

Breath analysis in dairy cattle: *going beyond methane emission*

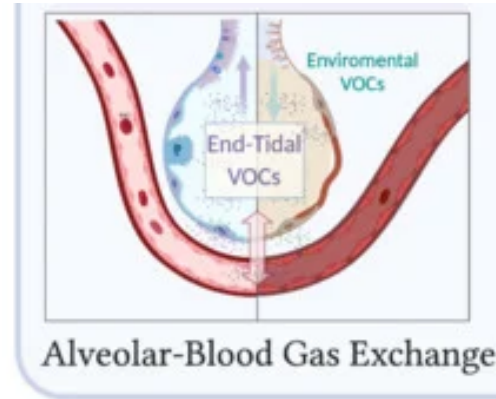
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Breath analysis in dairy cattle – Why?

- Non-invasive
- Near-real time
- Reflects **blood** volatiles



Tsou et al., 2021

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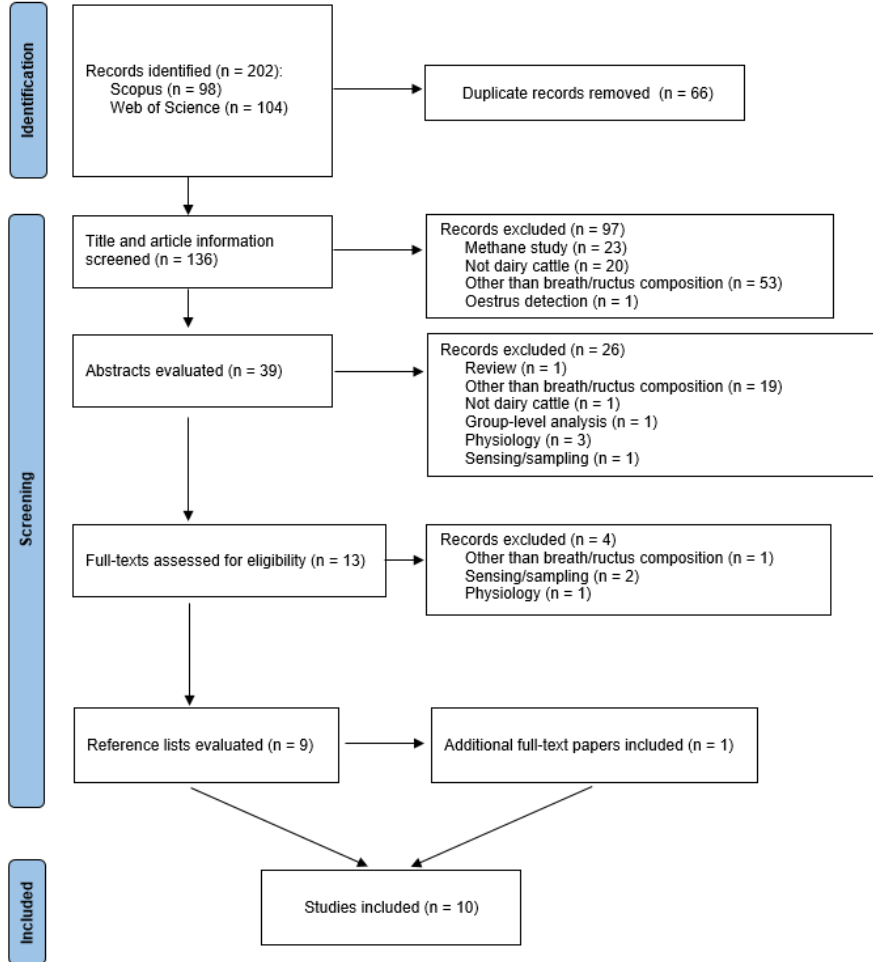
- Ethanol breath test
- Nitric oxide ~ asthma¹
- Acetone ~ diabetes²



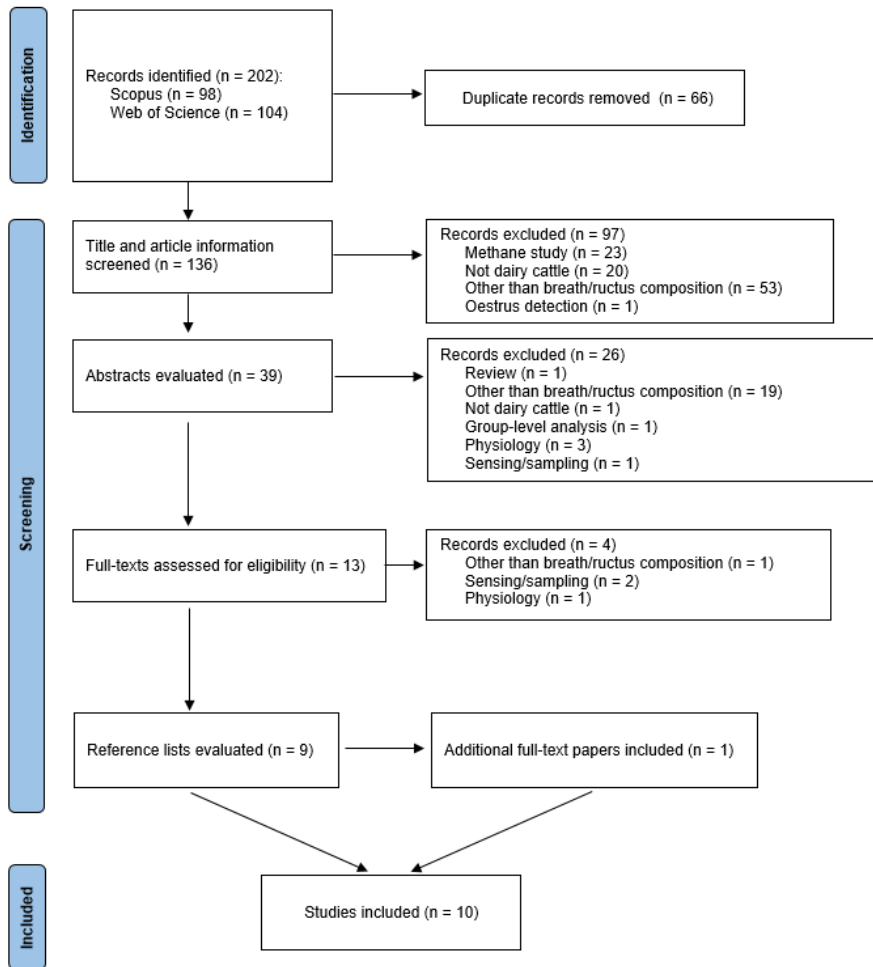
Systematic review

Which **diseases** have been studied using **breath or ructus composition** in dairy cattle?

What is the authors' **conclusion** on the ability to distinguish diseased vs. not diseased dairy cattle based on breath or ructus composition?



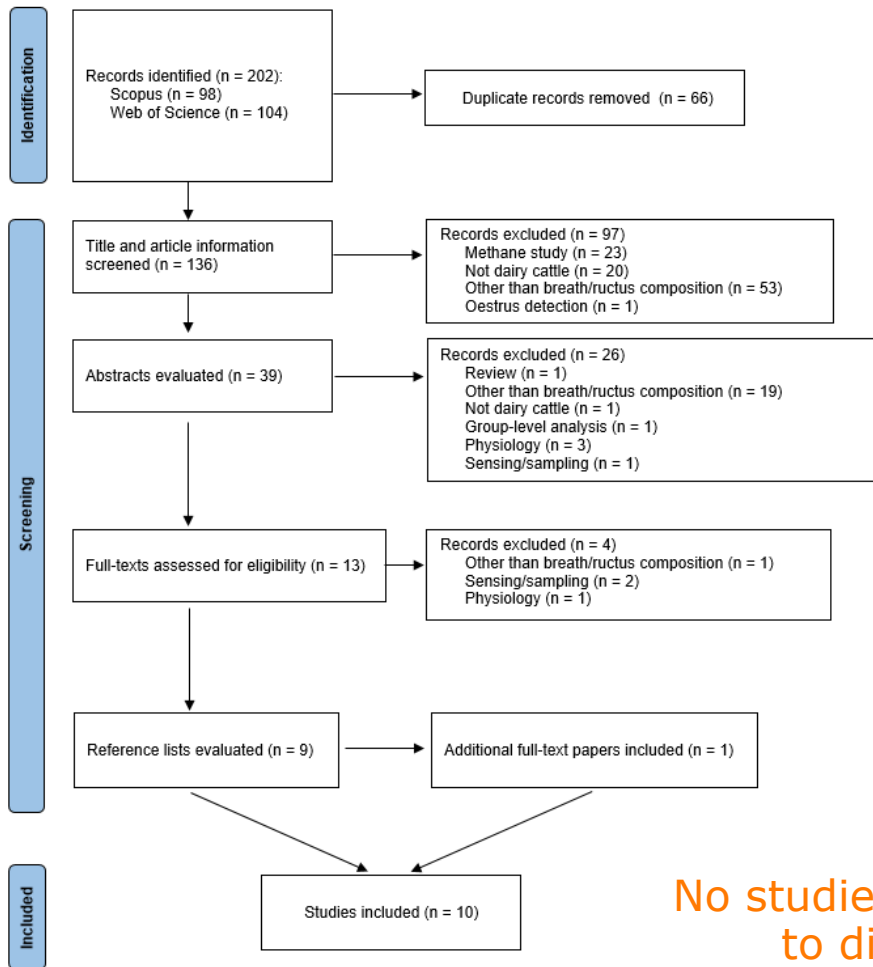
Systematic review



Include:

- Dairy cattle (any maturation stage)
- Breath/ructus composition
- Diseased vs. control (or self-control)
- Individual breath/ructus composition
~ disease status

Systematic review

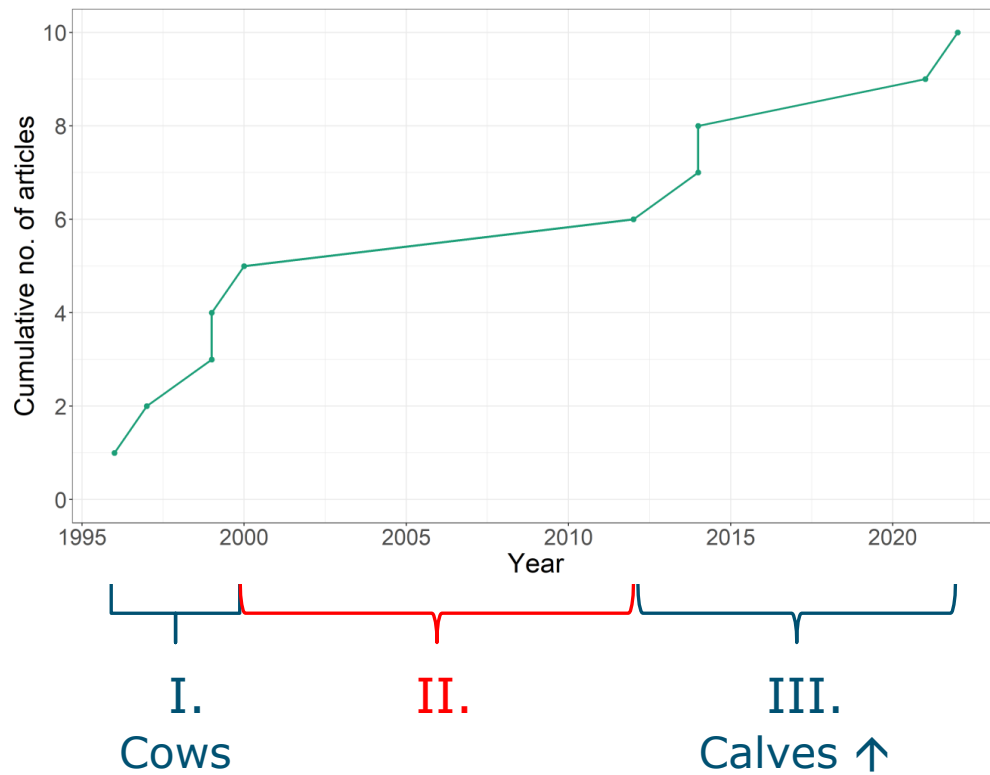


Include:

- Dairy cattle (any maturation stage)
- Breath/ructus composition
- Diseased vs. control (or self-control)
- Individual breath/ructus composition ~ disease status

No studies found on using ructus gas composition to distinguish diseased vs. not diseased

Trends in publication



Calves: 75% infectious

Cows: 80% metabolic

Avg. **2.1 farms**

(median: 1, range: 1-8)

Avg. **18.7 animals (T + C)**

(median: 12, range: 2-77)

pulmonary inflammation

oxidative stress

brs virus

mycobacterium bovis

ketosis

paratuberculosis

pulmonary inflammation

oxidative stress

brs virus

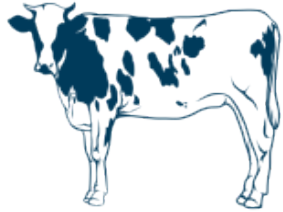
mycobacterium bovis

ketosis

paratuberculosis

100% of studies **positive** conclusion

Case study 1 – Dynamics of ketone bodies in cows developing ketosis (pilot)



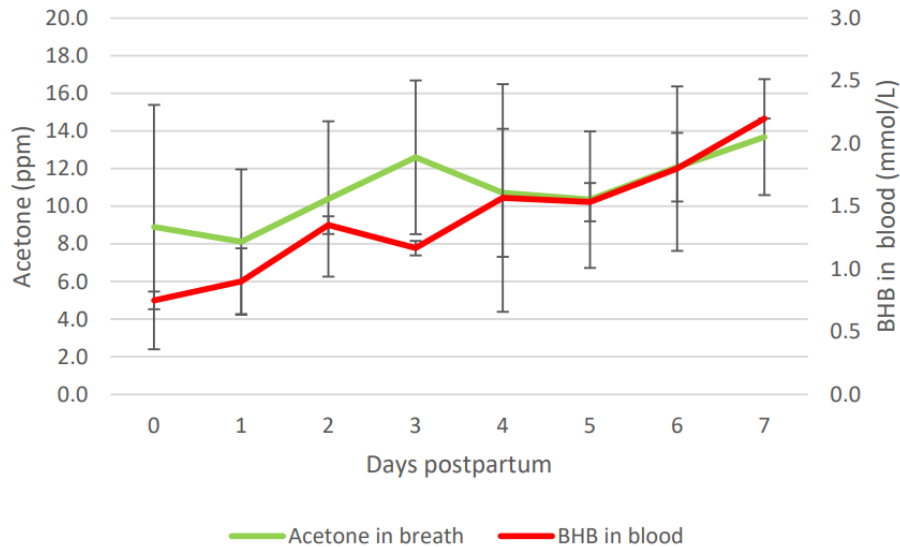
7 cows (all parity 2+) – blood, urine, milk, breath
1 pre-partum sample (Day -17 to Day -3) + post-partum samples up to Day 7



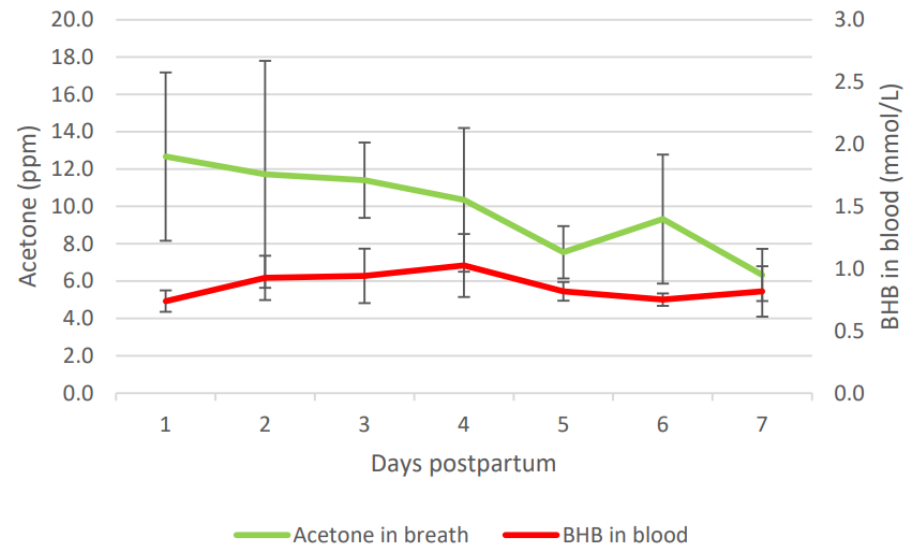
Nostril sampler → nalophan bag
Rumen contractions monitored by palpation
(→ sampling stopped)

Case study 1 – Dynamics of ketone bodies in cows developing ketosis (pilot)

Ketotic cows (n = 4)



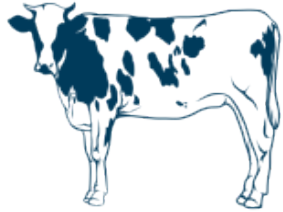
Healthy cows (n = 3)



Case study 1 – Dynamics of ketone bodies in cows developing ketosis (pilot)

- Within-cow trend more important than absolute value
 - Ketosis (BHB ↑): increasing breath acetone
 - High between-cow variations in breath acetone level
- Longitudinal measurements (↔ 1x)

Case study 2 – Breath analysis for NEB and postpartum diseases



55 cows (parity 1: n = 11, parity 2+: n = 44)
2 weeks pre- to 6 weeks post-partum



Automated breath measurements in the concentrate feeder
Data-driven separation of eructation vs. non-eructating period

Case study 2 – Breath analysis for NEB and postpartum diseases



Respiratory Exchange Ratio (RER; CO_2/O_2 , V/V%)

- Reflects source of energy
- Own fat reserves used → lower RER expected

Case study 2 – Breath analysis for NEB and postpartum diseases



Respiratory Exchange Ratio (RER; CO_2/O_2 , V/V%)

- Reflects source of energy
- Own fat reserves used → lower RER expected

Higher BCS loss – lower RER

Ketosis (clinical scoring + blood) – lower RER

Conclusions

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 - Diagnostic value?
 - Early diagnosis?

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- Potential to be applied as a non-invasive & near-real-time tool
- We are just starting to understand breath biomarkers
 - Diagnostic value?
 - Early diagnosis?
- Development could be synergistic with upscaling methane measurements in the future (similar sampling, different timing)

Thank you!

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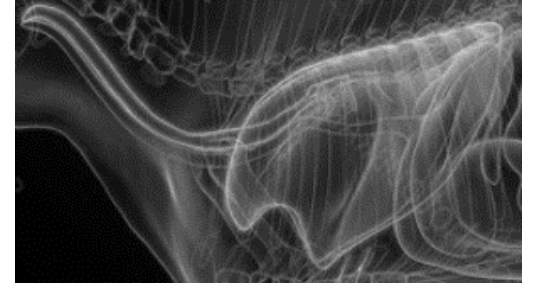
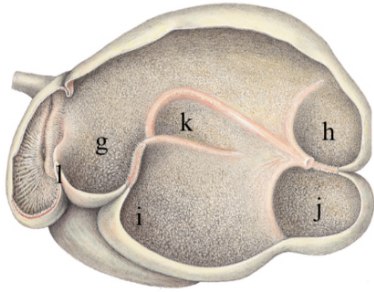
<https://agros-smartfarming.nl/>

But cattle are ruminants...

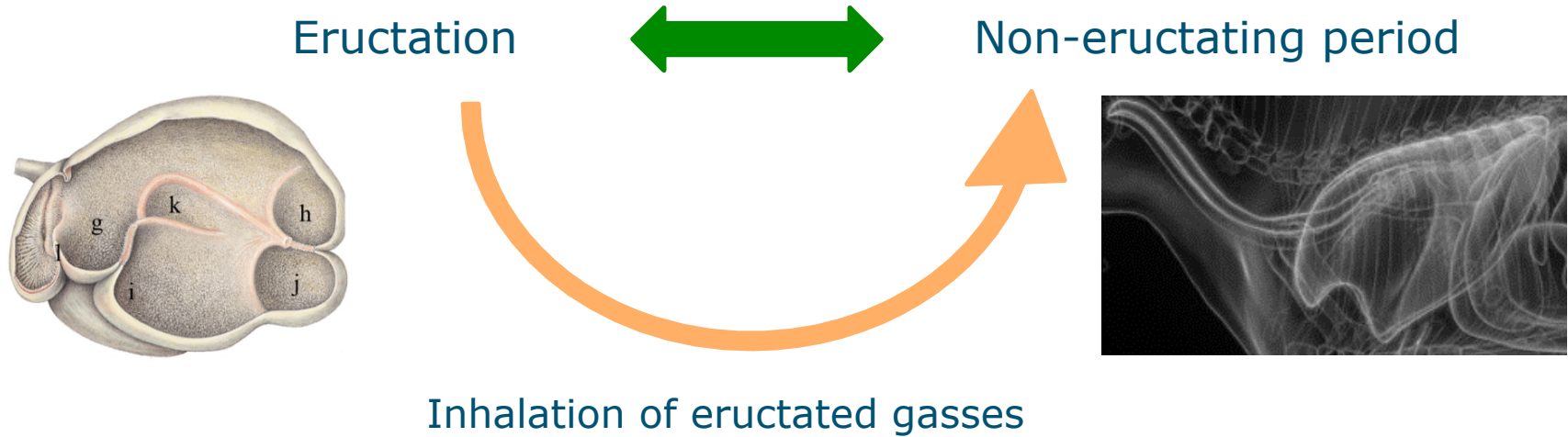
Eructation



Non-eructating period



But cattle are ruminants...



Data-driven **separation** of the two periods is possible