



UNION EUROPÉENNE

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Session 40

# Tailored phase-feeding program for liquid-fed growing pig towards a reduced use of protein rich diet

F. MAUPERTUIS, D. OLIVIER, N. QUINIOU



AGRICULTURES  
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CHAMBRE D'AGRICULTURE  
PAYS DE LA LOIRE

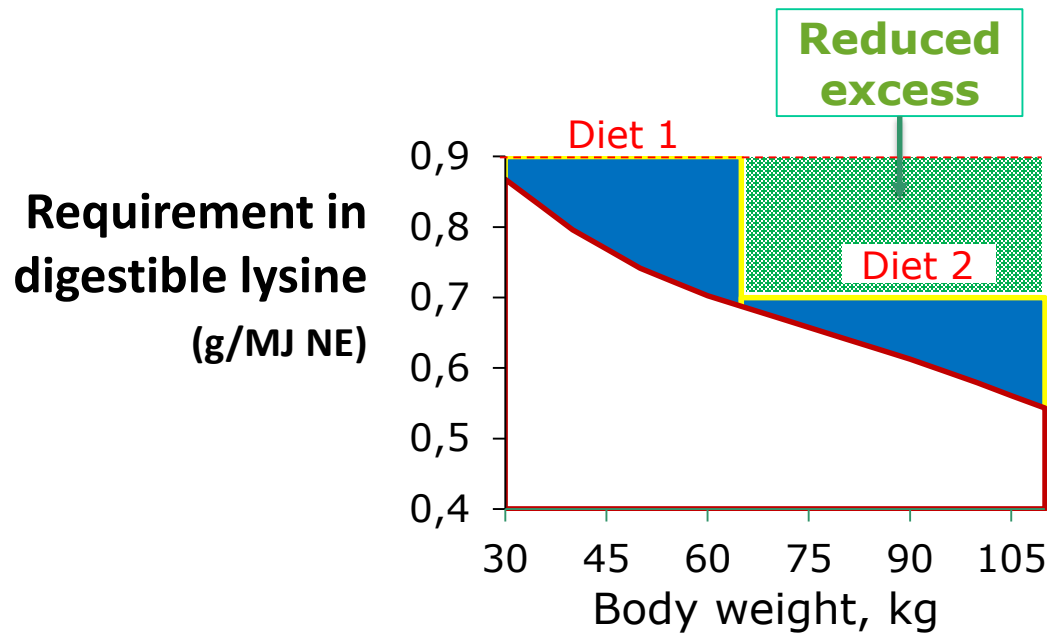




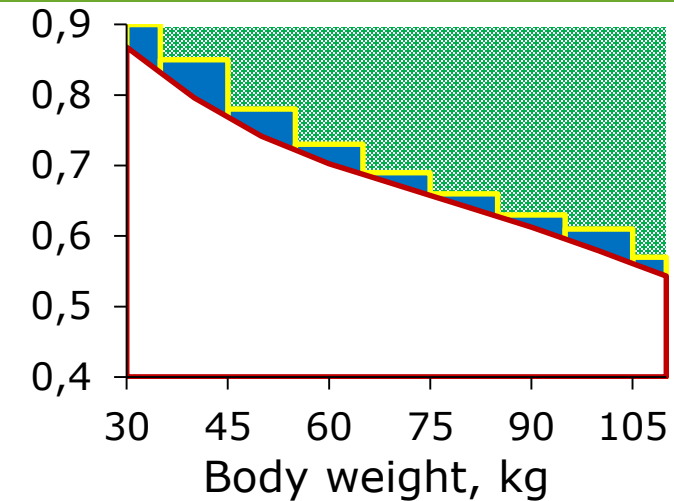
# From the design of phase feeding to its implementation

## The 2-phase strategy (2P) allows for reducing the amount of AA supplied in excess

→ reduced environmental impact and use of protein-rich ingredients without any difference in growth performance when AA requirements are met and diets formulated on right bases (net energy, ideal protein...)



Additional progress is expected with more than 2 phases → multiphase strategy



1. Assessment of the dynamic of amino acid (AA) requirement
2. Mix 2 diets in different % at each phase
3. Implementation depends on the feeding system available

Liquid feeding system?

# Advantage and limitation of the liquid feeding system



## Advantage

- ⇒ Feed restriction in order to improve the feed conversion ratio (FCR) and carcass leanness (2/3 of fattening pigs in France)
- ⇒ Incorporation of liquid byproducts, high-moisture corn...

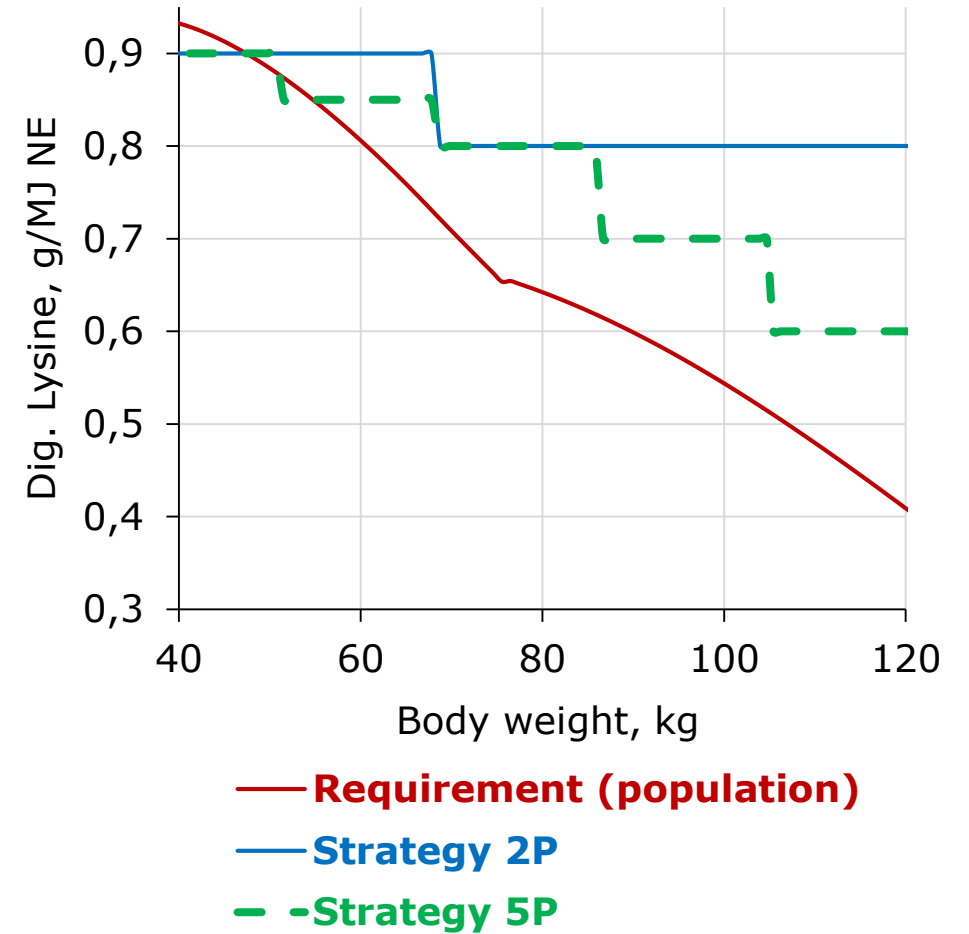


## Limitation

- ⇒ All penmates are fed with the same diet/average feed allowance
- ⇒ A minimum amount of soup has to be prepared in the tank (quality ↔ quantity)  
= **A minimum number of pens must switch from 1 phase to another simultaneously**  
**→ maximum number of phases of the feeding program**

# Experimental design

- Trial performed in a demonstration farm
- Crossbred gilts and barrows  
Pietrain Sire x (Large White x Landrace) sows
- Growth profile characterised  
with InraPorc<sup>®</sup> software
- Comparison of 2 feeding strategies
- 2 batches
  - ⇒ 16 pens / strategy
  - ⇒ 14 pigs / pen

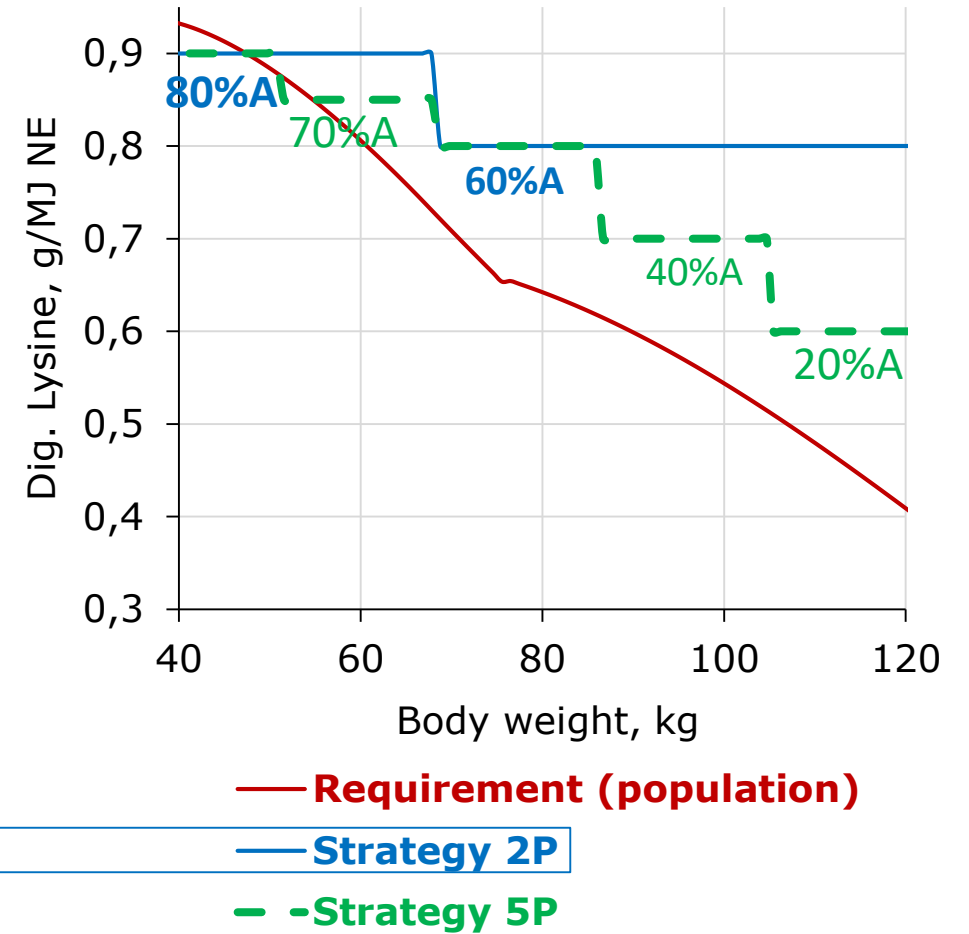


# Characteristics of studied feeding strategies

- 2 diets mixed:

Diets	A	B
Net energy, MJ/kg	9.83	10.15
Dig. Lysine, g/MJ NE	1.0	0.5
Crude protein (CP), %	15.6	10.7

= low CP 2P strategy	
Growing phase	Finishing phase
14.6% CP	13.6% CP
vs. usual	
standard 2P	
16.0% CP	15.0% CP



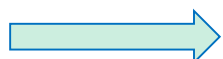
# Results (44-120 kg BW range, measurements)

## Similar growth performance

Strategy		2P*	5P**	RSD	P-value
Daily feed intake,	kg	2.38	2.42	0.14	0.47
Average daily gain,	g	822	814	43	0.64
Feed conversion ratio,	kg	2.96	2.99	0.26	0.53
	MJ NE	29.1	29.9	2.6	0.43

\* 16 pens, 216 pigs

\*\* 14 pens, 194 pigs



two pens removed from the trial due to difficult control of liquid feed delivery

 SAS Analysis of variance with the Strategy/Batch/Room within batch/SxB as fixed factors and sex ratio as covariate.

# Results (44-120 kg BW range, calculations)

## Reduced local environmental impact\* with 5P

Strategy	2P	5P	RSD	P-value
<b>N intake, kg/pig diets A/B</b>	<b>4.93</b>	<b>4.76</b> $\xrightarrow{-3\%}$	<b>0.40</b>	<b>0.01</b>
N retained, kg/pig	1.97	1.99	0.05	0.37
<b>N output, kg/pig diets A/B</b>	<b>2.96</b>	<b>2.77</b> $\xrightarrow{-6\%}$	<b>0.09</b>	<b>0.04</b>

\*  $\text{Intake}_{A/B} \times [\text{CP}_{A/B}]/6.25 - \Delta N_{\text{body weight}}$  (Dourmad et al., 2016)

 Analysis of variance with the *Strategy/*Batch/Room within batch/SxB as fixed factors and sex ratio as covariate.

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<i>standard diets</i>	5.41		0.44	0.001
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<b>N output, kg/pig diets A/B</b>	<b>2.96</b>	<b>2.77</b>	<b>0.09</b>	<b>0.04</b>
<i>standard diets</i>	3.44		0.09	0.02

\*  $\text{Intake}_{A/B} \times [\text{CP}_{A/B}] / 6.25 - \Delta N_{\text{body weight}}$  (Dourmad et al., 2016)

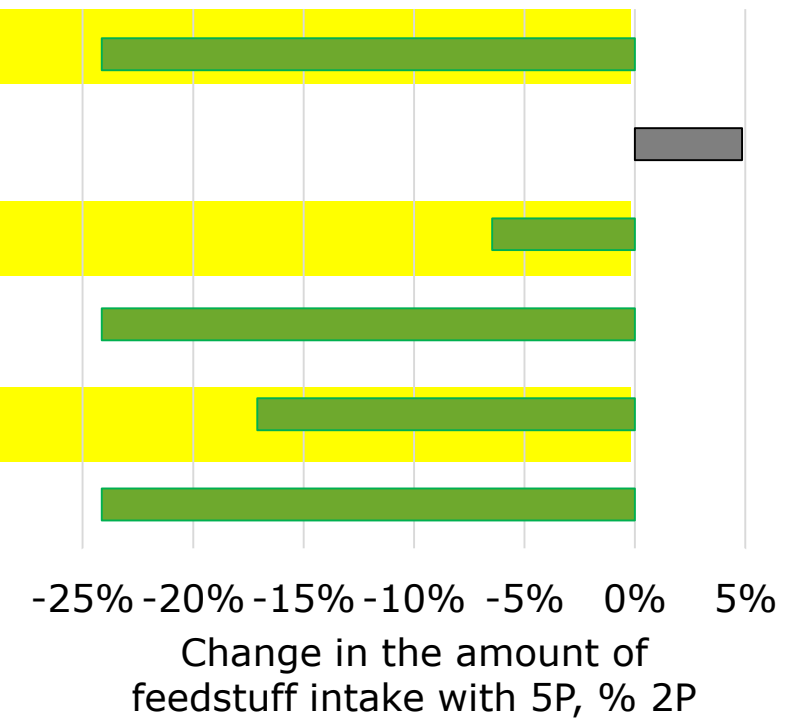
SAS Analysis of variance with the *Strategy/*Batch/Room within batch/SxB as fixed factors and sex ratio as covariate.



# Results (44-120 kg BW range, calculations)

## Reduced use of protein-rich feedstuffs

Strategy	2P	5P	RSD	P-value
Soybean meal, kg	20.3	15.4	1.1	0.001
Rapeseed meal, kg	22.7	23.8	1.5	0.07
L-Lysine HCl, g	835	781	50	0.008
DL-Methionine, g	116	88	6	0.001
L-Threonine, g	269	223	15	0.001
L-Tryptophane, g	58	44	3	0.001



# Conclusions on multiphase strategy implemented with the liquid feeding system

Similar growth performances

Advantages with 5P vs. 2P

- Less protein-rich ingredients and AA used
- Reduced environmental impacts

**Cautions:**

- Growth profile has to be characterized precisely beforehand
- **Maximum** number of phases is limited by the **minimum** number of pens that can switch from 1 phase to another simultaneously without impairing the precision of liquid feed delivery



# Acknowledgement

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Région  
**PAYS DE LA LOIRE**



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Thank you for your attention

