

Chemical & microbiological safety of insect rearing on yet to be legally authorised residual streams

Elise F. Hoek-van den Hil

EAAP 2023



Insects and residual streams

- Black Soldier Fly (*Hermetia illucens*)
- Mealworm (*Tenebrio molitor*)



- Poultry manure
- Cat II meat meal (from animal rendering)
- Organic waste from household kitchens (GFE)
- Supermarket mix

- Ensure safety (and technically feasibility) for
 - legally not permitted waste streams or residual flows
 - used as substrate for insect rearing
 - to be used for food or feed

To enforce and substantiate needed legal changes in EU legislation
- Create value out of residual streams by using this as substrate for insect rearing

BSF experiment

Crates with 10 kg substrate

7-days-old larvae

Duration experiment: 1 week

1. Chicken feed



2. GFE



3. Broiler manure



4. Supermarketmix



YMW experiment

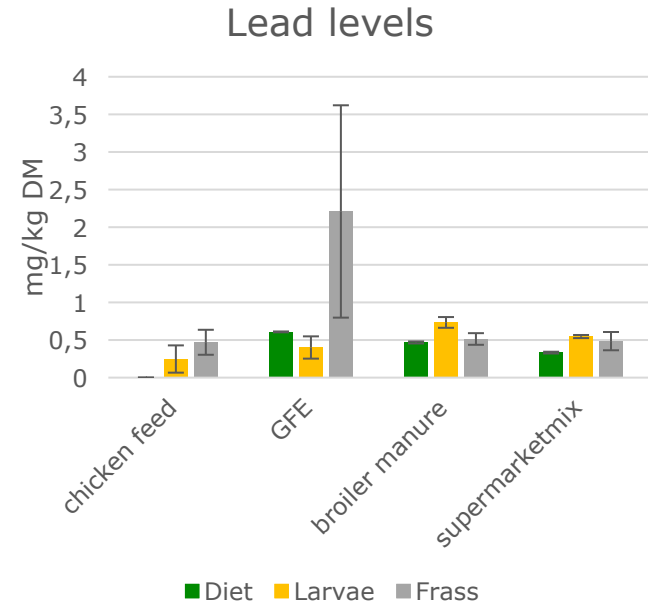
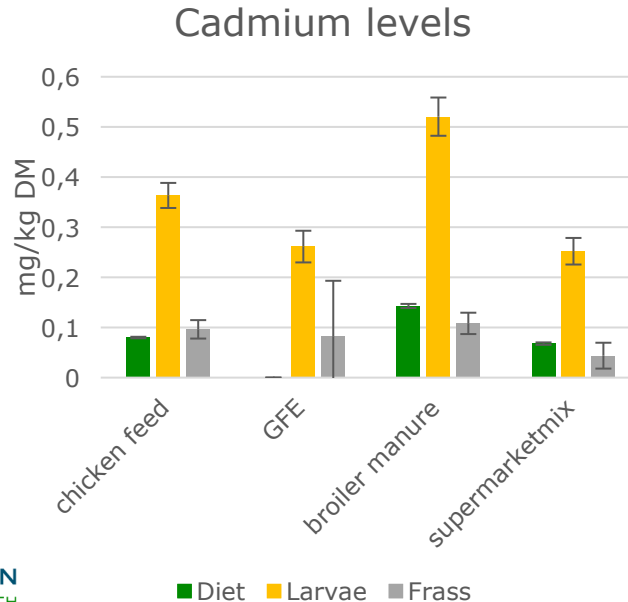
	Dry ingredient	Wet ingredient
Diet 1	Chicken feed	Carrot
Diet 2	Broiler manure	Carrot
Diet 3	Wheat	Carrot
Diet 4	Cat 2 meat meal	Carrot
Diet 5	Wheat	GFE
Diet 6	Wheat	Supermarketmix

Duration experiment: 20 days
15.800 YMW/crate



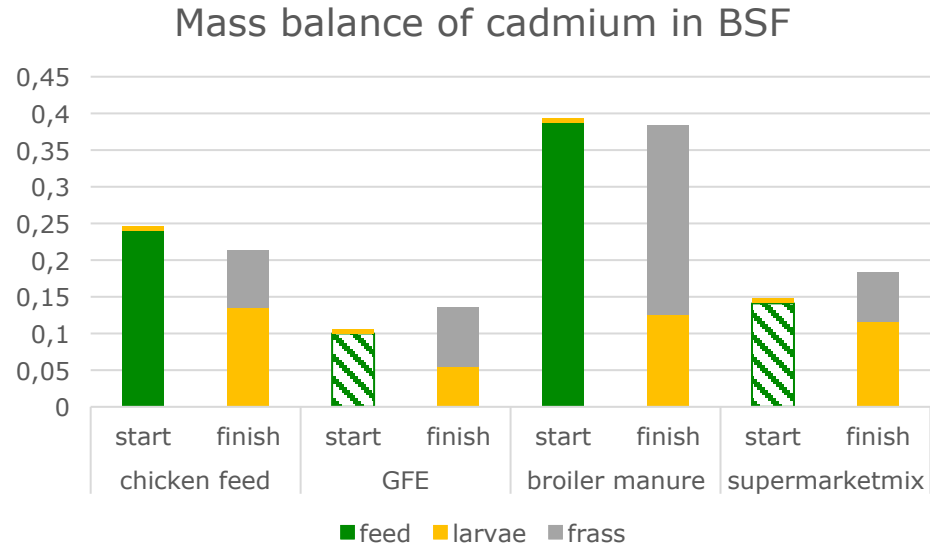
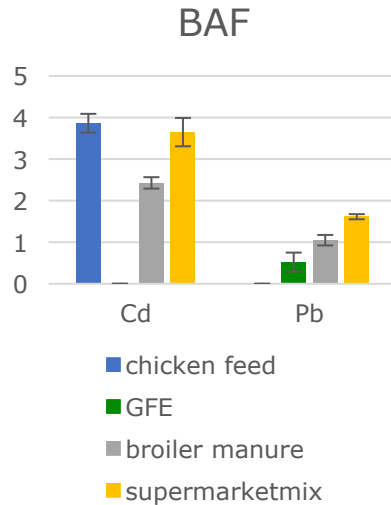
Heavy metals BSF

- No mercury or arsenic found in any diet
- Cd and Pb well below maximum levels for feed (ML Cd: 1 and Pb 10 mg/kg)



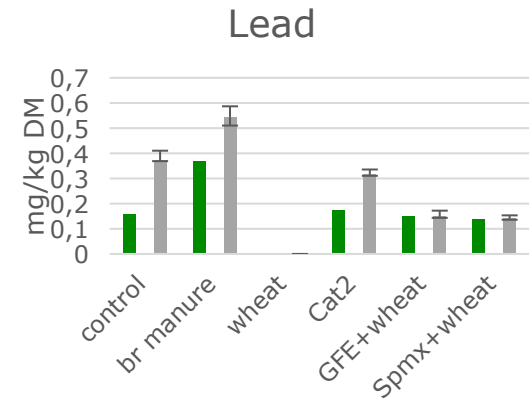
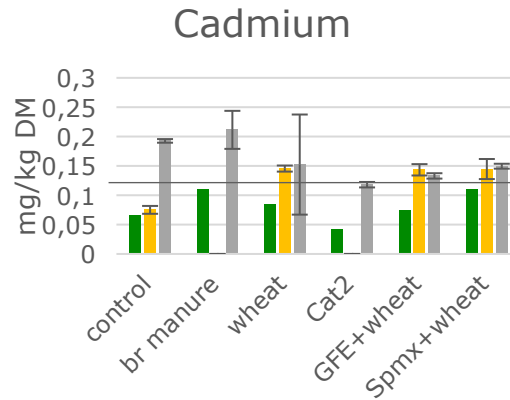
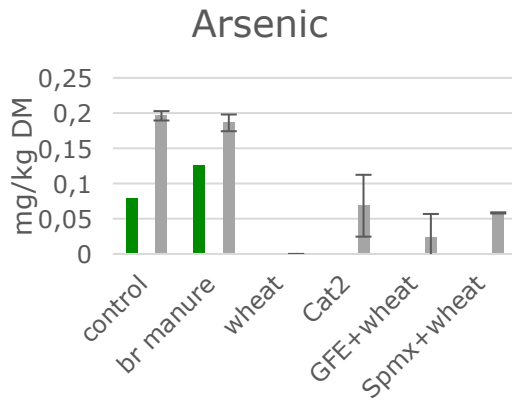
Heavy metals BSF

■ Cd in BSF: bioaccumulation (BAF)



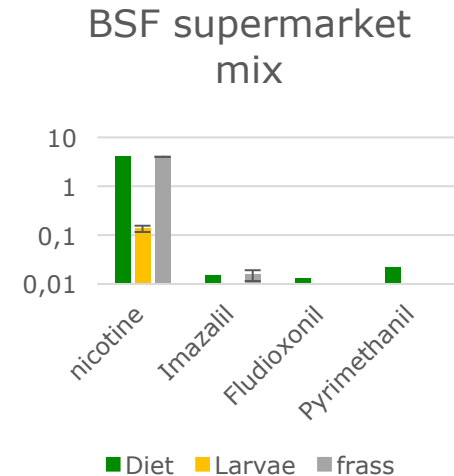
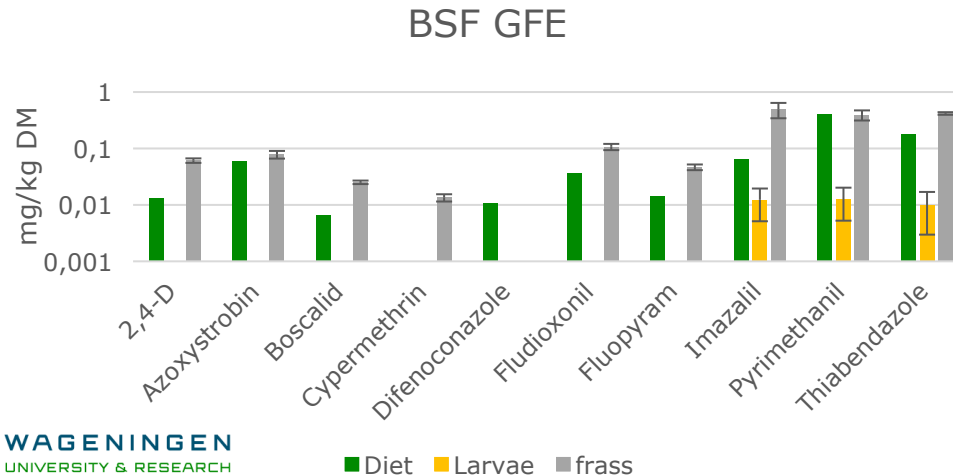
Heavy metals YMW

- No mercury found in any diet, no lead and arsenic found in larvae
- Levels well below maximum levels for feed (ML As: 2, Cd: 1 and Pb 10 mg/kg)
- Cadmium in insects close to maximal levels for meat (ML Cd:0,05 wet basis)



Pesticides BSF

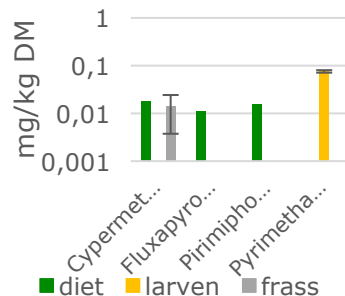
- Broad screening on pesticides (>250 substances). No pesticide residues found in control diet, broiler manure and t=0 larvae
- Few pesticides carried over to larvae
- Low concentrations in the larvae: no accumulation and a much lower concentration in larvae compared to diet



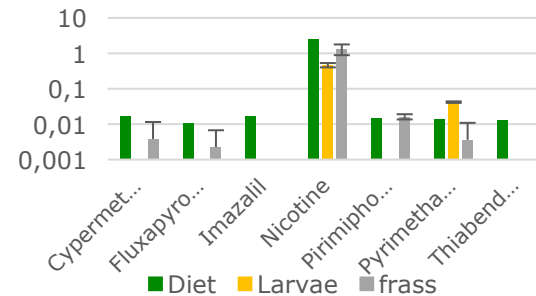
Pesticides YMW

- No pesticide residues found in chicken feed, Cat 2 meat meal, carrots and t=0 larvae
- Few pesticides carry over to larvae
- No accumulation of pesticides

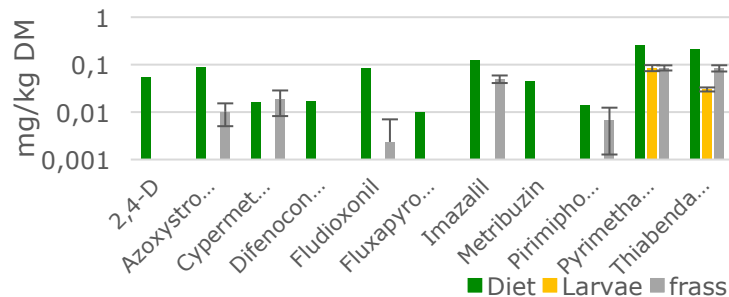
Wheat



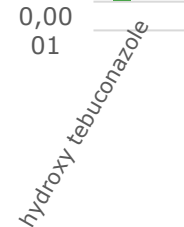
Supermarket mix



GFE

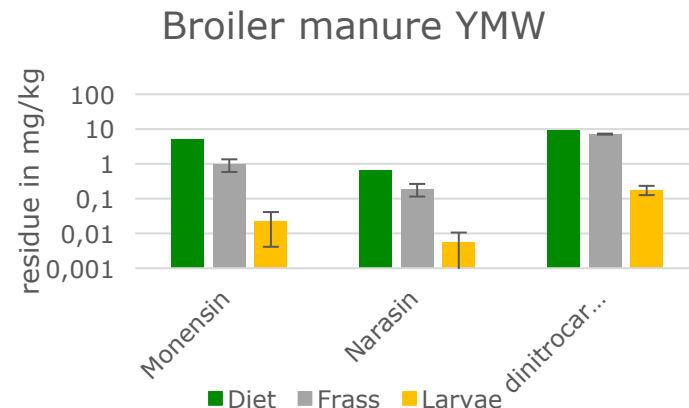
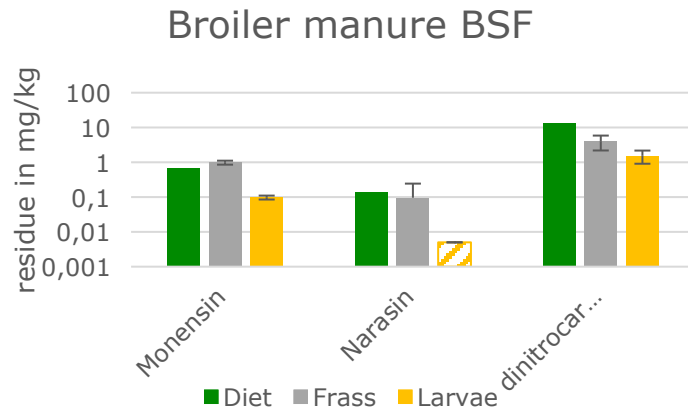


Br.
manure



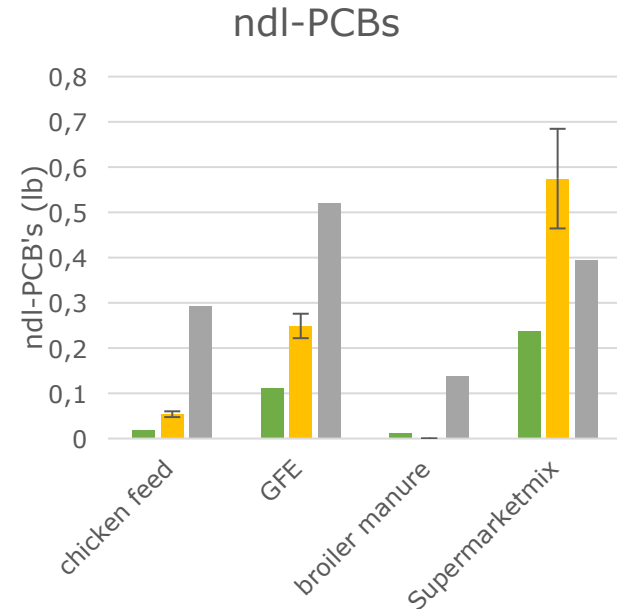
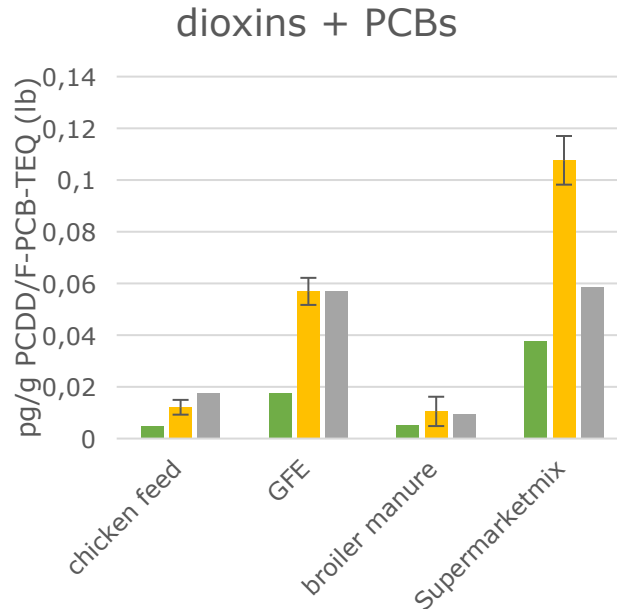
Veterinary drugs

- 71 compounds analysed, incl antibiotics and coccidiostats
- 3 coccidiostats found in the broiler manure diets, larvae and frass
- Concentrations in BSFL 10-fold lower and in YMW 100-fold lower than in the diet



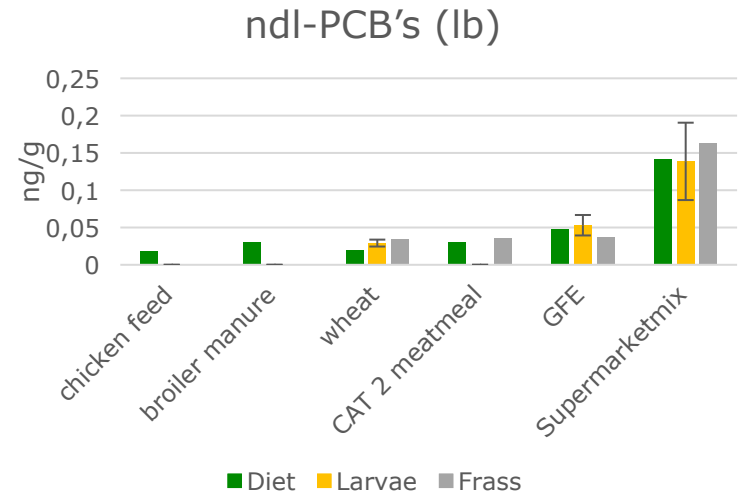
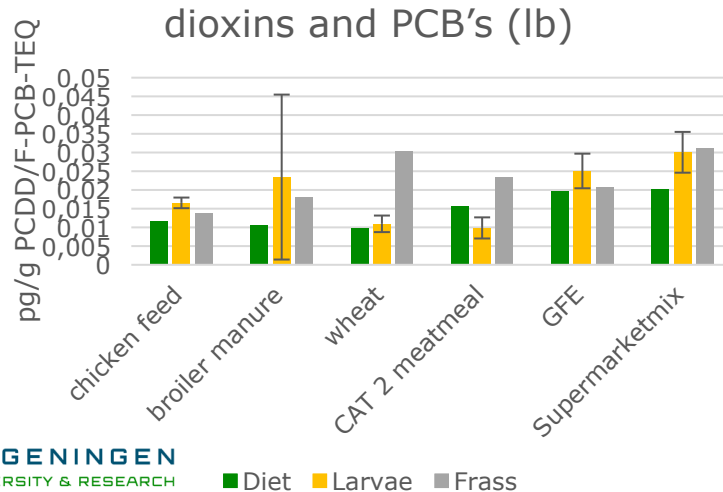
Dioxins and PCBs BSF

- Dioxins and PCB's levels well below maximum limits for feed
- ML TEQ = 1,5 pg/g, ndl PCB's = 10 ng/g



Dioxins and PCBs YMW

- Dioxins and PCB's levels well below maximum levels for feed (ML TEQ = 1,5 pg/g, ndl PCB's = 10 ng/g)
- Mealworms well below maximum limits for meat (e.g. pigs = 1,25 pg/g fat)



Microbiological analysis BSF experiment

	Start	D1 control			D2 GFE		
	Larvae	Diet	Larvae	Residue	Diet	Larvae	Residue
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	no	no	no	no	no	no	No
<i>Bacillus cereus</i>	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	>1.5E+5	2.6E+4	<1.0E+2
<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	6.4E+3	<1.0E+2	6.6E+2
<i>Campylobacter</i>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Salmonella</i>	A	NA	SEEP	SEEP	NA	SEEP	SEEP
MRSA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	D3 broiler manure			D4 supermarketmix			Legal
	Diet	Larvae	Residue	Diet	Larvae	Residue	Limit
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	no	no	no	no	no	no	any
<i>Bacillus cereus</i>	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	3.8E+3	4.5E+3	<1.0E+2	1.0E+5
<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	7.7E+2	2.1E+3	1.5E+4	1.0E+5
<i>Campylobacter</i>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
<i>Salmonella</i>				NA	SEEP	SEEP	
MRSA				NA	NA	NA	

Microbiological analysis YMW experiment

- *Campylobacter*, *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA), *Salmonella* and *Listeria monocytogenes* were not detected in substrate, larvae and frass
- *Bacillus cereus*: in GFE $>1.5E5$, in CATII $4.7E1$ and in SUP $5.7E3$
in larvae and frass detected in levels $<1E5$
- *Clostridium perfringens*: in SMM $8.8E2$
in SMM larvae: $<1.0E2$ SMM frass: $4.5E1$
- Total aerobic cell count: high values found

Overall conclusions

- Monitoring substrates on cadmium needed due to bioaccumulation
- Pesticides, veterinary drugs no bioaccumulation
- Dioxins and PCB levels found were well below legal limits
- Pathogens levels found in general lower in the larvae



Acknowledgements

WAGENINGEN
UNIVERSITY & RESEARCH



Wageningen Food Safety Research

Wageningen Bioveterinary Research

Wageningen Livestock Research

Wageningen Food Biobased Research

has
hogeschool



		Bacillus cereus		Aerobic bacteria		Clostridium perfringens		sulfite reducing Clostridia		
		diet	larvae	frass	larvae	frass	larvae	frass	larvae	frass
B1	control		<1.0E2	<1.0E2	1.8E8	>3.0E8	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2
B2	broiler manure		<1.0E2	<1.0E2	>2.1E8	>3.0E8	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2
B3	wheat		<1.0E2	<1.0E2	1.3E8	1.5E8	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2
B4	cat 2 meat meal		<1.0E2	<1.0E2	>2.9E8	>3.0E8	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2
B5	GFE +wheat		6.0E3	4.6E4	6.7E7	4.5E6	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2
B6	GFE +meat meal		2.2E4	4.9E4	1.2E8	7.6E6	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	5.0E2
B7	supermarketmix + wheat		1.0E3	1.1E3	5.8E7	1.6E6	<1.0E2	4.5E1	<1.0E2	1.0E2
B8	supermarketmix + meat meal		1.6E3	5.5E2	>2.8E8	5.8E6	1.2E4	<1.0E2	1.3E5	1.6E3

Mealworm experiment – Microbiological hazards (D0)

		1.0E+5		1.0E+5			
	<i>Listeria mono-cytogenes</i>	<i>Bacillus cereus</i>	sulfite reducing Clostridia	<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	Campylobacter	Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA)	<i>Salmonella</i>
YMW	Not detected	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	Not detected	Not detected	Not detected

	Aerobic bacteria	Aerobic spore count (HAS 1)	Aerobic spore count (HAS 2)	Anaerobic spore count (HAS 1)	Anaerobic spore count (HAS 2)
YMW	7.6E7	1.4x10 ²	1.4x10 ²	Not detected	Not detected
	5.0E+6				

Mealworm experiment – Microbiological hazards (D0)

		1.0E+5		1.0E+5			
	<i>Listeria mono-cytogenes</i>	<i>Bacillus cereus</i>	sulfite reducing Clostridia	<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	Campylobacter	Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA)	<i>Salmonella</i>
Carrot	Not detected	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	Not detected	Not detected	Not detected
Standard feed	Not detected	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	Not detected	Not detected	Not detected
BRM	Not detected	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	Not detected	Not detected	Not detected
Wheat bran	Not detected	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	Not detected	Not detected	Not detected
CATII	Not detected	4.7E1	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	Not detected	Not detected	Not detected
GFE	Not detected	>1.5E5	1.5E3	<1.0E2	Not detected	Not detected	Not detected
SMM	Not detected	5.7E3	4.0E3	8.8E2	Not detected	Not detected	Not detected

Mealworm experiment – Microbiological hazards (D0)

	Aerobic bacteria	<i>Aerobic spore count (HAS 1)</i>	<i>Aerobic spore count (HAS 2)</i>	Anaerobic spore count (HAS 1)	Anaerobic spore count (HAS 2)
Carrot	4.9E6	NA	NA	NA	NA
Standard feed	5.9E4	3.1x10 ³	2.9x10 ²	1.4x10 ²	1.5x10 ⁴
BRM	4.9E5	6.5x10 ⁵	3.9x10 ⁵	NA	4.0x10 ²
Wheat bran	6.3E4	2.2x10 ²	NA	1.5x10 ⁵	NA
CATII	9.2E1	NA	5.4x10 ³	NA	NA
GFE	1.4E7	1.8x10 ⁶	1.06x10 ⁶	1.9x10 ³	2.1x10 ⁵
SMM	1.4E5	2.6x10 ⁴	5.2x10 ³	4.4x10 ³	1.23x10 ³

5.0E+6

Mealworm experiment – Microbiological hazards (D23)

		Bacillus cereus		Aerobic bacteria		Clostridium perfringens		sulfite reducing Clostridia	
		larvae	frass	larvae	frass	larvae	frass	larvae	frass
B1	control	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	1.8E8	>3.0E8	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2
B2	broiler manure	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	>2.1E8	>3.0E8	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2
B3	wheat	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	1.3E8	1.5E8	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2
B4	cat 2 meat meal	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	>2.9E8	>3.0E8	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2
B5	GFE +wheat	6.0E3	4.6E4	6.7E7	4.5E6	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2
B6	GFE +meat meal	2.2E4	4.9E4	1.2E8	7.6E6	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	<1.0E2	5.0E2
B7	supermarketmix + wheat	1.0E3	1.1E3	5.8E7	1.6E6	<1.0E2	4.5E1	<1.0E2	1.0E2
B8	supermarketmix + meat meal	1.6E3	5.5E2	>2.8E8	5.8E6	1.2E4	<1.0E2	1.3E5	1.6E3



Mealworm experiment – Microbiological hazards (D23)

		<i>Campylobacter</i>		<i>Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA)</i>		<i>Salmonella</i>	
		larvae	frass	larvae	frass	larvae	frass
B1	CF & carrot	Not detected		Not detected		Not detected	
B2	BRM & carrot	Not detected		Not detected		Not detected	
B3	Wheat Bran & carrot	Not detected		Not detected		Not detected	
B4	CAT II & carrot	Not detected		Not detected		Not detected	
B5	GFE & Wheat Bran	Not detected		Not detected		Not detected	
B6	GFE & CAT II	Not detected		Not detected		Not detected	
B7	SMM & Wheat Bran	Not detected		Not detected		Not detected	
B8	SMM & CAT II	Not detected		Not detected		Not detected	

Mealworm experiment – Microbiological hazards (D23)

		<i>Aerobic spore count</i>		<i>Anaerobic spore count</i>	
		larvae	frass	larvae	frass
B1	CF & carrot	Not detected		Not detected	
B2	BRM & carrot	5x10 ⁴		Not detected	
B3	Wheat Bran & carrot	NA		Not detected	
B4	CAT II & carrot	NA		Not detected	
B5	GFE & Wheat Bran	2,6x10 ⁵		1,4x10 ⁴	
B6	GFE & CAT II	1,3x10 ⁵		1,11x10 ⁴	
B7	SMM & Wheat Bran	2,35x10 ³		Not detected	
B8	SMM & CAT II	2,2x10 ³		Not detected	

BSF experiment – Microbiological hazards (D0)

	Start	D1 CF	D2 GFE
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	Larvae	Diet	Diet
		Not detected	Not detected
<i>Bacillus cereus</i>		<1.0E+2	>1.5E+5
<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>		<1.0E+2	6.4E+3
<i>Campylobacter</i>			Not detected
<i>Salmonella</i>		Not detected	Not detected
<i>MRSA</i>			Not detected

BSF experiment – Microbiological hazards (D0)

	D3 BRM	D4 SMM	Legal
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	Diet ¹	Diet ¹	Limit
	Not detected	Not detected	any
<i>Bacillus cereus</i>	<1.0E+2	3.8E+3	1.0E+5
<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	<1.0E+2	7.7E+2	1.0E+5
<i>Campylobacter</i>	NA	NA	NA
<i>Salmonella</i>		NA	
MRSA		NA	

BSF experiment – Microbiological hazards (D0)

	Start	
	Larvae	
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	Not detected	
<i>Bacillus cereus</i>	<1.0E+2	
<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	<1.0E+2	
<i>Campylobacter</i>		
<i>Salmonella</i>	Detected	
MRSA		

BSF experiment – Microbiological hazards

	Start	D1 control			D2 GFE		
	Larvae	Diet	Larvae	Residue	Diet	Larvae	Residue
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	no	no	no	no	no	no	No
<i>Bacillus cereus</i>	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	>1.5E+5	2.6E+4	<1.0E+2
<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	6.4E+3	<1.0E+2	6.6E+2
<i>Campylobacter</i>					ND		
<i>Salmonella</i>	Detected	ND			ND		
<i>MRSA</i>					ND		

	D3 broiler manure			D4 supermarketmix			Legal
	Diet	Larvae	Residue	Diet	Larvae	Residue	Limit
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	no	no	no	no	no	no	any
<i>Bacillus cereus</i>	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	3.8E+3	4.5E+3	<1.0E+2	1.0E+5
<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	7.7E+2	2.1E+3	1.5E+4	1.0E+5
Aerobic bacteria	>3.0E+8	6.6E+7	>3.0E+8	1.3E+5	1.7E+8	>3.0E+8	5.0E+6*
<i>Campylobacter</i>	ND			ND			NA
<i>Salmonella</i>				ND			
<i>MRSA</i>				ND			

BSF experiment – Microbiological hazards

	Start	D1 control			D2 GFE		
	Larvae	Diet	Larvae	Residue	Diet	Larvae	Residue
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	no	no	no	no	no	no	No
<i>Bacillus cereus</i>	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	>1.5E+5	2.6E+4	<1.0E+2
<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	6.4E+3	<1.0E+2	6.6E+2
<i>Campylobacter</i>			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Salmonella</i>	A	NA	SEEP	SEEP	NA	SEEP	SEEP
MRSA			NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

	D3 broiler manure			D4 supermarketmix			Legal
	Diet	Larvae	Residue	Diet	Larvae	Residue	Limit
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	no	no	no	no	no	no	any
<i>Bacillus cereus</i>	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	3.8E+3	4.5E+3	<1.0E+2	1.0E+5
<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	<1.0E+2	7.7E+2	2.1E+3	1.5E+4	1.0E+5
Aerobic bacteria	>3.0E+8	6.6E+7	>3.0E+8	1.3E+5	1.7E+8	>3.0E+8	5.0E+6*
<i>Campylobacter</i>	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Salmonella</i>				NA	SEEP	SEEP	
MRSA				NA	NA	NA	

Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica Serovar Putten

	Start	
<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	Larvae Not detected	
<i>Bacillus cereus</i>	<1.0E+2	
<i>Clostridium perfringens</i>	<1.0E+2	
<i>Campylobacter</i>		
<i>Salmonella</i>	Detected	
MRSA		

■ S. Putten

- 1964: reptiles (lizards)
- Potentially pathogen for humans
 - Case study 2008 (France) -> 9 people after eating raw beef
- RIVM:
 - since 2010 approx. 30x detected:
 - from animal sources, but also a number of human strains



■ A high prevalence of S. Putten have been recorded from

- swine farms in Canada and,
- animal feed material in Sweden

BSF experiment – Microbiological hazards

	Start	D1 control			D2 GFE		
	Larvae	Diet	Larvae	Residue	Diet	Larvae	Residue
Aerobic bacteria	>3.0E+8	1.4E+8	1.6E+8	>3.0E+8	>3.0E+8	1.1E+8	>3.0E+8
<i>Aerobic spore count</i>			1.4x10 ⁶	1.58x10 ⁷	2.2x10 ⁶	5.8x10 ⁷	5.2x10 ⁸
<i>Anaerobic spore count</i>			4.5x10 ⁵	1.5x10 ⁷	5.3x10 ⁵	6.2x10 ⁷	1.5x10 ⁸

	D3 broiler manure			D4 supermarketmix			Legal
	Diet	Larvae	Residue	Diet	Larvae	Residue	Limit
Aerobic bacteria	>3.0E+8	6.6E+7	>3.0E+8	1.3E+5	1.7E+8	>3.0E+8	5.0E+6*
<i>Aerobic spore count</i>	6.1x10 ⁵	3.0x10 ³	8.4x10 ⁴	2.3x10 ⁴	1.36x10 ⁴ 7	1.43x10 ⁴ 7	
<i>Anaerobic spore count</i>	2.3x10 ²	3.2x10 ³	5.5x10 ⁴	4.1x10 ³	4.4x10 ⁶	1.5x10 ⁶	

* Hygiene limit

Overall conclusion

- Most contaminants much lower concentrations in the insects compared to the feed
- Cadmium and some other metals accumulate, but remain at a low level