

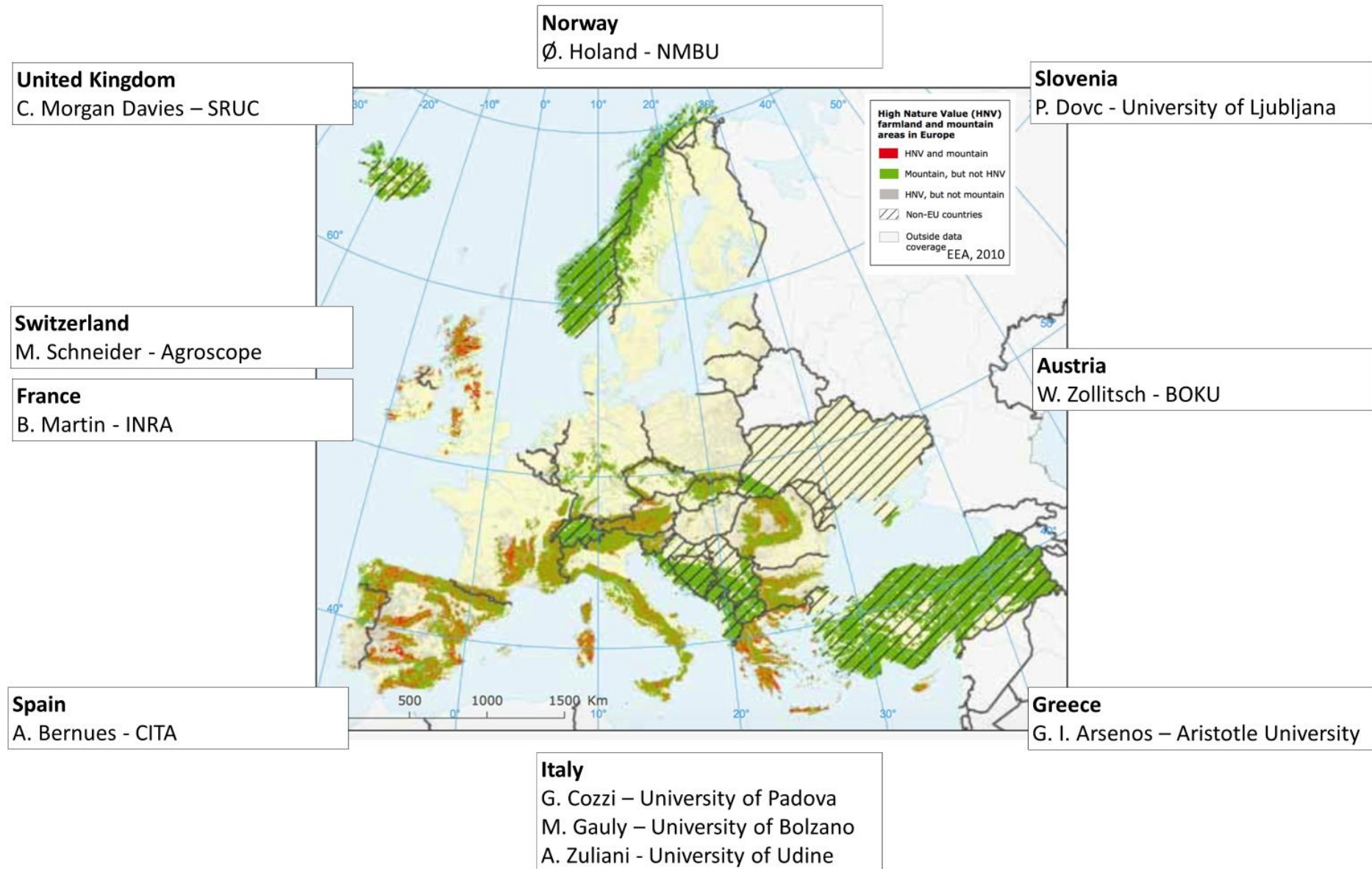
Explored and unexplored topics in Mountain Livestock Farming scientific literature

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Background

Establishment
of the EAAP
Across
Commissions
WG on
Mountain
Livestock
Farming
(2018)



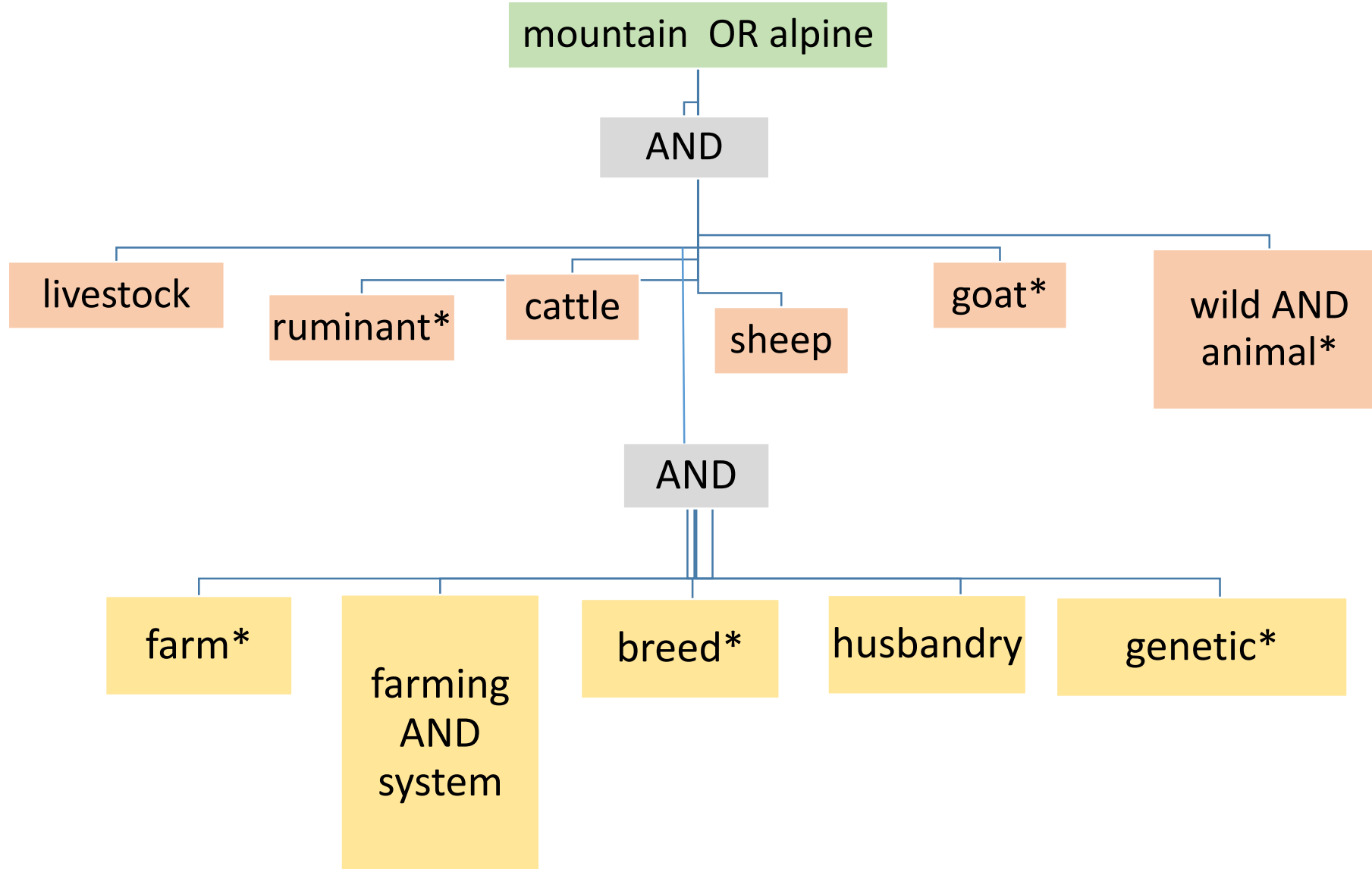
Aim

Map the current scientific knowledge in the field of mountain livestock farming (MLF).

Inform the development of future research activities of the MLF WG.



The search string



Statistical analysis

Text mining is the process of deriving word patterns and trends from a large set of textual sources

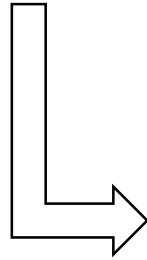
Word frequency was determined using term frequency- inverse document frequency technique
(TF-IDF)

Topic modelling analysis using Latent Dirichlet allocation (**LDA**) identified a set of topics from words that tend to occur together in a document.

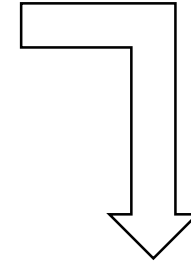


Results

n=2.893



- no abstract 39
- no author 8
- no source 3
- erratum 2
- duplicated 18
- out of range 144



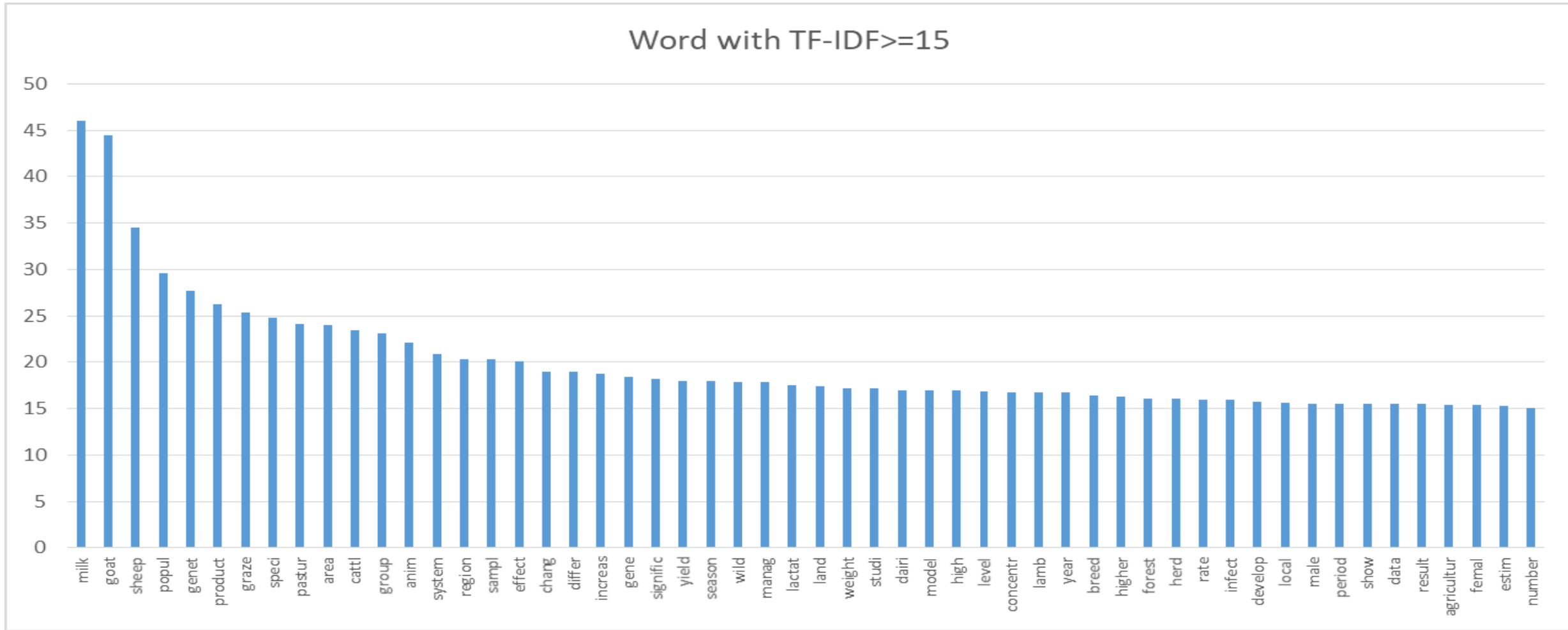
n=2.679

Journals

- Small Ruminant Research (Q2) >100 docs
- Journal of Dairy Science (Q1) 80 docs
- PLoS ONE (Q1) > 40 docs
- Mountain Research and Development (Q2) 40 docs



Results



1441 relevant words



Results

T4 - Production system and sustainability



T8 - Dairy production and quality



T10 - Genetics in sheep



T9 - Land use – land use change



T2 - Animal health and epidemiology



T6 - Wildlife and conservation issues



T1 -Vegetation dynamics and climate



T5 - Methodological studies



T7 - Reproduction and productivity in small ruminants



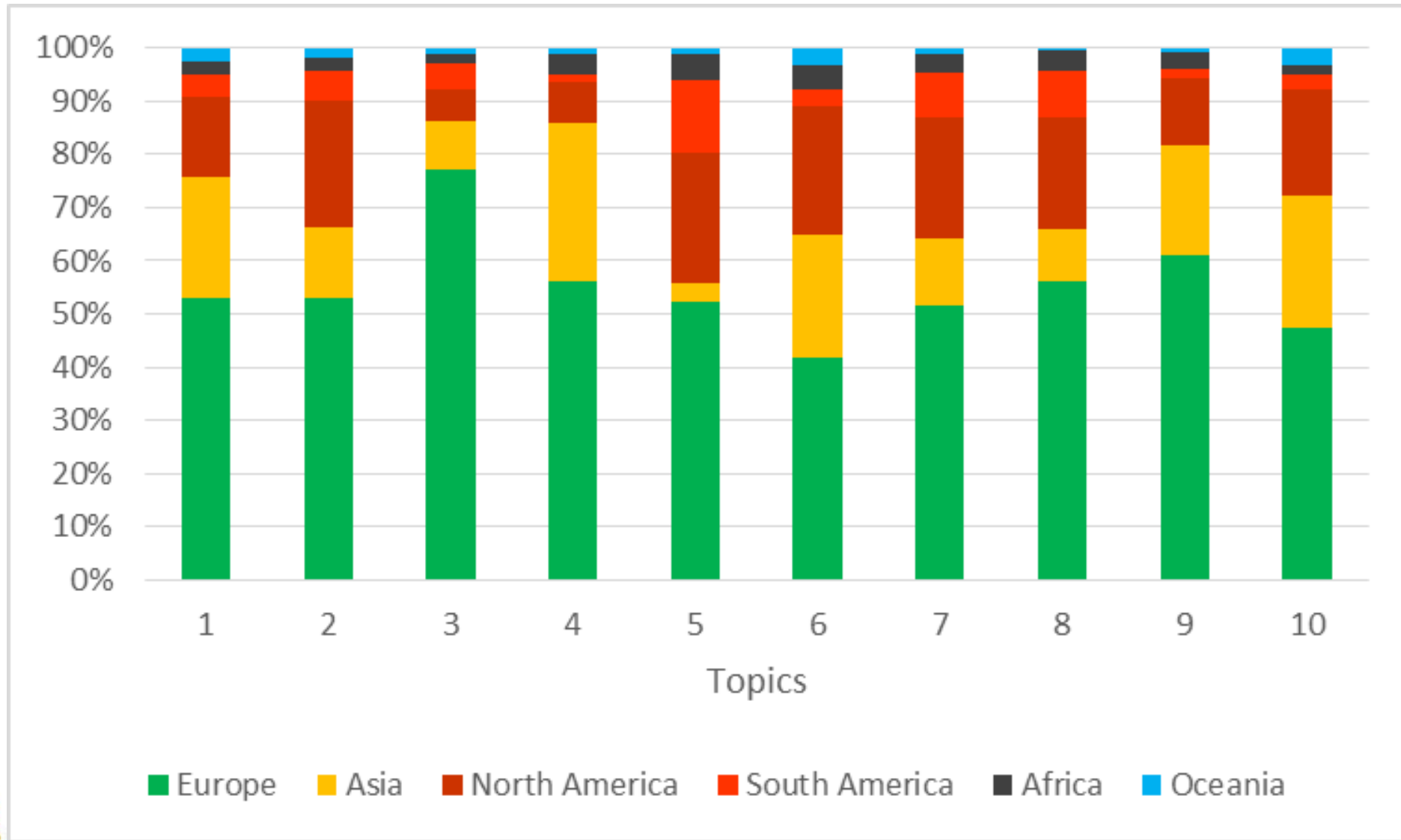
T3 - Cattle studies



Significant increasing trend in scientific production for T1- T2-T4-T9 and T10



Results



Discussion points

- WG members produced the greatest number of papers on **T4 (Production system and sustainability)**
- **T1 (Vegetation dynamics and climate)** was the second most researched topic by the WG member
- Fewer papers produced by WG members were classified as T10, as T2, T7, T8, T5 , T3
- No papers produced by WG members were assigned to **T9 (Land use – land use change)** and **T6 (Wildlife and conservation issues)**



Conclusion

- Text-mining represents a suitable method for information retrieval when the collection of documents is large and the research question has not a narrow focus.
- Text-mining highlights themes that are/were of interest to the scientific community but does not identify future challenges/opportunities that could benefit MLF



Thank you!



EAAP Across Commissions WG on Mountain Livestock Farming
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