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Genome-wide association study in colostrum reveals QTL for natural antibodies in Swedish dairy cattle

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Problem

Failure of passive transfer – FPT

(Bielmann et al., 2010, Tyler et al., 1996)

- Low IgG content in serum at age 24-48 h. Cutoff IgG 10 g/L or STP 52-55 g/L
- Increased risk of mortality, ↓ health
- Delayed time to first calving, ↓ milk and fat production at first lactation
- €60 (10-109) per calf (Raboisson et al., 2016)

Sweden, calf mortality 5.6%

- Before weaning
- High proportion of FPT in Swedish herds (30-50%) (Hertel 2012; Silverlås et al., 2010;

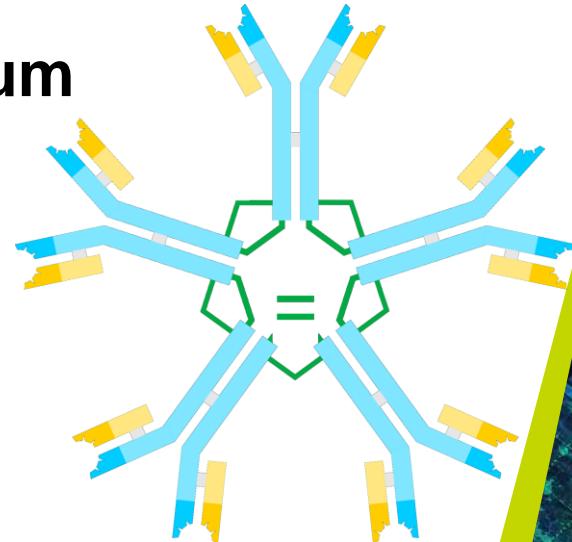
Torsein et al., 2011)

Target of this study

Natural Antibodies (NAbs) in Colostrum

➤ *Innate immunity*

- No previous exposure
- Polyreactive, low binding affinity
 - PAMPs
 - Autoantigens



Background

Natural Antibodies (NAbs)

- Heritabilities (Ploegaert *et al.* 2010, Wijga *et al.* 2013, De Klerk *et al.* 2018, Denholm *et al.* 2018)

- IgG → 0.08 – 0.40
- IgM → 0.18 – 0.45
- IgA → 0.30 – 0.55



Methodology

- Sampling, Jan 2015 to Apr 2017
- 3 farms (Lövsta, Röbäcksdalen, Viken)
- Swedish Red (70%)
- Holstein (30%)



Methodology

1313 Cows, 1 to 7 parities

- Colostrum (1719 samples)
 - IgG estimate (% Brix Refractometer)
 - IgG g/L measurement (ELISA)
 - NAbs, KLH and MDP (IgM, IgG, IgA) – ELISA
- Information
 - Calving to colostrum sampling (min)



Methodology

- Linear mixed model
 - ASReml 4.1
- Pedigree
 - Växa Sweden
 - 20 generations
- Genotypes
 - LD 7K imputed to 50K (NAV)
- Variance proportions, genetic correlations and GWAS

Methodology

Colostrum model

$$y_{ijkl} = \mu + \beta_1 \text{Tim}_{ijklm} + \text{Par}_i + \text{Brd}_j + \text{HYSP}_k + a_l + pe_m + e_{ijklm}$$

- Fixed $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \beta_1 \text{Tim}_{ijklm}: \text{Calving to colostrum sampling time} \\ \text{Par}_i: \text{Parity} \\ \text{Brd}_j: \text{Breed} \end{array} \right.$
- Random $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{HYSP}_k: \text{Herd-Year-Season of calving and sample storage Plate} \\ a_l: \text{Additive genetic effect} \\ pe_m: \text{Permanent environment effect} \end{array} \right.$

Methodology

GWAS model

$$y_{ijklm} = \mu + \textcolor{red}{SNP}_i + \beta_1 \textcolor{brown}{Tim}_{ijklm} + \textcolor{brown}{Par}_i + \textcolor{brown}{Brd}_j + \textcolor{violet}{HYSP}_k + \textcolor{violet}{a}_l + \textcolor{violet}{pe}_m + \textcolor{violet}{e}_{ijklm}$$

Fixed $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \textcolor{red}{SNP}_i: \text{Genotype} \\ \beta_1 \textcolor{brown}{Tim}_{ijklm}: \text{Calving to colostrum sampling time} \\ \textcolor{brown}{Par}_i: \text{Parity} \\ \textcolor{brown}{Brd}_j: \text{Breed} \end{array} \right.$

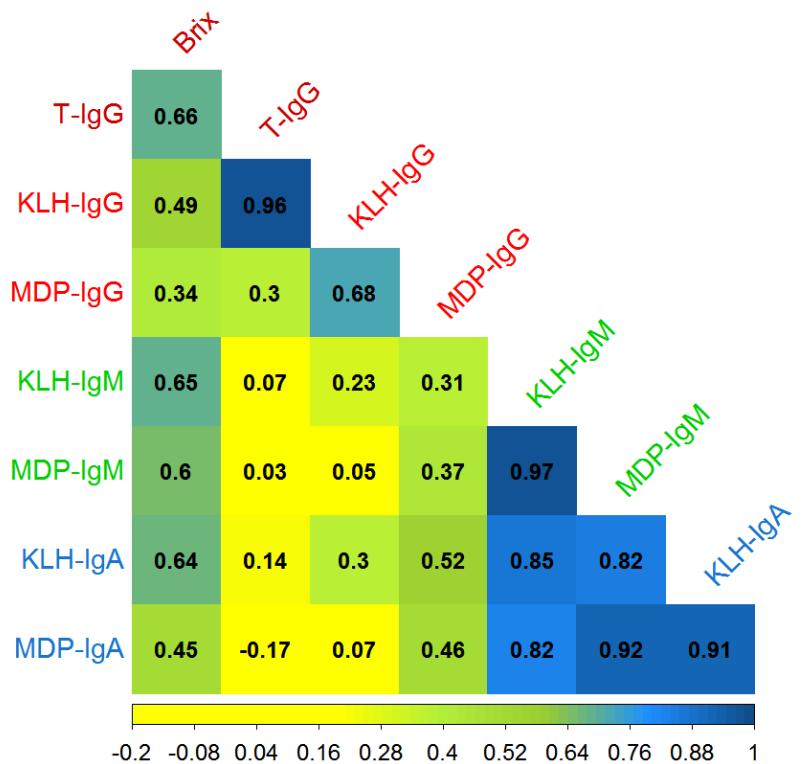
Random $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \textcolor{violet}{HYSP}_k: \text{Herd-Year-Season of calving and sample storage Plate} \\ \textcolor{violet}{a}_l: \text{Additive genetic effect} \\ \textcolor{violet}{pe}_m: \text{Permanent environment effect} \end{array} \right.$

Heritabilities

Trait	h^2	rep
Brix (%)	0.28 (0.07)	0.40 (0.04)
Total-IgG (g/L)	0.20 (0.09)	0.26 (0.07)
KLH-IgG	0.13 (0.06)	0.47 (0.04)
MDP-IgG	0.22 (0.06)	0.55 (0.03)
KLH-IgM	0.25 (0.07)	0.44 (0.04)
MDP-IgM	0.22 (0.06)	0.40 (0.04)
KLH-IgA	0.24 (0.06)	0.46 (0.04)
MDP-IgA	0.25 (0.06)	0.38 (0.04)

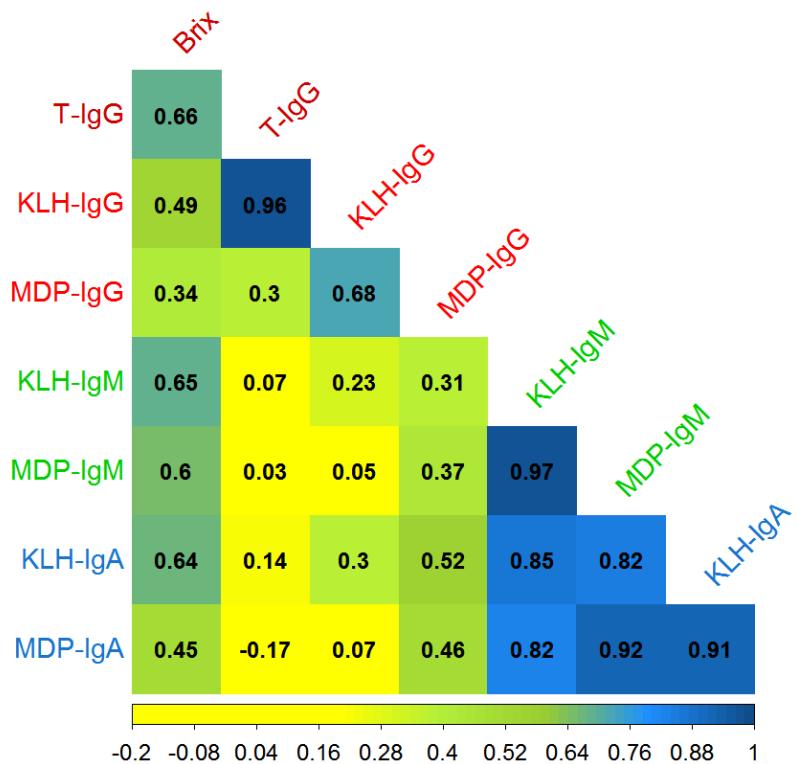
Results

Genetic correlations of colostrum Brix and NAb titers

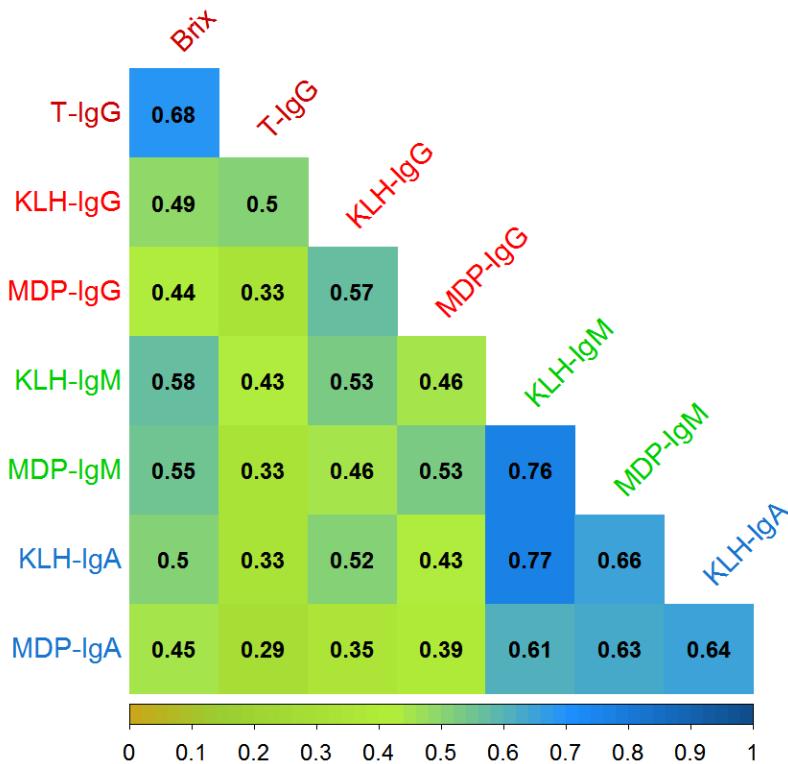


Correlations

Genetic correlations of colostrum Brix and NAb titers



Phenotypic correlations of colostrum Brix and NAb titers



Correlations with production traits

Trait	Brix	T-IgG	IgG-KLH	IgG-MDP	IgM-KLH	IgM-MDP	IgA-KLH	IgA-MDP
Milk yield	0.18 (0.16)	0.54 (0.29)	0.2 (0.23)	0.13 (0.18)	-0.07 (0.18)	-0.16 (0.18)	-0.03 (0.17)	0.05 (0.17)

Correlations with production traits

Trait	Brix	T-IgG	IgG-KLH	IgG-MDP	IgM-KLH	IgM-MDP	IgA-KLH	IgA-MDP
Milk yield	0.18 (0.16)	0.54 (0.29)	0.2 (0.23)	0.13 (0.18)	-0.07 (0.18)	-0.16 (0.18)	-0.03 (0.17)	0.05 (0.17)
Protein	0.04 (0.15)	0.16 (0.24)	0.03 (0.21)	0.16 (0.17)	0.34 (0.17)	0.36 (0.16)	0.25 (0.16)	0.38 (0.15)

Correlations with production traits

Trait	Brix	T-IgG	IgG-KLH	IgG-MDP	IgM-KLH	IgM-MDP	IgA-KLH	IgA-MDP
Milk yield	0.18 (0.16)	0.54 (0.29)	0.2 (0.23)	0.13 (0.18)	-0.07 (0.18)	-0.16 (0.18)	-0.03 (0.17)	0.05 (0.17)
Protein	0.04 (0.15)	0.16 (0.24)	0.03 (0.21)	0.16 (0.17)	0.34 (0.17)	0.36 (0.16)	0.25 (0.16)	0.38 (0.15)
Fat	-0.09 (0.18)	0.03 (0.28)	-0.36 (0.23)	-0.01 (0.19)	0.13 (0.19)	0.17 (0.19)	0.08 (0.19)	0.14 (0.19)

Correlations with production traits

Trait	Brix	T-IgG	IgG-KLH	IgG-MDP	IgM-KLH	IgM-MDP	IgA-KLH	IgA-MDP
Milk yield	0.18 (0.16)	0.54 (0.29)	0.2 (0.23)	0.13 (0.18)	-0.07 (0.18)	-0.16 (0.18)	-0.03 (0.17)	0.05 (0.17)
Protein	0.04 (0.15)	0.16 (0.24)	0.03 (0.21)	0.16 (0.17)	0.34 (0.17)	0.36 (0.16)	0.25 (0.16)	0.38 (0.15)
Fat	-0.09 (0.18)	0.03 (0.28)	-0.36 (0.23)	-0.01 (0.19)	0.13 (0.19)	0.17 (0.19)	0.08 (0.19)	0.14 (0.19)
SCC	-0.5 (0.41)	-0.6 (0.58)	-0.62 (0.47)	0.31 (0.59)	-0.55 (0.50)	-0.65 (0.49)	-0.37 (0.45)	-0.18 (0.44)

Correlations with production traits

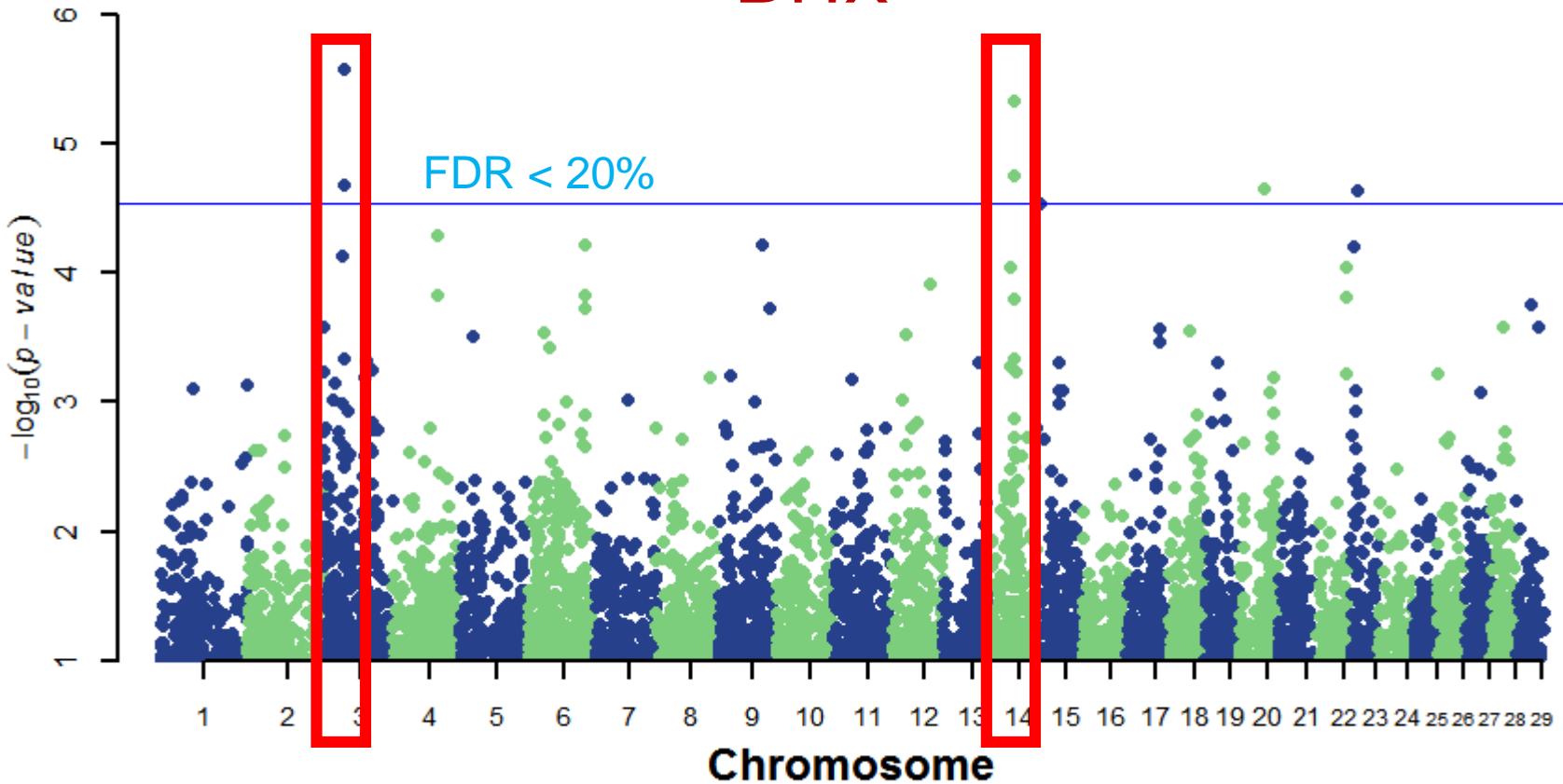
Trait	Brix	T-IgG	IgG-KLH	IgG-MDP	IgM-KLH	IgM-MDP	IgA-KLH	IgA-MDP
Milk yield	0.18 (0.16)	0.54 (0.29)	0.2 (0.23)	0.13 (0.18)	-0.07 (0.18)	-0.16 (0.18)	-0.03 (0.17)	0.05 (0.17)
Protein	0.04 (0.15)	0.16 (0.24)	0.03 (0.21)	0.16 (0.17)	0.34 (0.17)	0.36 (0.16)	0.25 (0.16)	0.38 (0.15)
Fat	-0.09 (0.18)	0.03 (0.28)	-0.36 (0.23)	-0.01 (0.19)	0.13 (0.19)	0.17 (0.19)	0.08 (0.19)	0.14 (0.19)
SCC	-0.5 (0.41)	-0.6 (0.58)	-0.62 (0.47)	0.31 (0.59)	-0.55 (0.50)	-0.65 (0.49)	-0.37 (0.45)	-0.18 (0.44)
Urea	-0.12 (0.23)	0.13 (0.35)	-0.12 (0.31)	-0.57 (0.26)	0.14 (0.26)	0.04 (0.25)	0.07 (0.24)	-0.02 (0.24)

GWAS

Genomic regions

- Brix
 - BTA3 (37-41 Mbp)
 - BTA14 (44-48 Mbp)
- MDP-IgG
 - BTA20 (53-59 Mbp)
- MDP-IgM
 - BTA3 (96-100 Mbp)
- MDP-IgA
 - BTA21 (42-46 Mbp)

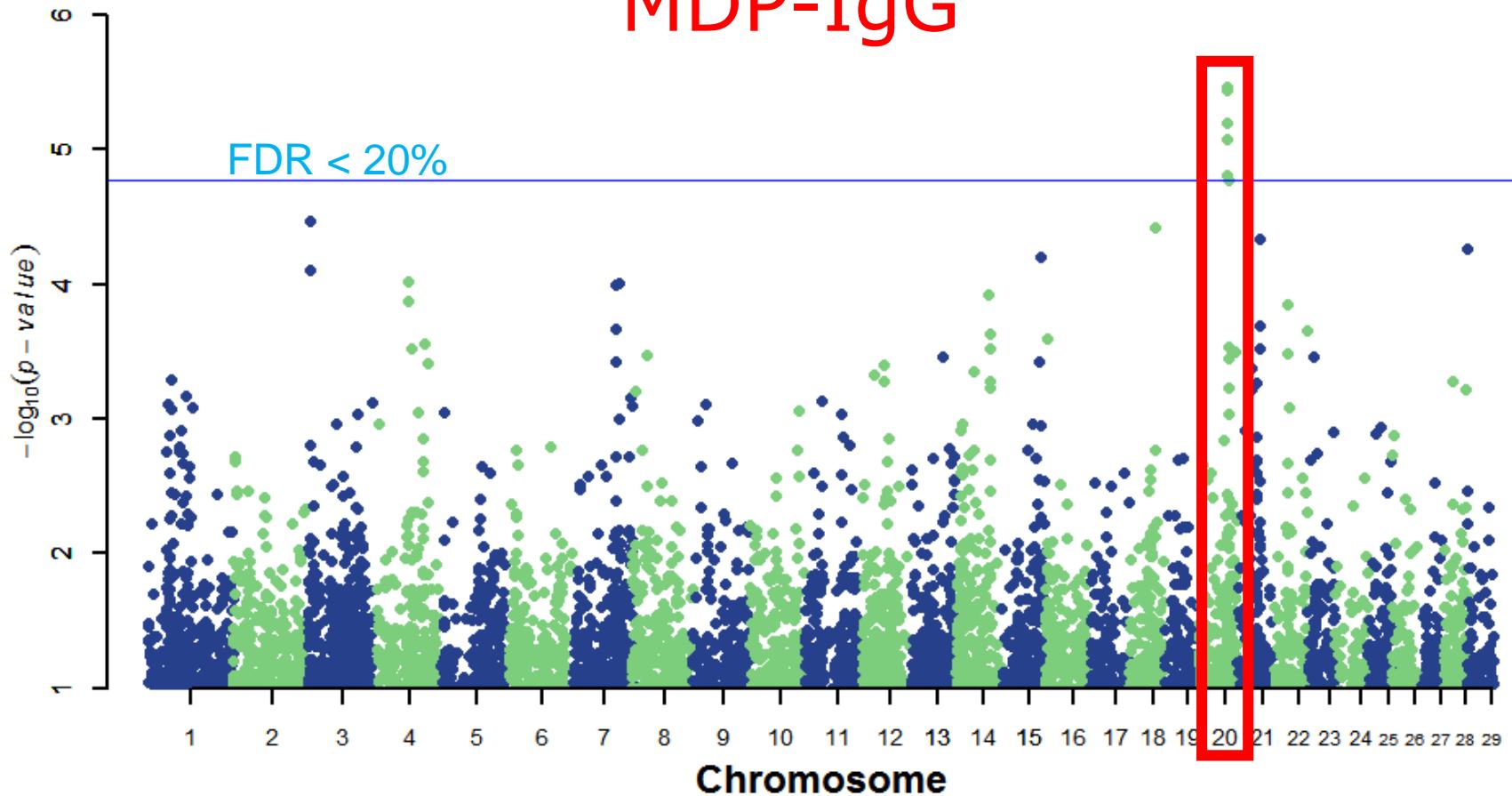
Brix



Chromosome 3 - Brix

- Lead SNP → BTB-01737920 (39,360,570 bp)
 - $-\log_{10}P = 5.6$
- Same region as Kiser *et al.* (2019) for colostrum Brix in Jersey and Leach *et al.* (2012) for serum IgG2 against Bovine Respiratory Syncytial Virus
- No clear candidate genes

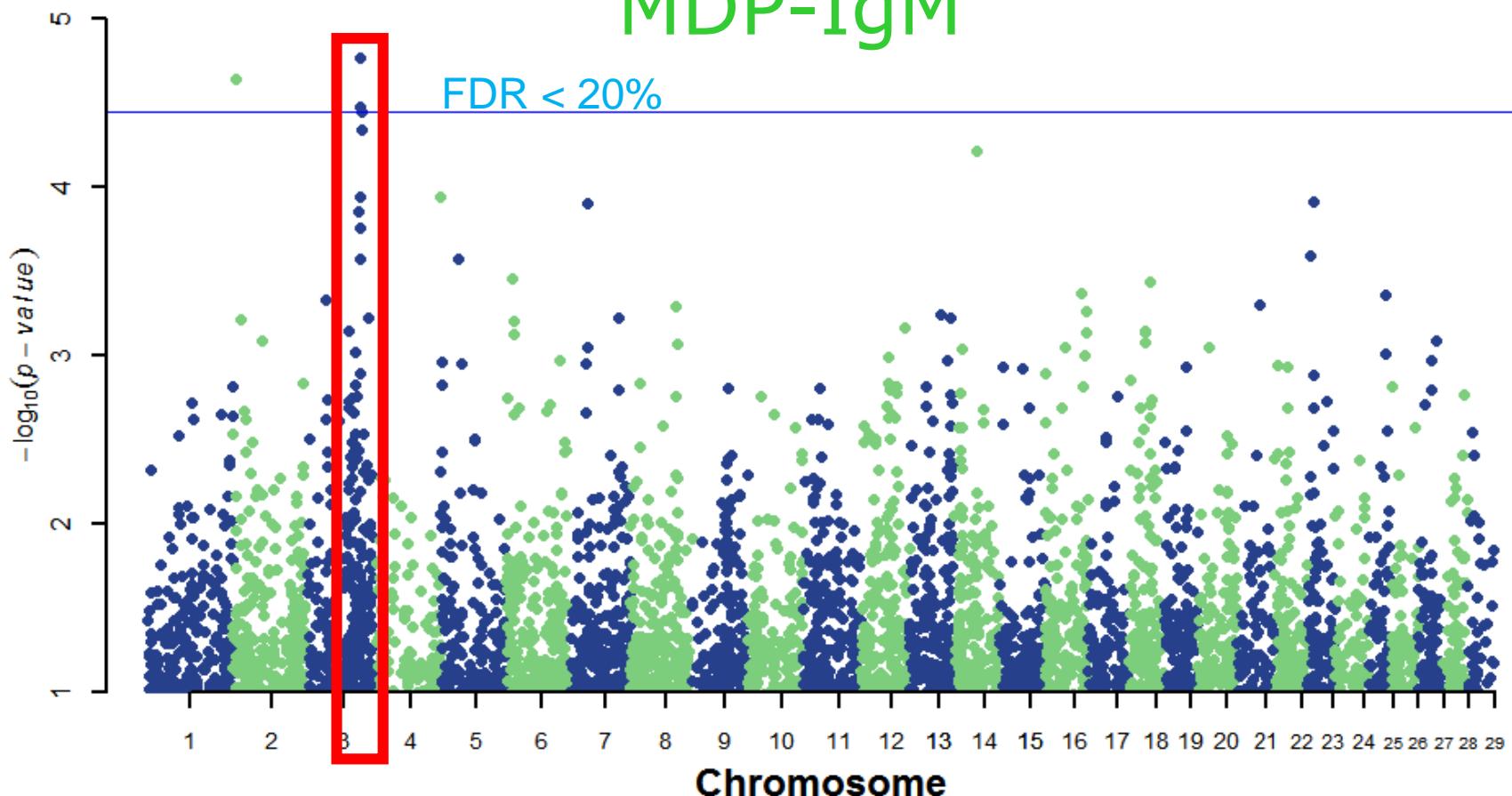
MDP-IgG



Chromosome 20 - MDP-IgG

- Lead SNP → BTB-00788621 (53,906,202 bp)
 - $-\log_{10}P = 5.5$
- Same region as de Klerk *et al.* (2018) for serum KLH-IgG
- Candidate genes
 - MYO10 – myosin X (Fc gamma R-mediated phagocytosis)
 - CDH18 – cadherin 18 (Cell-cell adhesion)

MDP-IgM

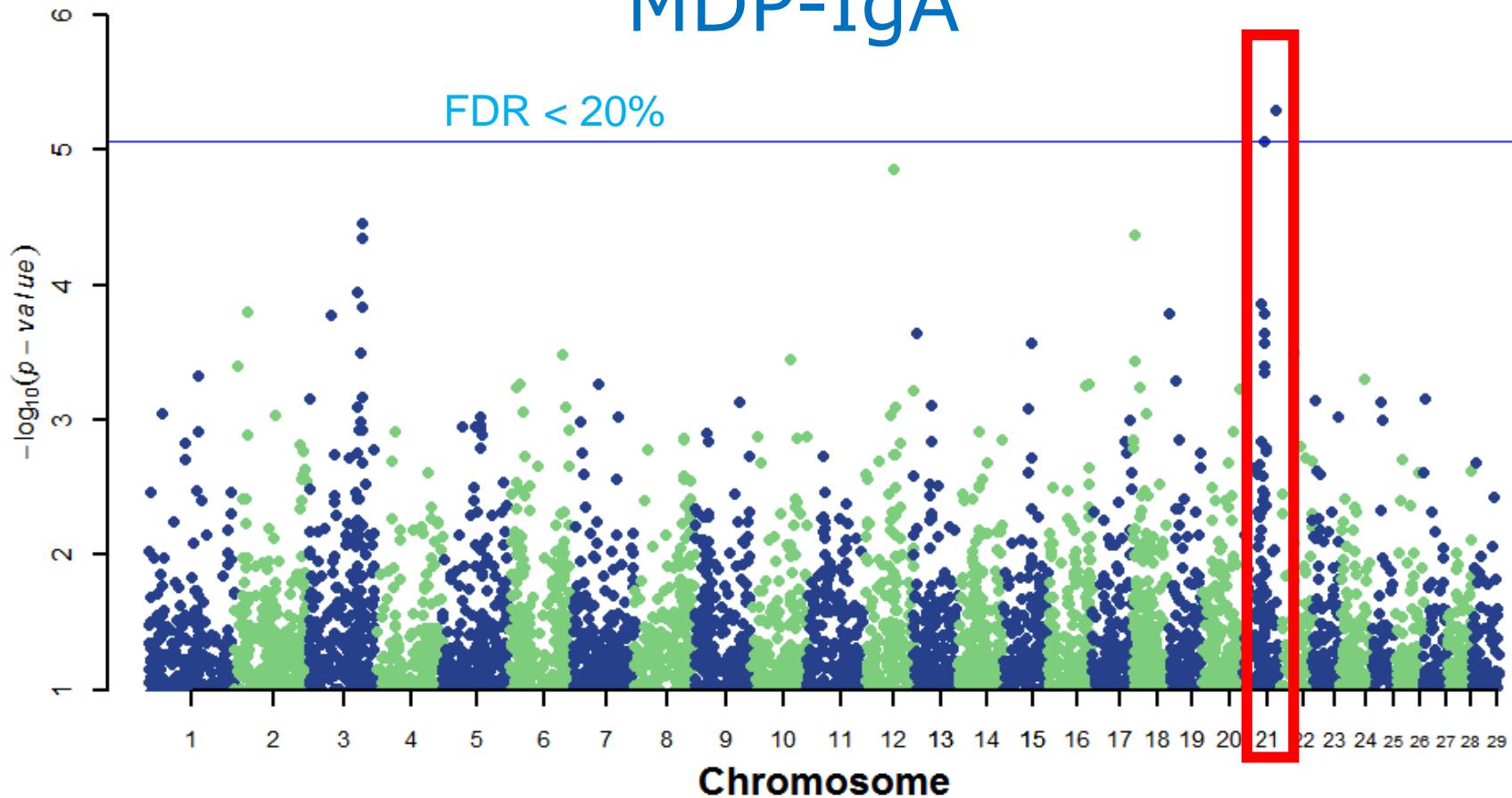


Chromosome 3 - MDP-IgM

- Lead SNP → BTB-00962714 (99,655,499 bp)
 - $-\log_{10}P = 4.8$
- Same region as de Neupane *et al.* (2018) for Bovine respiratory disease
- Candidate gene
 - MKNK1 - MAPK interacting serine/threonine kinase 1 (Interleukin signaling pathway)

MDP-IgA

FDR < 20%



Chromosome 21 - MDP-IgA

- Lead SNP → BTB-00820947 (44,634,072 bp)
 - $-\log_{10}P = 5.1$
- Candidate gene
 - NFKBIA - NFKB inhibitor alpha (B cell activation and signalling pathway)

Conclusions

- Moderate heritabilities
- Brix, T-IgG and NAb content can be selected
- Favourable correlations with production traits
- Genomic regions related to immunity
- Reasonable results with imputed data. HD highly desired

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