



Effect of initial health status of the udder on inflammatory response to once-daily milking in dairy cows

J. Guinard-Flament¹, S. Even², P.A. Lévêque¹, C. Charton¹, M. Boutinaud¹, S. Barbey³, H. Larroque⁴ et P. Germon⁵

UMR PEGASE Rennes - UMR STLO Rennes - UE INRA Pin-au-Haras - UMR GenPhySE Toulouse - UMR ISP Tours (France)

RUMINFLAME Project INRA GISA metaprogram



Session 19 "Heat stress and other environmental factors affecting performance: a physiology perspective" 70th Annual Meeting of the European Federation of Animal Science

Ghent (Belgium), 26 - 30 Aug 2019



- Once-daily-milking (ODM)
 - involves a 24h milking interval
 - is of interest in bovine dairy farms:
 - routine work
 - shortage of forages due to extended drought period
 - animal BCS
- However it is poorly used because:
 - milk yield decreases by 20 to 30 % on average (Rémond et al, 2005)
 - is seen as risky for the health of the udder



→ Only few studies combining microbial and inflammation analysis



• Aim of the study:

To describe the inflammatory response to once-daily milking according to the initial health status of the udder

- Questions:
- Is there an inflammatory response in dairy cows with no udder inflammation and infection?
- How does this response vary when there is an initial inflammation or infection?

. . .

The initial health status of udders were defined *a posteriori* on the basis of:

- the presence or not of an inflammation
- the presence or not of an infection by a minor or major pathogen

Coagulase negative S.

S. Aureus E. Coli S. uberis...



-> 55 crossbred Holstein x Normande dairy cows







• 4 initial udder health status:

Cows (n)

No inflammation and no infection	13
Inflammation and no infection	15
Inflammation and infection by a minor pathogen	13
Inflammation and infection by a major pathogen	14



• Consistently with previous results,

	Twice-daily milking	Once-daily milking	Variations
Milk yield, kg/d	24.7	18.7	- 6.0 (-24%)
Milk fat content, g/kg	42.6	46.7	+ 4.2
Milk protein content, g/kg	30.9	31.6	+ 0.7

• Milk yield losses were higher for cows with udder inflammation whatever their infection status





• Cows with no initial inflammation and infection exhibited a moderate and transitory inflammation in response to ODM





Cows with no initial inflammation and infection exhibited a moderate and transitory inflammation in response to ODM





Quantity of somatic cells in milk (10⁶/day)



• How does this inflammatory response vary for the other initial health status?

- Haptoglobin concentrations varied similarly, with a slight increase at d3
- What about the concentrations of IL8 and somatic cells in milk?



• How does this inflammatory response vary for the other initial health status?



No local inflammatory response



How does this inflammatory response vary for the other initial health status?



Quantity of somatic cells in milk (10⁶/day)

Local inflammatory response

16



• How does this inflammatory response vary for the other initial health status?



A higher local inflammatory response



- Haptoglobin: once-daily milking induces a slight systemic inflammation whatever the initial health status of the udder
- IL8 and SCC: it induces different local inflammatory responses

Udder	Response
No inflammation and no infection	moderate & transitory
Inflammation and no infection	no response
Inflammation and infection	+ (minor pathogen) / ++ (major pathogen)

• Once-daily milking should be avoided in case of initial infection of the udder

