

Genetic parameters for the achievement of desirable carcass specifications

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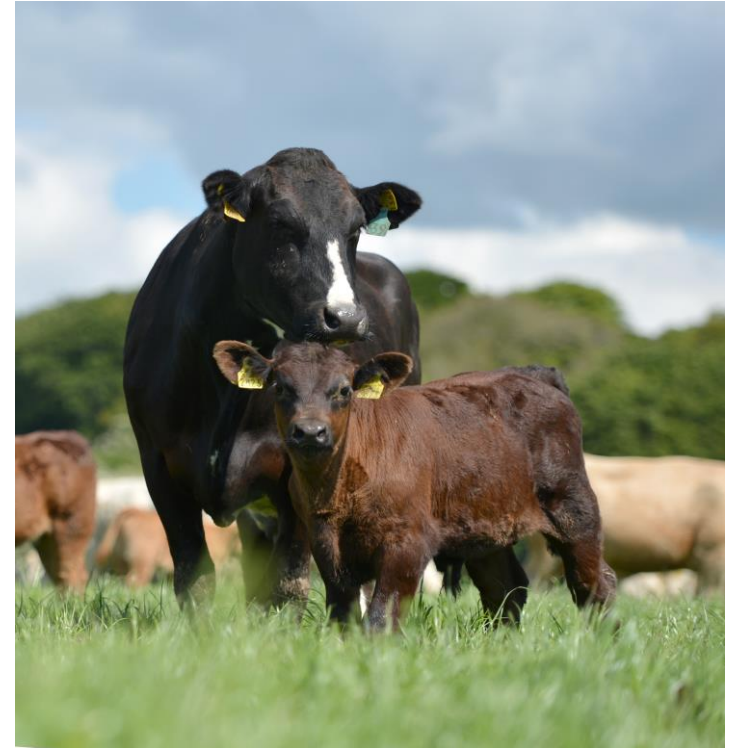
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Irish beef industry

- 1.7 million cattle slaughtered yearly
 - 55% suckler beef & 45% dairy beef
 - 80% of Irish beef is exported
- Carcass value is based on the measurement of:
 1. Carcass weight, kg
 2. Carcass fat, EUROP
 3. Carcass conformation, EUROP



Desired specifications



Heifer carcass (320 kg)
 Produces striploins weighing 6.5 kg
 Steaks are of an ideal size

Young bull carcass (460 kg)
 Produces striploins weighing 10 kg
 Steaks are too large and heavy



Desired specification	Minimum	Maximum
Carcass weight, kg	270	380

Problem?

- Failure of the desired specifications:

- 5
- 6

Objective

Can we breed for the achievement of desirable carcass specifications in cattle?

Herd c (%)					ht
Beef					30 kg
Dairy	41.2	20.8	8.0	31.2	2.6

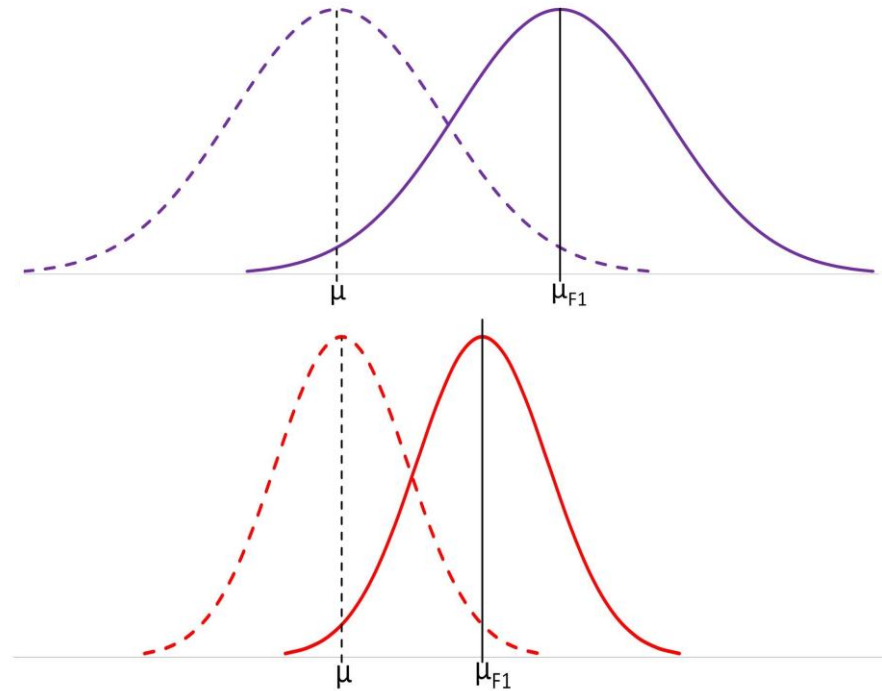
Methodology

- Carcass information for 1.5 million cattle was available
- Achievement of the desired specifications was defined as a series of binary traits
- Variance components were estimated using a linear mixed model:

Specification = *dam parity* + *birth herd* + *singleton/twin*
+ *heterosis* + *recombination loss* + *contemporary group* +
direct genetic effect + *residual*

Genetic parameters

- Heritability: Proportion of phenotypic differences that are due to genetic differences
- Genetic variation: Measure of the potential for genetic improvement within a trait



Breeding for the desired specifications?

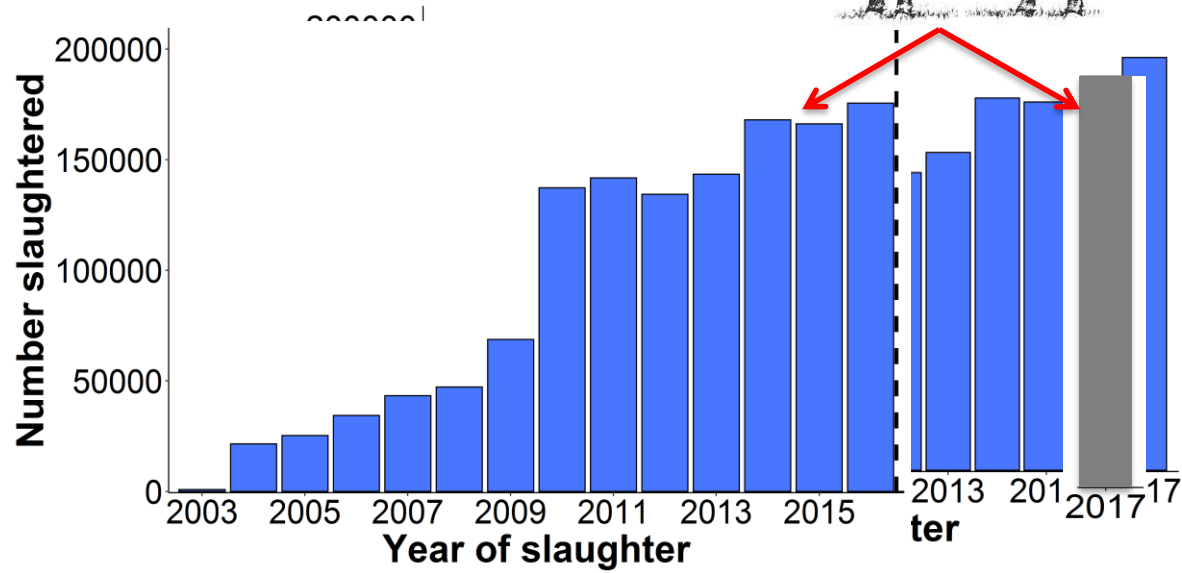
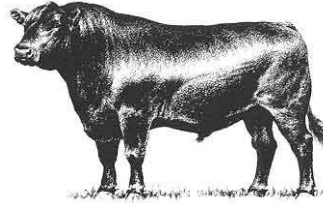
- Achievement of the desired specifications:
 - Heritable
 - Exhibit genetic variation

Trait	Heritability	Genetic standard deviation
Conformation specification	0.17	0.18
Fat specification	0.08	0.12
Weight specification	0.11	0.11

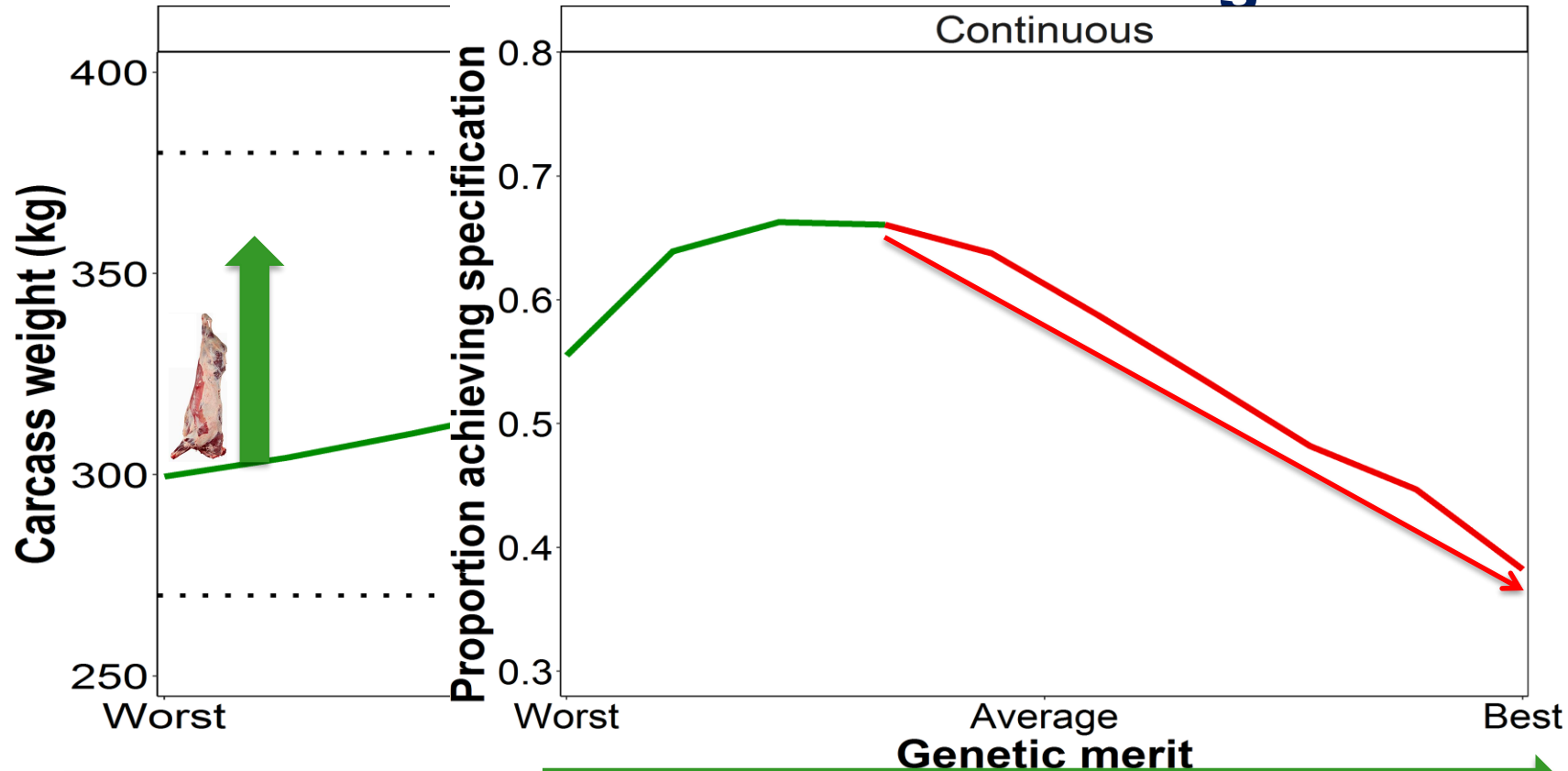
Genetic evaluation

- Estimates the genetic merit of individual animals for traits of interest
- Based on:
 - Phenotypic information
 - Pedigree information
- Traits evaluated:
 - Continuous carcass traits
 - Binary specification traits

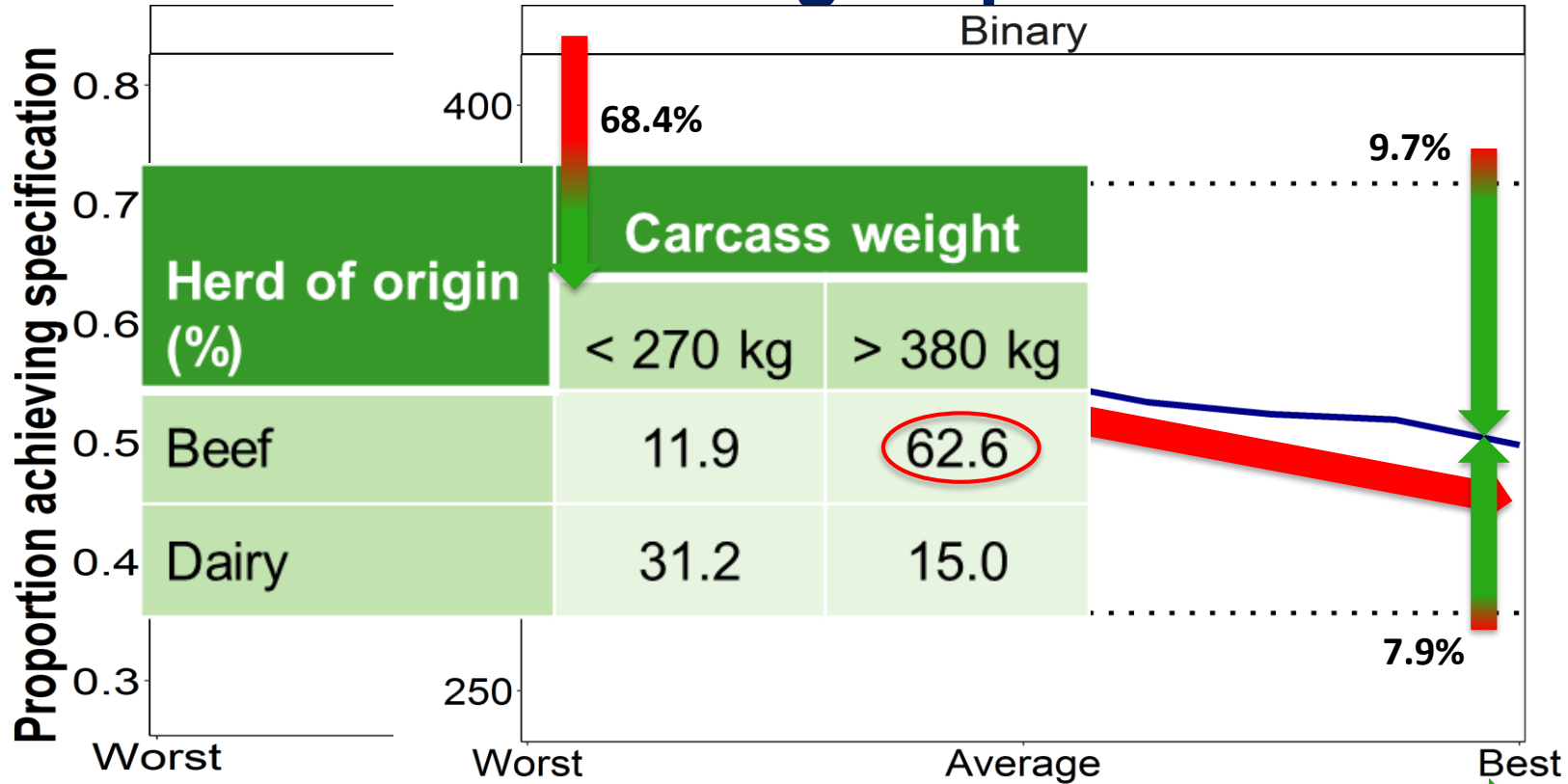
Genetic evaluation



Genetic evaluation – carcass weight



Genetic evaluation – weight specification



Conclusion

- Potential exists to breed for the achievement of the desired carcass specifications
- Genetic selection for the continuous carcass traits is detrimental to the achievement of the desired specifications
- Cattle selected on the binary specification traits consistently achieve the desired carcass specifications



Thank you

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