

Influence of the genetic background to the bovine milk microRNA composition

Le Guillou S., Leduc A., Laubier J., Barbey S., Launay F., Rossignol M-N., Lefebvre R., Marthey S., Laloë D., Le Provost F.

UMR GABI Animal Genetics and Integrative Biology

INRA Le Pin Research Farm



microRNAs

- 🌸 Small non-coding endogenous RNA (~22 nt)
- 🌸 High degree of conservation between species
- 🌸 Physiological stage-specific, tissue-specific or ubiquitous expression

- 🌸 Involved in all biological processes
- 🌸 Post-transcriptional regulation of the genes

**4,533 microRNAs are reported
in Bovine**



miRBase v.22.1, Oct. 2018 & RumimiR, June 2019

microRNAs in milk

- 🍌 Large concentration, with a **wide variety**

Weber *et al.*, 2010

Sample	Median total RNA concentration, $\mu\text{g/L}$ (interquartile range)	Number of detectable miRNA
Amniotic fluid	570 (354)	359
Breast milk	47 240 (73 180)	429
Bronchial lavage	1 128 (886)	260
Cerebrospinal fluid	111 (66)	212

- 🍌 Described in different species, including Human and Bovine

Kosaka *et al.*, 2010; Hata *et al.*, 2010 ; Izumi *et al.*, 2012; Ji *et al.*, 2012

- 🍌 Affect functions such as **immunity, growth, development or cell proliferation**

Kosaka *et al.*, 2010, 2013

- 🍌 Present in different milk **fractions**

Li *et al.*, 2016

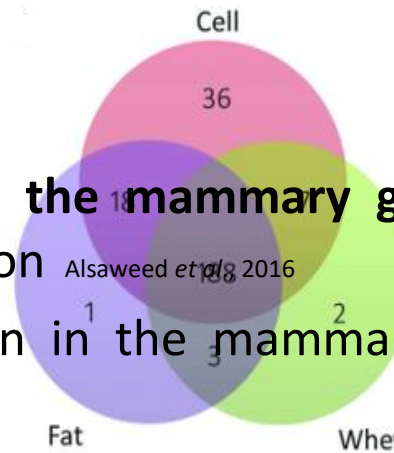
- 🍌 Milk microRNAs **primarily originate from the mammary gland**, with a small contribution of the maternal circulation

Bovine milk

Alsaweed *et al.*, 2016

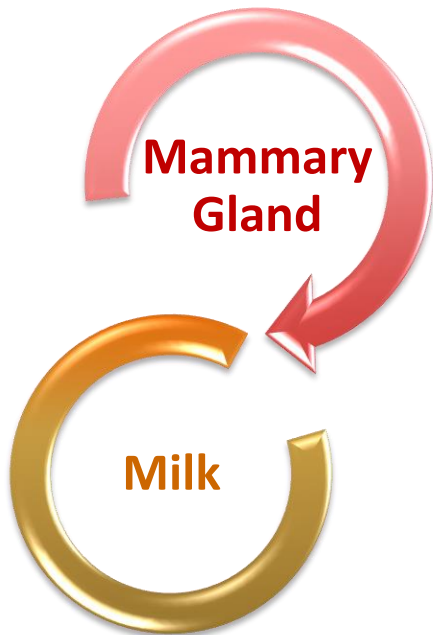
- 🍌 Direct link between microRNAs expression in the mammary gland and their level in milk

Laubier *et al.*, 2015



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Factors for microRNA composition variation



 Lactation stage *Ji et al., 2017*

 Nutrition *Mobuchon et al., 2015*

 Breeds



Yorkshire



Jinhua

Peng et al., 2015

 Lactation stage



Limousine

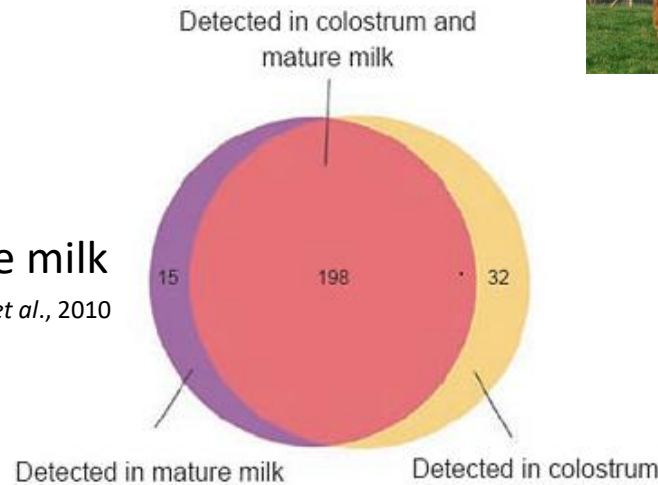


Holstein

Wicik et al., 2016

Bovine milk

Chen et al., 2010



Does milk microRNA composition vary according to the genetic background?

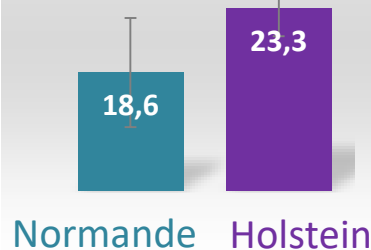
Characterization & comparison of milk miRNomes from two dairy breeds with contrasted lactation performances



Normande
n = 8

Dairy milk production over 5 weeks (kg/day)

$p = 0.006$



Holstein
n = 9

Milk miRNomes

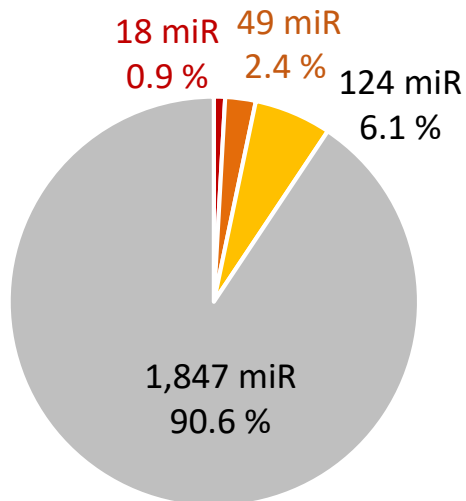


Holstein



Normande

Number of microRNAs	2,038	2,030
Annotated	1,107	1,135
Predicted	931	895



- reads \geq 10,000 RPM
- 1,000 RPM \leq reads < 10,000 RPM
- 100 RPM \leq reads < 1,000 RPM
- reads < 100 RPM

With various abundances
18 microRNAs represent
82% of the miRNome

Milk miRNomes



Holstein

2,038

1,107

931

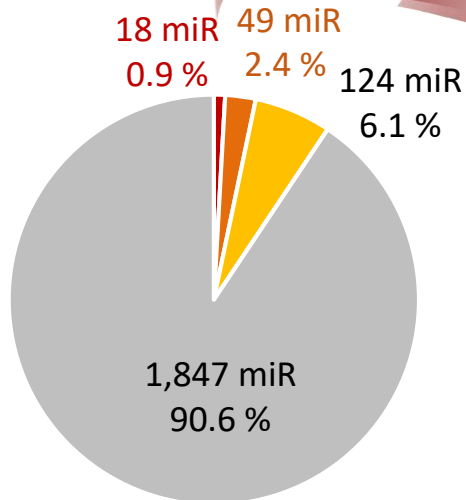


Normande

2,030

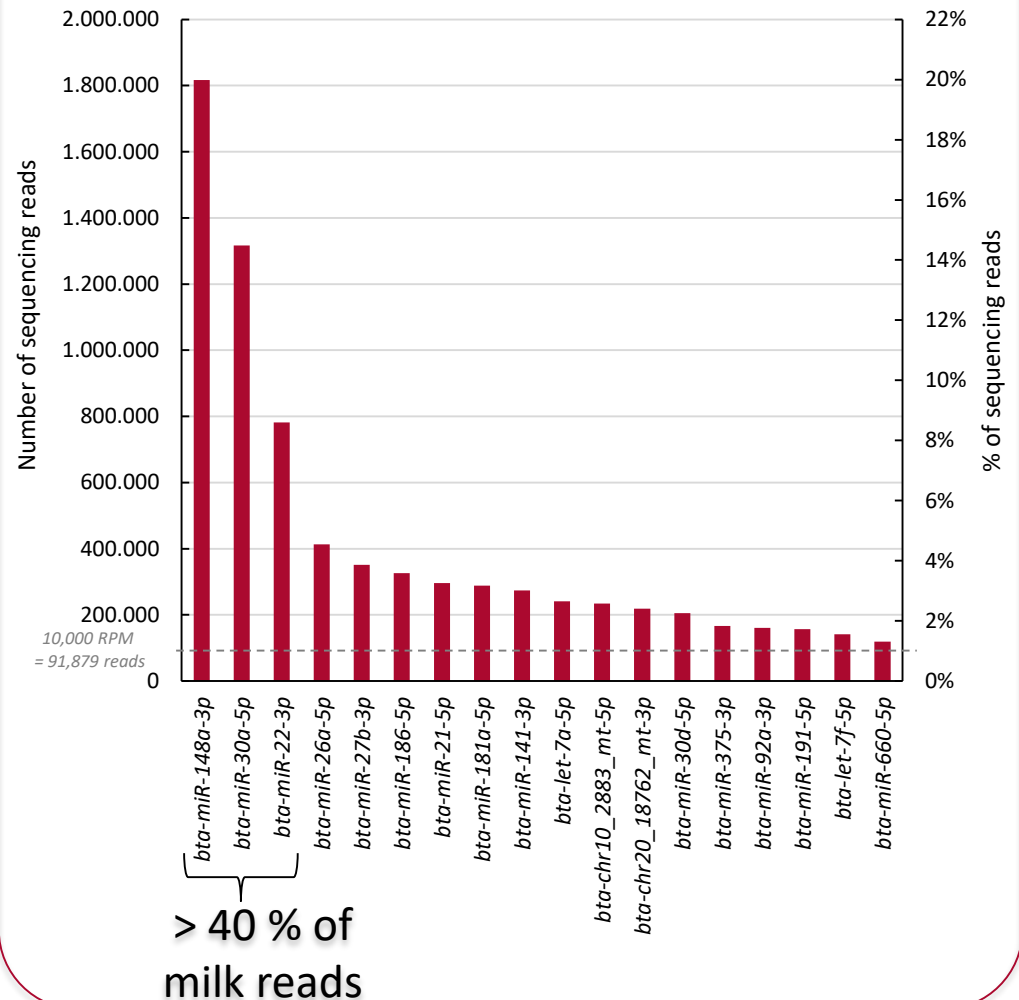
1,135

895

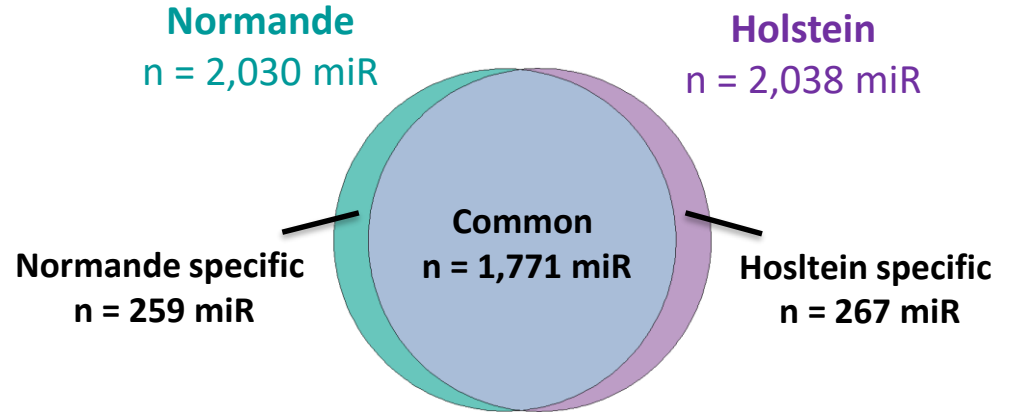


- reads ≥ 10,000 RPM
- 1,000 RPM ≤ reads < 10,000 RPM
- 100 RPM ≤ reads < 1,000 RPM
- reads < 100 RPM

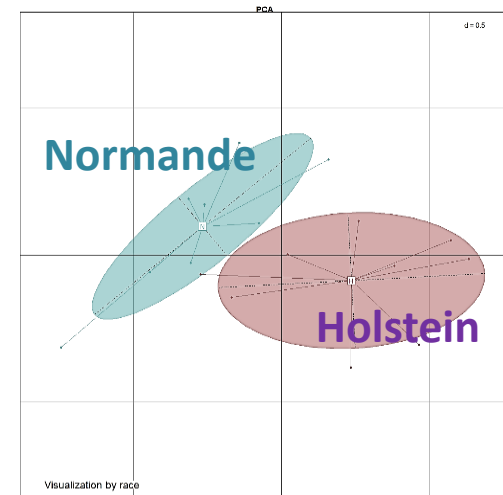
Major milk microRNAs



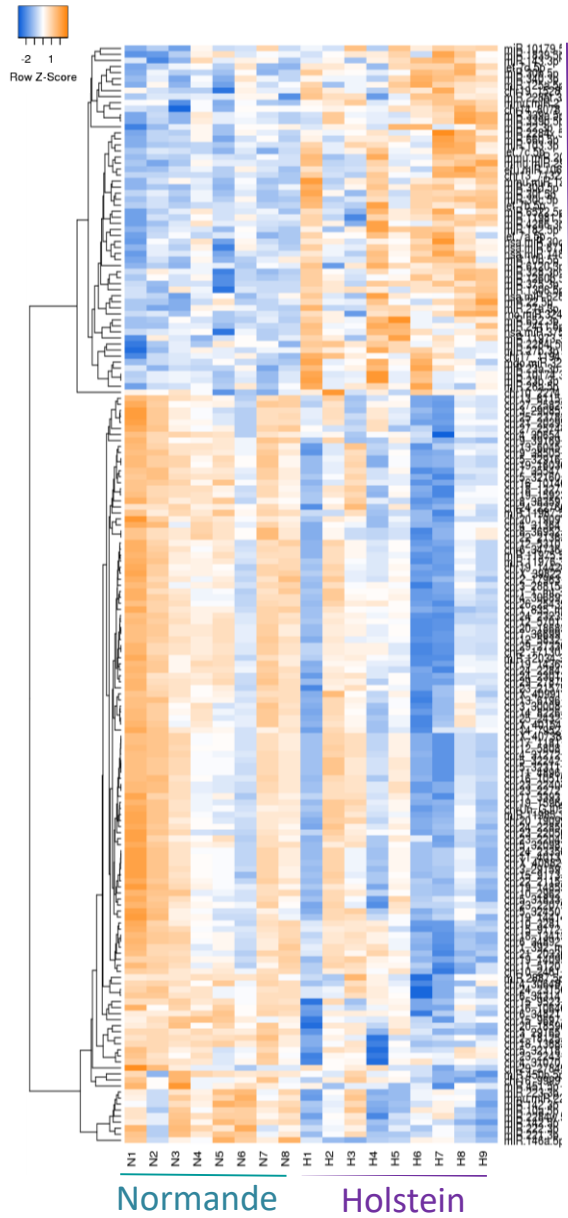
Breed comparison of milk miRNomes



- Majority of milk microRNAs common to both breeds with variable abundancies
- 267 Holstein-specific microRNAs
259 Normande-specific microRNAs
- 182 milk microRNAs are significantly different between breeds ($p < 0.05$)



Principal component analysis



Holstein > Normande: n = 58

Holstein < Normande: n = 124

- 👉 Regulation of genes and pathways related to
 - milk fat synthesis and metabolism
 - protein processing in endoplasmic reticulum
 - mammary epithelial cell differentiation

Essential for lactation → microRNAs variation could lead to differences in milk production

 **The milk microRNA composition depends on dairy cow breed**

Comparison between milk and mammary miRNomes

 Holstein lactating mammary miRNome performed in the same way previously

Le Guillou *et al.*, 2014

Mammary miRNome
n = 484 microRNAs reported in Bovine

 **n = 433 annotated microRNAs in common with the milk miRNome**
Including 16 microRNAs of the top 30 (and the 3 most present in milk)

= Majority of the microRNAs
expressed in the mammary gland



~ 11% of the mammary microRNAs
are not present in milk

The milk miRNome is a
partial mirror of the lactating
mammary miRNome

Synthesized by cell types other
than luminal epithelial cells, like
basal cells or adipocytes?

And / or with selective
secretion mechanisms?

Conclusion

- ↪ Dual characterization of Holstein and Normande milk miRNomes
- ↪ 182 microRNAs with significantly different levels between breeds

Milk microRNA composition vary according to the genetic background



- ↪ The milk miRNome is a partial mirror of the lactating mammary miRNome
- ↪ Milk microRNAs could be informative of what occurs in the mammary gland

Highlighting microRNAs candidates for further investigations



MicroRNAs' evaluation in milk opens a field of investigation

Variation of milk miRNome according to genetic variables

Why do they vary? What explains these differences between breeds?

Which impact on milk quality?

Characterization of milk fractions, particularly of extracellular vesicles

Identification of milk biomarkers for the mammary gland status ?



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Thank you for your attention

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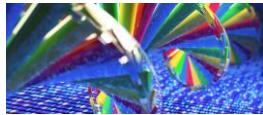
From biological sample to high throughput data

Primiparous cows raised together with same farming conditions (environment, diet, farmers)

Milk collection at 2 months of lactation

Total RNA extraction ⇒ Small RNA-seq Illumina

Sequences processing




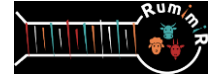
- Adaptors removing (Cutadapt)
- Sizing (17-28 nt)
- Genome blasting (BosTau8)

Means	Holstein	Normande
Raw reads	32,653,400	33,810,306
Cleaned and filtered reads	13,555,745	15,710,520
Mapped reads	9,299,953	9,836,034

Computational analysis of sequencing data: annotation & quantification



- All species referenced in miRBase release 22
- RumimiR (detailed microRNA database focused on ruminant species, from the literature) Bourdon *et al.*, 2019
- miRDeep2 predictions 



Milk miRNomes

Exhaustive description including new data



Nb microRNAs	Holstein	Normande
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