#### Animal Farming for a Healthy World

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Organization of an alfalfa hay sector between cereal farms, livestock farms and a local cooperative

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#### Introduction

System specialization over the last decades:

- Area with high agronomic potential
- Least favored area or mountain area



 $\rightarrow$ 

Decline in forage legumes since 1970 (Magrini et al., 2017) -low market opportunity and profitability for crop farms

... But forage legumes have potential agronomic and environmental interest



#### Introduction

# -How to reintroduce forage legumes into the agricultural landscape? *Assumption: more favorable markets can foster its development*

What are the interest prices for crop farmers and dairy producer to plant or buy alfalfa hay?

Can contracts offered by local cooperative secure and increase local alfalfa production and consumption?



## Material and method : Study areas



#### MONTAIN AREA

Grassland dairy farm

2,4 Work Unit 112 ha of UAA with Grassland (89ha) Barley (8 ha), Triticale (9 ha), Maize silage (6 ha) 71 dairy cows Milk price 344€/1000L

## Material and method : ORFEE model

Farm type: crop yield, rotation and animal production, available subsidies

Scenarios: Annual Price, Policy, Yield over 2010-2017 *Alfalfa* : Price, Contract

**CHOOSE: Under CONSTRAINTS: MAXIMIZE:** Crop allocation, herd **Crops:** rotation, machine Mean size, type of animals, operation, inputs... Profit diets, fertilizer use, Herd: herd renewal, feed worker unit, building requirement, housing Land availability size, etc. **INDICATORS Production:** inputs and Climate change outputs per activity net income indicators (crop and animal) variability EAAP Annual Meeting 2019, Ghent, Belgium

"Resilient livestock farming systems in the context of climate and market uncertainties"

Pour et

Developpemen

Regional



## Material and method : Alfalfa characteristics

#### →<u>Effect on the following crop</u>: ↘ Mineral nitrogen requirement Residu mineralization (+60 kg N/ha/2yrs) ↗ yield (+5%),

 $\rightarrow$  Feed value :

	UFL (energy)	PDIN (protein)	PDIE (protein)	DM	ОМ	MAT
Alfalfa hay	0,67	115	90	0.85	913	177
Grass Hay	0.67	60	62	0.85	920	100
Maize silage	0,9	42	65	0,3	954	69

(INRA, tables)



## Material and method : scenarios

	Arable farm	Dairy farm
1. Estimation of the interest price	6 simulations with alfalfa price varying between 140 € and 190€	
2. Implementation of Contracts	<ul> <li>fixed price over</li> <li>three years</li> <li>Obligation to crop</li> <li>the area of alfalfa</li> <li>each year</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>fixed price all of years simulated</li> <li>Obligation to buy the same quantity of alfalfa each year</li> </ul>



## Arable farm results

			Control	Alfalfa cultivation (alfalfa price = 167)
Тес			chnical results	
	Soft wheat		85	71
	Maize		56	56
	Rapeseed		29	/
	Alfalfa		/	43
Mineral fertization (kg/ha)		Ν	159	120 (凶)
		Ρ	59	64
		К	54	113 (7)



## Arable farm results

Evolution of the crop farm net income of the three scenarios between 2010 and 2017



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	Average alfalfa price (€/t)	Average net income (k€)	Standard deviation
Control		51.2	22.69
With Alfalfa	167	53.8	21.62
Alfalfa + contract	170	54.6	18.91

The interest selling price is 167€/t ▶ Net income variability with alfalfa and contract



## Livestock farm results

		Control	Alfalfa without contract		Alfalfa with contract
		Technica	l results		
	Grass silage	26	31		27
	Grass silage + hay	25	18		19
	Pasture	48	50		54
Milk cow number		71	73	(↗)	78
Stocking rate		1.00	1.04	(丙)	1.11
Harvested forage consumed (tDM/year/LU)		2.68	2.51	(لا)	2.18
Cereals consumed (kg/year/LU)		1277	1261		1301 <sup>(7)</sup>
Energy autonomy		97.3%	97%	(ビ)	96%
Protein autonomy		97.8%	97.5%	(ビ)	96.7%



### Livestock farm results

Evolution of livestock farm net income for the control scenarios, with purchase of alfalfa with or without contract over 2010-2017



	Average alfalfa price (€/t)	Average net income (k€)	Standard deviation
Control		49,24	5,86
With Alfalfa	185	50,28	6,32
Alfalfa + contract	187	49,94	6,76

The interest buying price is 187€/t Net income variability with alfalfa and contract
⑦ Cows number



## **Discussion & Conclusion**

✓ Net income stability for the crop farmer
✓Breeder autonomy (original situation: autonomous)
Purchased alfalfa ✓ the number of cows and milk production

- Dependence on the socio-economic context → soybean meal market in corn/soybean meal systems (Mawois et al., 2019)
- Current subsidies = 25€/t
- $\rightarrow$ Implement "sustainable" assistance on the establishment of fodder legumes
  - + effect on alfalfa for the environment

→Interest of labelled products (Without GMO, or « local » protein)
 → Interest for farmers who are not forage self-sufficient for winter (alpine pastures in summer)

session 41 "Resilient livestock farming systems in the context of climate and market uncertainties"



# Thank you for your attention

