

Nematode control on French sheep farms: farmer's practices and knowledge

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Integrated nematode management



Theory and observations



Veterinary science postulat



Agricultural science framework





1- Which diversity in nematode management practices?

2- Could this diversity be explained by farming system variables and farmers' knowledge and perceptions ?

Study area: Pyrénées Atlantiques





- **1st** in number of dairy sheep farmers
- 2nd in number of ewes

Data collection



536 dairy sheep farmers

Face-to-face surveys done by 31 local extension officers

Close-ended questionnaire

- Sociodemographic informations
- Farming and livestock systems
- Practices, perceptions and knwoledge for sheep nematode control
- Farmer's social network

111 questions820 variables

Data analysis

CLUSTERING Multiple Correspondance Analysis + Hierarchical clustering

Variables used for MCA	Classes	
Number of treatments	≤ 2	>2
Selective treatments	Yes	No
Dose selection strategy	Recommanded	To avoid
Practices for reducing nematode infestations	Recommanded	To avoid

DESCRIPTION OF EACH CLUSTER

• Chi² test on 39 variables

All correlated with number of treatments

Variables used for cluster description

Topics

- Farm structure
- Livestock management practices
- Interest in and willingness to pay agroecological innovations (in L of milk)
- Perceptions of farmer's own ability and success in nematode control

E.g.:

Stocking rate Using milk recording services Using shared moutain grassland Ha in cereals, pastures (permanent / temporary), rangelands Certification scheme

Breed L/ewes Start of grazing season, Winter grazing % Artificial Insemination

Struggling with nematode control Seen resistance to Panacur Interested in testing nemaode resistant rams / tannins / phytotherapy

Preliminary results





* Regarding the risk of developping anthelmintic resistance





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What else?

Surprising results

Our typology on nematode management practices highlights...



To conclude: other hopefull results



... of farmers said they would test it

- 74% of surveyed farmers <u>would</u> agree to slow down the genetic progress on milk production to have nematode resilient sheep.
- Half of them agree with giving up 10L or more in 10 years.