Body mineral content of reproductive sows

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Context and objective

- ✓ Determination of mineral requirement of sows is generally based on a factorial approach
 - Guéguen & Perez (1981), Jongbloed et al. (2003) InraPorc (2008), NRC (2012), Bikker & Blok (2017)

$\checkmark\,$ Determination of requirements for :

- Maintenance *f*(BW)
- Reproduction *f*(litter growth, milk production)
- Maternal retention *f*(BW or protein gain)
 => but limited data on sow mineral content
 => use of data "extended" from fattening pigs

<u>Objective</u> => Evaluate body mineral content of reproductive sows







Material and methods

- Cutting and complete dissection of 189 sows from 4 studies
 - Primiparous : 44 at farrowing, 66 at weaning
 - Multiparous : 25 at mating, 56 at farrowing
 - \Rightarrow Carcass : lean, fat, skin, bones, organs
- ✓ Grinding and chemical analysis of a sub-sample
 - 23 sows : farrowing & weaning
 - \Rightarrow protein, fat, <u>minerals</u>, water, energy
- ✓ Feed dP : 2.6 g/kg in gestation, 3.8 g/kg in lactation
- ✓ Calculations
 - Double regression technique (Causeur & Dhorne, 1998)









Composition of empty body weight



Effect of group on body mineral content, in % of the mean expressed in different units







Relationship between body minerals and EBW







Relationship between body minerals and body protein



EAAP2019

Relationship between body minerals and body protein - comparison with results on fattening pigs -



EAAP2019

Estimation of P and Ca, relation to body protein







Estimation of body P according to EBW Comparison with previous estimations







Estimation maternal P retention in pregnant sows according to different equations



Parity of sows





Conclusion and perspectives

✓ Mineral retention in sows

- Better related to maternal protein than to EBW
- Variations in body fat content along the reproductive cycle ?

✓ Mineral - Protein relationship

- curvilinear relation
- consistent with results in fattening pigs

✓ Phosphorus and Calcium contents

- Better predicted from body protein
- Slightly higher values predicted than from previous equations









Conclusion and perspectives

⇒ Integrate the new equations into InraPorc[®] Decision Support Tool











Thank you for your attention !





