

# WGBLUP MODEL IMPROVES ACCURACY OF BREEDING VALUES PREDICTION IN A COMMERCIAL LINE OF BROILERS

*H. Romé, T. T. Chu, R. Hawken, J. Henshall, J. Jensen*

# Project

Accuracy of prediction => Major component to maximize genetic gain in poultry

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Could we use GWAS results to improve accuracy of predicting breeding values (BV) in broilers?



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Genomic information into prediction models =>  Accuracy of predicted BV

 Improvement in accuracy is trait dependent

**Body weight**

 No clear domination of one genomic prediction models over other ones

**“BLUP alphabet”**

 Large genotypic and phenotypic datasets

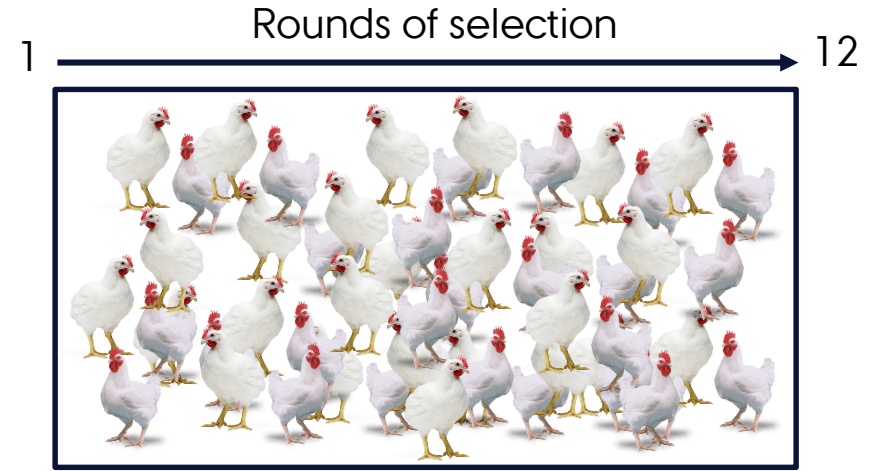
Could we use GWAS results to improve accuracy of predicting breeding values (BV) in broilers?





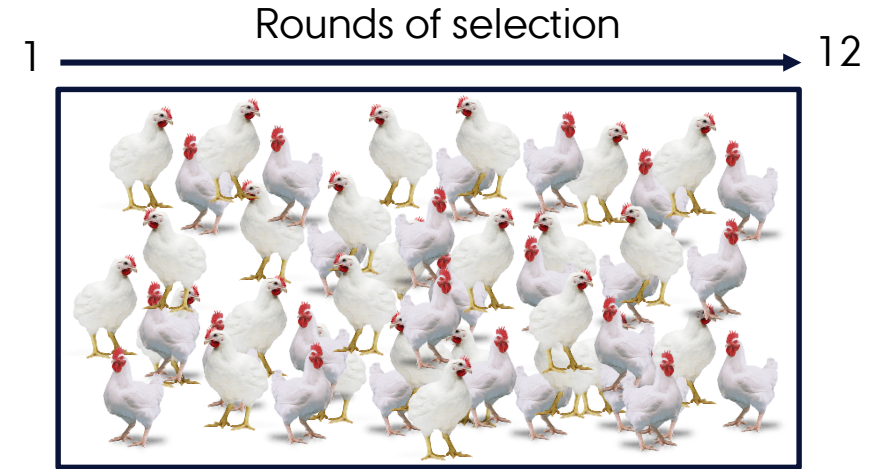
# Data

🐔 Population of commercial pure lines of broilers



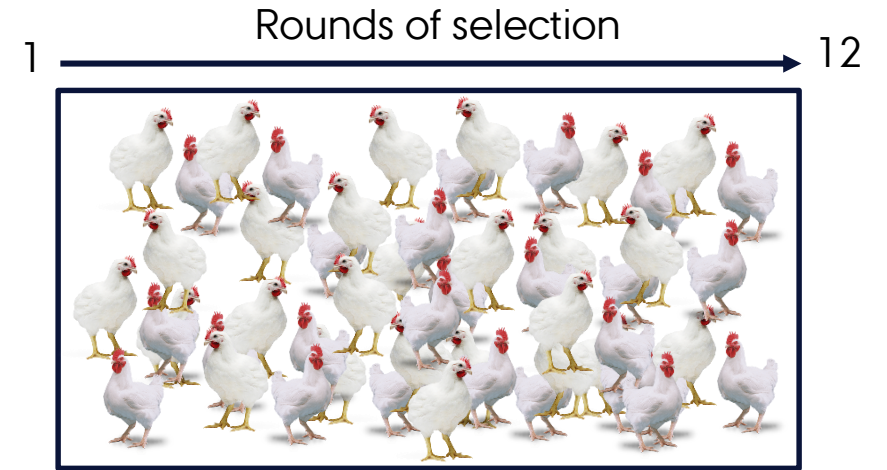
# Data

- 🐔 Population of commercial pure lines of broilers
- 🐔 Both sexes



# Data

- 🐔 Population of commercial pure lines of broilers
- 🐔 Both sexes
- 🐔 BW recorded for 5 successive weeks

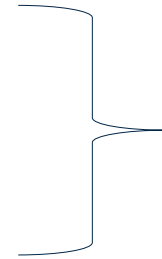


# Data

 Population of commercial pure lines of broilers

 Both sexes

 BW recorded for 5 successive weeks



**10 traits**

# Data

🐔 Population of commercial pure lines of broilers

🐔 Both sexes

🐔 BW recorded for 5 successive weeks

🐔 All genotyped and phenotyped

↪ Around 8000 individuals per traits

10 traits

# Data

🐔 Population of commercial pure lines of broilers

🐔 Both sexes

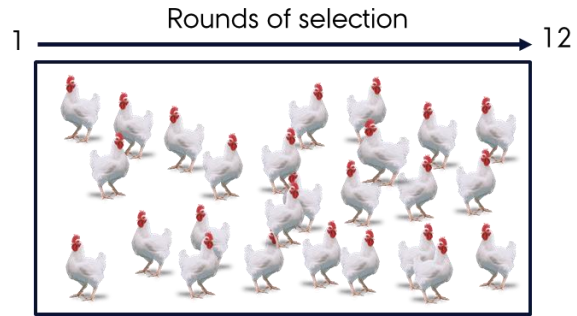
🐔 BW recorded for 5 successive weeks

10 traits

🐔 All genotyped and phenotyped

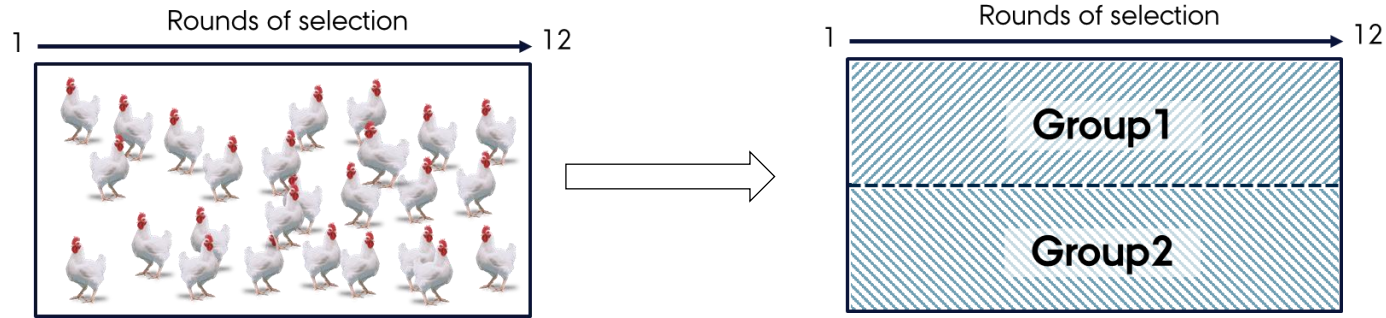
→ Illumina 60k array => after quality control : 46502 SNP

# Method



Estimation of SNP effect on  
a different population than  
the one we want to  
estimate

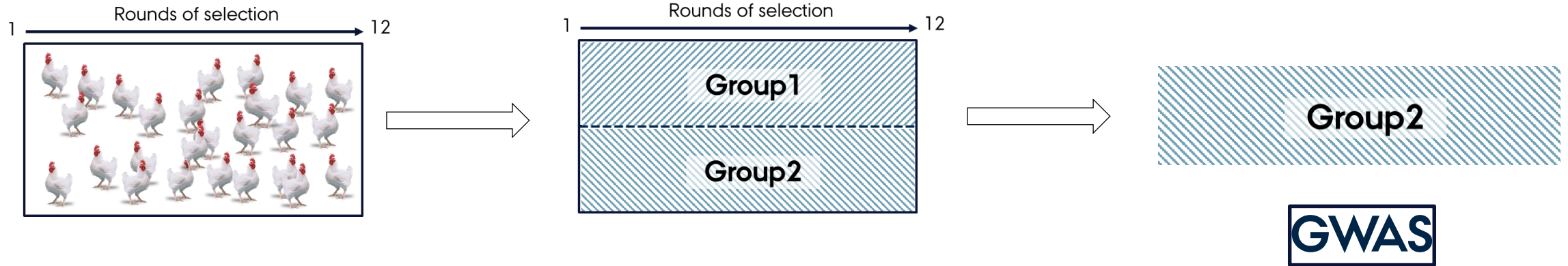
# Method



Individuals were assigned randomly to a group within round of selection

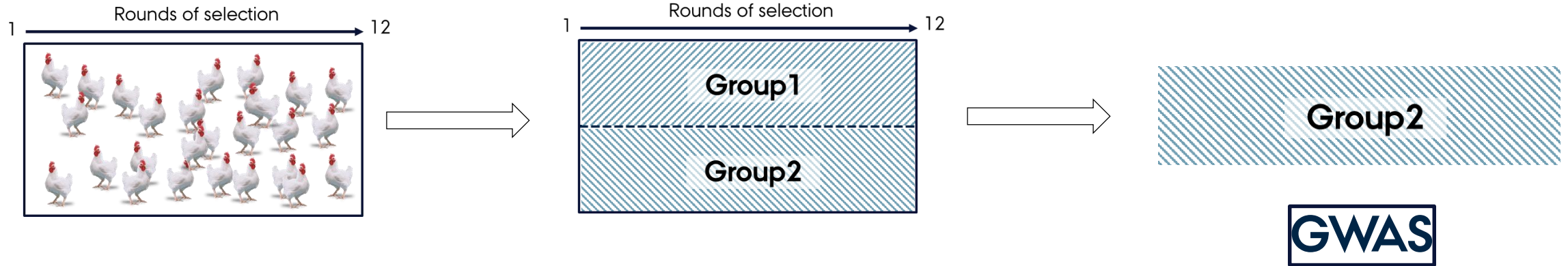


# Method



$$y = \mathbf{X}b + \beta_1 * \text{SNP}_{id} + \beta_2 * \text{SNP}_{id} + \mathbf{Z}u + \mathbf{W}m + \mathbf{W}c + \mathbf{e}$$

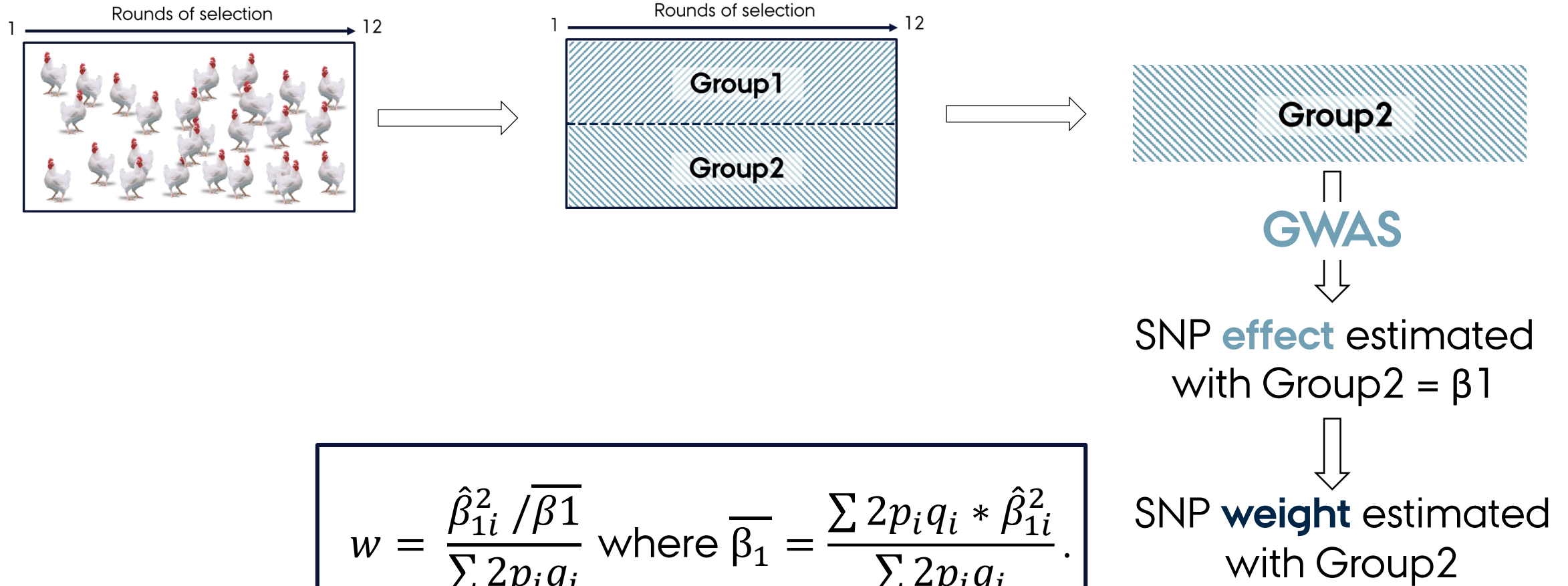
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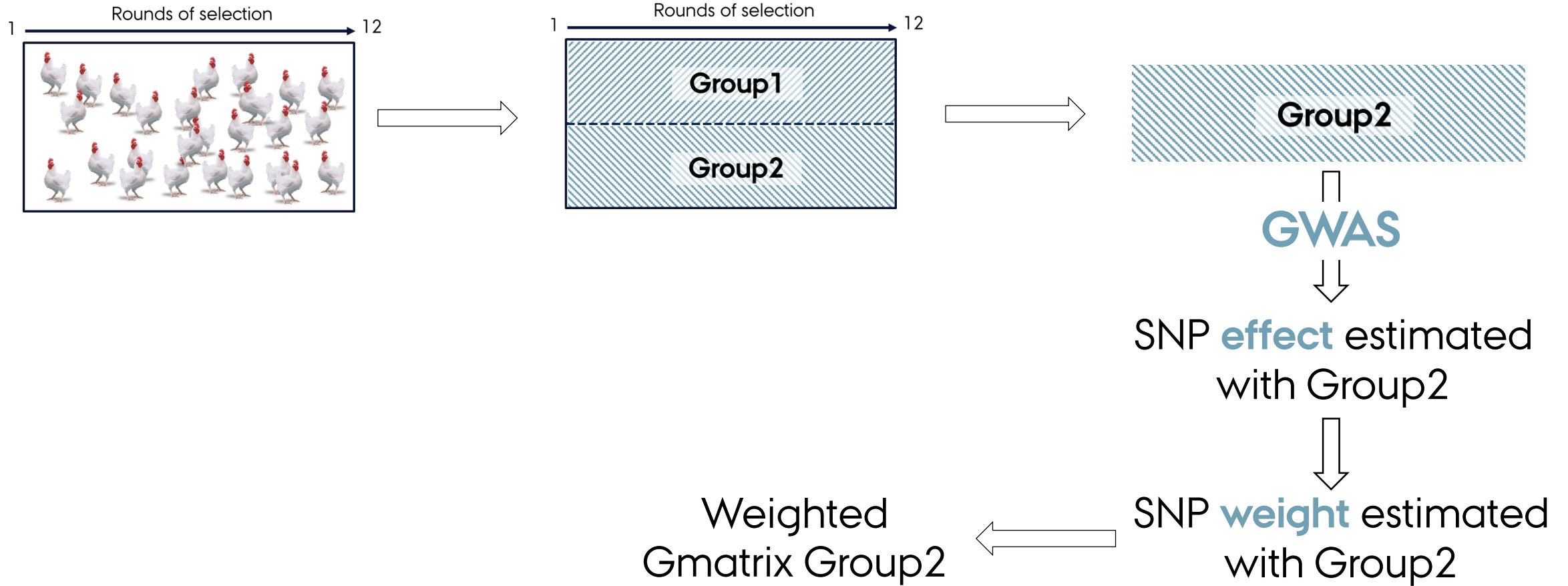
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Correcting for the size effect

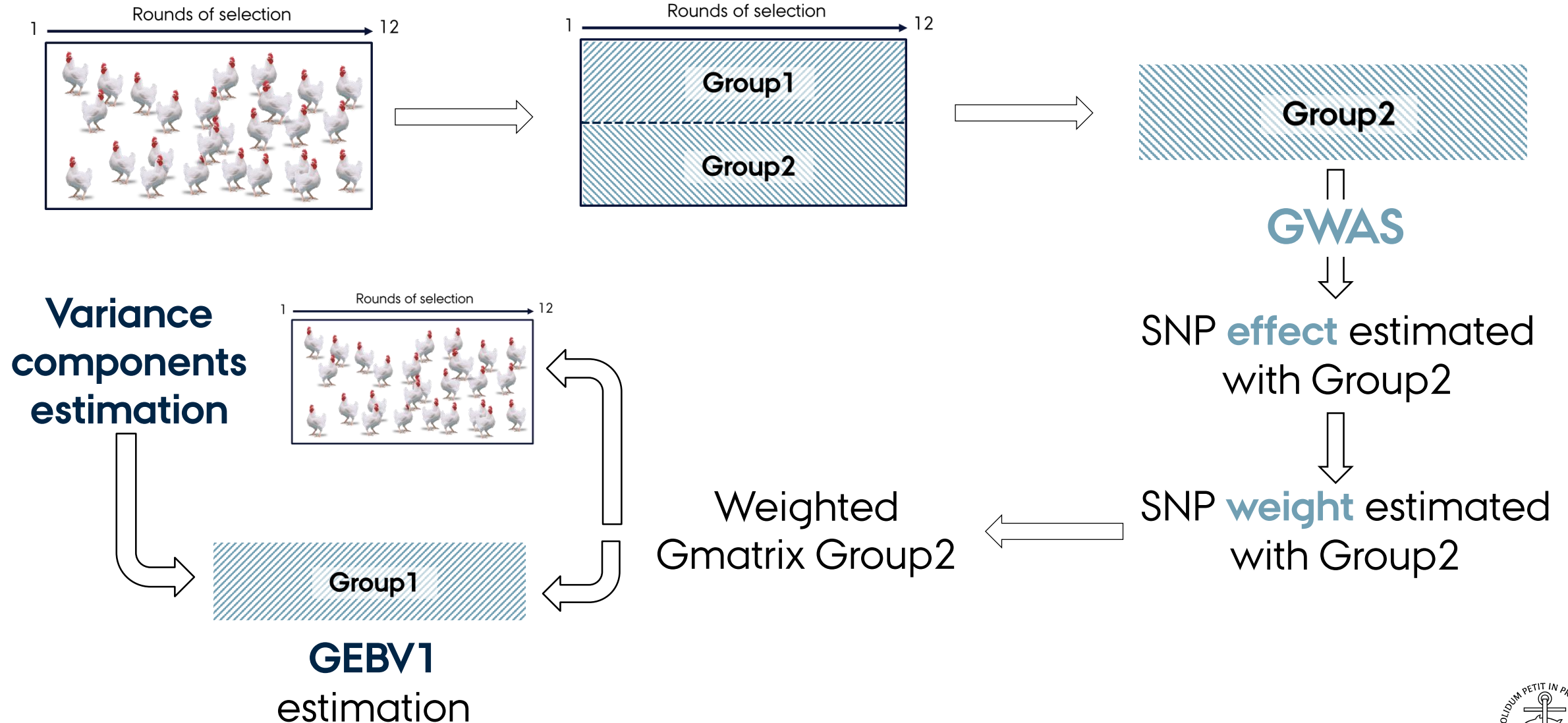
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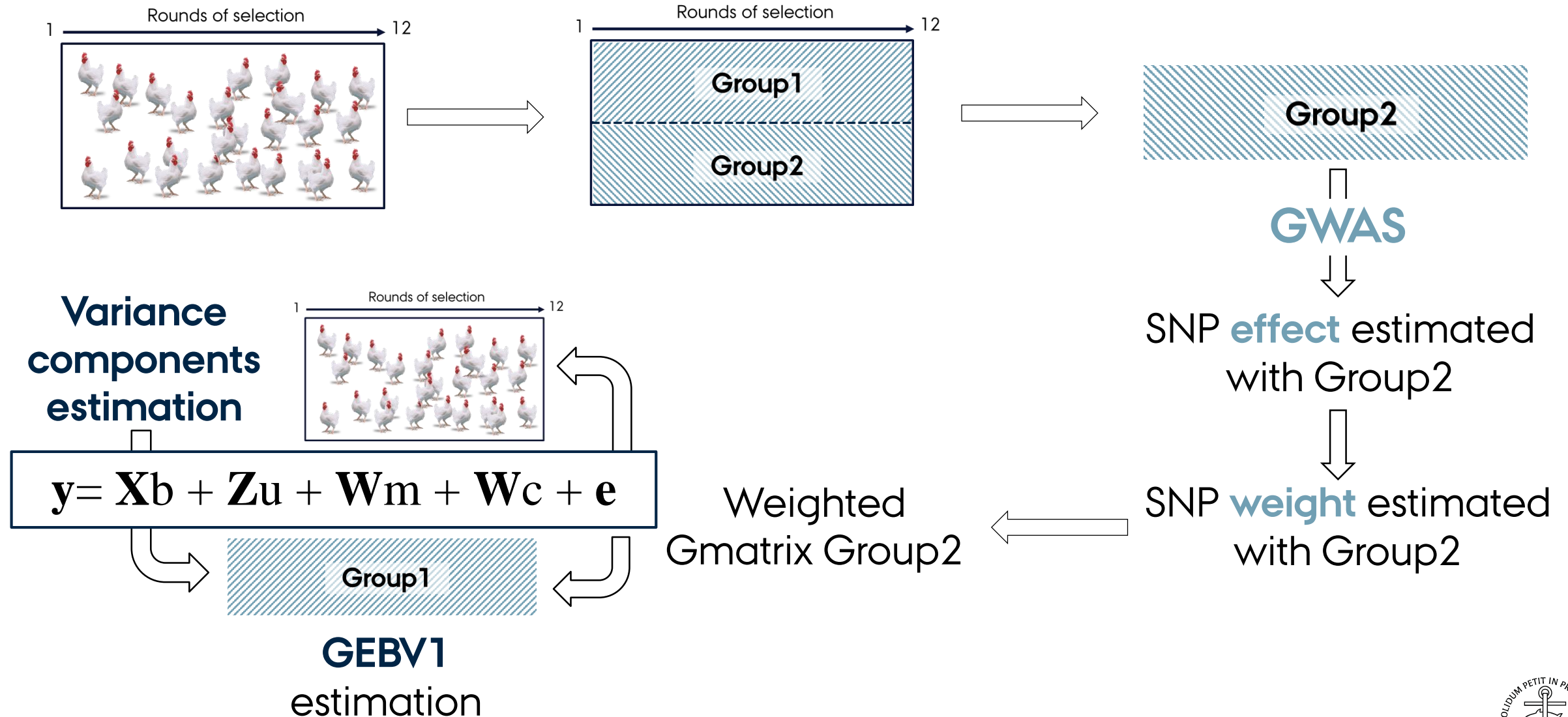
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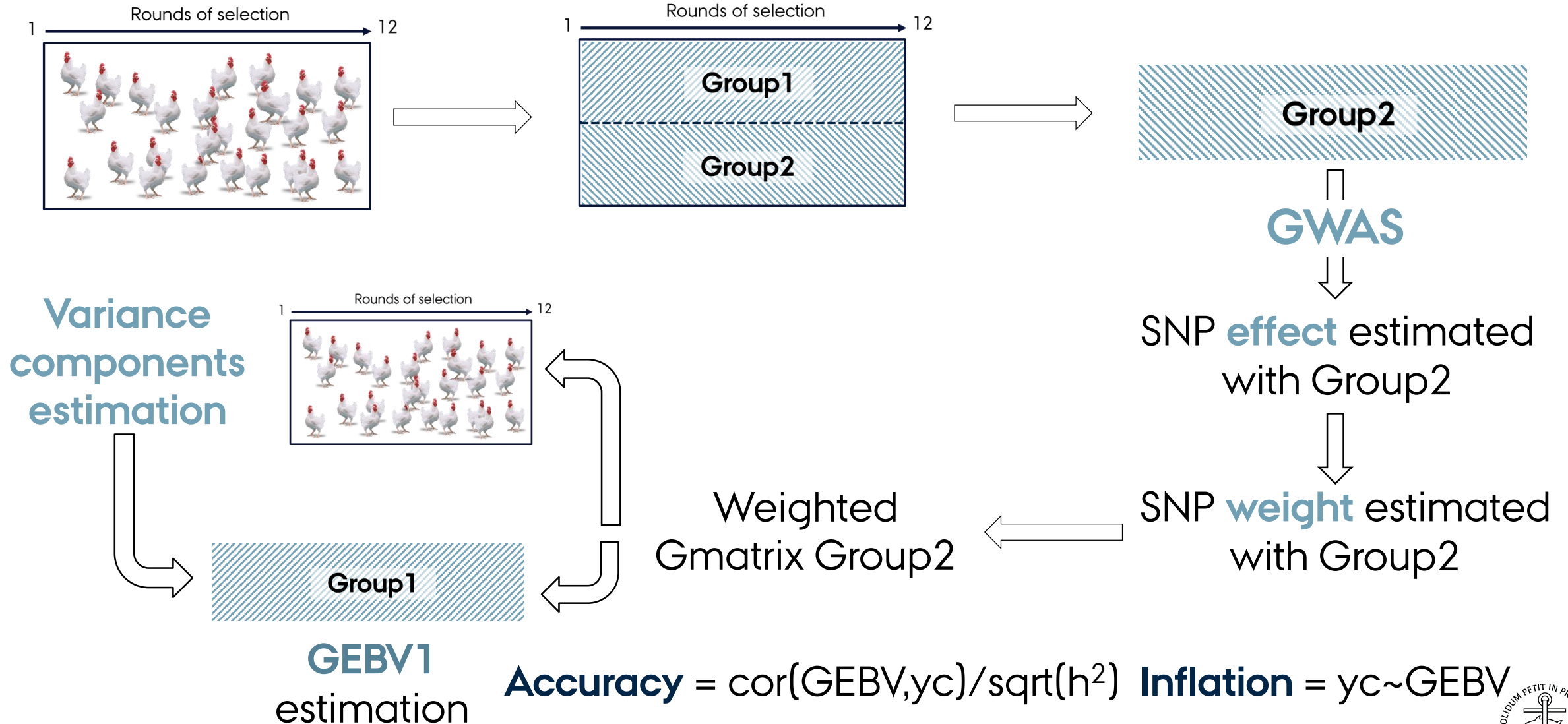


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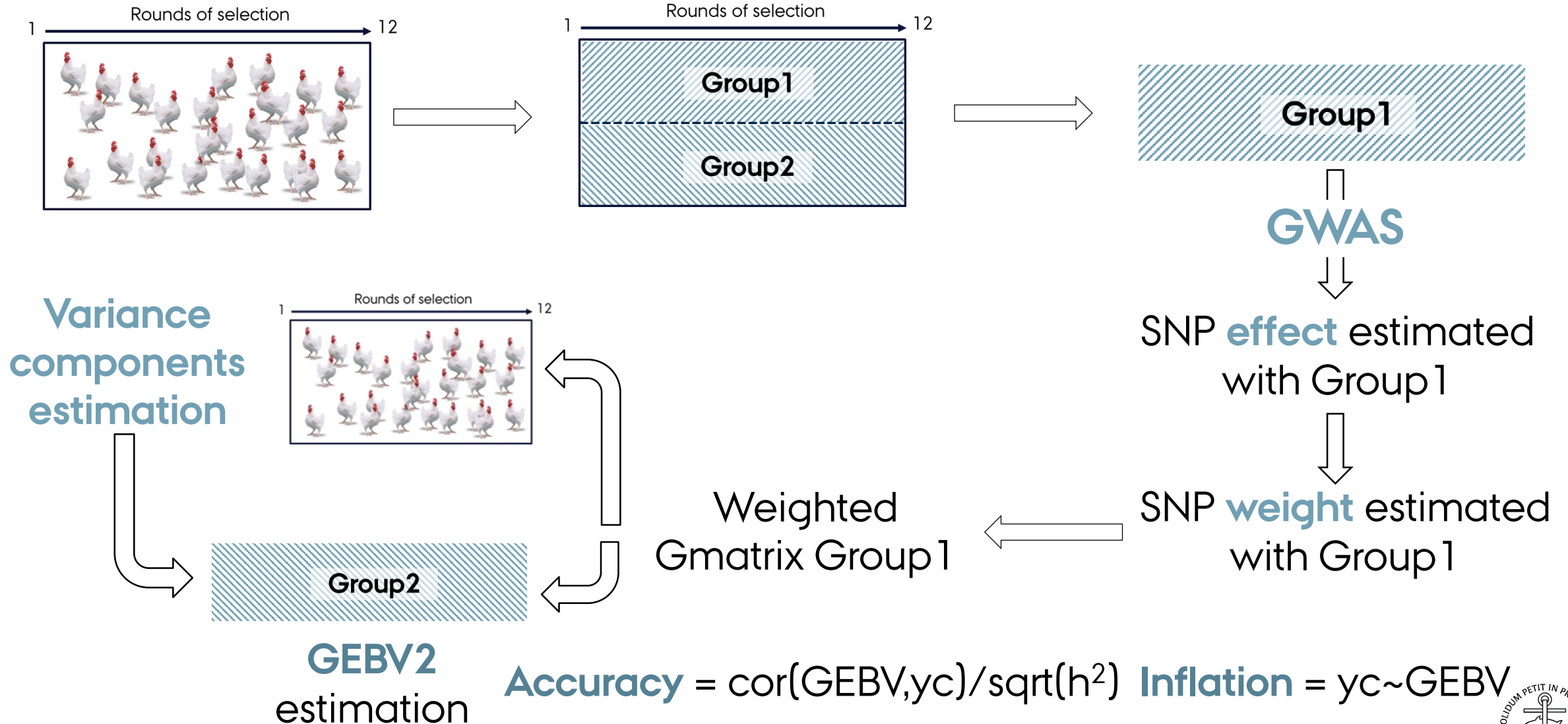




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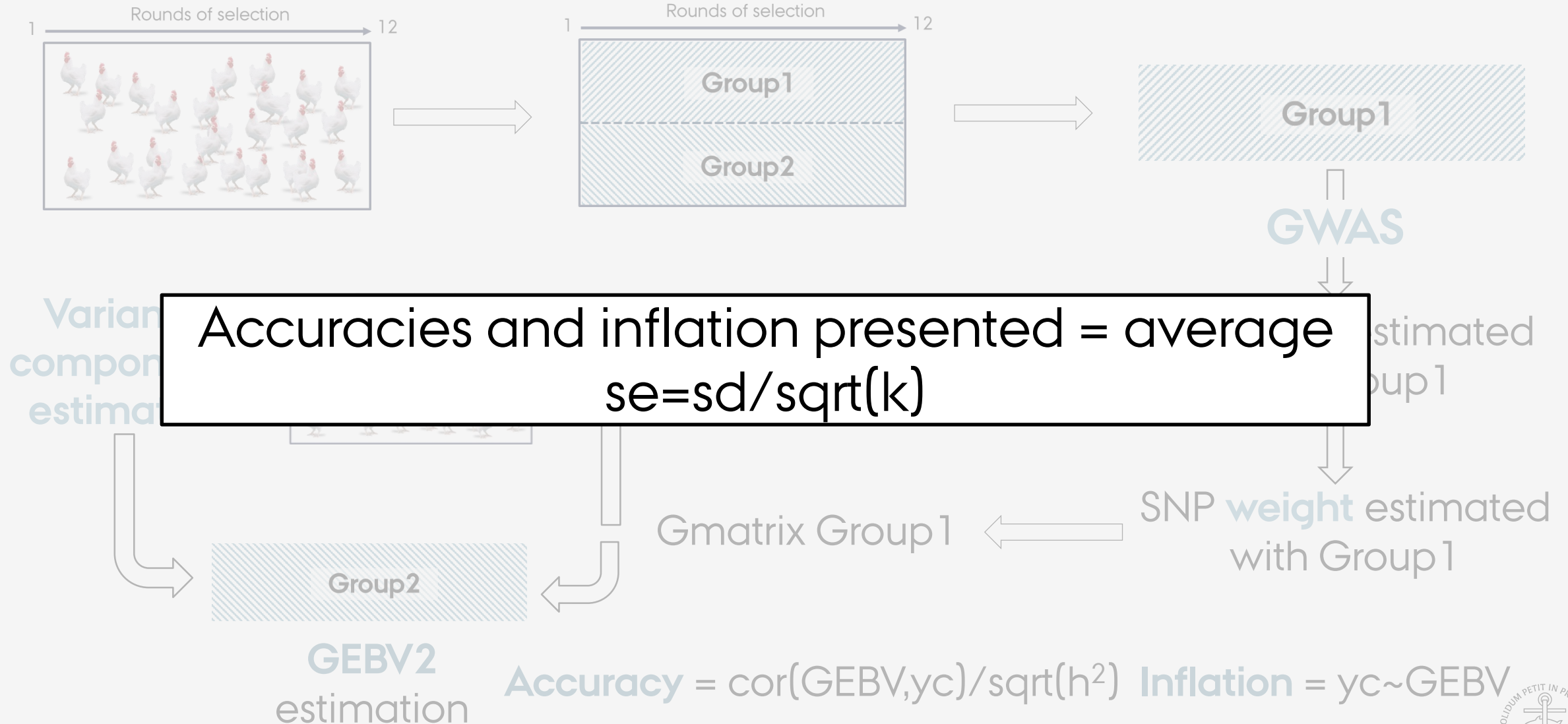


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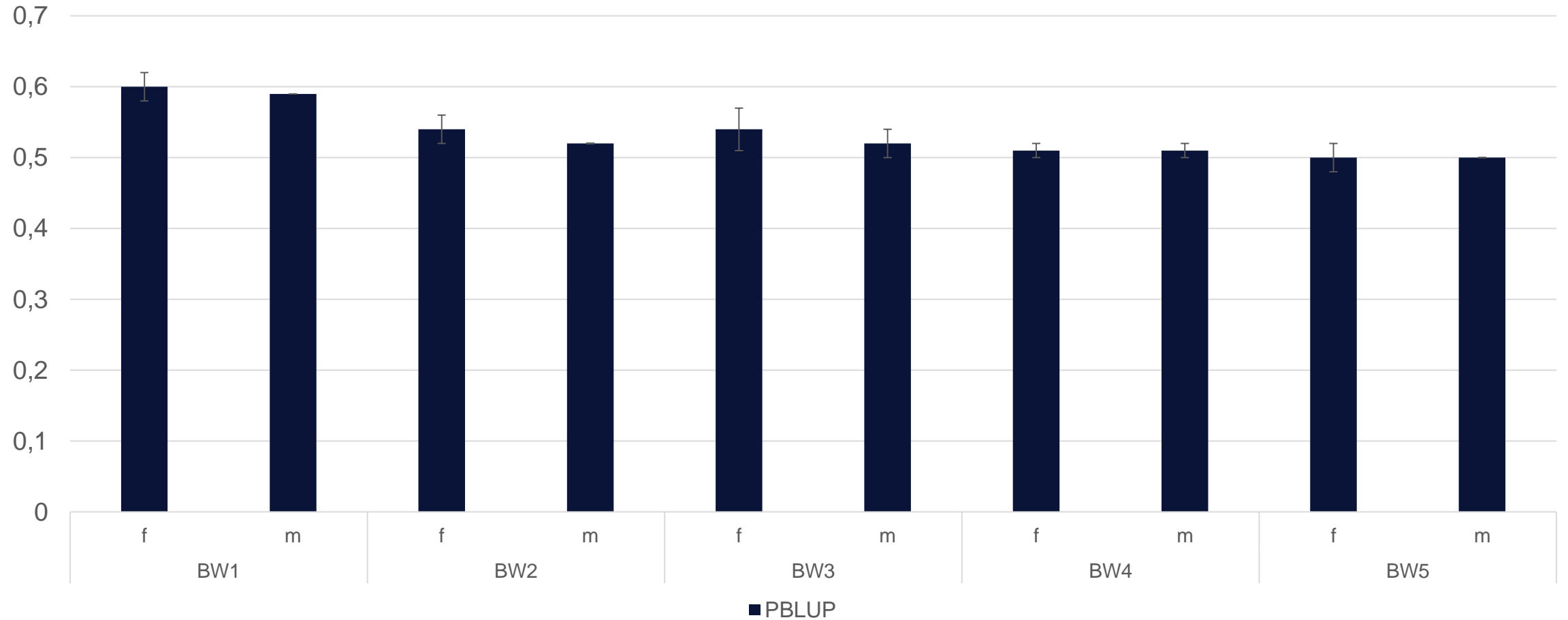


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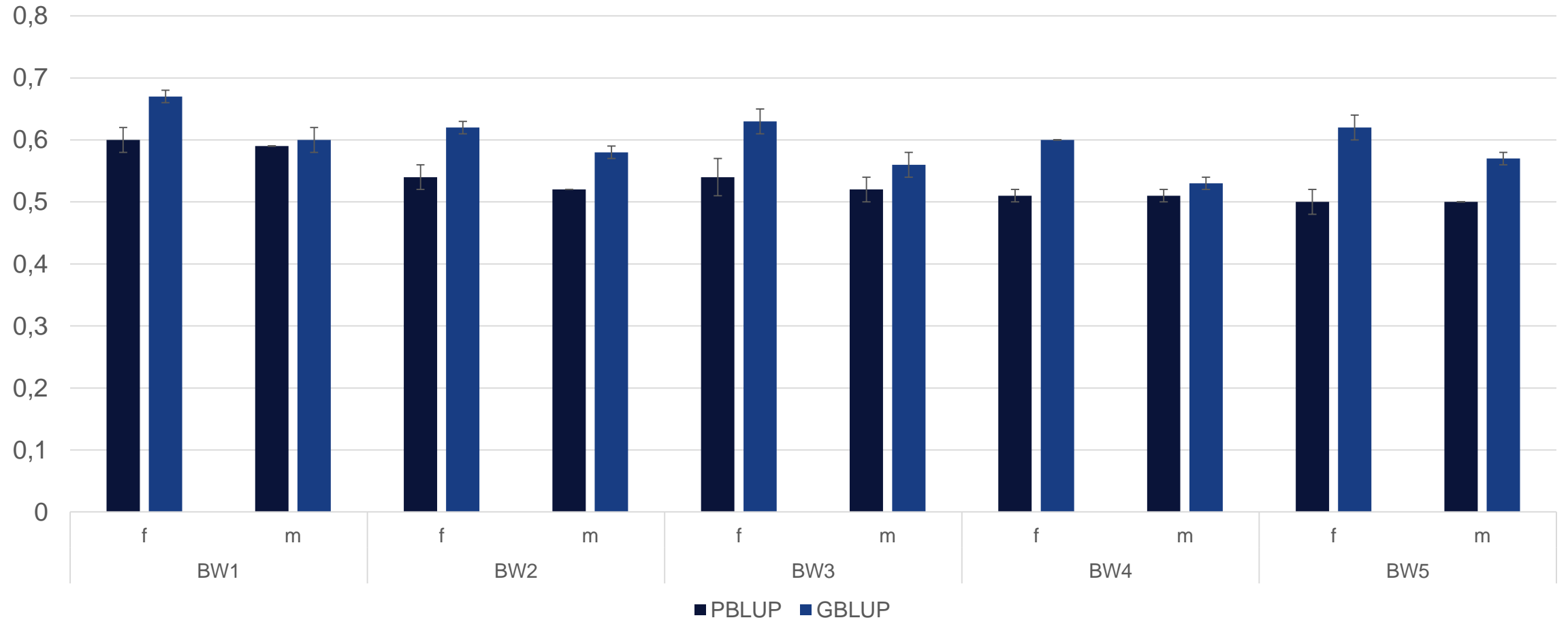
# Results - Accuracies

Accuracies of prediction



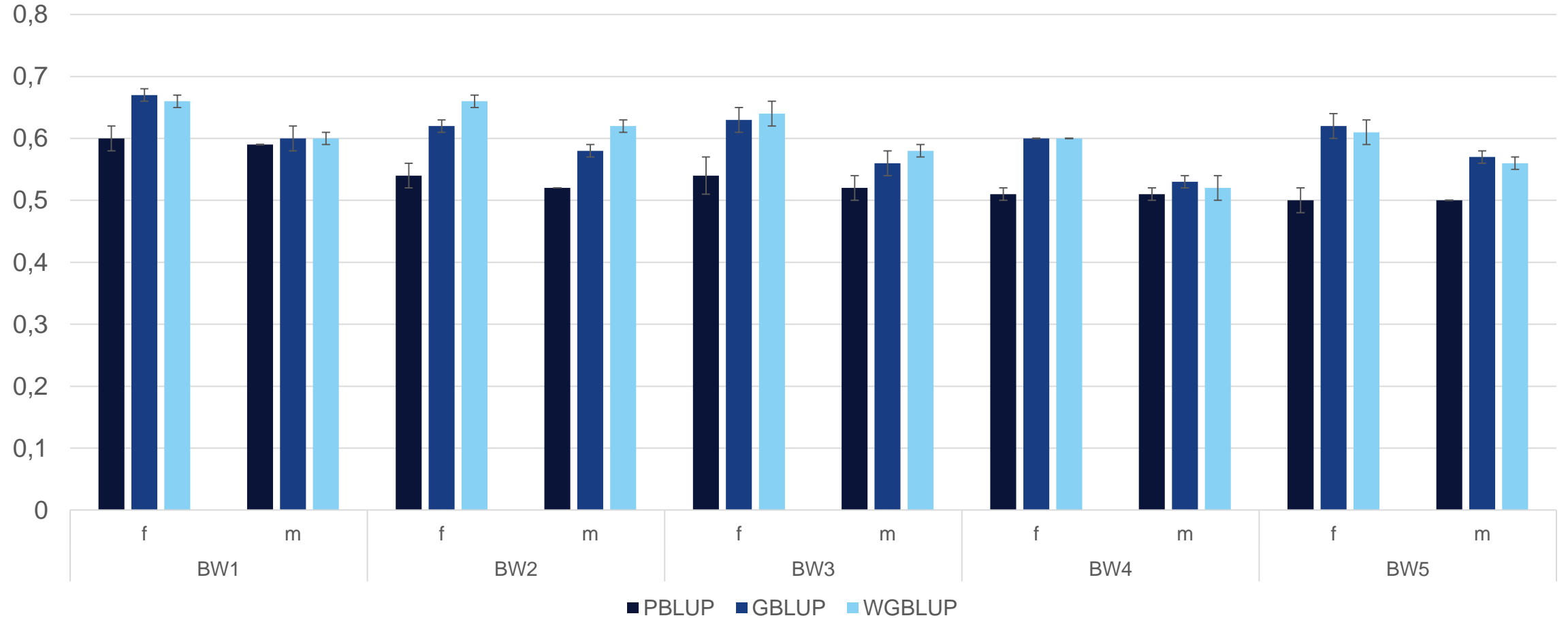
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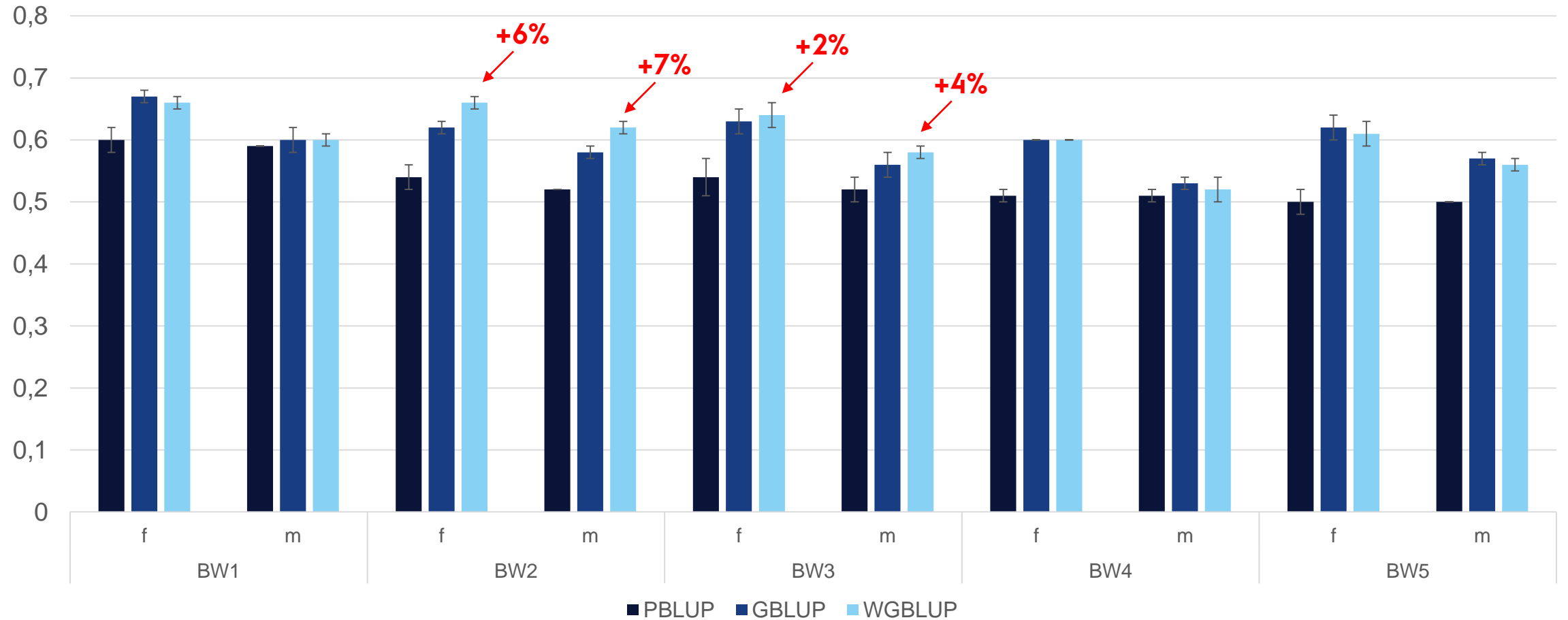
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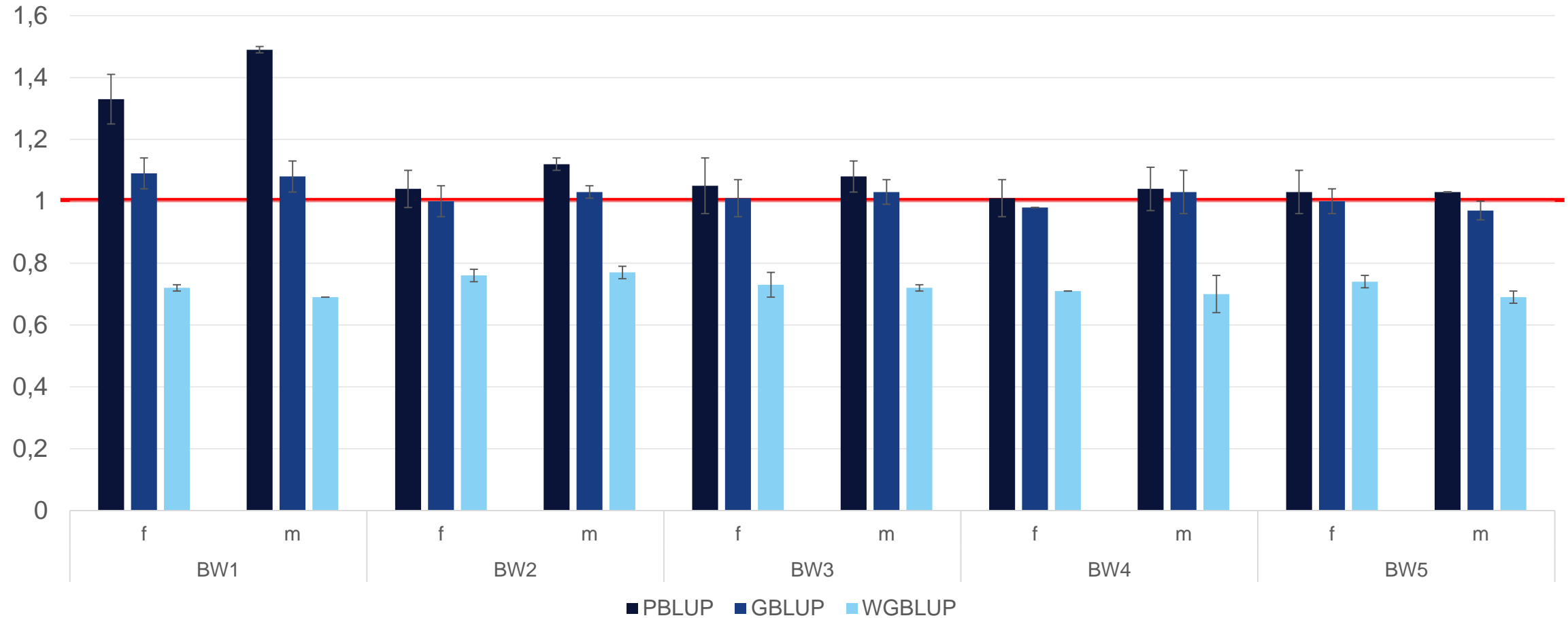
# Results - Accuracies

Accuracies of prediction




# Results - Inflation

Inflation of prediction



# Discussion

- Genomic information into prediction model  accuracies from 2% to 22%
  - ↳ Quite small compared to literature
    - ↳ PBLUP is already highly accurate (0.5 to 0.6) compared to maximum expected 0.71

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- 🐔 Genomic information into prediction model ↗ accuracies from 2% to 22%
- 🐔 GWAS information into prediction model ↗ accuracies from 2% to 7%
  - ↪ Only for few traits => the ones controlled by few large QTL
  - ↪ Could be improve by weighting windows and not individual SNP
  - ↪ Other models to estimate SNP effect



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- 🐔 Genomic information into prediction model ↗ accuracies from 2% to 22%
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- 🐔 WGBLUP increases accuracies but also inflation  
↪ Has to be consider for selection index

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- 🐔 GWAS information into prediction model ↗ accuracies from 2% to 7%
- 🐔 WGBLUP increases accuracies but also inflation
- 🐔 Accuracies of prediction were higher in females than in males
  - ↪ Could be link with maternal effect

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- 🐔 WGBLUP increases accuracies but also inflation
- 🐔 Accuracies of prediction were higher in females than in males
- 🐔 Persistency => How often should SNP effect be re-estimated?

# Conclusion

- 🐔 **WGBLUP** model **improves accuracy** of breeding values prediction for BW in broilers
  - ↪ This gain in accuracy is **moderate** compared to the one observed by adding genomic information
    - ↪ But it does **not require extra cost**, just computation time
  - 🐔 **No gain in accuracy** was observed for trait closer to **targeted age**
    - ↪ Not enough power to estimate SNP effect?
- 🐔 **WGBLUP** model **improves accuracy** but **increased inflation**



AARHUS  
UNIVERSITY