

Meta-analysis for selection of feed efficiency in crossbred pigs.

Current progress towards a selection index.

EAAP 2019 - **Michael Aldridge**, Rob Bergsma, Mario Calus



Feed efficiency.

$$\text{Feed Efficiency} = \frac{\text{Average daily gain}}{\text{Daily feed intake}}$$

$$\text{Feed Conversion Ratio} = \frac{\text{Daily feed intake}}{\text{Average daily gain}}$$

Research question.

Which novel traits should be included in a selection index for crossbred pig feed efficiency?

The problem.



The genetic correlation

- ✓ Lower FCR
- ✓ Faster growth rates
- ✓ Early maturity
- ✓ Viable litter sizes
- ✓ Fertility and fecundity
- ✓ Lower litter variation

between purebred and crossbred traits is **not** equal to one.

genetic

New traits and opportunities.

- Digestibility
- Feeding behaviour
- Group records
- Biomarkers
- Welfare indicators
- Indirect genetic effects
- Perturbations
- Microbiota

Parameter estimates in literature

Trait	σ_G	Genetic correlation with FCR
Feed conversion ratio	0.18 (4)	1.00
Average daily gain	0.07 (5)	-0.27 (12)
Daily feed intake	0.68 (4)	0.32 (11)
Dry matter digestibility	0.41 (1)	-0.65 (1)
Eating time per day	5.01 (2)	0.18 (3)
Group daily feed intake	0.17 (2)	0.12 (1)
Growth rate with social effect	27.94 (2)	0.10 (1)
Nitrogen excreted	0.23 (1)	0.16 (1)
Joint lesions	0.16 (1)	-0.09 (1)
Total lesion count	0.34 (1)	-0.08 (1)

Which traits are likely to improve FCR?

$$\sigma_{I,R} / \sigma_I = r_{I,R} * \sigma_R$$

Which traits are likely to improve FCR?

Trait	FCR (kg/kg) with one σ_G change in selected trait	Relative phenotypic change in FCR with one σ_G change in selected trait
Feed conversion ratio	2.380 (Originally 2.520)	-5.56%
Average daily gain	2.447	-2.90%
Daily feed intake	2.511	-0.37%
Dry matter digestibility	2.490	-1.20%
Eating time per day	2.519	-0.04%
Group daily feed intake	2.511	-0.35%
Growth rate with social effect	2.520	-0.01%
Nitrogen excreted	2.510	-0.40%
Joint lesions	2.525	0.20%
Total lesion count	2.522	0.06%

Selection index theory.

- Selection indexes

Hazel, LN (1943) The genetic basis for constructing selection indexes. *Genetics* **28**, 476-490.

- Breeding programs

\mathbf{a} (economic weights)

$\mathbf{b} = \mathbf{P}^{-1}\mathbf{G}\mathbf{a}$ (Index weights)

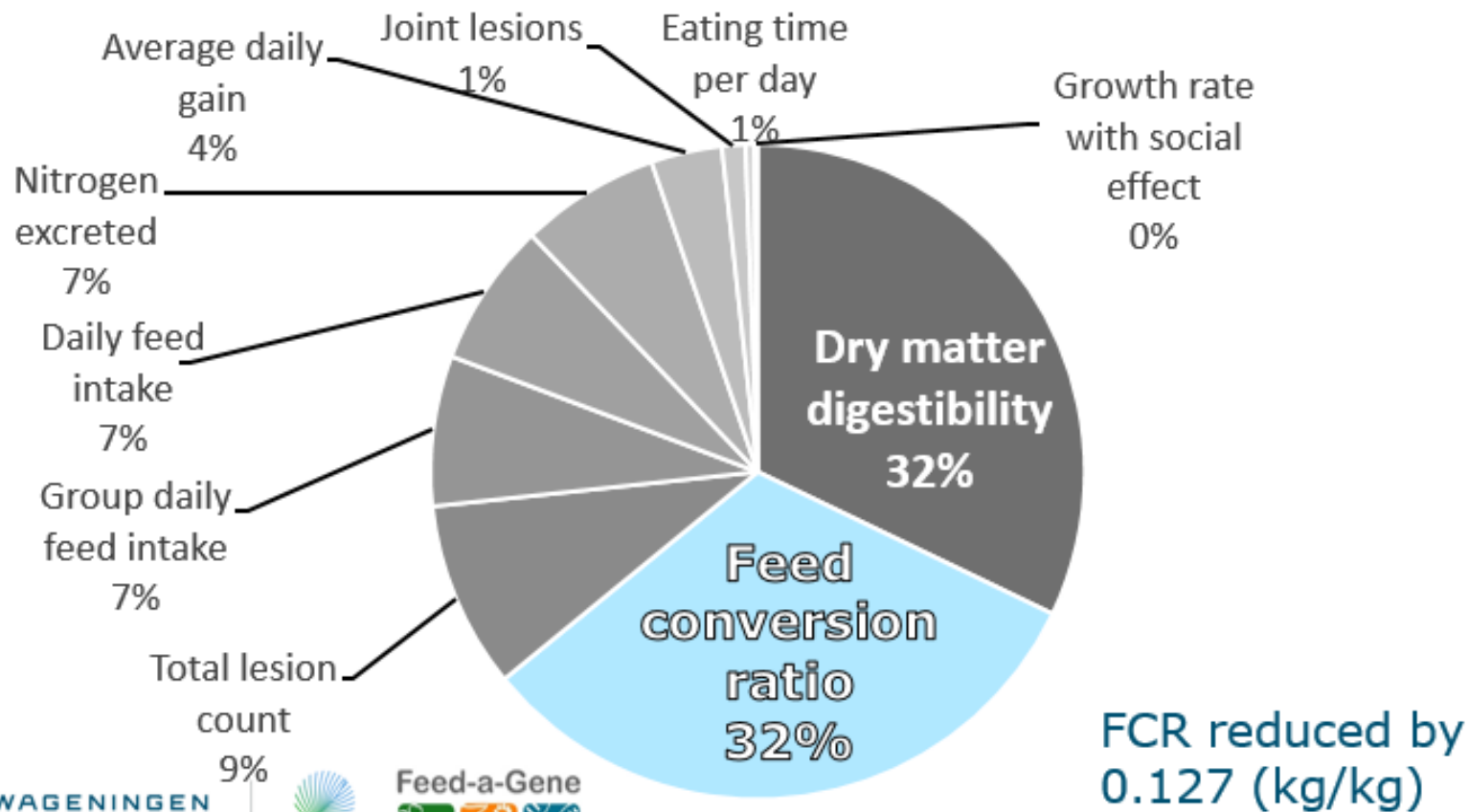
- SelAction

$\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{b}'\mathbf{G}(\mathbf{b}'\mathbf{P}\mathbf{b})^{-0.5}$ (Response to selection)

Economic values.

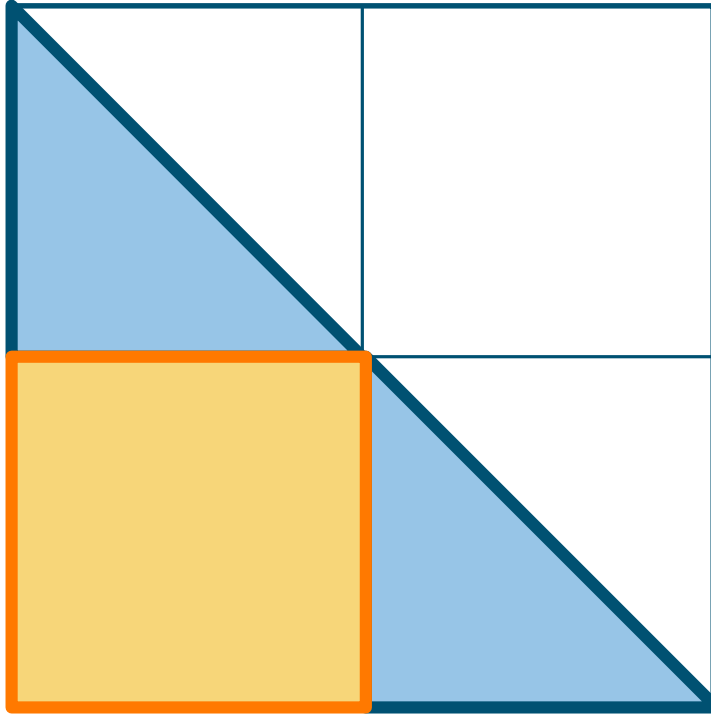
- Economic values for production traits are relatively simple.
- Weightings for novel traits were based on surveys.

SelAction.



Genetic covariance matrix.

Purebred traits Crossbred traits



Purebred
traits

Crossbred
traits



Topigs Norsvin

Conclusion.

Selection for FCR:

- Production traits will contribute the most
- Novel traits have benefits
- Pure and crossbreds correlations are needed
- Alternative breeding programs need to be simulated.

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