



74th EAAP ANNUAL MEETING, Lyon – France
Session 80 - "Animal behaviour"

MP-SANBA
(SANTé et Bien-être
des Animaux en
élevage)

➤ **Impact of environmental enrichment on the behavior and immune cell transcriptome of pregnant sows**

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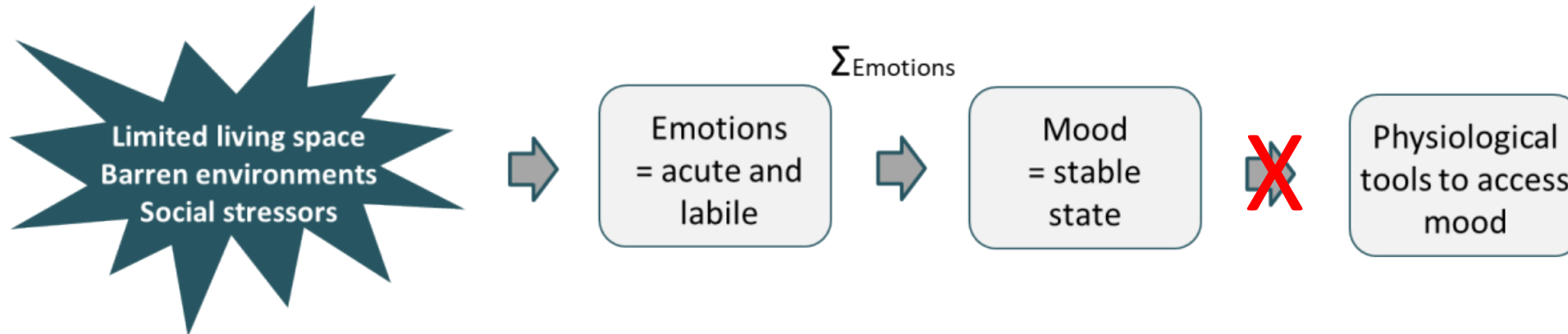
Introduction: welfare definition and challenges

Animal welfare definition

“The state resulting from the **positive mental** and physical state related to the satisfaction of its physiological and behavioral needs, as well as its expectations” *ANSES, 2018*



Need for valid, reliable and feasible animal-based welfare biomarkers

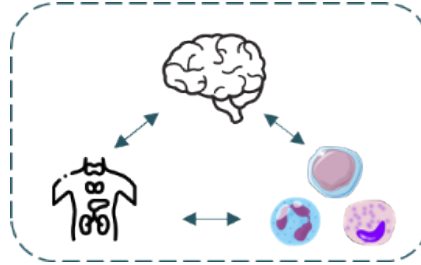


Introduction: gene expression x social-environment

Social-environment
determinants



Brain x endocrine
x immunity



Gene expression
alterations



Adversity for extended periods leads to recurrent gene expression profile in immune cells
= **Conserved Transcriptional Response to Adversity (CTRA; Cole, 2019)**

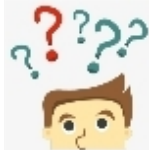
↑ Inflammation-related genes
(ex: *IL1B*, *IL6*, *IL8/CXCL8*, *COX2/PTGS2*, and *TNF*)

↓ Antiviral responses/antibody production genes
(ex: *IFI-*, *MX-*, and *OAS-* family genes)



Less research using transcriptomic tools in farm animals

- ☐ Weaning stress in cows (*O'Loughlin et al, 2012, Johnston et al, 2016*)
- ☐ Social stress and social hierarchy in pigs (*Oster et al, 2014 and 2015*)
- ☐ Environmental enrichment in horses (*Lansade et al, 2014*)



Is it also possible to observe blood transcriptomic differences
when comparing animals with contrasted welfare states?

Objective



Evaluate the variations in immune cells transcriptome of farm animals as a welfare indicator

Use of pregnant sows housed in contrasted welfare conditions and of different parities



Why pregnant sows?

- ☐ Diverse housing systems → ≠ welfare levels
- ☐ Stable condition → moods?
- ☐ Group-housed → ≠ social statuses in a group
- ☐ Several gestations in the production system → ≠ parities

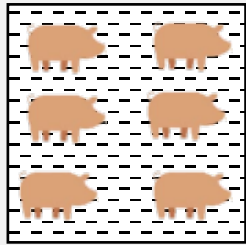


Experimental design

- Environmental enrichment with a known positive impact on the sows' welfare ([Merlot et al, 2022](#))

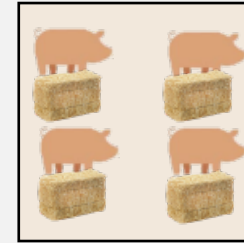
↪ Use of **behavioral** tools and physiological variables (**cortisol**) for confirmation

During successive gestations:



Conventional (C)

- Concrete floor
- 2.4 m²/sow



Enriched (E)

- Accumulated straw floor
- 3.5 m²/sow

14 Conventional (7 x 2 repetitions)

14 Enriched (7 x 2 repetitions)

- 28 animals selected (2nd gestations or more)



9 Dominant

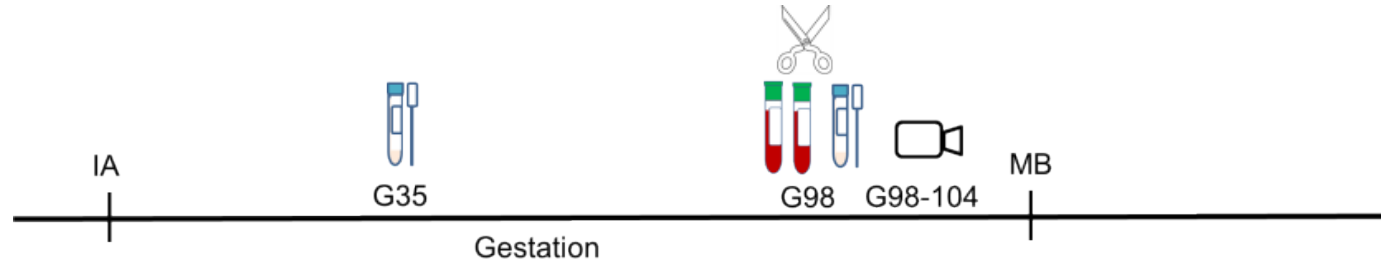
11 Intermediary

8 Subordinate

14 Low Parity (LP; 2nd or 3rd gestation)

14 High Parity (HP; 4th or more gestations)

Methods: experimental timeline and measurements



Cortisol analysis

28 selected sows

Saliva: Acute stress (G35 and G98)

Hair: Chronic stress (G98)

Behavioral analysis

All sows, except those involved in their 1st gestation

Behavioral activity: Scan sampling with 10 min intervals (6h on G99, G101, G103)

Social interactions: Continuous sampling (3h on G99 to G103)

Dominance rank: ELO-rating method

RNA-seq analysis

28 selected sows

Blood sampling G98 (09:00 – 10:00) – Peripheral Blood Mononuclear Cells (PBMC)

Loss of 4 samples due contamination

Statistics

Fixed effects:

Housing x Parity

or

Housing x Dominance

Random effect:

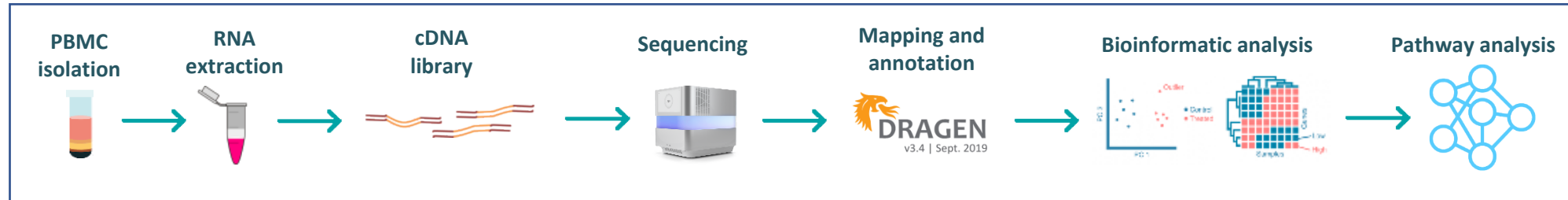
Repetition (R1 or R2)



	High Parity (753 ± 80 days old)	Low Parity (456 ± 71 days old)
Dominant	6	0
Intermediary	4	6
Subordinate	1	7

Methods: RNA-seq overview

cDNA library preparation, sequencing and mapping performed by the PGTB platform (Bordeaux)



❑ *Sus scrofa* reference genome GCF_000003025.6

❑ Differential analysis in R package DESeq2

- ~ Housing + Parity + Repetition
- ~ Housing + Dominance + Repetition

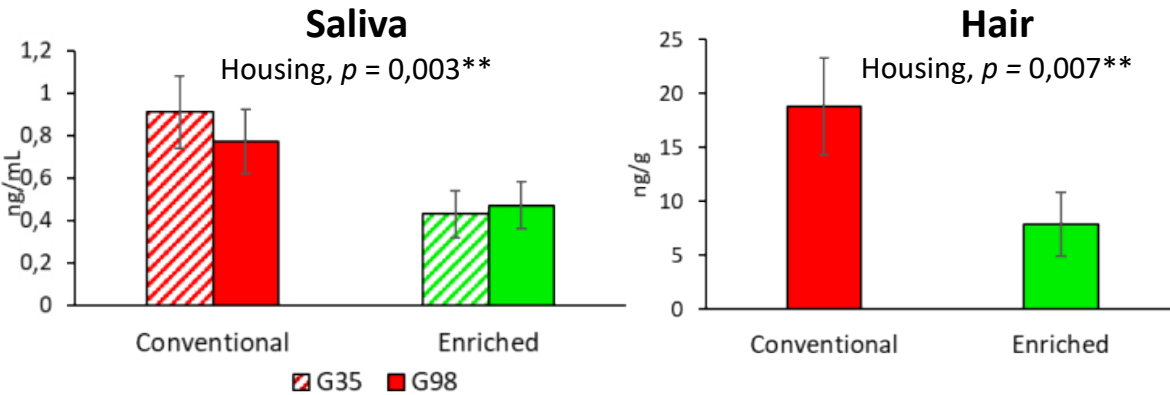
❑ Comparisons extracted with contrast function DESeq2

- Housing = “enriched” vs “conventional”
- Parity = “high parity” vs “low parity”
- Dominance = “dominant” vs “subordinate”

❑ Pathway analysis in DAVID software (v2022q2) using Homo sapiens database as background (minimum 3 genes/term and FDR < 0,05)

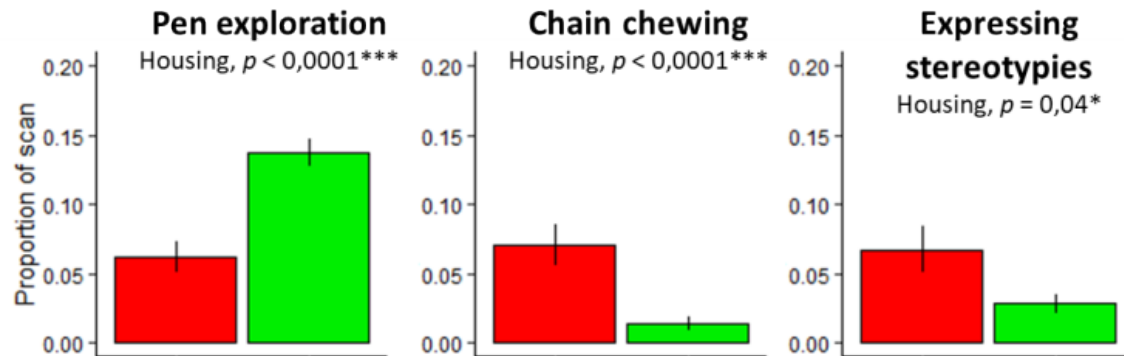
Results: cortisol and behavioral analyses

Cortisol

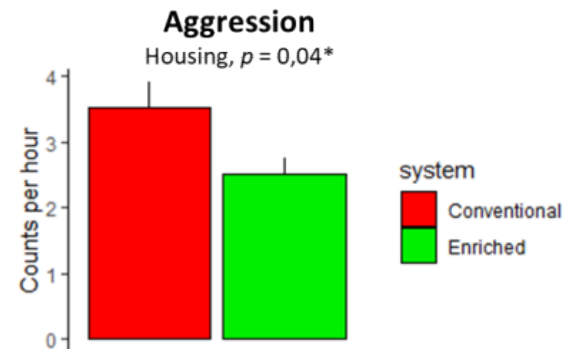


□ ↓ cortisol concentration in E sows → in accordance with our previous studies (*Merlot et al, 2019 and 2022*)

Behavioral activity



Social interactions



□ ↑ space + straw in E sows:

- ↑ exploratory behavior
- ↓ reduce frustration
- ↓ aggression

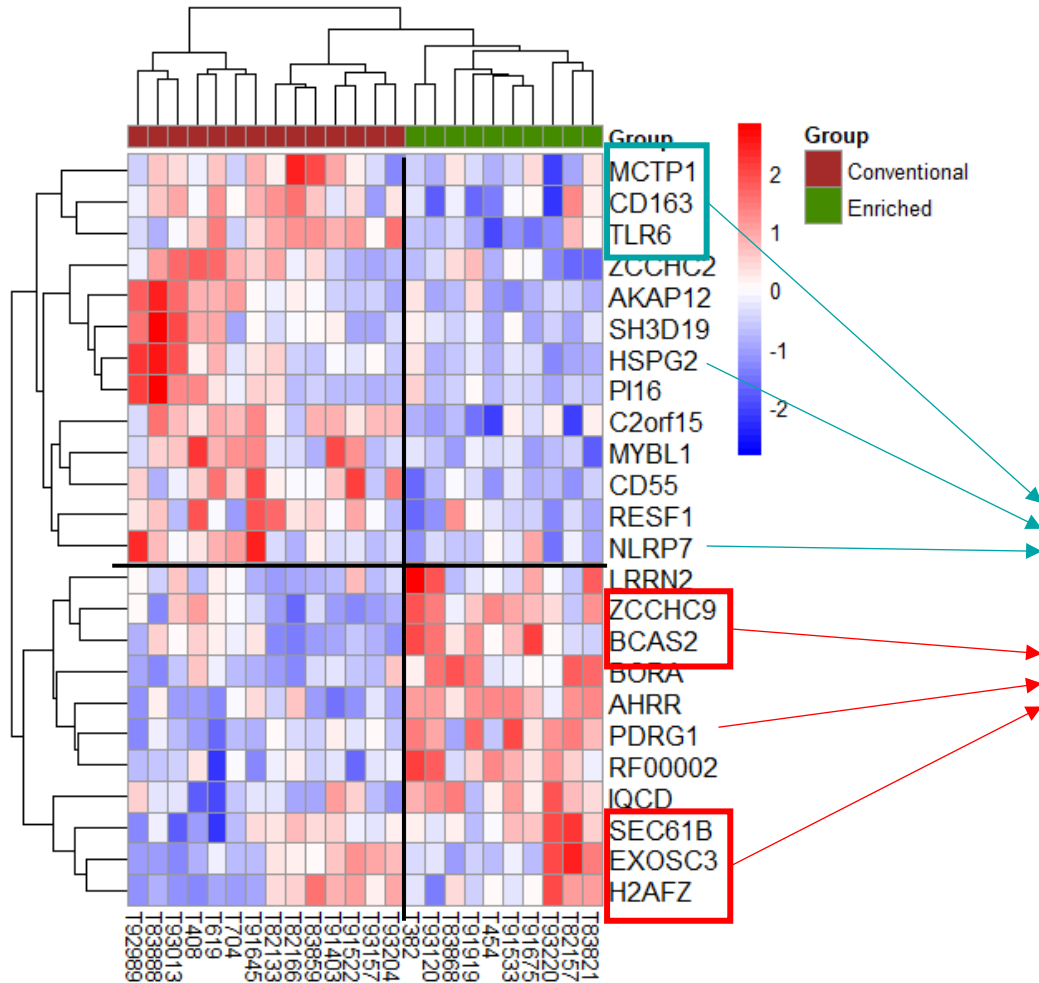
Confirmation of the positive influence of the enriched system on sows' welfare

Results: housing influence on PBMC transcriptome

Enriched (E, n=10)

vs Conventional (C, n=14)

Differential analysis



- 13 down-regulated and 11 up-regulated genes in E ($p\text{-adj} < 0.1$ and FC ratio > 1.2 or < 0.83)
- ↓ Genes related to monocytes and plasmacytoid DC;
- ↑ Genes related to RNA and protein expression/processing.

Low impact of the housing on the transcriptome of immune cells

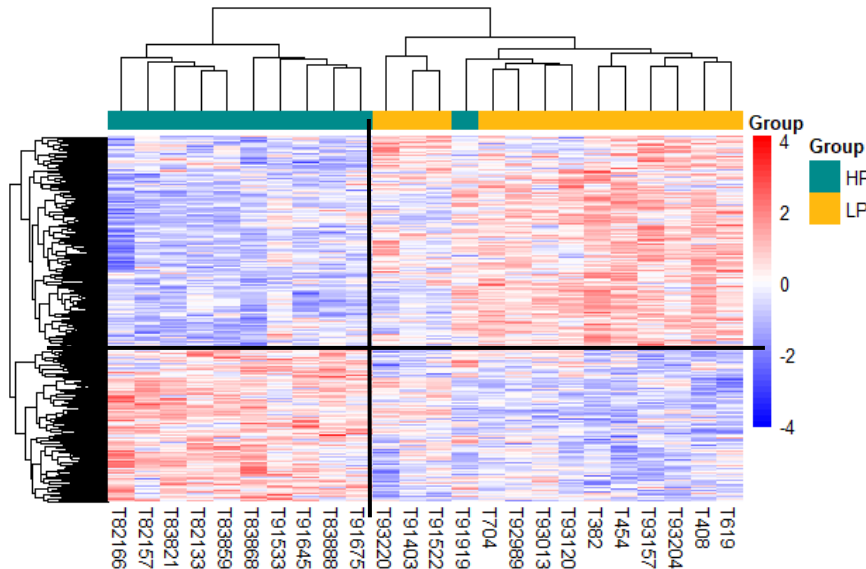
Results: parity influence on PBMC transcriptome

High parity (HP, n=11)

vs Low parity (LP, n=13)

Differential analysis

312 down-regulated and
225 up-regulated genes in HP
(p-adj < 0.1 and FC ratio > 1.2 or < 0.83)



↑ influence immune
genes/pathways than housing

Pathway analysis: top 10 enriched biological terms

↑ genes-associated
pathways in HP

Signal transduction
Immune response
Positive regulation of cell proliferation
Inflammatory response
Cell surface receptor signaling pathway
Viral entry into host cell
Positive regulation of ERK1 and ERK2 cascade
Calcium-mediate signaling
T cell activation
Cellular defense response

↗ innate and adaptive
immune responses

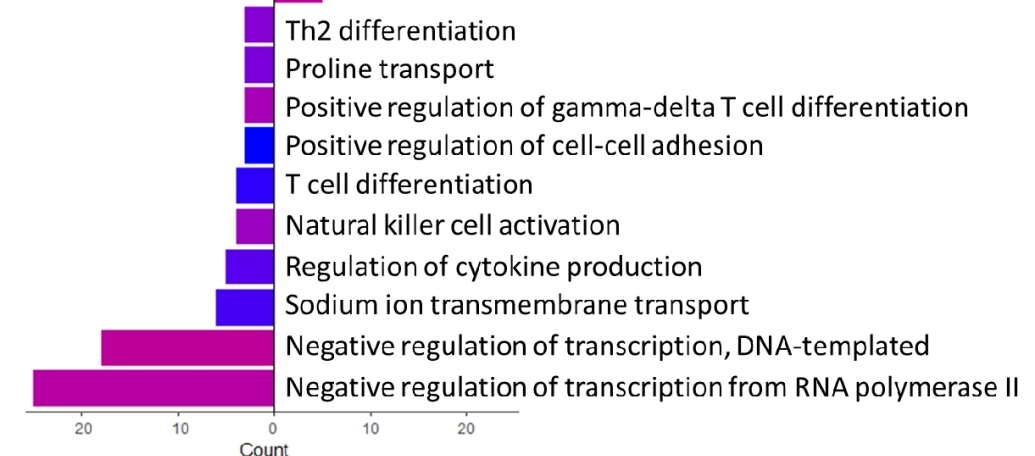
↗ cellular signalling and
proliferation

↓ genes-associated
pathways in HP

↘ T-cell
differentiation

↘ cytotoxic functions

↘ gene expression
regulation



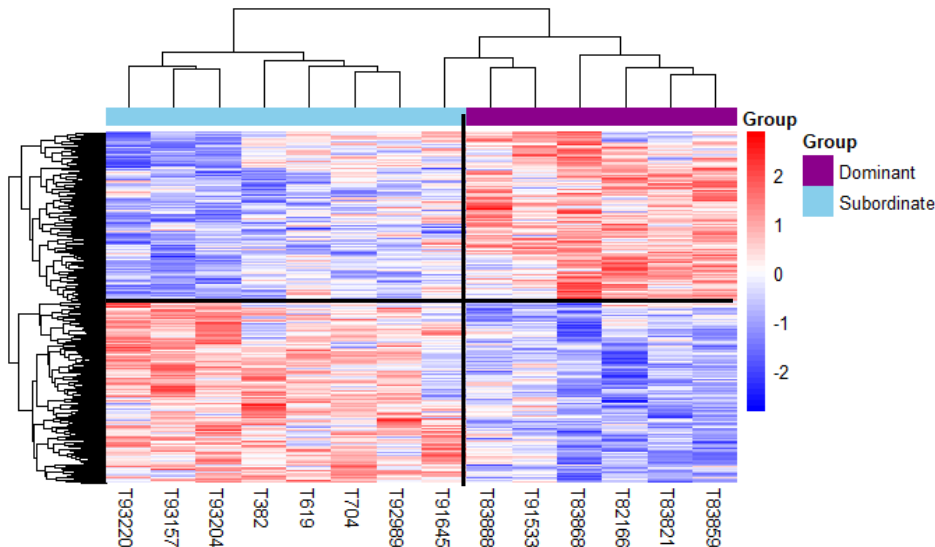
Results: social status influence on PBMC transcriptome

Dominant (Dom, n=6)

vs Subordinate (n=8)

Differential analysis

233 down-regulated and
216 up-regulated genes in HP
(p-adj < 0.1 and FC ratio > 1.2 or < 0.83)



↑ influence of social status;
≠ effect from parity

Parity x social status: 179 common genes

Pathway analysis: top 10 enriched biological terms

↑ genes-associated
pathways in dominants

Signal transduction
Positive regulation of transcription
Inflammatory response
Cell surface receptor signaling pathway
Positive regulation of cell migration
Endocytosis
Positive regulation of protein kinase B signaling
Cellular response to tumor necrosis factor
Endoplasmic reticulum unfolded protein response
Cell-cell adhesion mediated by integrins

↗ Signaling
(receptors, and
protein kinase B
(Akt))

↗ Inflammation

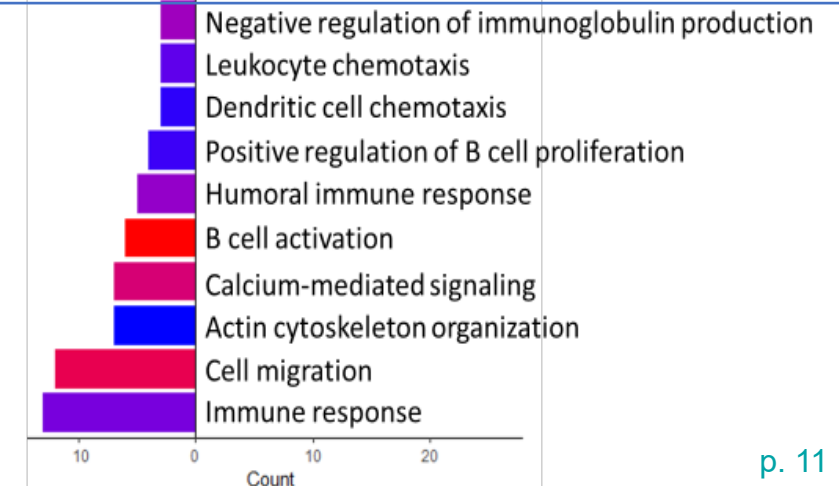
↗ Immune cell
adhesion/migration

↓ genes-associated pathways
in dominants

↘ Adaptive immunity (B cell
and humoral immunity)

↘ Signaling (calcium signaling)

↘ Immune cell migration



Conclusions and perspectives

- ☐ Long-term environmental enrichment with straw and bigger space has a positive influence on sows' well-being;
- ☐ The blood transcriptome is a poor indicator of the effects of housing enrichment;
- ☐ Ageing or reproductive cycles have a strong impact on blood transcriptome;
- ☐ Social status in the group also strongly influences immune cell functioning



Next steps

- ☐ Detailed genes/pathways information for better understanding
- ☐ Methylome data (presented at session 10): data integration to elucidate the observed effects and determine the best welfare biomarkers!



Thank you!

BREED

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METAPROGRAMME

SANTé et Bien-être des
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