# The effect of sward type on lamb performance and methane output in the post-weaning period

S. Woodmartin <sup>1, 2</sup>, P. Creighton <sup>1</sup>, T.M. Boland <sup>2</sup>, E.Dunne <sup>1</sup> L. McGrane <sup>1</sup> and F. McGovern <sup>1</sup> <sup>1</sup>Teagasc Animal and Grassland Research and Innovation Centre, Mellows Campus, Athenry, Co. Galway, Ireland <sup>2</sup>School of Agriculture and Food Science, University College Dublin, Belfield, Dublin 4, Ireland









An Roinn Talmhaíochta, Bia agus Mara Department of Agriculture, Food and the Marine





### Irish lamb production system

2.66 million breeding ewes	Input cost and availability	Challenge to finish lambs		
	Pressure f GHG emiss livestock p	sions from		
1.37 lambs weaned per ewe 1.55 by 2027	Feed Land Fertiliser	Adapt and improve lamb finishing systems		



### The potential of diverse pastures



Ability to fix atmospheric nitrogen (100-200+ kg N/ha/yr)



Deep tap roots providing drought tolerance and additional minerals from the soil

Improved sward quality (Late summer/Autumn)

Increased animal intakes and performance





 To evaluate the effect of sward type on lamb growth performance and methane output in the postweaning period





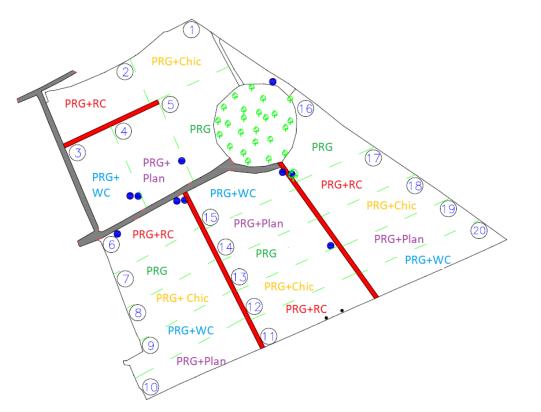
### **Sward Treatments**

- Perennial ryegrass (PRG)
- PRG + White Clover (PRG+WC)
- PRG + Red Clover (PRG+RC)
- PRG + Chicory (PRG+Chic)
- PRG + Plantain (PRG+Plan)

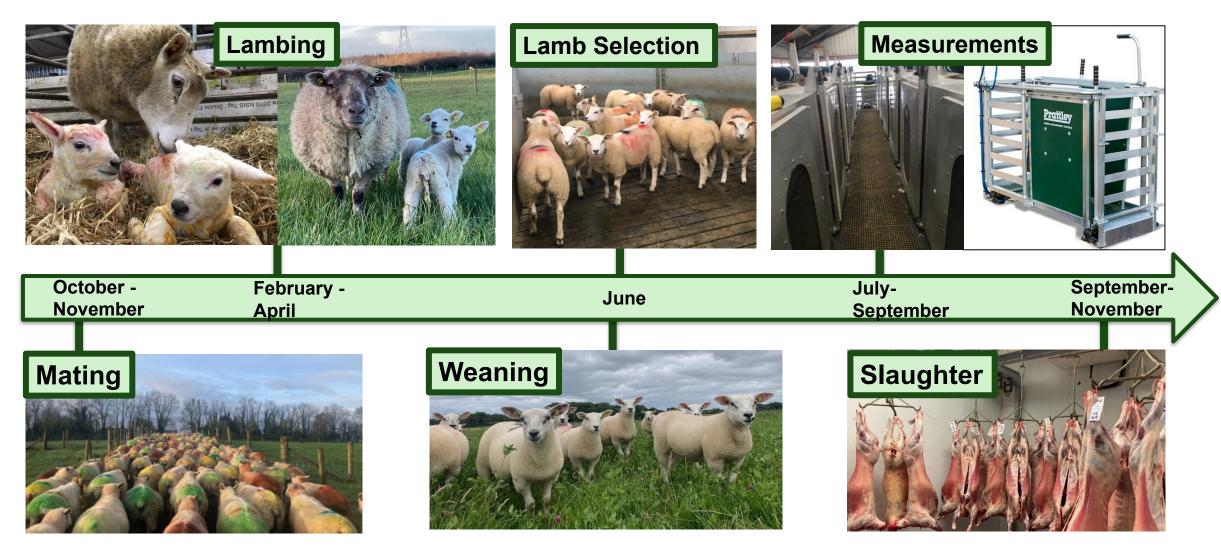


### **Methods**

- 24 Belclare X Texel ewes and their lambs per treatment
- Farmlet system established
- Stocking rate of 11.5 ewes/ha
- Grazing systems
  - Pre-weaning: Rotational
  - Post-weaning: Leader follower
- Swards received 120 kg N/ha/yr



### **Methods**







#### The effect of sward type on the meat eating quality of lamb

S. Woodmartin <sup>1, 3</sup>, E. Crofton <sup>2</sup>, P. Creighton <sup>1</sup>, T.M. Boland <sup>3</sup>, A. Monaghan<sup>1</sup>, Chris Ovenden<sup>2</sup> and F. McGovern<sup>1</sup> <sup>1</sup>Teagasc Animal and Grassland Research and Innovation Centre, Mellows Campus, Athenry, Co. Galway, Ireland UCD <sup>2</sup>Teagasc Ashtown Research Centre, Food Quality and Sensory Science Department, Ashtown, Dublin, Ireland <sup>3</sup>School of Agriculture and Food Science, University College Dublin, Belfield, Dublin 4, Ireland

#### Objective

To assess the sensory quality of meat produced from lambs grazing differing sward types

#### **Materials and Methods**

- 60 Texel X lambs (n=12) Perennial PRG + Balanced for treatment, ryegrass (PRG) White clover **Red clover** wean weight and sex Slaughtered to a target carcass weight of 20kg
- > M. longissimus thoracis et lumborum muscle cut from each carcass



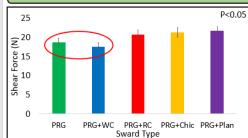
PRG +

Results



Juiciness 6.80 6.60 6.88 6.77 6.71 0.324 NS Tenderness 7.24<sup>a</sup> 7.27<sup>a</sup> 7.09<sup>a</sup> 6.91<sup>a</sup> 6.23<sup>b</sup> 0.183 < 0.0001 Flavour 5.70<sup>ab</sup> 5.27<sup>ac</sup> 5.70<sup>b</sup> 4.84<sup>c</sup> 4.98<sup>c</sup> 0.268 <0.0001

#### Warner Bratzler Shear Force



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	PRG		PRG+ RC		PRG+ Plan	SEM	<i>P</i> -value	
Tenderness	7.50ª	7.29ª	7.08ªb	7.01 <sup>ab</sup>	6.46 <sup>ь</sup>	0.263	< 0.05	

**Consumer Sensory Panel** 

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PRG +

Plantain

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PRG +

Chicory

Juiciness	7.22ªb	7.32ª	7.17ªb	7.03 <sup>ab</sup>	6.47 <sup>ь</sup>	0.265 <0.01
Flavour	7.24ª	7.18ª	6.96 <sup>ab</sup>	6.93 <sup>ab</sup>	6.25 <sup>b</sup>	0.273 <0.01
Overall liking	7.42ª	7.35ª	7.07ªb	7.21ª	6.29 <sup>⊾</sup>	0.268 <0.01
Quality	2.91ª	2.89ª	2.76ªb	2.71ªb	2.43 <sup>b</sup>	0.113 <0.01

#### Conclusions

Meat tenderness and juiciness was increased in lambs finished on PRG or PRG+WC Trained and consumer panels had a lower

acceptance for meat produced from lambs finished on PRG+Plan

✓ Lambs finished on PRG+Plan had greater shear force values than lambs finished on PRG or PRG+WC



### **Methane measurements**

- Portable Accumulation Chambers (PAC)
- Off feed for a minimum of 1hr
- 50 minutes in the PAC
- Methane, oxygen and carbon dioxide measurements taken at 3 time points
- 12 chambers



## **Statistical analysis**

### Performance



Methane



Sward



### **Fixed effects**

Treatment, year, litter size, sex and dam parity

Random effects Dam

### **Fixed effects**

Treatment, litter size, dam parity, **chamber**, weight

> Random effects Date, lot number

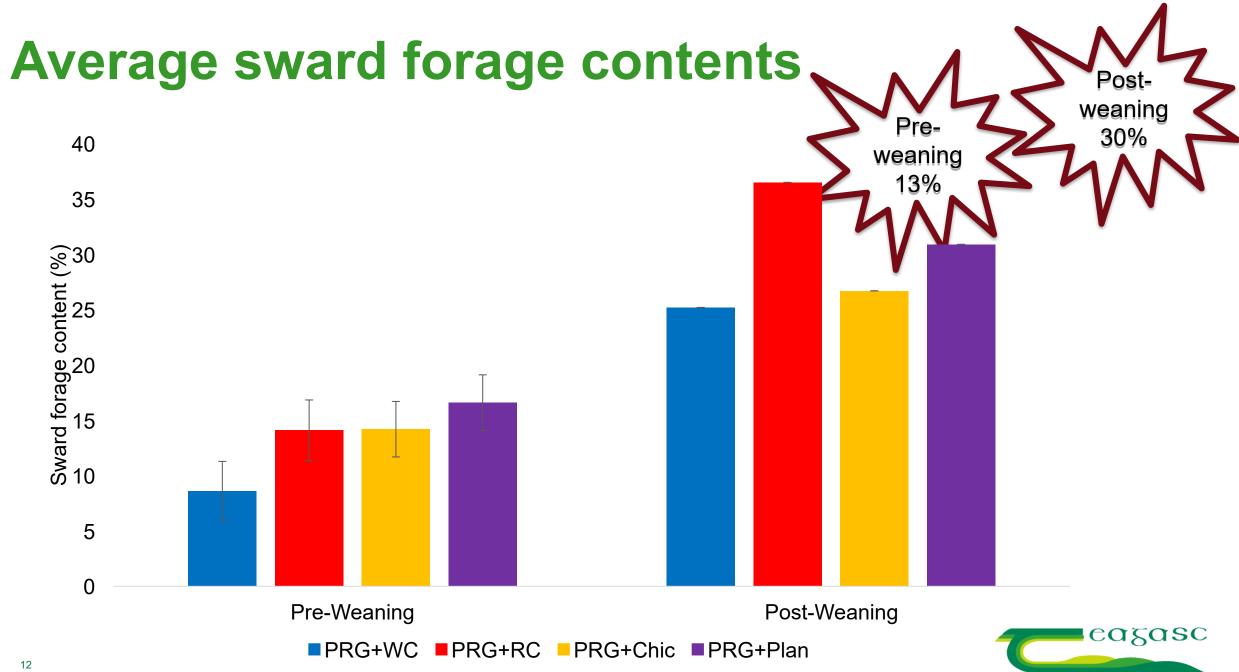
### **Fixed effects**

Rotation, year, treatment and treatment\*rotation

> Random effects Paddock

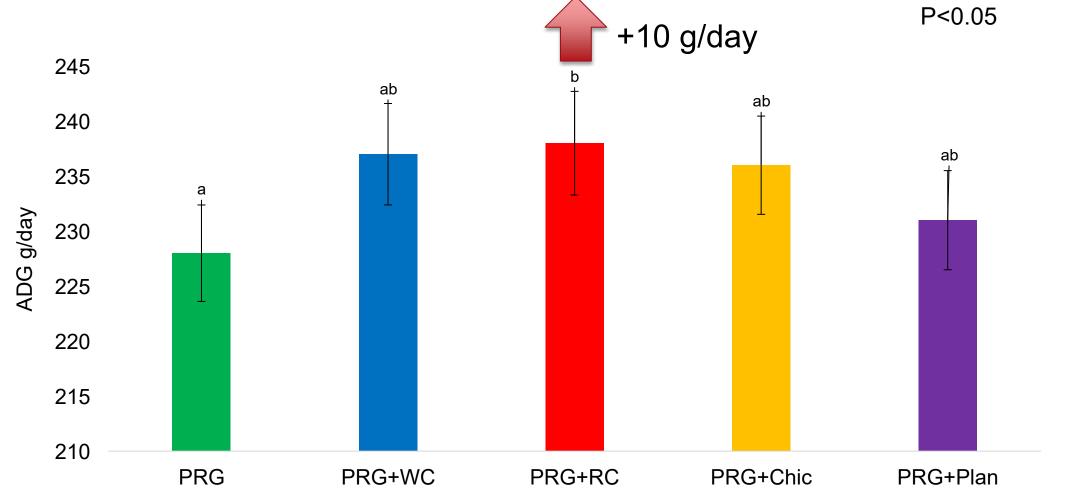






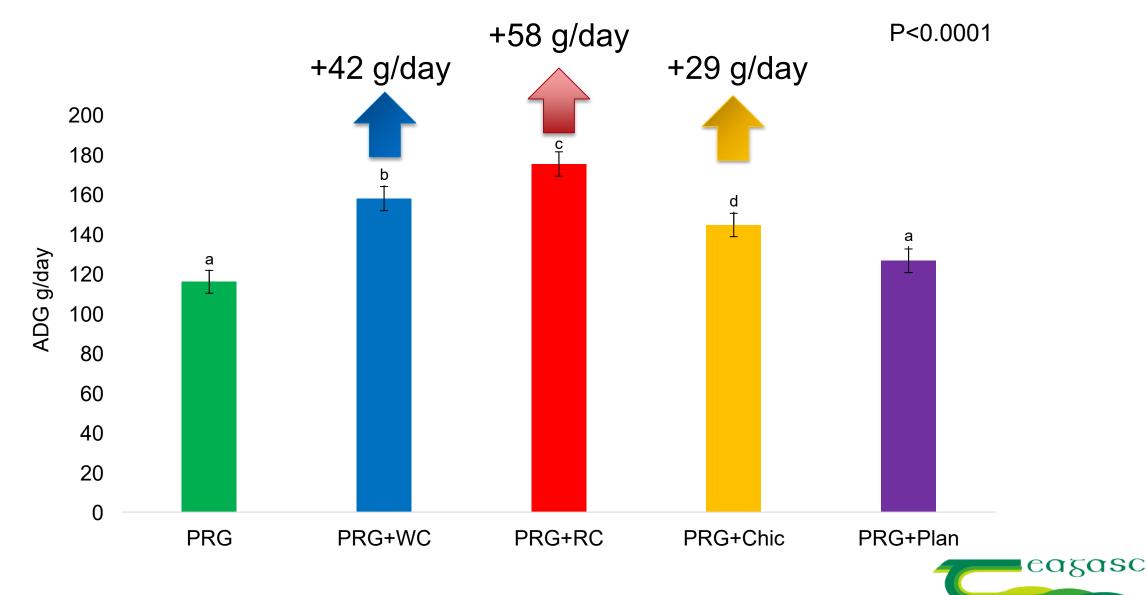
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## **Pre-weaning lamb performance**



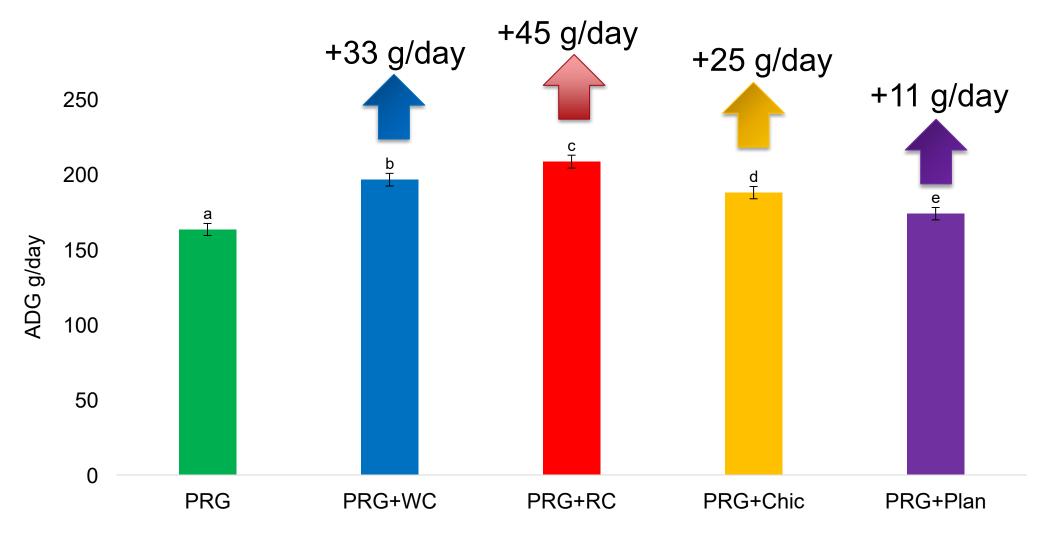


# **Post-weaning lamb performance**



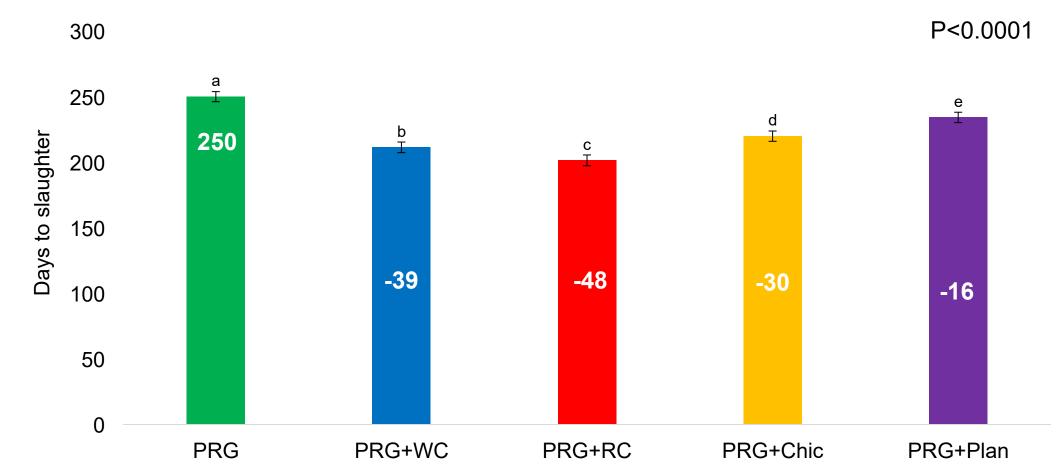
# Lifetime lamb performance

P<0.0001





## Days required for lambs to reach slaughter





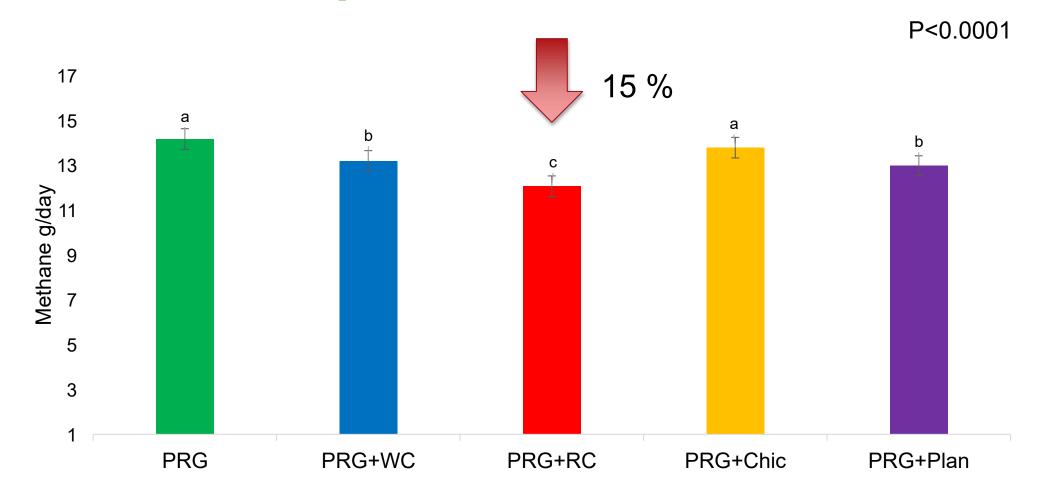
### **Sward chemical composition**

Selective herbage samples obtained the morning of each PAC measurement



	PRG	PRG +WC	PRG+RC	PRG+Chic	PRG+Plan	SEM	P-value
OMD	709 <sup>a</sup>	753 <sup>b</sup>	754 <sup>b</sup>	749 <sup>b</sup>	728 <sup>ab</sup>	13.6	0.05
СР	149 <sup>a</sup>	186 <sup>b</sup>	179 <sup>b</sup>	138ª	119 <sup>c</sup>	6.90	0.001
NDF	420ª	364 <sup>b</sup>	380 <sup>b</sup>	362 <sup>b</sup>	379 <sup>b</sup>	13.02	0.05
ADF	236ª	186 <sup>b</sup>	192 <sup>b</sup>	187 <sup>b</sup>	211 <sup>ab</sup>	13.62	0.01
Ash	85.4ª	85.1ª	91.1 <sup>ab</sup>	92.8 <sup>b</sup>	94.6 <sup>b</sup>	2.72	0.05

### **Methane output**





# Conclusions



- Sward companion forage content peaked in the postweaning period
- Lamb performance was significantly improved with the addition of any companion forage post-weaning
- Companion forage inclusion enhanced the chemical composition of the sward
- Lambs grazing PRG+RC had the most superior growth performance and ranked lowest for methane output



# Thank you for listening



An Roinn Talmhaíochta, Bia agus Mara Department of Agriculture, WA Food and the Marine

ture, WALSH SCHOLARSHIPS PROGRAMME



Sarah.Woodmartin@teagasc.ie
@SWoodmartin