



code: re-farm

New tool to accurately analyse the concentration of gases of interest in livestock housing

Bonilla-Manrique, O.; Moreno-Oyervides, A.; Moser, H.;
Waclawek, J. P.; Lendl, B.; Martín-Mateos, P



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Outline

- Introduction and Motivation
- State of the art
- System design and capabilities
- Conclusions

Introduction and Motivation

Introduction and Motivation



- Intensive production is a widely used system nowadays. It is **more efficient** and **flexible**.
- **Enclosed spaces**
 - Carbon dioxide
 - Ammonia
 - Methane
- Consequences:
 - High animal health risks
 - Decreases product quality
 - Generates greenhouse gases
 - Bad odor

State of the art

State of the art

- Single point: Principle of operation

Electrochemical

Optical

Metal oxide semiconductors
(MOS)

- **Significant variations in gas concentration:**

- Position of sensors,
- Proximity to ventilation,
- Distance to animals, etc.



Nikolajs Bumanisa, et all. "Data Conceptual Model for Smart Poultry Farm Management System". ScienceDirect. 2022

State of the art

- Single point



DOL: 119 CO₂ Sensor 0 to 5000/10000 ppm

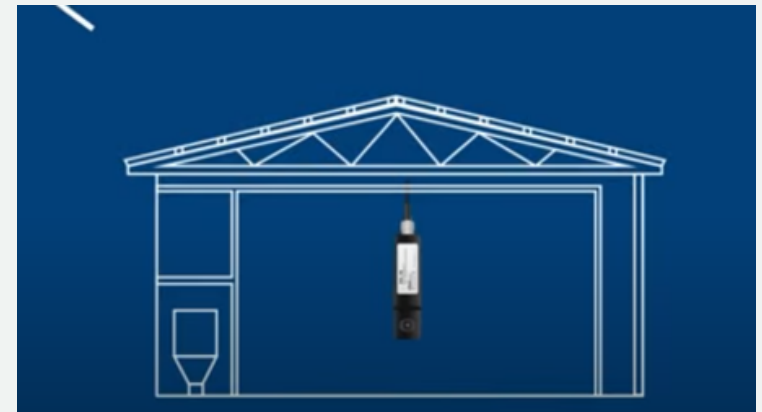


Handheld CO₂ Meter GM70
0 to 2000 ppm



Testo: CO₂ probe,
0 to 10000 ppm

**Where?
How?
are they reliable?**

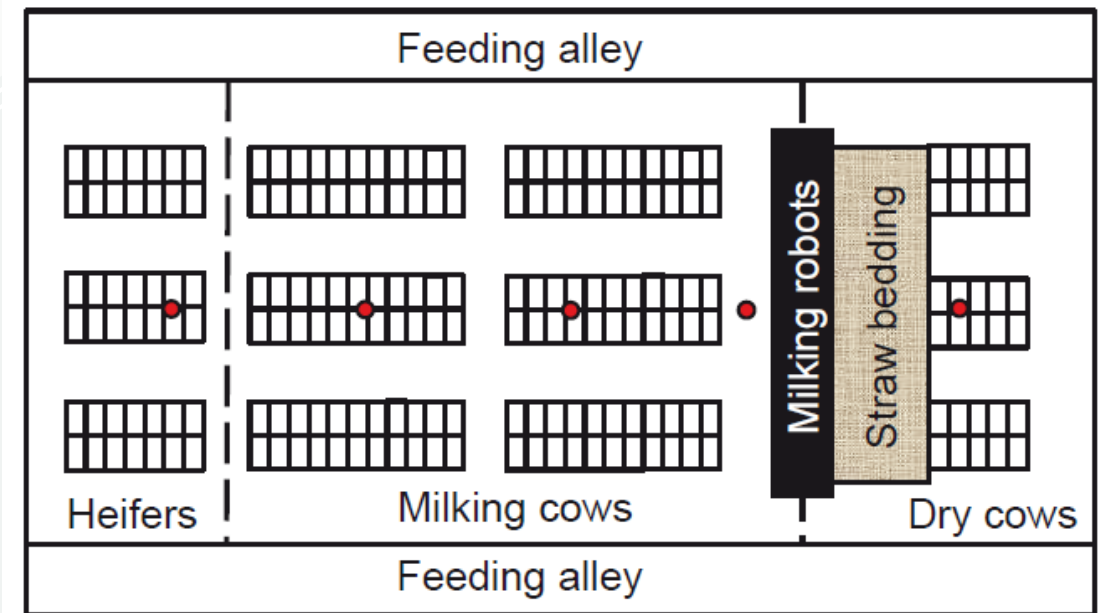


State of the art

- One way to have better coverage is to use multiple sensors
- Currently, the sensors have shortcomings (Accuracy, influenced by the installation position, dust, etc)

VERA protocol

- Recommends not to use this type of system and sensors.

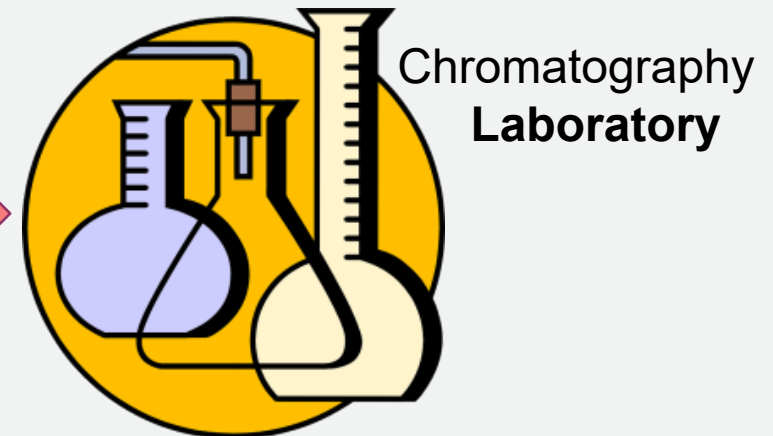


VERA TEST PROTOCOL for Livestock Housing and Management Systems
Version 3:2018-09

State of the art

VERA: Verification of Environmental Technologies for Agricultural Production

- It proposes **different strategies** for **spatial sampling** and **laboratory analysis** of representative **samples from the barn**.
- Proposes the use of gas **chromatography (laboratory test)**.
- Testing the gas recovery of the sampling system



Introduction and Motivation

Code-Refarm System

- It allows to analyze concentration along the entire optical path.
- There is no need to take samples and send them to a laboratory.
- Real-time measurements.
- Detection of multiple gases with the same device (CH_4 - NH_3 - CO_2)



- ✓ A more complete sampling
- ✓ A better accuracy of +/- 2% of FS for all gases (about 5 ppm).

System design and capabilities

System design

- Initial study - To identify the circumstances inside the barns.
 - Presence of many trace gases (3 of great interest).
 - Very dusty environment
 - Preserving animal health
- Consult various studies/systems for gas detection in barns.

GasFinder3 open path laser (Boreal laser Inc., Edmonton, Canada)

- 30% error in measurement CO₂
- Tunable Diode Laser (TDL) - Affects by changes in signal strength (Dust)

Roessler, R.; Schlecht, E. Application of the laser methane detector for measurements in freely grazing goats : impact on animals behaviour and methane emissions. Animal 2021, 15, 100070.

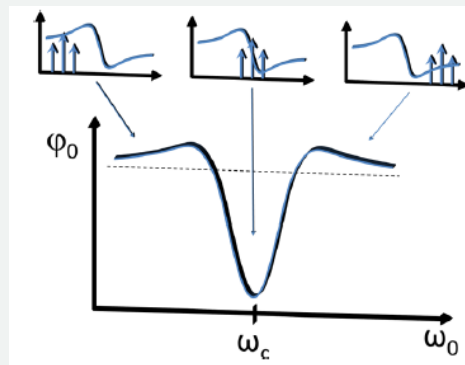
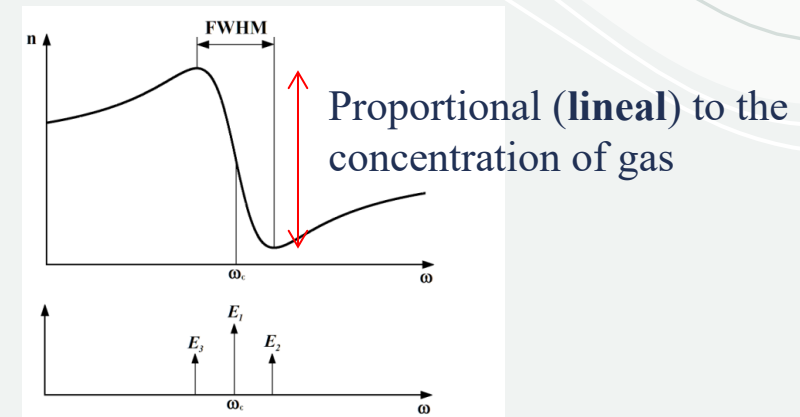
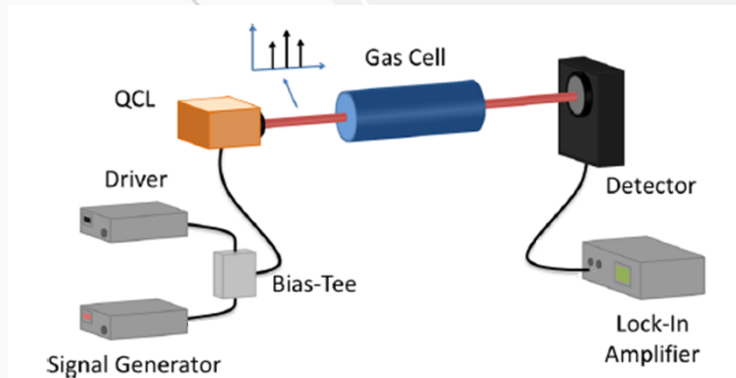
System design

- **Proposed approach:**
 - Light (laser in midinfrared)
 - Spectroscopy techniques (Heterodyne Phase Sensitive Dispersion Spectroscopy (HPSDS))
 - Real-time measurement of methane, carbon dioxide, and ammonia concentration in ambient air inside the barns.
- **Technical Justification:**
 - Each compound has very specific molecular resonances.
 - Dispersion spectroscopy: it has several advantages ideal for the target application, such as baseline free, immune to power fluctuations, output linearly dependent on the gas concentration, among others.

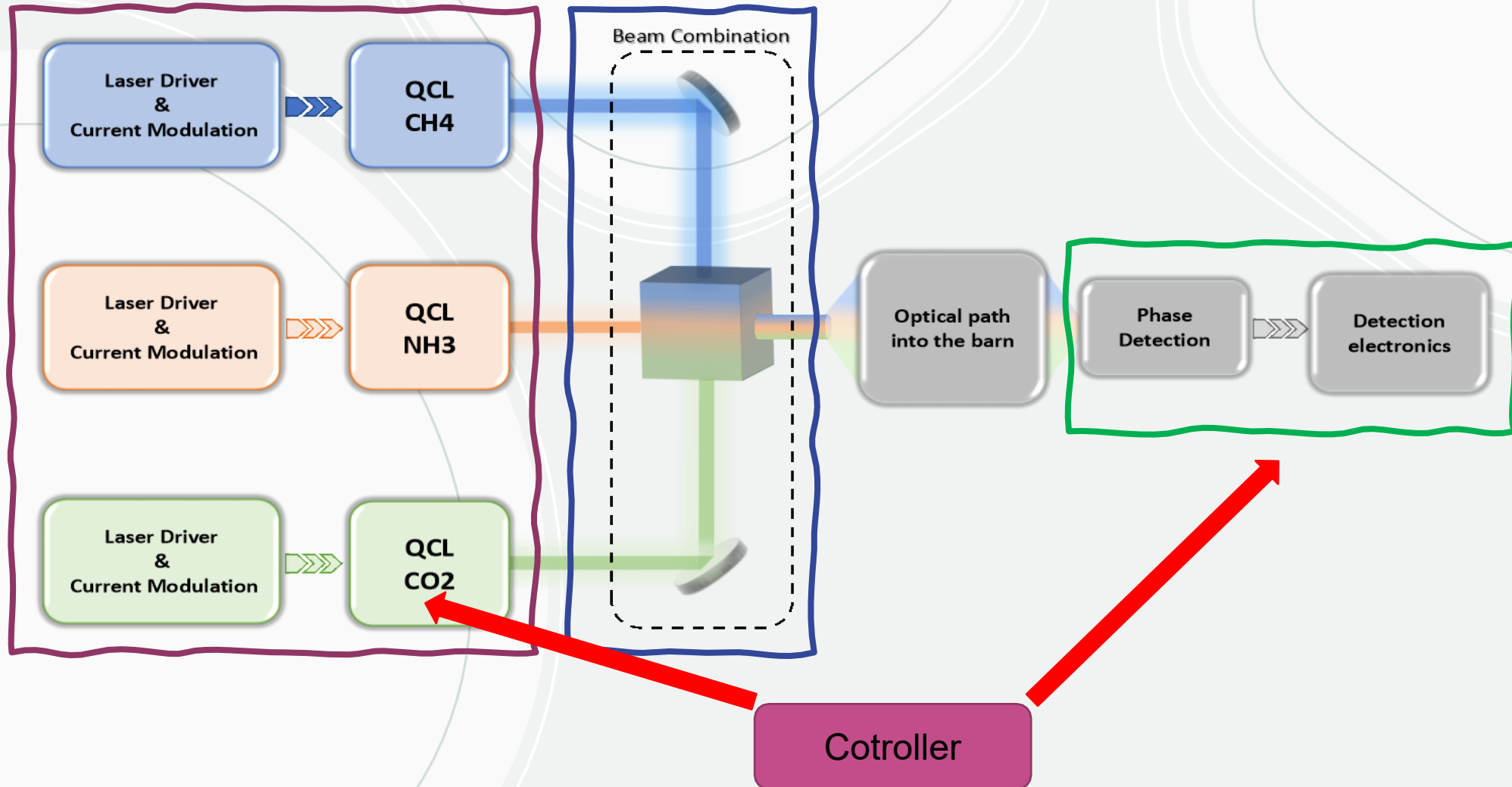
This provides **immunity to intensity fluctuation** due to particles in suspension, **flexibility** in the configuration of the measurement area and **no need for calibration**.

System design

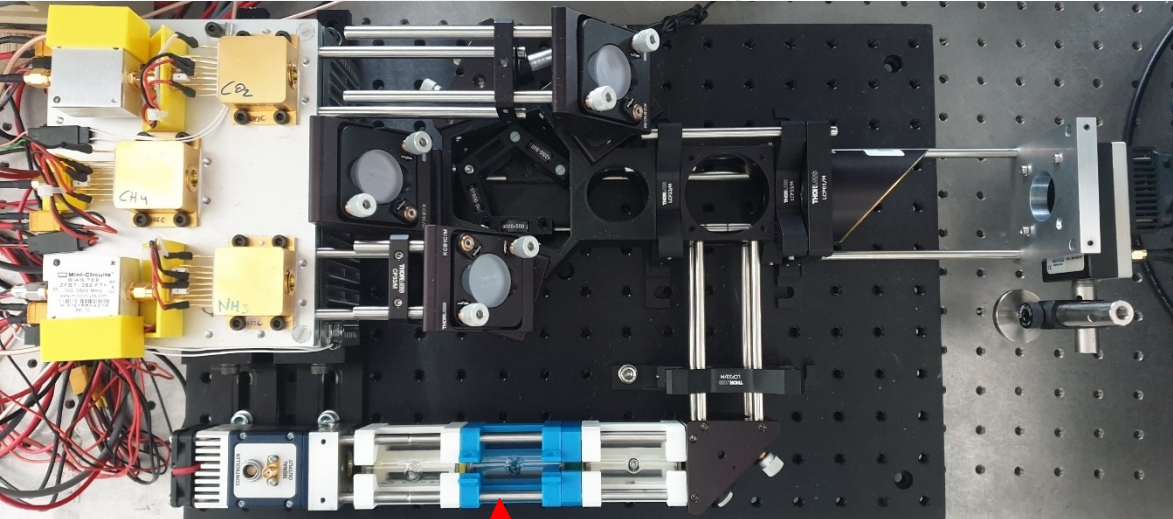
- The Heterodyne phase sensitive dispersion spectroscopy (HPSDS) technique was selected for its simplicity and high performance.
- The method accurately determines the change in the propagation speed to retrieve the concentration of gas.



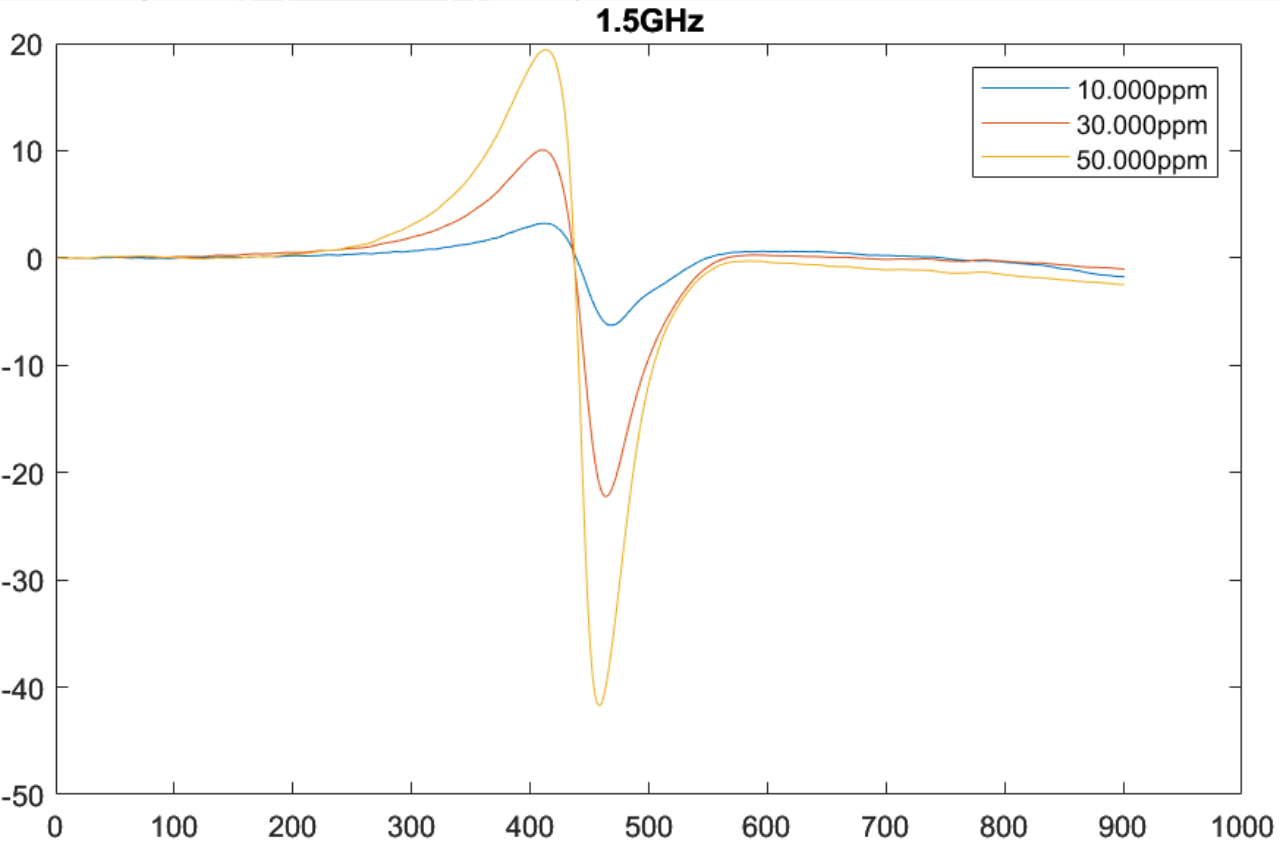
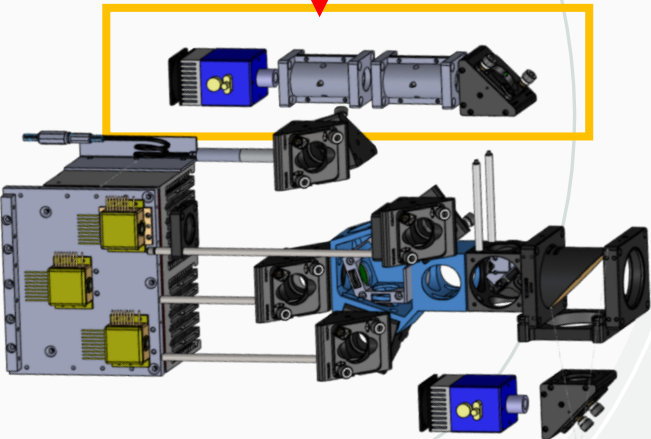
Basic system architecture



Operating point



Reference



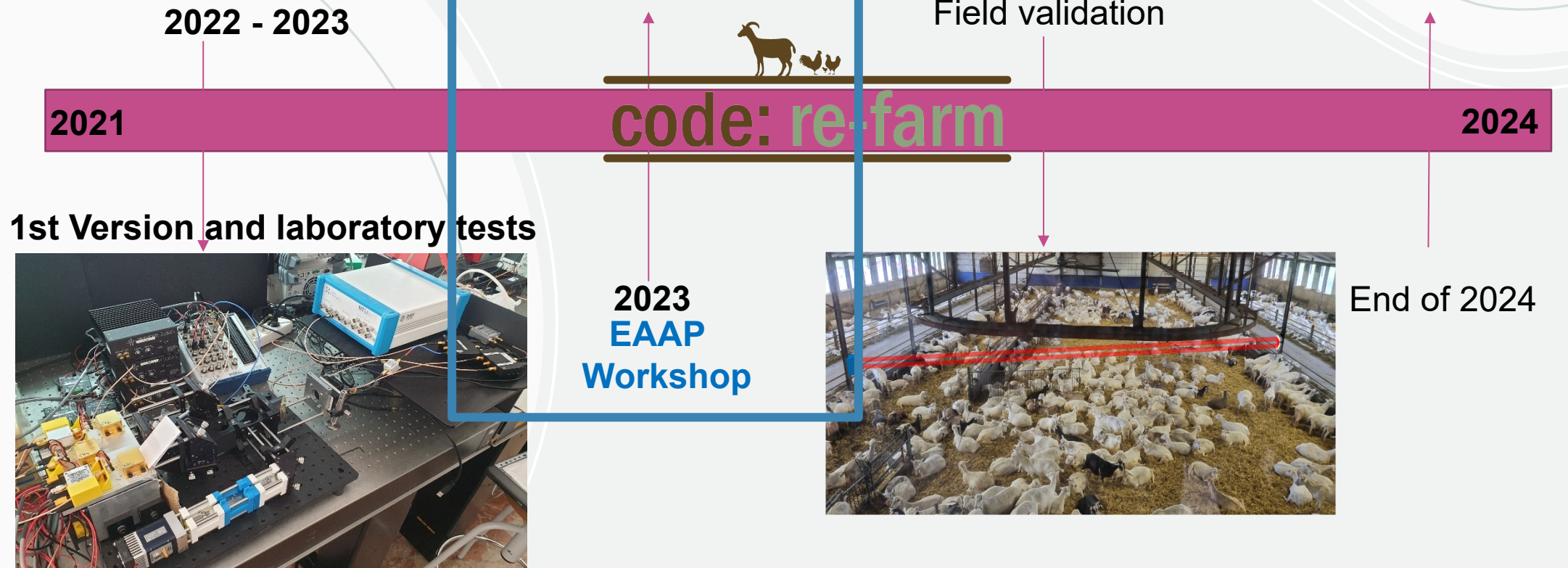
Current work

- Portable system



Current work

- Timeline Project



Conclusions

- **A novel system** has been designed for the measurement of compounds inside the barn, which are very important in animal production, as has been demonstrated in several studies.
 - The system allows **real-time** detection of **methane, carbon dioxide and ammonia**.
 - This system attempts to **overcome some deficiencies** of current technologies.
 - The first functional field prototype is currently being completed.
-



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**Thank you for your
attention.**

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