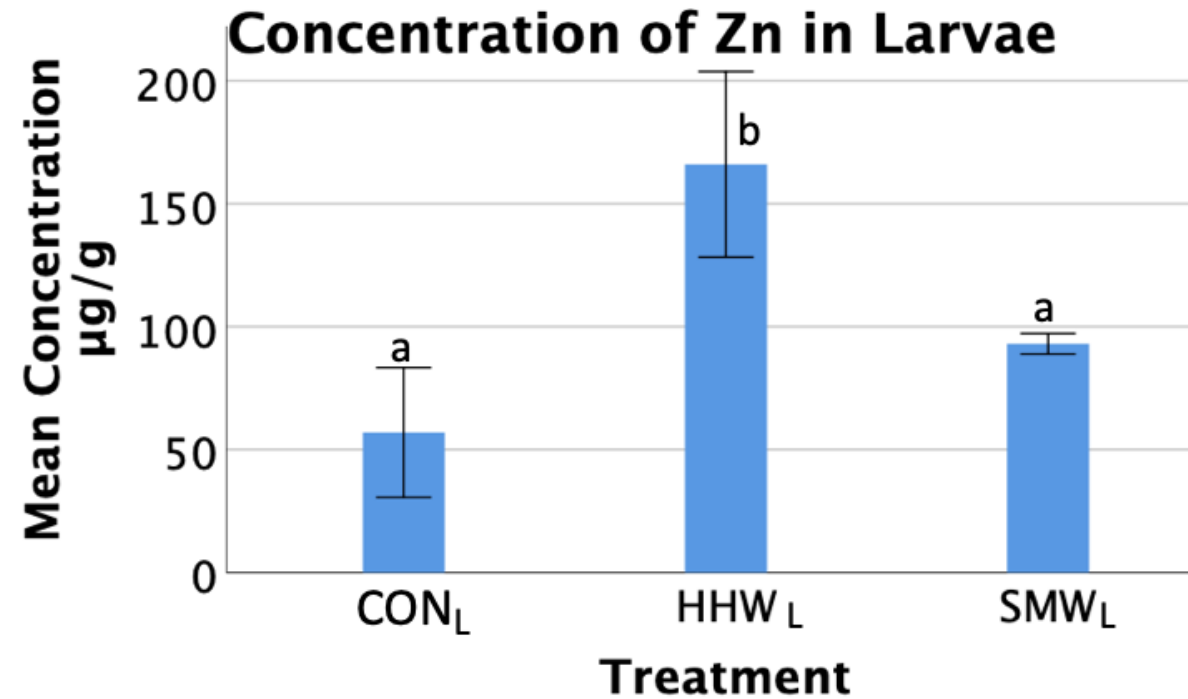
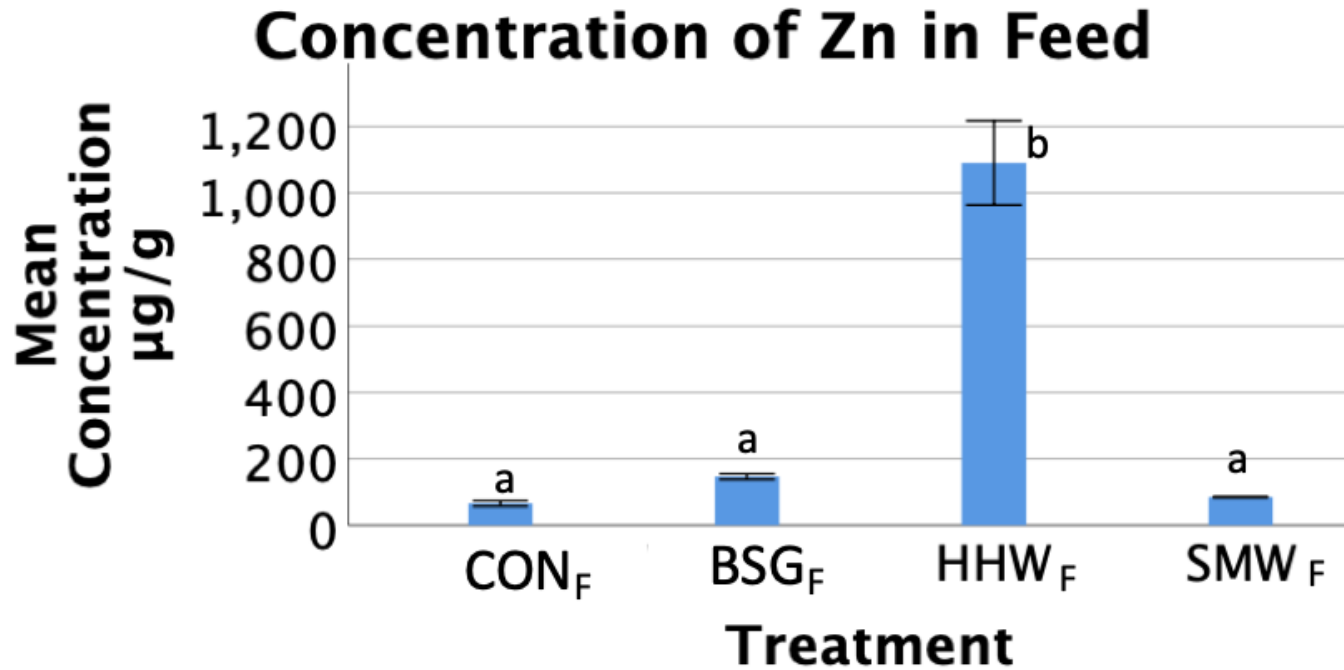
# Larvae Survival



# Nitrogen Analysis



# Heavy Metal Analysis



# Heavy Metal Analysis

Heavy Metal	CON <sub>F</sub> to CON <sub>L</sub>	HHW <sub>F</sub> to HHW <sub>L</sub>	SMW <sub>F</sub> to SMW <sub>L</sub>
Cu	269.6/1	925.43/1	154.04/1
Co	17.35/1	19.27/1	81.88/1
Fe	40.23/1	60.24/1	138.5/1
Zn	1.15/1	6.57/1	<b>0.91/1</b>
Cr	<b>0.71/1</b>	2.4/1	3.1/1
Cd	14.52/1	<b>0.34/1</b>	<b>0.41/1</b>
Pb	12.11/1	74.91/1	65.26/1
Ni	16.64/1	49.5/1	13.95/1



# Microplastic Analysis

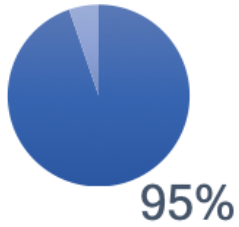
Feed Treatment	Amount identified	Percent taken %	Amount analyzed
CON <sub>F</sub>	195	10	19
BSG <sub>F</sub>	144	10	14
HHW <sub>F</sub>	161	10	16
SMW <sub>F</sub>	126	10	13
Larvae Treatment	Amount identified	Percent taken %	Amount analyzed
CON <sub>L</sub>	4	50	2
HHW <sub>L</sub>	6	50	3
SMW <sub>L</sub>	4	50	2

# Microplastic Analysis

Microplastics within

**BSG Feed**

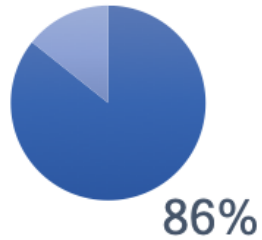
5%



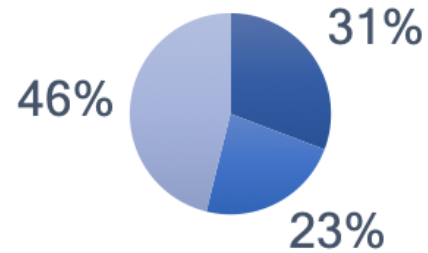
Microplastics within

**Control Feed**

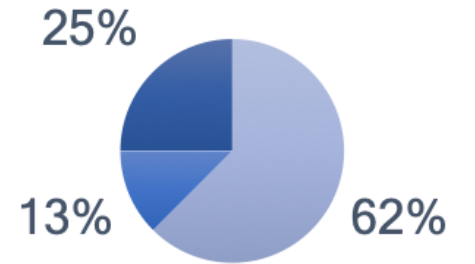
14%



Microplastics within  
**Supermarket Waste Feed**



Microplastics within  
**Household Waste Feed**



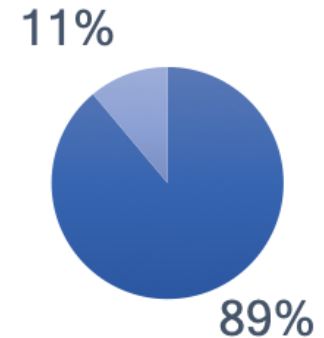
Microplastics within  
**Control Larvae**



Microplastics within  
**Supermarket Larvae**



Microplastics within  
**Household Larvae**



■ Not Plastic   ■ Polyethelyne   ■ Polyoctadecyl Acrylate

# Conclusion

- *Tenebrio molitor* has the potential to be successfully reared off of household and supermarket organic waste as dry feed
- *Tenebrio molitor* accumulated nearly three times the amount of N
- The concentration of heavy metals were not bioaccumulated
- The larvae were able to biodegrade or avoid microplastics within the organic waste

# Outlooks

- Utilizing other waste stream sources
- Treatments of organic waste
- Optimizing the heavy metals detection
- Nutrient extraction from organic waste, *T. molitor* and feces
- Microplastics and nutritional analysis of feed and feces at the end of the larvae life cycle

# Thank you!

## Advisory Board:

Claudia Bieling

Annette Jensen

Antoine Lecocq

Jakob Magid

**DTI** (inValuable): larvae and control feeds

**Biofos**: Household Waste

**Nature Energy**: Supermarket Waste

**Roskilde University** (Annemtte Palmqvist and Comet Lab):

lab equipment and technicians

*Masters of Science Department of Plant and Environmental  
Sciences, University of Copenhagen*

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