

Early disease detection for weaned piglets

EAAP - 2019



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Today, late detection of pathology

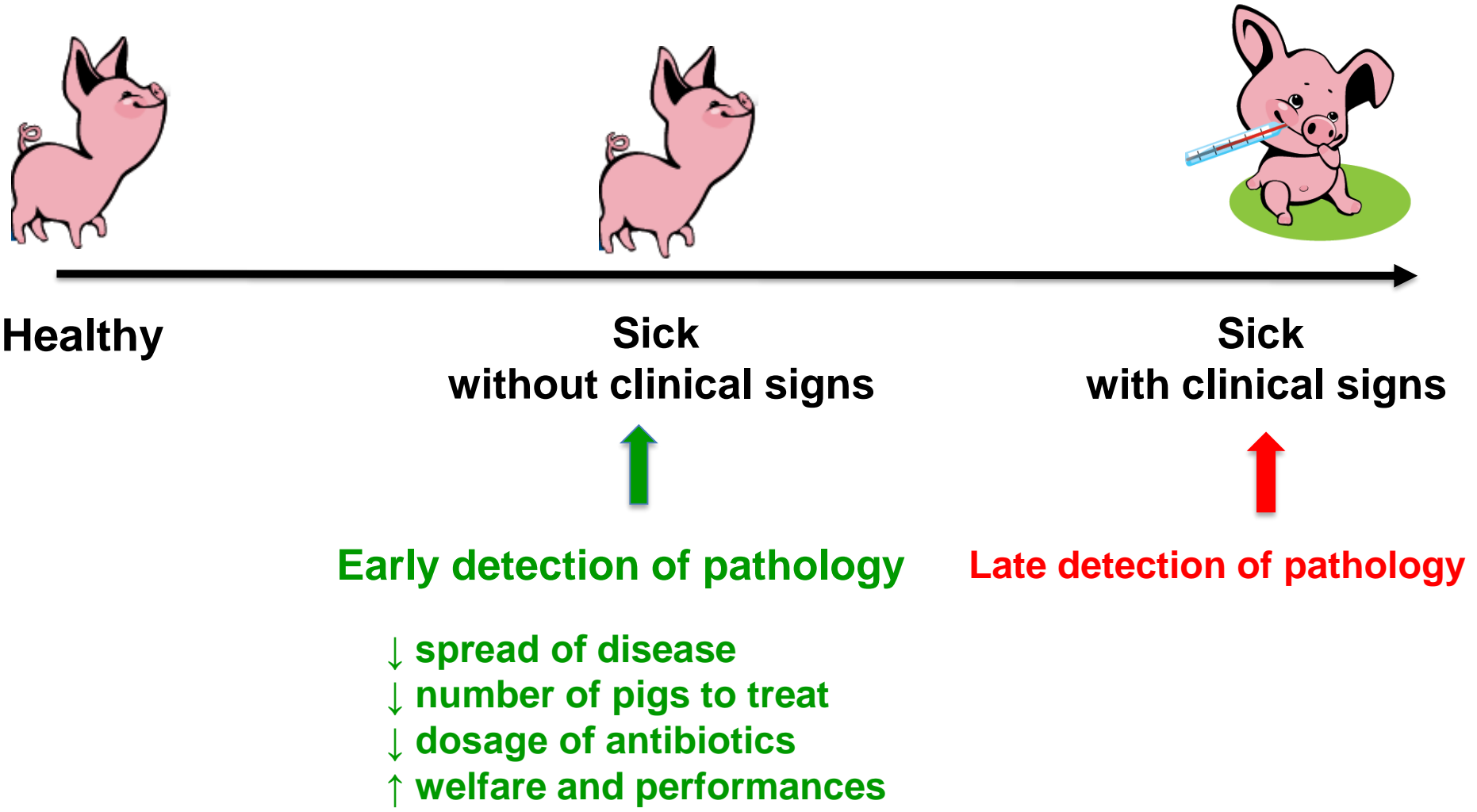


Many sick animals

Severe lesions

Hard or long recovery

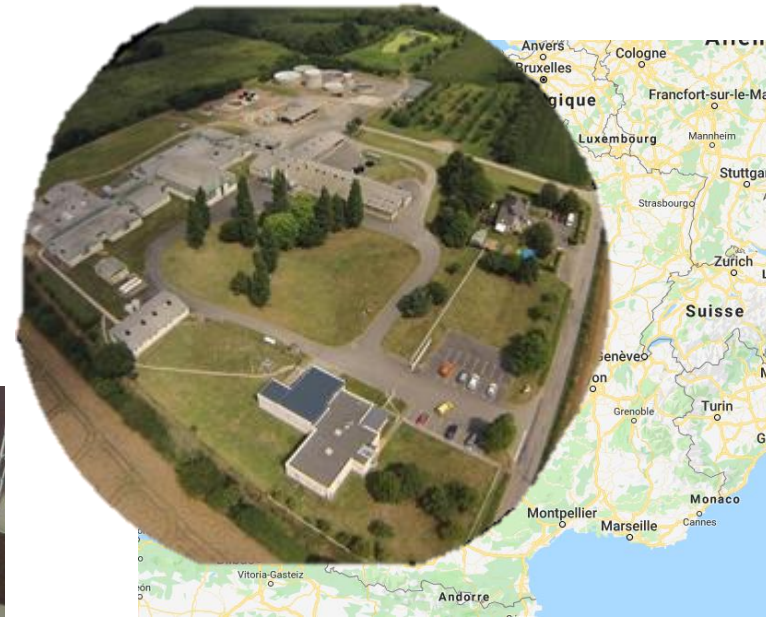
What is early detection of pathology ?



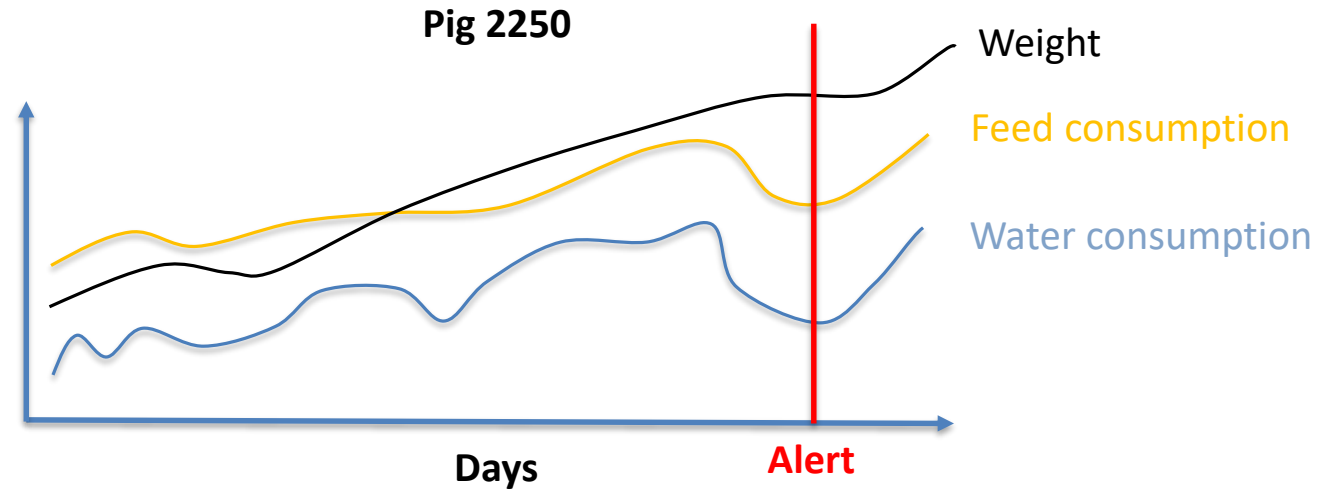
Our method to detect pathology earlier

■ Ifip's experimental farm

- PigletDetect
- Two batches of 102 piglets
- 17 piglets per pen



Our method to detect pathology earlier



Connected drinker



Connected feeder



Connected weighing station

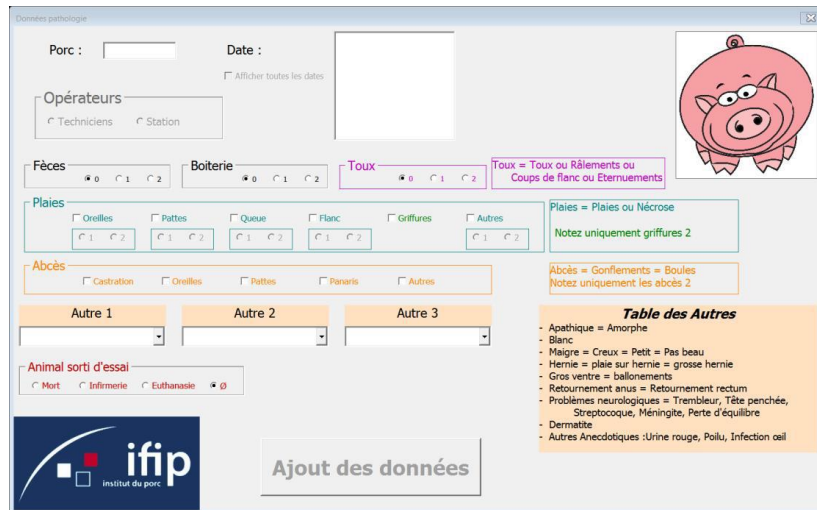
■ Data Processing



Our method to detect pathology earlier



➔ what data are stored and how they interrelate



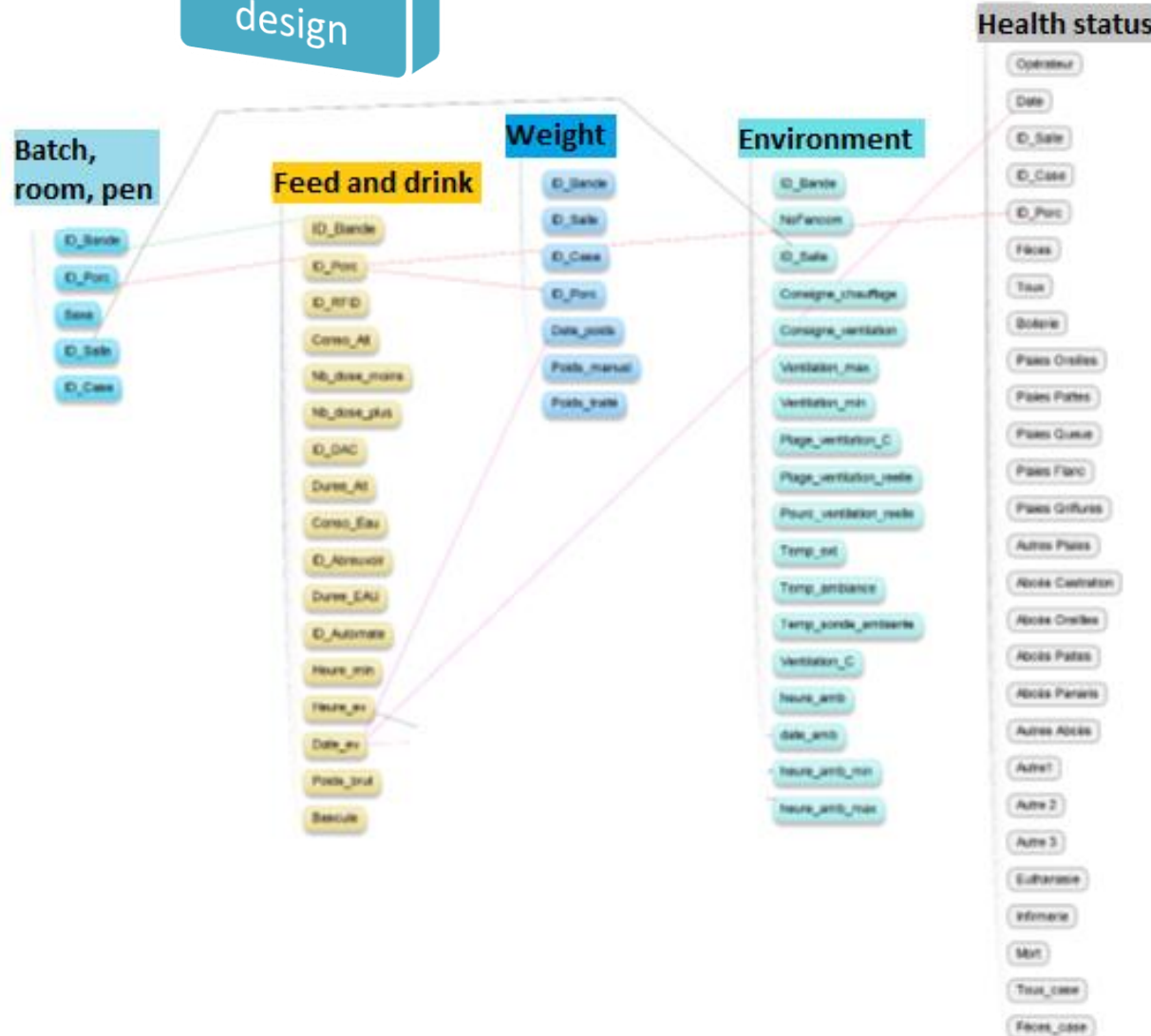
Health status scoring
Scores = 0, 1 or 2

Clinical observations: 5 days/week x 5 weeks

Our method to detect pathology earlier

Database design

→ what data are stored and how they interrelate



54 variables
600 000 rows for 204 pigs



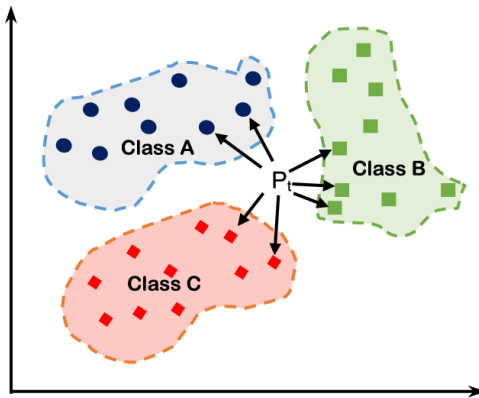
- Selection of the most relevant existing variables and creation of others
- Examples :
 - Data aggregation over 6 hours → 600 000 to 28 600 rows
 - 1 weight / piglet / day
 - Sick animal = each day, \sum scores (digestive, respiratory and lameness) ≥ 2
- Use of "lag functions" to take into account historical data in the detection of a change in a pattern : data of the 6-hours-period into each day were linked

Our method to detect pathology earlier

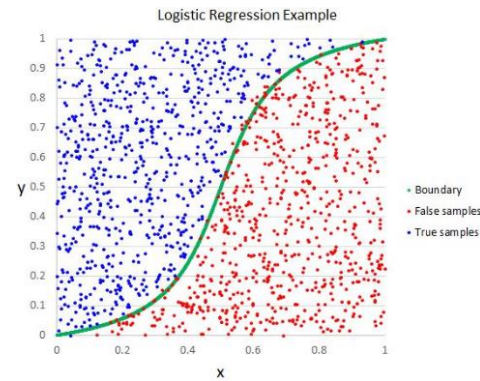
Model building and testing

- Database was split into 70 % for learning & 30 % for testing
- The learning base was split itself into 10 random samples
- 9 methods were tested on each sample

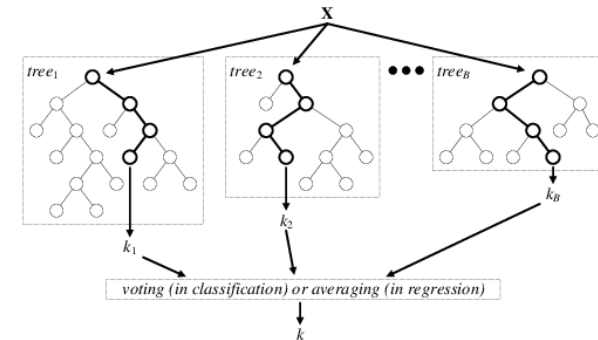
KNN



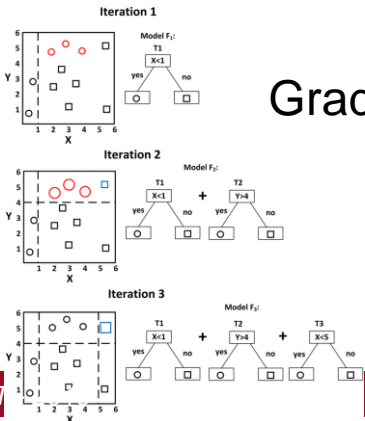
Logistic regression



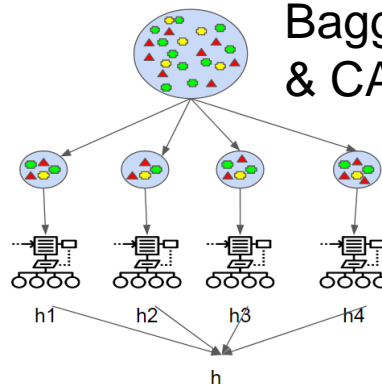
Random forest



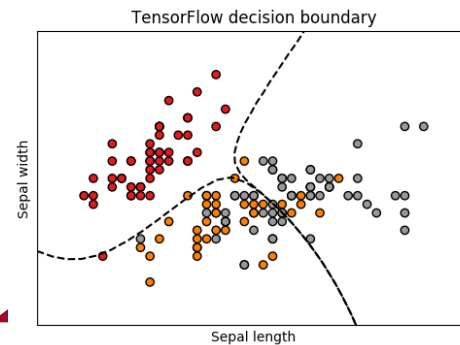
Gradient Boosting



Bagging CART & CART



Naive Bayes



Our method to detect pathology earlier

Model building and testing

The performances of the models (sensitivity and specificity) were described by a confusion matrix

Predicted condition given by the model	Actual condition given by human observations	
	Sick	Healthy
Sick	True positive	False positive
Healthy	False Negative	True negative



Sensitivity



Specificity

Model building and testing

→ Partial results concerning model's performances

	Sensitivity	Specificity
Bagging	83 %	92 %
KNN-3	88 %	81 %
KNN-5	86 %	80 %
KNN-8	83 %	78 %
Random Forest	69 %	93 %
Naive Bayes	61 %	56 %
Logistic Regression	29 %	85 %
CART	19 %	97 %
Gradient Boosting	14 %	99 %

- **Good performances but**
 - PigletDetect was a first step in experimental conditions
 - Here, results came from 2 batches in the same farm / health status/ room / genetic, ... → model could be less robust in other conditions.
 - The model will soon include
 - the other batches used in this project
 - Other statistical methods tested by INRA, partner of the project

And now



HealthyLivestock

健康畜禽

■ New batches

- Of weaned piglets and fattening pigs



■ Add 2 new monitorings

- Activity level
 - Accelerometers
 - Cameras
- Coughing



■ Validation in a commercial farm

■ To our funders and partner



Merci de votre attention



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